## Service Manual

## Tektronix

# TAS 475 \& TAS 485 <br> Analog Oscilloscopes <br> B020100 and Above 

070-9404-00

The servicing instructions are for use by qualified personnel only. To avoid personal injury, do not perform any servicing unless you are qualified to do so. Refer to all safety summaries prior to performing service.

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## Safety Summary

Please take a moment to review these safety precautions. They are provided for your protection and to prevent damage to the oscilloscope. This safety information applies to all operators and service personnel.

## Symbols and Terms

These two terms appear in manuals:

- CAUTION statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to the equipment or other property.
- warning statements identify conditions or practices that could result in personal injury or loss of life.

These two terms appear on equipment:

- CAUTION indicates a personal injury hazard not immediately accessible as one reads the marking, or a hazard to property including the equipment itself.
- DANGER indicates a personal injury hazard immediately accessible as one reads the marking.

This symbol appears in manuals:

## *

Static-Sensitive Devices

These symbols appear on equipment:


## Specific Precautions

Observe all of the following precautions to ensure your personal safety and to prevent damage to either the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes or equipment connected to them.

## Do Not Perform Service While Alone

Do not perform internal service or adjustment of this product unless another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

## Use Care When Servicing With Power On

Dangerous voltages exist at several points in this product. To avoid personal injury, do not touch exposed connections or components while power is on. Disconnect power before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

## Power Source

The TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes are intended to operate from a power source that will not apply more than $250 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {RMS }}$ between the supply conductors or between either supply conductor and ground. A protective ground connection, through the grounding conductor in the power cord, is essential for safe system operation.

## Grounding the Oscilloscope

The TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes are grounded through the power cord. To avoid electric shock, plug the power cord into a properly wired receptacle where earth ground has been verified by a qualified service person. Do this before making connections to the input or output terminals of the oscilloscope.

Without the protective ground connection, all parts of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes are potential shock hazards. This includes knobs and controls that may appear to be insulators.

## Use the Proper Power Cord

Use only the power cord and connector specified for your product. Use only a power cord that is in good condition.

## Use the Proper Fuse

To avoid fire hazard, use only the fuse specified in the parts list for your product. It must be identical in type, voltage rating, and current rating.

## Do Not Remove Covers or Panels

To avoid personal injury, do not operate the TAS 475 or TAS 485 without the panels or covers.

## Do Not Operate in Explosive Atmospheres

The TAS 475 or TAS 485 provide no explosion protection from static discharges or arcing components. Do not operate the TAS 475 or TAS 485 in an atmosphere of explosive gasses.

## Electric Overload

Never apply a voltage to a connector on the TAS 475 or TAS 485 that is outside the range specified for that connector.

## Preface

This is the Service Manual for the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes. This manual provides you with both service and limited operation information.

Use the Introduction section to learn what the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes can do and about the available options and accessories.

Use the Operation section to learn about applying power. This section also contains brief examples of how to use the controls.

Use the Specifications section as a reference for all nominal, warranted, and typical characteristics for the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes.

Use the Theory section to help you understand the operation of the oscilloscope to the block level.

Use the Performance Verification section to verify the functionality and warranted characteristics of the oscilloscope.

Use the Adjustment section to bring the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes into conformance with the warranted characteristics listed in the Specifications section. You should adjust the oscilloscope if indicated by the Performance Verification procedures.

Use the Maintenance section to learn how to perform general maintenance of your product. Procedures to disassemble and troubleshoot the oscilloscope are also located in this section.

Use the Replaceable Electrical Parts List section for a list of the electrical parts.

Use the Diagrams section for troubleshooting the oscilloscope. This section contains board dollies, block diagrams and schematics for each board.

Use the Replaceable Mechanical Parts List section for a list of the mechanical parts.

## Related Manuals

Other documentation for the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes include:

- The Reference (Tektronix part number 070-8720-XX) gives you a quick overview of how to operate your TAS 400 Series Analog Oscilloscopes.
- The Instruction manual (Tektronix part number 070-8688-XX) contains detailed operating information and module-level service information.
- The XYZs of Analog and Digital Oscilloscopes (Tektronix part number 070-8690-XX) provides you with a basic understanding of oscilloscopes and their use.


## Product Description



Your Tektronix TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes are superb tools for processing and displaying electrical signals. Their performance addresses the needs of both benchtop and portable applications with the following features:

- 100 MHz minimum bandwidth (TAS 475) 200 MHz minimum bandwidth (TAS 485)
- Four-channel input
- Complete cursor measurement system
- Voltage
- Time
- Frequency
- Delayed time base
- AUTOSET feature
- Front panel setup memory


The user interface and features of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes are briefly described here to help in servicing this product.

## User Interface

This oscilloscope uses a combination of front-panel buttons, knobs, and on-screen menus to control its many functions. The front-panel controls are grouped according to function: vertical, horizontal, trigger, and special. Within each group, any function adjusted often, such as vertical positioning or the time base setting, is set directly by its own front-panel control.

## AUTOSET

The AUTOSET button provides you with a usable, triggered display of a signal applied to an input channel. Many instrument controls and menus are set to a pre-defined state, providing you with a known starting point for your measurements.

## Menus

Those functions for which control settings changed less often, such as vertical coupling and trigger mode, are set indirectly. That is, pressing a front-panel button, such as VERTICAL MENU, displays a menu of functions at the bottom of the screen related to that button. (For the button VERTICAL MENU, the menu displayed contains functions such as coupling and bandwidth.) The buttons below this main menu select a function, such as coupling and displays a sub menu of settings for that function, such as $\mathrm{DC}, \mathrm{AC}$, or GND, at the right side of the screen. The buttons to the right of the menu select a setting, such as $D C$.

## General Purpose Knob and TOGGLE

Some menus assign the General Purpose Knob to a selected adjustment. The method employed is the same as for selecting a function, except the final selection in the side menu causes the General Purpose Knob to adjust some function, such as the position of measurement cursors on screen. Pressing the CLEAR MENU button clears the assignment of the General Purpose Knob except when assigned to adjust cursors or delay time.

The TOGGLE button works in conjunction with the General Purpose Knob when positioning cursors. Each press of the TOGGLE button switches which cursor is active, and therefore controlled by the General Purpose Knob.

## Save/Recall Setups

You can store up to four complete front panel setups in memory. Once you complete a complex setup and then save it in one of the four memory locations, you can retrieve it at any time. Saved front panel settings do not include the assignment of the General Purpose Knob.

## Vertical System

The vertical system provides four vertical channels with calibrated vertical scale factors from 2 mV to 5 V per division.

All channels can be displayed, vertically positioned, bandwidth limited (to either Full or 20 MHz ), inverted, and vertical coupling specified.

Besides the four channels, math waveforms are available for display. (A math waveform results when you add two channels.)

## Horizontal System

There are three horizontal display modes: main, delayed, and XY.
The main display is the standard horizontal display mode with calibrated sec/div scales.

The delayed display can be delayed by time with respect to the main trigger. The delayed display can also be set to display at the first valid trigger after the delay. The delayed display also has a calibrated sec/div scale.
$X Y$ mode is useful to measure the phase difference of two signals.

## Trigger System

The triggering system comprises a complete set of features for triggering the horizontal system. You can configure trigger for source, slope, coupling, mode, and holdoff. Video triggers are available for triggering on video signals.

You can adjust the trigger level or automatically set it to $50 \%$ of the trigger signal with the press of a button.

## Measurement Cursors

Once you have set up to take your measurements, the cursors can help you take those measurements quickly.
The TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes have two types of cursors for taking measurements on the displayed waveforms: delta (difference) and absolute. The General Purpose Knob controls the placement of the cursors. The TOGGLE button selects which cursor is active.

Delta voltage measures the voltage between the horizontal bar cursors. Delta time measures the time between vertical bar cursors. These are delta measurements; that is, measurements based on the difference between two cursors.

Absolute voltage measures the voltage position of a single horizontal bar cursor. The displayed voltage level readout is made with respect to the ground reference level of the channel.

The bar cursors remain displayed even if you change the function of the General Purpose Knob. This allows you to use them as reference points or markers to easily identify if measurement signals remain within the parameters set by the cursors. Remove the cursor display by turning the cursor measurement off.

## Nominal Traits

This subsection contains a collection of tables that list the various nominal traits that describe the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes. Included are electrical and mechanical traits.

Nominal traits are described using simple statements of fact such as "Four, all identical" for the trait "Number of Input Channels," rather than in terms of limits that are performance requirements.

Table 1-1: Nominal Traits - Vertical Deflection System

| Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of Input Channels | Four, all identical, called $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2, \mathrm{CH} 3$, and CH 4. |
| Input Coupling | DC, AC, or GND. <br> GND input coupling disconnects the input connector from the attenuator and connects a ground reference to the input of the attenuator. |
| Sensitivity Range | $2 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$ to $5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$. <br> The sensitivity ranges from $2 \mathrm{mV} /$ div to $5 \mathrm{~V} /$ div in a $1-2-5$ sequence. |
| Trace Separation Control Range | $\geq \pm 4$ divisions. |
| Bandwidth Selections | 20 MHz and FULL, selected independently for each channel. |
| TAS 475 Rise Time | $\leq 3.5 \mathrm{~ns}$ <br> Nominal rise times are calculated from the following formula: $\text { Rise Time }(n s)=\frac{350}{B W(\mathrm{MHz})}$ |
| TAS 485 Rise Time | $\leq 1.75 \mathrm{~ns} .$ <br> Nominal rise times are calculated from the following formula: $\text { Rise Time }(n s)=\frac{350}{B W(\mathrm{MHz})}$ |
| Vertical Position Range | $\geq \pm 10$ divisions from graticule center. |
| TekProbe Interface | Detects 1X, 10X, and 100X attenuator probes. |

Table 1-2: Nominal Traits - Time Base System

| Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| TAS 475 Main Seconds/Division Range | $20 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$ to $0.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$. |
|  | The seconds/division ranges from $20 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div to $0.5 \mathrm{~s} /$ div in a $1-2-5$ sequence of settings. The X10 magnifier extends the maximum sweep speed to $2 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$. |
| TAS 485 Main Seconds/Division Range | $10 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div to $0.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$. |
|  | The seconds/division ranges from $10 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div to $0.5 \mathrm{~s} /$ div in a $1-2-5$ sequence of settings. The X10 magnifier extends the maximum sweep speed to $1 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div. |
| TAS 475 Delayed Seconds/Division Range | $20 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div to $5 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{div}$. |
|  | The seconds/division ranges from $20 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div to $5 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{div}$ in a $1-2-5$ sequence of settings. The X10 magnifier extends the maximum sweep speed to $2 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div. |
| TAS 485 Delayed Seconds/Division Range | $10 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div to $5 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{div}$. |
|  | The seconds/division ranges from $10 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div to $5 \mathrm{~ms} /$ div in a 1-2-5 sequence of settings. The X10 magnifier extends the maximum sweep speed to $1 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div. |
| Sweep Length | $>10$ divisions. |
| Delay Control Range | 0.15 division to 10 times the Main seconds/division setting. The maximum value can not exceed the end of the Main sweep. |
| Delta Time Control Range | 0 to 10 divisions to the right of setting of the delay control, but maximum value does not exceed end of the Main sweep. |

Table 1-3: Nominal Traits - Triggering System
Name Description

Trigger Level or Threshold Ranges The ranges are as follows:

| Source | Range |
| :--- | :--- |
| Internal | $\pm 15$ divisions from center of screen <br> with ground at center graticule. |
| Line | $\pm 400 \mathrm{~V}$. |

