



CRT DATA

T5470

10-14-64

DESCRIPTION

The T5470 is an aluminized, 5-inch, flat-faced cathode-ray tube designed for oscilloscope use. The T5470 has electrostatic focus and deflection, and a helical post accelerator. It is available either with or without a lighted internal graticule.

ELECTRICAL DATA

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Focusing method | Electrostatic |
| Deflecting method | Electrostatic |
| Direct interelectrode capacitance, approximate: | |
| Cathode to all other electrodes | 4.8 pf |
| Grid no. 1 to all other electrodes | 8.4 pf |
| D1 to D2 | 2.4 pf |
| D3 to D4 | 1.3 pf |
| D1 to all other electrodes | 5.8 pf |
| D2 to all other electrodes | 5.9 pf |
| D3 to all other electrodes | 4.3 pf |
| D4 to all other electrodes | 4.3 pf |
| Post-accelerator helix resistance | 200 MΩ min |

OPTICAL DATA

| Phosphor Number | P1 | P2 | P7 | P11 | P31 |
|----------------------|--------|--------------|------------|--------------|--------|
| Fluorescent color | Green | Blue-green | Blue-white | Blue | Green |
| Phosphorescent color | Green | Green | Yellow | Blue | Green |
| Persistence | Medium | Medium-short | Long | Medium-short | Medium |
| Faceplate | | | | clear, flat | |

MECHANICAL DATA

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Overall length ¹ | 20-7/16 ±3/16 inches |
| Greatest diameter of bulb ² | 5-1/4 ±1/16 inches |
| Minimum useful screen diameter | 4-1/2 inches |
| Bulb number | J42ZL1A |
| Bulb contact | J1-21 |
| Base | B14-38 |
| Basing | Special |
| Bulb contact alignment: | |
| J1-21 contact aligns with trace of D1-D2 | ±5° |
| J1-21 contact on same side as pin no. 4 | |

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Base alignment: | |
| Pin no. 1 aligns with D3-D4 trace | $\pm 10^\circ$ |
| Positive voltage on D1 deflects beam approximately toward pin no. 4 | |
| Positive voltage on D3 deflects beam approximately toward pin no. 1 | |
| Angle between D1-D2 and D3-D4 trace | $90^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ |
| Gun to graticule alignment ¹ | $\pm 3^\circ$ |

RATINGS (absolute maximum values)³

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Heater voltage | 6.3 volts ac |
| Heater current at 6.3 volts | 0.6 $\pm 10\%$ amp |
| Post-accelerator voltage | 13000 volts dc max |
| Lower helix and isolation shield voltage | 2600 volts dc max |
| D3-D4 shield voltage | 2600 volts dc max |
| Average deflection plate voltage | 2600 volts dc max |
| Ratio of post-accelerator voltage to average voltage of deflection plates ⁴ | 5 max |
| Astigmatism electrode voltage | 2600 volts dc max |
| Focusing electrode voltage | 880 volts dc max |
| Accelerator voltage | 2600 volts dc max |
| Accelerator input | 6 watts max |
| Grid no. 1 voltage: | |
| Negative-bias value | 200 volts dc max |
| Positive-bias value | 0 volts dc max |
| Positive-peak value | 2 volts dc max |
| Peak heater-cathode voltage: | |
| Heater negative to cathode: | |
| During warm-up period not to exceed 15 seconds. | 180 volts dc max |
| After equipment warm-up period | 125 volts dc max |
| Heater positive to cathode | 125 volts dc max |
| Peak voltage between astigmatism and/or any deflection electrode | 550 volts dc max |

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS³

| | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Post-accelerator voltage | 10000 volts dc |
| Lower helix and isolation shield voltage ⁵ | 1945 to 2080 volts dc |
| D3-D4 shield voltage ⁶ | 1990 volts dc |
| Average deflection plate voltage | 2000 volts dc |
| Astigmatism electrode voltage ⁷ | 1945 to 2080 volts dc |
| Focusing electrode voltage ⁷ | 100 to 400 volts dc |
| Accelerator voltage | 2000 volts dc |
| Grid no. 1 voltage ⁸ | -65 to -95 volts dc |
| Deflection factors: | |
| D1 and D2 | 18 to 22 volts dc/cm |
| D3 and D4 | 6.6 to 7.8 volts dc/cm |
| Useful scan D1-D2 ⁹ | 10 cm |
| Useful scan D3-D4 ⁹ | 6 cm |
| Focusing electrode current for any operating condition | -10 μ a to +10 μ a |
| Spot position (undeflected) ¹⁰ | 5 mm from geometric center |
| Pattern distortion at 100% useful scan ¹¹ | 1.5% max |

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid no. 1 circuit resistance 1.5 M Ω max

NOTES

1. Internal graticule tubes only. See outline drawing.
2. Not including graticule lighting hardware. See outline drawing.
3. All voltages taken with respect to cathode.
4. This tube is designed for optimum performance when operating at a ratio of 5. Operation at other ratios may result in changes in deflection uniformity, pattern distortion, and/or useful scan.
5. The isolation shield and the lower end of the post-accelerator helix are connected internally. Pattern distortion is minimized by proper adjustment of this potential.
6. Adjustment of D3-D4 deflection shield voltage controls linearity and scan of the D3-D4 deflection system.
7. Recommended range. Adjust for best overall focus.
8. Visual extinction of undeflected spot.
9. The deflection plates intercept part of the electron beam near the edge of scan; therefore, a low-impedance deflection drive is desirable.
10. Connect free deflection electrodes to accelerator.
11. With a 6 x 10 cm rectangular raster centered on the face of the tube, the raster edges will not deviate from straight parallel lines by more than 1.0 mm total on the left and right edges, nor by more than 1.0 mm total at the top and bottom.