Table 1-4: Nominal Traits - Video Triggering System

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Slope Selection | Slope selection must match the polarity of the sync (i.e., for nega- <br> tive going sync, negative slope must be selected). <br>  <br> A default slope selection for TV trigger modes can be entered in <br> the scope configuration menu. |

Table 1-5: Nominal Traits - Cursors

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cursor Functions | $\Delta$ Time, $1 / \Delta$ Time, Absolute Volts, $\Delta$ Volts, Track Trig Level, Ground. |

Table 1-6: Nominal Traits - XY Operation

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sensitivity Range | Same as Vertical Deflection System. |
|  | Volts/div variables in calibrated settings. |

Table 1-7: Nominal Traits - Setup Memory Characteristics

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nonvolatile Setup Memory | 4 Setups. |

Table 1-8: Nominal Traits - Power Fuse

| Name | Description |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fuse Rating | Either of two fuses may be used. Fuse types are as follows: |  |  |
|  | Voltage Range | Fuse (250 V) <br> UL 198.6 <br> ( $5 \times 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | Fuse (250 V) IEC 127 <br> ( $5 \times 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) |
|  | 90-132 VAC | 3 A Fast. | 3.15 A Fast. |
|  | 180-250 VAC | 3 A Fast. | 1.5 A Fast. |

Table 1-9: Nominal Traits - Mechanical

| Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Weight | Weights that follow are nominal: <br> - 7.7 kg ( 17 lbs. ), stand-alone instrument. <br> - 9.3 kg ( 20.5 lbs .), with front cover, accessories and accessories pouch installed. <br> - $13.6 \mathrm{~kg}(30 \mathrm{lbs}$.), when packaged for domestic shipment. |
| Overall Dimensions | Dimensions that follow are nominal: <br> Height: <br> - 191 mm ( 7.5 in .), when feet and accessories pouch are installed. <br> - 165 mm ( 6.5 in .), without the accessories pouch installed. Width: <br> - 362 mm (14.25 in.), with handle. <br> Depth: <br> - 471 mm (18.55 in.), stand-alone instrument. <br> - 490 mm (19.28 in.), with optional front cover installed. <br> - 564 mm (22.20 in.), with fully handle extended. |
| Cooling Method | Forced-air circulation with no air filter. |
| Finish Type | Tektronix Blue textured paint finish on an aluminum cabinet. |
| Construction Material | Chassis parts constructed of aluminum alloy; front panel constructed of plastic laminate; circuit boards constructed of glass-laminate. Tektronix Blue textured paint finish on an aluminum cabinet. Plastic parts are polycarbonate. |
| Weight of rackmounted instrument and the rackmount conversion kit | Weights that follow are nominal: <br> - 4.5 kg ( 10 lbs. ), for the rackmount conversion kit only; 7.9 kg ( 17.5 lbs .), when kit is packaged for domestic shipping. <br> - 7.3 kg ( 16 lbs .) plus weight of rackmount Parts, for the rackmounted instrument (option 3R). <br> - $\quad 15.4 \mathrm{~kg}$ ( 34 lbs. ), when the rackmounted instrument is packaged for domestic shipment (no manuals tray). |
| Overall Dimensions of the rackmount instrument | Dimensions that follow are nominal: <br> - Height: 178 mm (7 in.). <br> - Width: 483 mm (19 in.). <br> - Depth: 472 mm (18.6 in.). Including handles: 517 mm (20.35 in.). |

## Warranted Characteristics

This subsection lists the various warranted characteristics that describe the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes. Included are electrical and environmental characteristics.

Warranted characteristics are described in terms of quantifiable performance limits which are warranted. This subsection lists only warranted characteristics. A list of typical characteristics starts on page 1-17.

## NOTE

In these tables, those warranted characteristics that are checked in the Performance Verification procedure, found in Section 4, appear in boldface type under the column Name.

## Performance Conditions

The electrical characteristics found in these tables of warranted characteristics apply under the following conditions:

- The oscilloscope has been adjusted at an ambient temperature between $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- A warm-up period of at least 20 minutes has occured
- The operating temperature is between $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)
- The Temperature Compensation Calibrations (signal path compensation) have been performed

Table 1-10: Warranted Characteristics - Vertical Deflection System

| Name | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input Impedance, DC Coupled | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega \pm 1 \%$ in parallel with $20 \mathrm{pF} \pm 2.0 \mathrm{pF}$. |  |
| Variable Range | Increases deflection factor by $\geq 2.5: 1$. |  |
| DC Gain Accuracy | The limits are as follows: |  |
|  | Condition | Accuracy |
|  | $+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 2.5 \%$ over the center 5 divi- <br> sions after signal path compen- <br> sation. |
|  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and | $\pm 3.5 \%$ over the center 5 divi- <br> sions after signal path compen- <br> sation. |

Table 1-10: Warranted Characteristics - Vertical Deflection System (Cont.)

| Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| TAS 475 Bandwidth at the BNC input | 100 MHz . |
| TAS 485 Bandwidth at the BNC input | The limits are as follows: |
|  | Condition Bandwidth |
|  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $5 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$ to $5 \mathrm{~V} /$ div ranges $\quad 200 \mathrm{MHz}$. |
|  | $2 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$ range $\quad 180 \mathrm{MHz}$. |
|  | $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | All ranges <br> Subtract $1 \mathrm{MHz} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| TAS 475 Bandwidth at the probe tip, using the Standard-Accessory Probe | The limits are as follows: |
|  | Condition Bandwidth |
|  | $+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad 100 \mathrm{MHz}$. |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll} -10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { and } & 90 \mathrm{MHz} . \\ +35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} & \end{array}$ |
| TAS 485 Bandwidth at the probe tip, using the Standard-Accessory Probe | The limits are as follows: |
|  | Condition Bandwidth |
|  | $+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad 200 \mathrm{MHz}$. |
|  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 180 MHz. <br> $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$  |
| Lower Frequency Limit, AC Coupled | $\leq 10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ with 1X probe. |
|  | The AC Coupled Lower Frequency Limits are reduced by a factor of 10 when 10X, passive probes are used. |
| TAS 475 Crosstalk (Channel Isolation) | $\geq 50 \mathrm{~dB}$ at $10 \mathrm{MHz}, \geq 35 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 100 MHz . |
| TAS 485 Crosstalk (Channel Isolation) | $\geq 50 \mathrm{~dB}$ at $10 \mathrm{MHz}, \geq 32 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 200 MHz . |
| Delay Between Channels, Full Bandwidth | $\leq 200 \mathrm{ps}$ between any two channels with equal volts/div and coupling settings. |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR) | $\geq 10: 1$ at $\leq 50 \mathrm{MHz}$. |

Table 1-10: Warranted Characteristics — Vertical Deflection System (Cont.)

| Name | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Trace Shift | The limits are as follows: |  |
|  | Condition | Allowable Trace Shift |
|  | Changing volts/div settings | $< \pm(0.1$ division $+0.2 \mathrm{mV})$. |
|  | Selecting invert | $\leq 0.5$ division. |
|  | Changing from bandwidth limit <br> to full bandwidth | $\leq 0.1$ division. |
| Maximum Input Voltage | $\pm 400 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{DC}+$ peak AC$) ;$ derate at $20 \mathrm{~dB} /$ decade from 100 kHz to |  |
|  | 13 V at 3 MHz. |  |
| Low Frequency Linearity | Within $\pm 5 \%$. |  |

Table 1-11: Warranted Characteristics - Time Base System

| Name | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Base Accuracy, Magnify Off | The limits are as follows: |  |
|  | Conditions | Time Measurement Accuracy |
|  | $+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 2 \%$. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & -10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { and } \\ & +35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\pm 3 \%$. |
|  | Sweep accuracy applies over the center eight divisions. Excludes the greater of either the first $1 / 4$ division or 25 ns from the sweep start of the magnified sweep and anything beyond the 100th magnified division. |  |
| TAS 475 Time Base Accuracy, Magnify On | The limits are as follows: |  |
|  | Conditions | Time Measurement Accuracy |
|  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  | Excluding $5 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div and $2 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$ | $\pm 4 \%$. |
|  | $+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  | $5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$ and $2 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div | $\pm 3 \%$. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & -10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { and } \\ & +35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$ and $2 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$ | $\pm 5 \%$. |

Sweep accuracy applies over the center eight divisions. Excludes the greater of either the first $1 / 4$ division or 25 ns from the sweep start of the magnified sweep and anything beyond the 100th magnified division.

Table 1-11: Warranted Characteristics - Time Base System (Cont.)

| Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| TAS 485 Time Base Accuracy, Magnify On | The limits are as follows: |
|  | Conditions Time Measurement Accuracy |
|  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Excluding $2 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div and $\pm 4 \%$. 1 ns/div |
|  | $+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $2 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div and $1 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div $\quad \pm 3 \%$. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & -10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { and } \\ & +35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $2 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$ and $1 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$. $\pm 7 \%$. |
|  | Sweep accuracy applies over the center eight divisions. Excludes the greater of either the first $1 / 4$ division or 25 ns from the sweep start of the magnified sweep and anything beyond the 100th magnified division. |
| Horizontal Position Control Range | The position control is able to move the start of the sweep to the right of the center vertical graticule and able to move a time mark corresponding to the tenth division on an unmagnified sweep to the left of the graticule center. |
| Variable Control Range | Continuously variable between calibrated seconds/division settings. Extends both the Main and Delayed sweep seconds/division settings by a factor of 2.5 times. |
| Delay Accuracy, Main Sweep Trigger Point to Start of Delayed Sweep | $\pm(0.5 \%$ of reading $+5 \%$ of 1 division of the Main sweep + 25 ns ). |
| Delta Delay Accuracy | $\pm(0.5 \%$ of reading $+5 \%$ of 1 division of the Main sweep + 10 ns ). |

Table 1-12: Warranted Characteristics — Triggering System

| Name | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TAS 475 Edge-Type Trigger Sen- <br> sitivity, DC Coupled | The limits are as follows: |  |
|  | Trigger Source | Sensitivity |
|  | Any Channel | 0.30 division from DC to 25 MHz, <br> increasing to 1 div at 150 MHz. |
| TAS 485 Edge-Type Trigger <br> Sensitivity, DC Coupled | The limits are as follows: |  |
|  | Trigger Source | Sensitivity |
|  | Any Channel | 0.30 division from DC to 25 MHz, <br> increasing to 1.5 div at 250 MHz. |

Table 1-12: Warranted Characteristics - Triggering System (Cont.)

| Name | Description |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trigger Level or Threshold Accuracy | The limits are as follows for signals having rise and fall times $\geq 20$ ns: |  |  |
|  | Coupling | Source | Accuracy |
|  | DC | All except Line | $\begin{aligned} & \pm(5 \% \text { of reading }+0.4 \\ & \text { division }+1 \mathrm{mV}) . \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Noise Reject | All except Line | $\begin{aligned} & \pm(5 \% \text { of reading }+1.1 \\ & \text { division }+1 \mathrm{mV}) . \end{aligned}$ |
|  | HF Reject | All except Line | $\begin{aligned} & \pm(5 \% \text { of reading }+0.35 \\ & \text { division }+1 \mathrm{mV}) \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |

Table 1-13: Warranted Characteristics — Video Triggering

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sensitivity | 0.75 divisions of composite sync will achieve a stable display. |
| 60 Hz Rejection | Stable video trigger with up to 4 divisions of 60 Hz on the video <br> signal. |
| Sync Offset | Stable video trigger if sync tip is $\pm 15$ divisions, referenced to input <br> ground. |
| Sync Separation | Stable trigger on positive or negative composite horizontal sync <br> (lines) video, for all 525/60 and $625 / 50$ video systems which include: <br> NTSC, PAL, and SECAM. |
| Field Interval | Stable trigger on vertical sync interval $>20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. |

Table 1-14: Warranted Characteristics - Cursors

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\Delta$ Time Cursor to Signal Accuracy | Same as Time Base Accuracy +0.1 division. |
| $\mathbf{1 / \Delta T i m e ~ A c c u r a c y ~}$ | Readouts calculated using $\Delta$ Time cursor difference. |

Table 1-14: Warranted Characteristics - Cursors (Cont.)

| Name | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Absolute Volts Accuracy | Accuracies are as follows: |  |
|  | Condition | Accuracy |
|  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm(1 \%$ of reading $+2 \%$ of one vertical <br> division +HF display errors $+0.5 \mathrm{mV}+$ <br> trace shift errors $).$ |
|  | $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm(1 \%$ of reading $+2 \%$ of one vertical <br> division +HF display errors $+4 \mathrm{mV}+$ <br> trace shift errors $).$ |
| $\Delta$ Volts Cursor to Signal Accuracy | $\pm(1.6 \%$ of reading $+2 \%$ of one vertical division + HF display <br> errors $).$ |  |

Table 1-15: Warranted Characteristics - XY Operation

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| XY Accuracy | $\pm 4 \%$. |
| X Bandwidth | $D C$ to at least 3 MHz. |
| Phase Difference Between $X$ and $Y$ | $\pm 3^{\circ}, \mathrm{DC}$ to 150 kHz. |
| Amplifiers |  |

Table 1-16: Warranted Characteristics - Power Requirements

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Source Voltage and Frequency | $90-132$ VAC $_{\text {RMS }}$ continuous range for 48 through 440 Hz. <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Power Consumption |

Table 1-17: Warranted Characteristics - Environmental and Safety


## Typical Characteristics

This subsection contains tables that lists the various typical characteristics that describe the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes.

Typical characteristics are described in terms of typical or average performance. Typical characteristics are not warranted.

This subsection lists only typical characteristics. A list of warranted characteristics starts on page 1-9.

Table 1-18: Typical Characteristics - Vertical Deflection System

| Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Upper-Frequency Limit, 20 MHz Bandwidth Limited | 20 MHz . |
| Trace Shitt Leakage | The typical amount of trace shift while changing the input coupling between GND and $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{DC}$ is as follows: |
|  | Condition Typical Trace Shift |
|  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad<0.5 \mathrm{mV}$. |
|  | $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad<2 \mathrm{mV}$. |
| Variable Volts/Div Offset | 0.5 division trace shift while changing the variable volts/div setting. |
| Chop Mode Clock Rate | $>500 \mathrm{kHz},<1 \mathrm{MHz} .$ <br> Chop mode is allowed from 0.5 s to $10 \mu \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{div}$ settings. |
| TAS 475 Noise (measured tangentially) | - $\leq 0.06$ div at $\geq 10 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}(600 \mu \mathrm{~V})$. <br> - $\leq 0.10$ div at $5 \mathrm{mV} /$ div $(500 \mu \mathrm{~V})$. <br> - $\quad \leq 0.14$ div at $2 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}(280 \mu \mathrm{~V})$. |
| TAS 485 Noise (measured tangentially) | - $\leq 0.06$ div at $\geq 10 \mathrm{mV} / \operatorname{div}(600 \mu \mathrm{~V})$. <br> - $\leq 0.10$ div at $5 \mathrm{mV} /$ div $(500 \mu \mathrm{~V})$. <br> - $\leq 0.15$ div at $2 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}(300 \mu \mathrm{~V})$. |

Table 1-19: Typical Characteristics - Time Base System

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Time Base Linearity | $\pm 5 \%$. |
|  | Sweep linearity applies over the center eight divisions. Excludes <br> the greater of either the first $1 / 4$ division or 25 ns from the sweep <br> start of the magnified sweep and anything beyond the 100 th mag- <br> nified division. |
| Delay Jitter | $\leq 1$ part in $10,000(20,000$ for 1 ms and slower $)+2 \mathrm{~ns}$, peak-to- <br> peak during a two-second time interval. Exclude the first 0.15 divi- <br> sions of the Main sweep. |

Table 1-20: Typical Characteristics — Triggering System

| Name | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TAS 475 Edge-Type Trigger Sensitivity, Not DC Coupled | The typical sensitivities are as follows: |  |
|  | Trigger Source | Typical Signal Level for Stable Triggering |
|  | Noise Reject | 1.2 divisions from DC to 25 MHz , increasing to 2.2 divisions at 150 MHz . 0.5 division or less will not trigger. |
|  | HF REJ | 0.30 division from DC to 10 kHz ; attenuates signals above the upper -3 dB cutoff frequency of 50 kHz . |
|  | LF REJ | 0.30 division from 100 kHz to 25 MHz , increasing to 1.0 division at 150 MHz ; attenuates signals below the lower -3 dB cutoff frequency of 50 kHz . |
|  | AC | 0.30 division from 350 Hz to 25 MHz , increasing to 1.0 division at 150 MHz ; attenuates signals below the -3 dB cutoff frequency of 160 Hz . |

Table 1-20: Typical Characteristics — Triggering System (Cont.)

| Name | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TAS 485 Edge-Type Trigger Sensitivity, Not DC Coupled | The typical sensitivities are as follows: |  |
|  | Trigger Source | Typical Signal Level for Stable Triggering |
|  | Noise Reject | 1.2 divisions from DC to 25 MHz , increasing to 3.5 divisions at 250 MHz . 0.5 division or less will not trigger. |
|  | HF REJ | 0.30 division from DC to 10 kHz ; attenuates signals above the upper -3 dB cut off frequency of 50 kHz . |
|  | LF REJ | 0.30 division from 100 kHz to 25 MHz , increasing to 1.4 division at 250 MHz ; attenuates signals below the lower -3 dB cutoff frequency of 50 kHz . |
|  | AC | 0.30 division from 350 Hz to 25 MHz , increasing to 1.4 division at 250 MHz ; attenuates signals below the -3 dB cutoff frequency of 160 Hz . |
| Lowest Frequency for Successful Operation of "Set Level to 50\%" Function | 50 Hz with 1 division. |  |
| Holdoff Control Range | Increases Main sweep holdoff time by a factor of 10. |  |

Table 1-21: Typical Characteristics — Video Triggering System

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Field Separation | Stable trigger on odd or even fields in interlaced video systems <br> with line rates between 12 kHz and 17 kHz. |

Table 1-22: Typical Characteristics - Z-Axis

| Name | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sensitivity | The sensitivity is as follows: |  |
|  | Condition | Sensitivity |
|  | DC to 2 MHz | Positive voltage decreases intensity; +2 V blanks a maximum intensity trace. |
|  | 2 MHz to 20 MHz | +2 V modulates a normal intensity trace. +2 V ( DC to 20 MHz ) blanks a $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ CRT beam. |
| Rise Time | $<15 \mathrm{~ns}$. |  |
| Input Resistance | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \pm 10 \%$. |  |
| Maximum Input Voltage | $\pm 25 \mathrm{~V}$ peak; $25 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{p} \text {-p }} \mathrm{AC}$ at 10 kHz or less. |  |

Table 1-23: Typical Characteristics - Probe Compensator

| Name | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Probe Compensator Output Voltage <br> and Frequency | The limits are as follows: |  |
|  | Characteristic | Limits |
|  | Output Voltage | 5 V (base-top) $\pm 10 \%$ into a $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ load. |
|  | Frequency | $1 \mathrm{kHz} \pm 5 \%$. |

Table 1-24: Typical Characteristics - Setup Memory

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nonvolatile Memory Retention Time | Internal batteries, installed at time of manufacture, have a life of |
|  | $\geq 10$ years when operated and/or stored at an ambient |
|  | temperature from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Retention time of the |
|  | nonvolatile memories is equal to the remaining life of the batteries. |
|  | Battery life can be reduced when the instrument is stored for |
|  | extended time above $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Retained data may be lost when |
| stored for extended time below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |  |

## Installation and Power On

Before you begin using the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes, perform this procedure to properly install and power them on.

1. Check that you have the proper electrical connections. The TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes require 90 to 132 VAC $_{\text {RMS }}$ or 180 to $250 \mathrm{VAC}_{\text {RMS }}$, continuous range from 48 Hz to 440 Hz . A maximum of 85 Watts may be required.
2. Check that the Line Voltage Range switch (Figure 2-1) is at the proper setting for your power system.
3. Check the fuse to ensure it is the proper type and rating (the rear panel provides you with this information). The TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes are shipped with the UL approved fuse installed. Figure 2-2 illustrates how to open the fuse drawer.
4. Connect the proper power cord from the rear-panel power connector (Figure 2-1) to the power system.


Figure 2-1: Rear Panel


Figure 2-2: Fuse Compartment
5. Be sure you have the appropriate operating environment. Specifications for temperature, relative humidity, altitude, vibrations, and emissions are in Section 1, Specifications.
6. Leave space for cooling. Do this by verifying that the air intake and exhaust holes on the sides of the cabinet are free of any airflow obstructions. Leave at least $5.1 \mathrm{~cm}(2 \mathrm{in}$.$) free on each side.$
7. Press the POWER button to power on the oscilloscope. See Figure 2-3.


Figure 2-3: POWER Button

## Quick Start

This section helps you get acquainted with basic controls and operating systems of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes once you have power applied.

## Selecting and Deselecting Input Channels

The TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes have four input channels. You can display the channels separately or simultaneously. The following steps demonstrate how to select and deselect channels for display.

1. Power on the oscilloscope and wait for the self tests to complete.
2. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 1$ button located on the front panel. The $\mathbf{C H} 1$ indicator lights, channel 1 is displayed, and vertical controls and menus are assigned to channel 1 .
3. Press the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{2}$ button located on the front panel. The $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{2}$ indicator lights, channel 2 is displayed, and controls and menus are assigned to channel 2.
4. Press the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}$ button, assigning control to channel 1 .
5. Press the WAVEFORM OFF button, removing channel 1 from the display and leaving channel 2 displayed.

## Using the Menus

The TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes use menus for making many instrument settings. In the following steps, you will set only channel 1 on and turn the cursors on.

1. Press the WAVEFORM OFF button until only channel 1 is displayed.
2. Press the CURSOR menu button.
3. Set the delta volts ( $\triangle$ VOLT) cursors on (using the following guide).

4. Now two horizontal bar cursors are displayed. The active (movable) one is a solid line and the inactive one is a dashed line. Use the General Purpose Knob to move the active cursor and use the TOGGLE button to select which cursor is active.


## Connecting a Signal

The TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes accept signals through the front panel input connectors labeled $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2, \mathrm{CH} 3$, and CH 4 . The probes you use for taking measurements should only be those supplied with the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes. Connecting signals to the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes is also possible with the use of $50 \Omega$ coaxial cables.

Before using any probe to take measurements, compensate the probe to match the input channel. See Compensating the Probe on page 2-5.

## Using AUTOSET

The AUTOSET feature of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes automatically sets most of the front panel controls.

1. Connect the probe compensation signal (from the PROBE COMP connector on the front panel) to either channel of the oscilloscope and display that channel (see Figure 2-5). Turn all other channels off.
2. Press the AUTOSET button on the front panel. Wait one to three seconds to allow the instrument to adjust all the control settings.

The instrument will trigger on the waveform, display at least one complete cycle, and center it horizontally on the CRT. The baseline of the waveform will be at the center horizontal graticule line (see Figure 2-4). The intensity level is increased if set too low for a viewable display.


Figure 2-4: Probe Compensation Signal Displayed after AUTOSET

## Compensating the Probe

Passive probes require compensation to ensure maximum distortion-free input to the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes. Before taking any measurements using a probe, first check the compensation of the probe and adjust it to match the channel inputs. The signal source for this check is the front-panel PROBE COMP signal (Figure 2-5).

1. Attach the probe to one of the channel input connectors along the lower right of the front panel.
2. Attach the probe tip to the PROBE COMP connector.


Figure 2-5: Connections for Compensating a Probe
3. Select the appropriate input channel by pressing either the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}, \mathrm{CH} \mathbf{2}$, CH 3, or CH 4 front-panel button.
4. With the probe attached between an input channel and the probe compensation output of the oscilloscope, press the AUTOSET button on the front panel.
5. Set the vertical scale to 1 V using the VOLTS/DIV control.
6. Center the waveform vertically using the vertical POSITION control.
7. Set the horizontal scale to $200 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ using the SEC/DIV control.
8. Set the trigger coupling to Noise Reject (use the following guide).

9. Set the vertical bandwidth to Full (use the following guide).

10. Check that the displayed waveform is a square wave with flat tops and bottoms. See Figure 2-6 for illustrations indicating proper and improper probe compensation.


Figure 2-6: How Probe Compensation Affects Signals
11. Adjust the low frequency compensation adjustment, located in the probe body, for the best possible square wave. See Figure 2-7 for the location of the low frequency adjustment.


Figure 2-7: Location of Probe Head Adjustment

Menu Map
Figure 2-8 is a map of the menus to help you locate menu-driven functions and their available settings. Refer to the Instruction manual for operating information about each menu.


Figure 2-8: Menu Map

## Circuit Description

This section describes the electrical operation of the Tektronix TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes. Refer to the schematics in the Diagrams section as necessary.

## Logic Conventions

This manual refers to digital logic circuits with standard logic symbols and terms. Unless otherwise stated, all logic functions are described using the positive logic convention: the more positive of the two logic levels is the high (1) state and the more negative level is the low ( 0 ) state. Signal states may also be described as "true" meaning their active state or "false" meaning their non-active state. The specific voltages that constitute a high or low state vary among the electronic devices.

Active-low signals are indicated by a tilde ( $\sim$ ) prefixed to the signal name ( $\sim$ RESET). Signal names are considered to be either active-high, active-low, or to have both active-high and active-low states.

## Module Interconnection

 TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes.
## Circuit Description



Figure 3-1: Block Diagram


## Analog Board

A signal enters the oscilloscope through a probe connected to a BNC on the A1 Analog board.

## Attenuators A1 <1 2

The attenuator hybrids AT401, AT402, AT450, and AT451, and the vertical preamplifier IC, select the input coupling, attenuation factor, variable gain, and the invert function. The processor system controls and calibrates the attenuators.

## Probe Coding Interface A1 $\left\langle\right.$ ( ${ }^{3}$

Probe coding interface signals pass through the A1 Analog board to the A5 CPU board and then to the A4 Front Panel board. The probe interface signals are digitized on the Front Panel board and communicated to the processor system to control the instrument.

## Analog Acquisition Hybrid A1 〈3

The input signals are routed to the highly integrated analog acquisition hybrid, U405, which does the analog processing required to provide vertical, horizontal, and Z-axis signals to the A3 Display Driver board. Under control of the processor, the hybrid provides vertical signal processing, triggers, sweeps, sequencing logic, and intensity control.

## Processor System

The processor board is a microcontroller design. Microcontroller U201 is the core of the circuit, operating at 16 MHz . The primary function of the processor is to receive input from the front panel, display the readout, and control the A1 Analog board.

The processor board can be divided into five subsystems: the processor, the ROM/RAM, the readout, the front-panel interface, and the analog board interface. A description of each subsystem follows.

## Processor Subsystem A5 < 1$\rangle$

The processor subsystem consists of a 32-bit integrated microcontroller and its supporting circuits. It contains four peripheral modules: the CPU, a gener-al-purpose timer (GPT), a queued serial module (QSM), and a system integration module (SIM).

The CPU is based on the MC68020 instruction set and can utilize the extensive software base for the Motorola M68000 Family.

The GPT inputs are used for measuring the main and delay sweep gates, as well as the measurement latches. The outputs of the GPT are used for loading or resetting various sections of the analog board.

The QSM is primarily used as a synchronous bus for setting up the internal register bits of the GCS, HS, preamp and DACs on the analog board.

The SIM module does all of the chip selecting for all of the addressable ICs on the processor board. U201 has three types of support circuitry. The first type is pull-up resistors for IRQ lines and for configuring the processor boot up. The second type is a crystal oscillator. The crystal oscillates at 32 kHz . The processor uses a phase lock loop to create a 16 MHz system clock from this crystal. The third type is a power-on reset circuit. The reset circuit, consisting mainly of U207, is a passive circuit that monitors VCC. When the power supply exceeds 4.5 V , U207 releases the reset line allowing the processor to run. If VCC drops below 4.5 V a reset occurs.

ROM/RAM Subsystem A5
The ROM/RAM subsystem consists of 256 kb of Flash ROM, 256 kb of static RAM, and 64 kb of non-volatile static RAM. The Flash ROM has a requirement which states that it must not have an OE during a write cycle. Consequently, the gates of U221 in this subsystem prevent this from happening.

## Readout Subsystem A5 $\langle\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{ }$

The readout subsystem consists of a custom readout IC, two DACs, a 2.5 V reference voltage, and some support resistors and capacitors for compensation and filtering. The readout IC has an internal RAM into which the processor puts ascii characters. The processor also controls the state of the readout IC for calibration, cursor positioning, and update rate. The readout IC itself then drives the vertical and horizontal DACs as well as the blanking.

## Front-Panel Interface Subsystem A5 《3

The front-panel interface subsystem consists of U215 (DUART), and its 3.686 MHz crystal. The processor communicates to the front-panel processor through an RS232 like interface. This interface is maintained by the DUART, running at 9600 baud. The DUART is connected to IRQ5 on the processor. U201 talks to U215 using data lines D8 through D15.

## Analog Board Interface Subsystem A5 〈३ $\langle$

The analog board interface subsystem consists of an ECL to CMOS converter and a CMOS to ECL converter. The SGMAIN lines coming from the ana$\log$ board are ECL. These lines were converted to CMOS by using two transistors and a couple of resistors.

## Display Assembly

All information (waveforms, text, and cursors) is displayed by the A3 Display Driver board. It generates the high voltages necessary to drive the CRT. It also contains the vertical and horizontal amplifier circuitry.

## Vertical Output A3 $\langle 1\rangle$

The vertical output amplifier provides the final stage of amplification of the vertical signal. The output of the vertical amplifier is connected to the CRT vertical plates. Vertical time and frequency compensation networks, some which are adjustable are also contained in this circuit block. The compensation networks corrects for errors in the time response of the vertical delayline and variations in time and frequency response of the total vertical system. The vertical signal at the input of the vertical output stage is sampled and feedback to the trigger circuitry on the analog board. This feedback vertical signal is used for purposes of calibration.

## Horizontal Output A3 <2

The horizontal output amplifier provides the final stage of amplification of the horizontal signal and drives the CRT horizontal plates directly. The input signal from the analog board is current in and the output signal to the CRT is a voltage.

## High Voltage A3 〈3

This circuitry provides the necessary static and dynamic levels to support the CRT biasing and $Z$-axis drive. The $Z$-axis amplifier provides amplification of the $Z$-axis signal from the analog board which is a current. The output of the Z-axis amplifier is then applied to the DC restorer circuitry which level shifts this signal to the cathode level. A focus amplifier receives its input signal from a user control on the front panel. This enables the user the ability to optimizes the CRT focus. Additional circuitry is provided to support the necessary bias and operation levels for the CRT.

The External Z-Axis connector provides the ability to modulate the Z-axis amplifier circuit on the A3 Display Driver board, thus modulating or blanking the intensity of the CRT display.

Vertical Termination (TAS 485 only) - The A10 Vertical Termination hybrid provides the correct impedance for the vertical deflection plates in the CRT.

## Front Panel

The processor system sends and receives information to and from the A4 Front Panel board. The Front Panel board reads the front-panel controls and changes in their settings are reported to the processor system. The frontpanel processor turns the LEDs on and off, generates the probe compensation signal, and processes the probe coding interface signals.

## Menu Switches A4 〈4>

Front-panel menu switches are read by the Front Panel board and changes in menu selections are sent to the processor system.

## CPU A4 $\langle 1$

U101 is the front-panel processor (FPP) and monitors the front-panel controls. It is a single chip microprocessor with built-in RAM, ROM, A-to-D converter, programmable timer, and serial communications interface.

The front-panel processor reports any changes in state of the front-panel controls to the U201 on the A5 CPU board via the serial communication interface.

The programmable timer TCMP1 (U101 pin 2) produces a 0 to $5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{kHz}$ square wave signal (CALSIG) that is used for probe compensation. TCMP2 (U101 pin 1) produces a 0 to $5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{kHz}$ signal that is converted to ECL level (DITHER) by the resistive divider R503-R505. DITHER is used by the Analog Signal Processor on the analog board.

## FPP Pots \& Probes A4 < ${ }^{1}$ ②

The pot/probe scanner working with the A-to-D converter internal to the front-panel processor digitizes the inputs and reports the amount a pot has turned and the type of probe used.

Control lines to the analog multiplexers U420 and U421 determine whether to scan for pots or probes. If pots are to be scanned, one of 10 possible pot inputs are read from either multiplexer U420 or U421. The voltage at the wiper of the pot selected is applied to the front-panel processor and digitized. The amount and direction of change from the previous stored value is calculated and sent to the host processor 68331 on the processor board.

The intensity and readout intensity pots on the front bezel are stopped pots and represent one input each on the analog multiplexer U420. The other 8 pot inputs on U420 and U421 represent the 4 continuous rotation pots on the front panel which are made of two wipers separated by 180 degrees and contact a single resistive arc. Each continuous rotation pot represents two inputs to the multiplexers.

The analog multiplexer U420 also doubles for selecting one of the 4 possible probe inputs. The probe code resistance from the P6139 probe is converted to a voltage by the pull-up resistors R411-R414. This voltage is read by the pot/probe scanner and the probe type is determined and sent to the host processor.

## LEDs \& Driver A4 〈३

There are five LEDs (light emitting diodes) on the front panel which are connected between the outputs of an 8 bit LED latch U202 and a pull-up resistor to +5 V . When a particular LED needs to be turned on or off, the front-panel processor converts the LED identification received from the host processor to the correct LED address on the latch (U202) and changes the state of the LED.

## Switches A4 〈〈

The front-panel switches and menu switches are arranged in an array of 9 rows and 8 columns. The switch scanner sets the nine row lines low in sequence and performs an eight column scan to check for any changes in state and reports these changes to the host processor. When a switch is closed, one row is connected to one column line through an isolation diode and the column line is pulled low indicating a switch closure.

## Power Supply

The power supply is a switching power converter. It supplies power to all
oscilloscope circuitry.
Two generations of power supplies were produced. The early version required the operator to configure it to the incoming line voltage; the later version automatically adjusts to the incoming line voltage and has no external adjustments. This service manual documents the power supply beginning with the introduction of the new version.

The POWER switch, located on the front panel, controls all power to the oscilloscope including the power supply.

The fan provides forced air cooling for the oscilloscope. It connects to +12 V on the A63 Power Supply board.

## General Instructions


#### Abstract

This Performance Verification section is divided into two subsections, Brief Performance Checks and Performance Tests.

The Brief Performance Checks section contains procedures to verify the operation of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes.

The Performance Tests section contains procedures to confirm the performance of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes to their warranted specifications.


## Using the Brief Performance Checks Procedures

The Brief Performance Checks contain three procedures: Power-On Self Tests, Functional Tests, and Temperature Compensation Calibrations. Completing these checks takes approximately one hour.

The Power-On Self Tests are performed each time the oscilloscope in powered on.

The Functional Tests use the probe compensation output on the front panel as a test-signal source for further verifying that the oscilloscope functions properly. A standard-accessory probe, included with this oscilloscope, is the only equipment required.

To rapidly confirm that this oscilloscope functions and was adjusted properly, perform the procedures in the Functional Tests section; which begin on page 4-3.

Advantages: These procedures are quick to do, require no external equipment or signal sources, and provide high confidence that the oscilloscope will perform properly. These also provide hands-on experience to become familiar with the controls and menus.

The Temperature Compensation Calibrations allow you to adjust the display accuracy of the oscilloscope.

## Using the Performance Tests Procedures

The Performance Tests confirm that the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes perform as specified. The Performance Tests begin on page 4-13. Completing these tests takes approximately two hours and requires suitable test equipment. (See Equipment Required on page 4-13.)

Advantages: These procedures add direct checking of warranted specifications.

## Conventions

The procedures in this section provide the following information:

- Title of test
- Equipment required (if applicable)
- Procedure

Where instructed to use a front-panel control or select from a menu, the name appears in boldface type. For example, "press VERTICAL MENU; then "set CPLG to DC."

5710
The symbol at the left is accompanied by information you must read to do the procedure properly.

These procedures make references to the graticule lines. For example, "position the cursor to the second vertical graticule line." Figure 4-1 shows how to interpret the references.


Figure 4-1: Graticule References

These procedures may ask you to check for a stable display. A stable display is consistent. The display should not have its trigger point switching slopes (double trigger) nor should it "free-run." The MAIN SWP TRIG'D LED should remain lit.

## Brief Performance Checks

This section contains three brief procedures: two that verify the operation of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes and one to perform a brief calibration to compensate for temperature variances.

The Power-On Self Tests use internal routines (performed at each power on) to confirm basic functionality and proper adjustment.

The Functional Tests further verify that the oscilloscope functions properly. These tests utilize the front panel PROBE COMP signal and a standard accessory probe.

The Temperature Compensation Calibrations use internal routines and actions from you to adjust the display accuracy of the oscilloscope. These adjustments are typically necessary only when the operating temperature and the last calibration temperature varies more than $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. However, performing these compensations before making a critical measurement ensures optimum accuracy.

If any of these tests return a failed message or do not perform as stated, contact your local Tektronix service center or sales engineer for more information.

## Power-On Self Tests

These tests verify that the internal power-on diagnostics passed by confirming no error messages are reported on screen.

## Functional Tests

The purpose of these procedures is to confirm that this oscilloscope functions properly. The only equipment required is a standard-accessory probe.

STIP
These procedures verify function; that is, they verify that the oscilloscope operates. They do not verify that it operates within limits.

Therefore, when the functional tests that follow instruct you to verify that a signal appears on screen "that is about five divisions in amplitude" or "has a period of about six horizontal divisions," do not interpret the quantities given as limits. Operation within limits is checked in Performance Tests, which begin on page 4-13.

DO NOT make changes to the front-panel settings that are not called out in the procedures. Each verification procedure requires you to set the oscilloscope to certain default settings before verifying functions. If you make changes to these default settings, other than those called out in the procedure, you may obtain invalid results. In this case, begin the procedure again from step 1.

## Functional Tests Prerequisites

1. Power on the oscilloscope and allow a 20 minute warm-up before performing this procedure; adjust the READOUT control to display the readout and the INTENSITY control to display waveforms.
2. Disable the dual delay with the following menu selections.
a. Press the UTILITY button and select CONFIG from the main menu.
b. Select MORE until you can select Dual Delay Disabled.
3. Press the ALT/CHOP, ADD button and set ADD1+2 and ADD3+4 to Off.
4. Install the probe on $\mathbf{C H}$ 1. Connect the probe tip to PROBE COMP on the front-panel; connect the probe ground to the ground barrel of an unused input BNC (see Figure 4-2).

Some functional checks require that you install the probe on connectors other than CH 1. All functional checks use the PROBE COMP on the front panel as the signal source.


Figure 4-2: Test Hookup for Functional Tests

## Verify the Probe Compensator Output

1. Press the WAVEFORM OFF button until the readout indicates that only channel 1 is selected.
2. Press the AUTOSET button.
3. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set CPLG to DC.
4. Set the volts/div scale to 1 V and vertically center the display.
5. Set the sec/div scale to $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
6. Press the CURSOR button and set $\Delta$ VOLT to On.
7. Align the active cursor to the top of the signal using the General Purpose Knob.
8. Press the TOGGLE button and align the active cursor to the bottom of the signal using the General Purpose Knob.
9. Verify that the $\Delta$ Volts readout is about 5.2 V .
10. Set $\mathbf{1} / \Delta \mathbf{T}$ to On .
11. Align the active cursor to a rising edge of the signal using the General Purpose Knob.
12. Press the TOGGLE button and align the active cursor to the next rising edge of the signal using the General Purpose Knob.
13. Verify that the $1 / \Delta T$ readout is about 1 kHz .
14. Set $\Delta$ TIME to On.
15. Verify that the $\Delta$ Time readout is about 1 ms .

## Verify the Input Channels

1. Display the channel to be verified and turn all others off.
2. Install the probe on the channel to be verified.
3. Press the AUTOSET button.
4. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set CPLG to DC.
5. Verify that the channel is operational, confirming the following statements are true:

- The vertical scale readout is set to 2 V for the channel under test and a square wave signal about 2.6 divisions in amplitude is onscreen.
- Pressing the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button sets the trigger level readout to approximately 2.7 V .
- Turning vertical POSITION control moves the signal up and down the screen when rotated. Return the bottom portion of the displayed waveform to the center horizontal graticule line.
- Turning the VOLTS/DIV control counterclockwise and clockwise decreases and increases the amplitude of the waveform. Return the volts/div scale to 2 V .

6. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and select CPLG. Select the following coupling types and verify the display.

- Select DC coupling and verify that the waveform amplitude is posi-tive-going from the center horizontal graticule line.
- Select AC coupling, press the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button, and verify that the waveform is centered at about the center horizontal graticule line.
- Select GND coupling and verify that a straight line is displayed (no waveform).

7. Return the coupling to DC and press the CLEAR MENU button.
8. Repeat this procedure until all input channels are verified.

## Verify the Alt/Chop and Add Functions

1. Install the probe on $\mathbf{C H} 1$.
2. Press the WAVEFORM OFF button until the readout indicates channel 1 is the only selected channel.
3. Press the AUTOSET button.
4. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 2$ button, then position the channel 2 trace to the bottom horizontal graticule line.
5. Press the WAVEFORM OFF button, removing the channel 2 display.
6. Press the ALT/CHOP, ADD button and set ADD1+2 to On.
7. Verify that a second waveform of approximately 2.6 divisions amplitude has been added to the display.
8. Set ADD1+2 to Off.
9. Install the probe on CH 3.
10. Press the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{3}$ button.
11. Press the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}$ button, then the WAVEFORM OFF button, removing the channel 1 display.
12. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 2$ button, then the WAVEFORM OFF button, removing the channel 2 display.
13. Press the AUTOSET button.
14. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 4$ button, then position the channel 4 display to the bottom horizontal graticule line.
15. Press the WAVEFORM OFF button, removing the channel 4 display.
16. Press the ALT/CHOP, ADD button and set ADD3+4 to On.
17. Verify that a second waveform of approximately 2.6 divisions amplitude has been added to the display.
18. Set DISP to Chop.
19. Set the sec/div scale to 100 ms .
20. Verify that the two waveforms are displayed simultaneously.
21. Set DISP to Alt.
22. Verify that the two waveforms are displayed alternately.
23. Set ADD3+4 to Off.
24. Press the CLEAR MENU button.

## Verify the Time Base

1. Press the WAVEFORM OFF button until the readout indicates channel 1 is the only selected channel.
2. Install the probe on $\mathbf{C H} 1$.
3. Press the AUTOSET button.
4. Verify that the main time base is operational, confirming the following statements are true.

- One period of the square wave is about five horizontal divisions.
- Rotating the SEC/DIV control clockwise expands the waveform (more horizontal divisions per period of waveform); rotating it counterclockwise contracts the waveform.
- Setting the sec/div scale to 1 ms displays approximately one period of waveform per horizontal division.
- Rotating the horizontal POSITION control moves the waveform left and right on-screen.
- Pressing the MAG button changes the sec/div scale from 1 ms to $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and one period of the square wave is about ten horizontal divisions. Return to a non-magnified display by pressing the MAG button again.

5. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to On.
6. Set the delayed sec/div scale to $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
7. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set MODE to Runs After.
8. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button.
9. Select TRCSEP from the main menu and vertically position the delayed time base below the main time base using the General Purpose Knob.
10. Select DELAY from the main menu.
11. Verify that the delayed time base is operational, confirming the following statements are true:

- The main sweep has an intensified zone of approximately 5.5 horizontal divisions. Adjust the INTENSITY level if necessary to view the entire intensified zone.
- Rotating the General Purpose Knob clockwise moves the intensified zone to the right on-screen. Position the intensified portion to the center of the screen.

12. Adjust the delayed sec/div scale to $200 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
13. Set MAIN to Off and confirm that only the delayed sec/div scale is displayed and the period of the square-wave signal is about five horizontal divisions.
14. Set MAIN to On and DELAY to Off.

## Verify the Trigger System

1. Press the WAVEFORM OFF button until the readout indicates channel 1 is the only selected channel
2. Press the AUTOSET button.
3. Set the sec/div scale to 1 ms .
4. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set MODE to Auto.
5. Verify that the main trigger is operational, confirming that the following statements are true:

- Rotating the trigger LEVEL control changes the main trigger level readout.
- Rotating the trigger LEVEL control through its range triggers and untriggers the display. Leave the signal untriggered.
- Pressing the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button triggers the signal and the trigger level readout indicates approximately 2.7 V .

6. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to On.
7. Set the delayed sec/div scale to $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
8. Verify that the delayed sweep is operational, confirming that an intensified zone appears on the main sweep.
9. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set MODE to Trig After and SRC to Ch1.
10. Verify that the delayed trigger is operational, confirming that the following statements are true:

- Rotating the trigger LEVEL control changes the delayed trigger level readout.
- Rotating the trigger LEVEL control through its range triggers and untriggers (intensified zone displayed and not displayed) the delayed sweep. Leave the signal untriggered.
- Pressing the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button triggers the signal, the trigger level readout indicates approximately 2.7 V , and the intensified zone is displayed.

11. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to Off.
12. Set the sec/div scale to 50 ms .
13. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set MODE to Single Sequence and confirm the following statements are true:

- There is no waveform displayed.
- Pressing the RESET S SEQ button causes one sweep of the waveform display to occur.

14. Set the sec/div scale to 1 ms .
15. Set MODE to Auto Level.
16. Disconnect the probe from the oscilloscope.

## Temperature Compensation Calibrations

The procedures that follow allow you to quickly compensate the calibration of the oscilloscope for any external temperature variations. This ensures the most accurate measurements. No test equipment is required to perform these procedures.

## $5711{ }^{2}$

Optimum instrument performance depends on the recommended 20 minute minimum warm-up time prior to performing the following calibration routines. All calibration routines require a successful completion (no "failed" message).

## STDP

The Temperature Compensation Calibrations affect the accuracy of the display system; therefore, they should only be performed by a qualified technician.

## Horizontal Sweep Path

1. Press the AUTOSET button.
2. Press the UTILITY button and select CAL from the main menu.
3. Select Horizontal Sweep Path from the sub menu, initiating the routine.

The Horizontal Sweep Path routine takes about 20 seconds to complete its initial calibrations. Once complete, two dots are displayed. The displayed dots are used for the next horizontal calibration steps.

## NOTE

The following steps use both the General Purpose Knob and the TOGGLE button to make adjustments. The General Purpose Knob performs two functions: to adjust gain and centering. Pressing the TOGGLE button selects the function of the General Purpose Knob.
4. Use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to position the two dots eight divisions apart, centered horizontally (see Figure 4-3).


Figure 4-3: Horizontal Adjustments (One)
5. Select Done when you have the appropriate display.
6. Again, use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to position the two dots eight divisions apart, centered horizontally (see Figure 4-3).
7. Select Done when you have the appropriate display.
8. One dot is now displayed.
9. Use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to horizontally center the single dot at the center of the screen (see Figure 4-4).

Continue to press the TOGGLE button and adjusting the dot to center screen with the General Purpose Knob until the dot stays horizontally centered while pressing the TOGGLE button.


Figure 4-4: Horizontal Adjustments (Two)
10. Select Done when you have the appropriate display.
11. Two vertical lines are now displayed.


Figure 4-5: Horizontal Adjustments (Three)
12. Use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to position the two lines eight divisions apart, centered horizontally (see Figure 4-5).
13. Select Done when you have the appropriate display.
14. A pass or failed status appears on the screen.
15. Select Done to exit the routine, displaying a Calibration Finished message.

## Vertical Signal Path

1. Press the AUTOSET button.
2. Press the UTILITY button and select CAL from the main menu.
3. Select Vertical Signal Path from the sub menu, initiating the routine.
4. Remove any input signals from the oscilloscope.
5. Select Done.

The Vertical Signal Path routine takes less than two minutes to complete. When finished, a pass or failed status will appear on the screen.
6. Press Done to exit the routine, displaying a Calibration Finished message.
7. Press the CLEAR MENU button.

## Performance Tests

This subsection contains procedures to verify that the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes perform as warranted.

The procedures are arranged in three logical groupings: Vertical Checks, Horizontal Checks, and Trigger Checks. They check all the characteristics that are designated as checked in Section 1, Specifications. (The checked characteristics appear in boldface type under Warranted Characteristics in Section 1.)

These procedures extend the confidence level provided by the Brief Performance Checks in this section.

## Performance Tests Prerequisites

## STOP

The tests in this subsection comprise an extensive, valid confirmation of performance and functionality when the following requirements are met:

- The cabinet must be installed on the oscilloscope.
- The Power-On Self Tests show no failures.
- You must have completed the Temperature Compensation Calibrations, beginning on page 4-9.
- The oscilloscope must have an operating warm-up period of at least 20 minutes at an ambient temperature between $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- You have set the INTENSITY and READOUT controls for nominal viewing levels.
- You have set the delayed sweep intensity to Intensity Delay > Main in the Utility Configure menu.

Related Information - Read General Instructions that start on page 4-1. If you are not familiar with operating this oscilloscope, read Quick Start starting on page 2-3 before performing these procedures.

## Equipment Required

These procedures use external, traceable signal sources to directly check warranted characteristics. Table 4-1 lists the required test equipment.

## Performance Tests

Table 4-1: Required Test Equipment

| Item Number and Description |  | Minimum Requirements | Example | Purpose |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Attenuator, $2 \mathrm{X}^{1}$ | Ratio: 2X; Impedance $50 \Omega$; Connectors: female BNC input, male BNC output | Tektronix part number 011-0069-02 | Signal attenuation |
|  | Attenuator, 10X | Ratio: 10X; Impedance $50 \Omega$; Connectors: female BNC input, male BNC output | Tektronix part number 011-0059-02 | Signal attenuation |
| 10 | Termination, $50 \Omega$ | Impedance $50 \Omega$; Connectors: female BNC input, male BNC output | Tektronix part number 011-0049-01 | Signal interconnection |
| 11 | Termination, $75 \Omega$ | Impedance $75 \Omega$; Connectors: female BNC input, male BNC output | Tektronix part number 011-0102-01 | Signal interconnection, video |
| 12 | Cable, Precision Coaxial | $50 \Omega, 36$ in, male-to-male BNC connectors | Tektronix part number 012-0482-00 | Signal interconnection |
| 13 | Cable, Coaxial | $75 \Omega, 36$ in, male-to-male BNC connectors | Tektronix part number 012-1338-00 | Signal interconnection, video |
| 14 | Coupler, DualInput (three required) | Female-BNC-to-dual-male-BNC | Tektronix part number 067-0525-02 | Signal interconnection |
| 15 | Generator, Leveled Sine Wave | 200 kHz to 250 MHz ; Variable amplitude from 5 mV to $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p}}$ into $50 \Omega$ | Wavetek 9100 Universal Calibration System with Oscilloscope Calibration | Trigger and bandwidth checks |
| 16 | Generator, Time Mark | Variable marker frequency from 10 ms to 10 ns ; accuracy within 25 ppm |  | Timing accuracy checks |
| 17 | Generator, Pulse | High Amplitude pulse with variable amplitude of 60 V to 100 V |  | Gain accuracy checks |
| 18 | Generator, DC Calibration | DC voltage levels from 100 mV to 10 V |  | Gain accuracy checks |
| 19 | Probe, 10X, included with this instrument | Standard accessory probe | TEKTRONIX P6109B (TAS 475) or TEKTRONIX P6111B (TAS 485) | Signal interconnection |
| 20 | Digital Multimeter | DC voltage to 10 V | TEKTRONIX DM 2510 | Power Supply Adjustment |
| 21 | Generator, Video Signal | Provides NTSC compatible outputs | TEKTRONIX TSG 100 | Video trigger check |
|  | Adjustment Tool ${ }^{1}$ | 0.1 inch hex on both ends | GC Electronics \#8606 | Internal adjustments |

${ }^{1}$ This item is used only when performing the Adjustment Procedures.

## Vertical System Checks

These procedures check those characteristics that relate to the vertical system and are listed as checked under Warranted Characteristics in Section 1, Specifications.

## Check DC Gain and Voltage Measurement Accuracy

Equipment Required: One pulse generator (item 17) and one precision coaxial cable (item 12).

1. Display the channel to be verified, turning all others off.
2. Press the AUTOSET button.
3. Set the sec/div scale to $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
4. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set CPLG to Noise Reject.
5. Press the CURSOR button and set $\Delta$ Volt to On.
6. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and make the following selections:

- Set CPLG to DC
- Set BW to $\mathbf{2 0} \mathbf{M H z}$

7. Set the volts/div scale to 2 mV .
8. Position the trace three divisions below the center horizontal graticule line.
9. Connect the standard amplitude output of the pulse generator to the input of the channel to be verified as shown in Figure 4-6.


Figure 4-6: Gain and Voltage Test Setup
10. Set the pulse generator for 10 mV amplitude output.
11. Use the General Purpose Knob and TOGGLE button to precisely align the cursors to the signal peaks.
12. Check the Displayed Signal Accuracy and Volts Readout Accuracy while setting the Volts/Div Scale and the Input Amplitude given in Table 4-2.

Table 4-2: DC Gain and Delta Volts Accuracy

| Volts/Div <br> Scale | Input <br> Amplitude | Displayed <br> Signal Accuracy | Delta Volts <br> Readout Accuracy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 mV | 10 mV | 4.87 to 5.13 div | 9.80 mV to 10.2 mV |
| 5 mV | 20 mV | 3.9 to 4.1 div | 19.6 mV to 20.4 mV |
| 10 mV | 50 mV | 4.87 to 5.13 div | 49.0 mV to 51.0 mV |
| 20 mV | 0.1 V | 4.87 to 5.13 div | 98.0 mV to 102 mV |
| 50 mV | 0.2 V | 3.9 to 4.1 div | 196 mV to 204 mV |
| 100 mV | 0.5 V | 4.87 to 5.13 div | 490 mV to 510 mV |
| 1 V | 5 V | 4.87 to 5.13 div | 4.90 V to 5.10 V |

13. Return the volts/div scale to 2 mV and set the pulse generator for 10 mV amplitude output.
14. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set VAR to On.
15. Check that rotating the General Purpose Knob counterclockwise reduces the displayed signal amplitude to two divisions or less. Set VAR to Off.
16. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.
17. Repeat this procedure until you have verified all input channels.
18. Press the CURSOR button and set $\Delta$ Volt to Off.

## Check Trigger Level Accuracy

Equipment Required: One DC calibration generator (item 18) and one precision coaxial cable (item 12).

1. Display channel 1 , turning all others off.
2. Press the AUTOSET button.
3. Set the sec/div scale to $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
4. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and make the following selections:

- Set CPLG to DC
- Set SLOPE to Rising

5. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and make the following selections:

- Set CPLG to DC
- Set BW to $\mathbf{2 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$

6. Set the volts/div scale to 50 mV .
7. Position the trace three divisions below the center horizontal graticule line.
8. Connect the DC calibration generator to the $\mathbf{C H} 1$ input as shown in Figure 4-7.


Figure 4-7: Trigger Level Test Setup
9. Set the DC calibration generator for a 200 mV output.
10. Press the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button.
11. Check that the Trigger Level Accuracy readout is in the range of 169 mV to 231 mV .
12. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set SLOPE to Falling.
13. Press the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button.
14. Check that the Trigger Level Accuracy readout is in the range of 169 mV to 231 mV .
15. Press the MAIN/DELAY SELECT button, displaying the delay trigger menu.
16. Set MODE to Runs After and SRC to Ch1.
17. Press the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button.
18. Check that the Trigger Level Accuracy readout is in the range of 169 mV to 231 mV .
19. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.
20. Press the MAIN/DELAY SELECT button and set SLOPE to Rising.
21. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to Off.

## Check DC Coupling Bandwidth

Equipment Required: One leveled sine wave generator (item 15), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), and one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10).

1. Display the channel to be verified, turning all others off.
2. Connect the output of the sine wave generator to the channel to be verified as shown in Figure 4-8.


Figure 4-8: Bandwidth Test Setup
3. Press the AUTOSET button.
4. Set the volts/div scale to 2 mV .
5. Set the sec/div scale to $200 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
6. Set the sine wave generator for a 50 kHz reference frequency and adjust the amplitude for a six division display.
7. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set CPLG to Noise Reject.
8. Use the following substeps (a to c) and the settings and limits given in Table 4-3 to confirm the bandwidth of the input channels.
a. Set the volts/div scale as indicated.
b. Set the signal generator for the specified amplitude at the reference frequency.
c. While confirming the Display Amplitude remains greater than the minimum number of divisions, increase the signal generator frequency to 100 MHz or 200 MHz , depending on the instrument model.

Table 4-3: DC Coupled Bandwidth

|  |  | Display Amplitude |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Volts/Div <br> Scale | 50 kHz <br> Reference Amplitude | TAS 475 <br> To 100 MHz | TAS 485 <br> To 200 MHz |
| 2 mV | 6 division | $\geq 4.2$ division | $\geq 4.2$ division |
| 5 mV | 6 division | $\geq 4.2$ division | $\geq 4.2$ division |
| 10 mV | 6 division | $\geq 4.2$ division | $\geq 4.2$ division |
| 20 mV | 6 division | $\geq 4.2$ division | $\geq 4.2$ division |
| 50 mV | 6 division | $\geq 4.2$ division | $\geq 4.2$ division |
| 100 mV | 6 division | $\geq 4.2$ division | $\geq 4.2$ division |
| 1 V | 5 division | $\geq 3.5$ division | $\geq 3.5$ division |

9. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.
10. Repeat this procedure until all input channels are verified.

## Check X-Axis Gain

Equipment Required: One pulse generator (item 17) and one precision coaxial cable (item 12).

1. Display channel 1 , turning all others off.
2. Connect the output of the pulse generator to the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}$ input as shown Figure 4-9.


Figure 4-9: X-Axis Gain Test Setup
3. Set the output of the pulse calibration generator for 50 mV .
4. Press the AUTOSET button.
5. Set the volts/div scale to 10 mV .
6. Center the display using the vertical POSITION control.
7. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set $\mathbf{X Y}$ to $O n$.
8. Check that the amplitude of the X -axis signal is 4.8 to 5.2 divisions.
9. Set XY to Off.
10. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.

## Horizontal System Checks

These procedures check those characteristics that relate to the horizontal system and are listed as checked under Warranted Characteristics in Section 1, Specifications.

## Check Time Base and Time Cursor Accuracy

Equipment Required: One time marker generator (item 16), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), and one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10).

1. Display channel 1 , turning all others off.
2. Connect the output of the time marker generator to the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}$ input as shown in Figure 4-10.


Figure 4-10: Timing Test Setup
3. Set the output of the generator as follows:

- TAS 475-20 ns markers
- TAS 485-10 ns markers

4. Press the AUTOSET button.
5. Set the sec/div scale as follows:

- TAS $475-20 \mathrm{~ns}$
- TAS 485-10 ns

6. Set the volts/div scale to 500 mV .
7. Center the time mark display vertically.
8. Press the CURSOR button and set $\triangle$ TIME to On.
9. Position the rising edge of the second time mark to the second vertical graticule line.
10. Align the active cursor to the second time mark at the point the rising edge intersects the center horizontal graticule line using the General Purpose Knob.
11. Press the TOGGLE button and align the second cursor to the tenth time mark at the point the rising edge intersects the center horizontal graticule line using the General Purpose Knob.
12. Check that the Time-mark to Graticule Accuracy and the Time Cursor Readout Accuracy over the center eight divisions are within the limits shown for each Sec/Div Scale listed in Table 4-4.

Table 4-4: Time Base and Cursor Accuracies (Mag Off)

|  |  | Time-mark to Graticule Accuracy | Time Cursor Readout Accuracy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sec/Div Scale (Mag Off) | Time Mark Setting | Over Center 8 Divisions | 2nd and 10th Time Marks |
| $10 \mathrm{~ns}{ }^{1}$ | 20 ns | $\pm 0.16$ division | 78.4 ns to 81.6 ns |
| 20 ns | 20 ns | $\pm 0.16$ division | 157 ns to 163 ns |
| 50 ns | 50 ns | $\pm 0.16$ division | 392 ns to 408 ns |
| 100 ns | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | 784 ns to 816 ns |
| 200 ns | $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | $1.57 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $1.63 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 500 ns | $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | $3.92 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $4.08 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | $7.84 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $8.16 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | $15.7 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $16.3 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | $39.2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $40.8 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | $78.4 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $81.6 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | $157 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $163 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.16$ division | $392 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $408 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.1 ms | $\pm 0.16$ division | $784 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $816 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| $200 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.2 ms | $\pm 0.16$ division | 1.57 ms to 1.63 ms |
| $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.5 ms | $\pm 0.16$ division | 3.92 ms to 4.08 ms |
| 1 ms | 1 ms | $\pm 0.16$ division | 7.84 ms to 8.16 ms |
| 2 ms | 2 ms | $\pm 0.16$ division | 15.7 ms to 16.3 ms |
| 5 ms | 5 ms | $\pm 0.16$ division | 39.2 ms to 40.8 ms |

${ }^{1}$ The $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ n s ~ s e c / d i v ~ s c a l e ~ i s ~ o n l y ~ a v a i l a b l e ~ o n ~ t h e ~ T A S ~} 485$.
13. Set $\Delta$ TIME to Off.
14. Set the time mark generator as follows:

- TAS 475-20 ns markers
- TAS 485 - 10 ns markers

15. Set the main sec/div scale as follows:

- TAS $475-20 \mathrm{~ns}$
- TAS $485-10 \mathrm{~ns}$

16. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to On and MAIN to Off.
17. Set the delayed sec/div scale as follows:

- TAS $475-20 \mathrm{~ns}$
- TAS $485-10 \mathrm{~ns}$

18. Using the General Purpose Knob, set the delay time as follows:

- TAS $475-3 \mathrm{~ns}$
- TAS 485-1.5ns

19. Position the edge of the second time mark to the second vertical graticule line.
20. Check that the Time Mark to Graticule Accuracy over the center eight divisions are within the limits shown for each sec/div scale listed in Table 4-4 (disregard the Time Cursor Readout Accuracy column).
21. Set MAIN to On.
22. Set the main sec/div scale as follows:

- TAS $475-20 \mathrm{~ns}$
- TAS $485-10 \mathrm{~ns}$

23. Set MAIN to Off.
24. Press the MAG button, turning magnification on.
25. Set the time mark generator for 5 ns markers.
26. Set the volts/div scale to 200 mV .
27. Check that the timing accuracies at the beginning, middle, and end of sweep over the center eight divisions are within the limits shown for each of the sec/div scales given in Table 4-5. Exclude the first and last five divisions of the magnified sweep for accuracy measurements.

Table 4-5: Time Base Accuracy (Mag On)

| Sec/Div Scale <br> (Mag On) | Time Marker <br> Setting | Time Mark to Graticule <br> Over Center 8 Divisions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \mathrm{~ns}^{4}$ | $5 \mathrm{~ns}^{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\pm 0.24$ division $^{\mathbf{3}}$ |
| 2 ns | $5 \mathrm{~ns}^{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\pm 0.24$ division $^{\mathbf{2}}$ |
| 5 ns | $5 \mathrm{~ns}^{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\pm 0.24$ division |
| 10 ns | 10 ns | $\pm 0.24$ division |

Table 4-5: Time Base Accuracy (Mag On) (Cont.)

| Sec/Div Scale <br> (Mag On) | Time Marker <br> Setting | Time Mark to Graticule <br> Over Center 8 Divisions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 ns | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $\pm 0.24$ division |
| $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.1 ms | $\pm 0.24$ division |

${ }^{1}$ Change the volts/div scale as necessary to maintain vertical amplitude.
${ }^{2}$ At this setting, two cycles of the signal are displayed for every five horizontal divisions.
${ }^{3}$ At this setting, one cycle of the signal is displayed for every five horizontal divisions.
${ }^{4}$ The 1 ns sec/div scale is only available on the TAS 485.
28. Set MAIN to On and DELAY to Off.
29. Set the sec/div scale as follows:

- TAS $475-2 \mathrm{~ns}$
- TAS 485-1 ns

30. Set the time mark generator for 5 ns markers.
31. Check that the timing accuracies at the beginning, middle, and end of sweep over the center eight divisions are within the limits shown for each Sec/Div Scale given in Table 4-5. Exclude the first and last five divisions of the magnified sweep for accuracy measurements.
32. Press the MAG button, turning magnification off.

## Check Dual Delay Accuracy

Equipment Required: One time marker generator (item 16), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), and one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10).

1. Display channel 1 , turning all others off.
2. Connect the output of the time marker generator to the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}$ input as shown in Figure 4-11.

Time Mark Generator


Figure 4-11: Dual Delay Test Setup
3. Set the output of the time marker generator for 0.5 ms markers.
4. Press the AUTOSET button.
5. Set the sec/div scale to $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
6. Set the volts/div scale to 500 mV .
7. Position the time marker display to the upper half of the graticule and align the first time marker to the second vertical graticule line.
8. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and then the MAIN/DELAY SELECT button.
9. Set MODE to Runs After.
10. Set the delayed sec/div scale to $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
11. Press horizontal menu.
12. Select TRCSEP and position the delayed time marker display to the lower half of the graticule using the General Purpose Knob.
13. Select DELAY.
14. Using the General Purpose Knob, position the intensified zone on the main sweep to the second time marker; then, slightly adjust the General Purpose Knob until the delayed sweep time marker is at the graticule center.
15. Press the UTILITY button and select CONFIG from the main menu.
16. Select MORE until you can select Dual Delay Enabled from the sub menu.
17. Press the CURSOR button and set $\triangle$ TIME to On.
18. Using the General Purpose Knob, position the second intensified zone on the main sweep to the third time marker; then, slightly adjust the General Purpose Knob to superimpose the delayed sweep time markers at the graticule center. Press the TOGGLE button to assign the General Purpose Knob to the second intensified zone if necessary.
19. Check the Dual Delay Accuracy Reading for each time marker pair listed in Table 4-6.

Table 4-6: $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ Dual Delay Accuracy

| Time Markers Intensified | Dual Delay Accuracy <br> Reading Limits |
| :---: | :---: |
| Second and third | $473 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $527 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Second and fourth | $970 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to 1.03 ms |
| Second and sixth | 1.97 ms to 2.03 ms |
| Second and tenth | 3.96 ms to 4.04 ms |

20. Press the MAIN/DELAY SELECT button and set the main sec/div scale to 200 ns .
21. Press the MAIN/DELAY SELECT button and set the delayed sec/div scale to 20 ns .
22. Set the time mark generator for $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ markers.
23. Using the General Purpose Knob, position the second intensified zone on the main sweep to the tenth time marker; then, slightly adjust the General Purpose Knob to superimpose the delayed sweep time markers at the graticule center.
24. Check the dual delay accuracy ( $\Delta$ Time) reading is in the range of $1.58 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $1.62 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
25. Press the CURSOR button and set $\Delta$ TIME to Off.
26. Press the UTILITY button and select Dual Delay Disabled.
27. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to Off
28. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.

## Trigger System Checks

These procedures check those characteristics that relate to the trigger system and are listed as checked under Warranted Characteristics in Section 1, Specifications.

## Check Trigger Sensitivity

Equipment Required: One sine wave generator (item 15), one 10X attenuator (item 9), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), one dual-input coupler (item 14), and one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10).

Low Frequency - The following steps check trigger sensitivity at 25 MHz .

1. Display channel 1 , turning all others off.
2. Connect the output of the sine wave generator to the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}$ input as shown in Figure 4-12.

## Sine Wave Generator



Figure 4-12: Trigger Sensitivity Test Setup (One)
3. Set the frequency of the sine wave generator to 25 MHz .
4. Press the AUTOSET button.
5. Set the volts/div scale to 50 mV .
6. Set the sec/div scale to 100 ns .
7. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set CPLG to DC
8. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and make the following selections from the main trigger menu:

- Set MODE to Auto
- Set SRC to Ch1
- Set CPLG to DC
- Set SLOPE to Rising

9. Press the MAIN/DELAY SELECT button and make the following selections from the delay trigger menu:

- Set MODE to Runs After
- Set SRC to Ch1
- Set CPLG to DC
- Set SLOPE to Rising

10. Set the delayed sec/div scale to 50 ns .
11. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and select DELAY.
12. Set the delay time to 15 ns using the General Purpose Knob.
13. Set DELAY to Off.
14. Adjust the sine wave generator amplitude for a three division display.
15. Add a 10X attenuator to the test setup as shown in Figure 4-13.

## Sine Wave Generator



Figure 4-13: Trigger Sensitivity Test Setup (Two)
16. Press the SET LEVEL TO $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ button and confirm a stable display.
17. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set SLOPE to Falling.
18. Press the SET LEVEL TO $50 \%$ button and confirm a stable display.
19. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to On.
20. Select TRCSEP and position the delayed sweep below the main sweep using the General Purpose Knob.
21. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and set MODE to Trig After.
22. Press the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button and confirm a stable delayed sweep display.
23. Set SLOPE to Falling.
24. Press the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button and confirm a stable delayed sweep display.
25. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to Off.

High Frequency - The following steps check trigger sensitivity at 150 MHz (TAS 475) or 250 MHz (TAS 485).

1. Remove the 10 X attenuator from the test setup. Reconnect as shown in Figure 4-14.


Figure 4-14: Trigger Sensitivity Test Setup (Three)
2. Set the sine wave generator frequency as follows:

- TAS 475 - 150 MHz
- TAS $485-250 \mathrm{MHz}$

3. Press the MAG button.
4. Set the volts/div scale to 50 mV .
5. Adjust the sine wave generator amplitude as follows:

- TAS 475 - adjust for a one division display
- TAS 485 - adjust for a 1.5 division display

6. Press the SET LEVEL TO $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ button and confirm a stable display.
7. Set SLOPE to Rising.
8. Press the SET LEVEL TO $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ button and confirm a stable display.
9. Press the MAIN/DELAY SELECT button (selecting delay).
10. Press the SET LEVEL TO $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ button and confirm a stable delayed sweep display (see the following note).

## NOTE

A slight adjustment of the delay time may be necessary to obtain a stable delayed sweep display. Press the Horizontal Menu button and adjust the delay time using the General Purpose Knob. Press the Trigger Menu button after confirming a stable display.
11. Set SLOPE to Rising.
12. Press the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button and confirm a stable delayed sweep display.

## NOTE

A slight adjustment of the delay time may be necessary to obtain a stable delayed sweep display. Press the Horizontal Menu button and adjust the delay time using the General Purpose Knob.
13. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set DELAY to Off.
14. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.

## Video Trigger Sensitivity

The following steps check the video trigger sensitivity.
Equipment Required: One NTSC Television signal generator (item 21), one $75 \Omega$ termination (item 11), and one $75 \Omega$ coaxial cable (item 13).

1. Display channel 1, turning all others off.
2. Connect the composite sync output of the television signal generator to the $\mathbf{C H} 1$ input as shown in Figure 4-15.

Television Signal Generator


Figure 4-15: Video Trigger Test Setup
3. Press the AUTOSET button.
4. Set the volts/div scale to 200 mV .
5. Set the sec/div scale to $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
6. Press the UTILITY button and select CONFIG.
7. Select MORE until you can select Video Sync Negative from the sub menu.
8. Press the TRIGGER MENU button and make the following selections:

- Set MODE to Video Field <odd>
- Set SLOPE to Falling

9. Confirm a stable display of the video field.
10. Set MODE to Video Field <even>.
11. Confirm a stable display of the video field.
12. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.

## Adjustment Procedures

This section contains information needed to adjust the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes.

Description - The Adjustment Procedures are divided into two parts:

- General information about adjusting the oscilloscope
- Written procedures for calibrating the oscilloscope

Purpose - Use these procedures to return the oscilloscope to conformance with its Warranted Characteristics as listed in Section 1, Specifications. They also optimize the performance of the oscilloscope.

These procedures are not required to verify the oscilloscope conforms with its warranted characteristics. Performance verification procedures are found in Section 4, Performance Verification.

Adjustment Interval - As a general rule, perform these adjustments after every 2,000 hours of operation or once a year if used infrequently.

## Requirements for Performance

Before you perform this procedure, you need to address the following requirements.

## Personnel

This procedure is only to be performed by trained service technicians.

## Access to Adjustments

The cabinet must be removed to perform the adjustment procedure. Refer to Section 6, Maintenance, for procedures to remove the cabinet. The adjustment procedures make references to adjustments located on internal circuit boards. Figure $5-1$ shows the location of each board with adjustments. The end of this section contains figures that show the location of each adjustment for each circuit board.

## Warm-Up Period

This oscilloscope requires a 20 minute warm-up period in a $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ environment before performing this adjustment procedure. Adjustments performed before the operating temperature has stabilized may cause errors in performance.


Figure 5-1: Location of Boards for Adjustments

# Equipment Required 

These procedures use external, traceable signal sources to adjust the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Oscilloscopes. Table 4-1 on page 4-14 lists all the test equipment required for these procedures.

## Performing the Adjustment Procedures

The following topics cover what is required to adjust the oscilloscope. Also, the performance of individual adjustments is discussed.

The Factory Horizontal Cal and Factory Vertical Cal adjustment routines are selected from the Utility menu of the oscilloscope. These routines use both front-panel controls and external standards you provide in response to instructions displayed on the CRT readout.

## Complete Adjustment

A complete adjustment consists of a sequence of individual adjustment steps performed in the order shown:

1. Power Supply Adjustment
2. CRT Adjustment
3. Low Frequency Output Compensation
4. Factory Horizontal Cal
5. Factory Vertical Cal
6. High Frequency Step Response Adjustment
7. Attenuator Compensation
8. Vertical Gain Adjustment

## Partial Adjustment

The Adjustment Procedures allow you to make individual adjustments of the steps outlined above; however, usually all adjustment steps are made. Read the information under Adjustment Dependencies that follows before performing an individual adjustment.

## Adjustment Dependencies

Some adjustments depend on the successful prior completion of other adjustments. Generally, the procedures should be performed in the order shown under Complete Adjustment. Some adjustments do not depend on completion of other adjustments. Table 5-1 lists the adjustments and their dependencies.

Table 5-1: Adjustments and Dependencies

| Adjustment | Prior Completion Requirements |
| :--- | :--- |
| Power Supply | None |
| CRT Adjustment | None |
| Low Frequency Output Com- <br> pensation | None |
| Factory Horizontal Cal | CRT Adjustment |
| Factory Vertical Cal | Low Frequency Output Compensation <br> and Factory Horizontal Cal |
| High Frequency Step Response | Factory Vertical Cal |
| Attenuator Compensation | Low Frequency Output Compensation |
| Vertical Gain Adjustment | Low Frequency Output Compensa- <br> tion, Factory Vertical Cal, and Attenu- <br> ator Compensation |

## Adjustment

 InstructionsThe following instructions will guide you through each of the adjustments outlined in Complete Adjustments. Each adjustment section lists all necessary equipment required to perform the adjustments.

## Power Supply Adjustment

Equipment Required: One digital multimeter (item 20) and one adjustment tool (item 22).
Adjustment Locations: This procedure requires adjustment to the Power Supply board. See Figure 5-17 on page 5-24 for the location of the adjustment.

1. Connect the digital voltmeter low lead to chassis ground and connect the volts lead to the -8.6 V supply (W55-2) on the CPU board.
2. Measure the -8.6 V supply. If the supply measures from -8.56 V to -8.64 V , the supply is adjusted properly and you may disconnect the voltmeter.
3. If the power supply is not within the limits specified in step 2, adjust the -8.6 V ADJ potentiometer (R43) for a voltmeter reading of -8.60 V .
4. Disconnect the voltmeter from the instrument.

## CRT Adjustments

Equipment Required: One time marker generator (item 16), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), and one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10).

Adjustment Locations: This procedure requires adjustments to the Display Driver board. See Figures 5-14 and 5-15 on pages 5-21 and 5-22 for the location of the adjustments.

1. Disconnect all signal inputs from the oscilloscope.
2. Display channel 1, turning all others off.
3. Press the AUTOSET button.
4. Set the volts/div scale to 50 mV .
5. Set the sec/div scale to $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
6. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and make the following selections from the menu:

- Set CPLG to GND
- Set BW to $\mathbf{2 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$

7. Position the channel 1 trace to the center horizontal graticule line and adjust the FOCUS control for a well-defined display.
8. Adjust the TRACE ROTATION control (screw-driver adjustment) to align the trace with the center horizontal graticule line.
9. Press the HORIZONTAL MENU button and set $\mathbf{X Y}$ to $\mathbf{O n}$.
10. Set the INTENSITY control fully counterclockwise (off).
11. Adjust R321 on the Display Driver board until the dot is visible, then re-adjust R321 until the dot just extinguishes.
12. Set $X Y$ to Off.
13. Connect the output of the time mark generator to the $\mathbf{C H} 1$ input as shown in Figure 5-2.


Figure 5-2: CRT Adjustments Calibration Setup
14. Set the time mark generator for $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ markers.
15. Set the INTENSITY control to view the display.
16. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set CPLG to DC
17. Press the SET LEVEL TO $50 \%$ button.
18. Adjust the FOCUS and R322 on the Display Driver board for the best focus of the time mark display and readout display.
19. Set the vertical POSITION control counterclockwise, moving the baseline of the time mark display down off the graticule area.
20. Set the READOUT INTENSITY control fully counterclockwise (off).
21. Adjust R323 on the Display Driver for the best geometry (minimum bowing) of the time mark display across the entire graticule area.
22. Set the READOUT INTENSITY control to view the readout.
23. Disconnect the calibration setup from the oscilloscope.

## Low Frequency Output Compensation

Equipment Required: One pulse generator (item 17), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10), and one dual-input coupler (item 14).

Adjustment Locations: This procedure requires adjustments to the Display Driver board. See Figures 5-14 and 5-15 on pages 5-21 and 5-22 for the location of the adjustments.

1. Display channel 1 , turning all others off.
2. Press the AUTOSET button.
3. Set the volts/div scale to 50 mV .
4. Set the sec/div scale to 1 ms .
5. Press the ALT/CHOP, ADD button and set DISP to Alt.
6. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set CPLG to AC.
7. Connect the positive fast rise pulse output of the pulse generator to the CH 1 and CH 2 input connectors as shown in Figure 5-3.

## Puise Generator



Figure 5-3: Low Frequency Output Compensation Calibration Setup
8. Set the pulse generator for fast rise period of 1 ms and a 4 division display.
9. Press the SET LEVEL TO 50\% button.
10. Press the CURSOR button and set $\Delta V O L T$ to On.
11. Set the cursors 5 divisions apart using the General Purpose Knob and the TOGGLE button.
12. Set the volts/div scale to 20 mV .
13. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 2$ button.
14. Set the channel 2 volts/div scale to 20 mV .
15. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and make the following selections from the menu (channel 2):

- Set CPLG to GND
- Set VAR to Off
- Set INV to Off
- Set BW to Full

16. Position the channel 2 trace to the center vertical graticule line.
17. Set CPLG to AC.
18. Adjust R111 located on the Display Driver board for minimum vertical movement of the readout (over the entire graticule area).
19. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.

## Factory Horizontal Cal

Equipment Required: One time mark generator (item 16), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), and one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10).

Prerequisites: CRT adjustment procedure.

## nOTE

To enable factory calibration on oscilloscopes with firmware version 2.5 or above, remove jumper J205 (CAL - DIS) on the CPU board. (See Figure 5-18 on page 5-25 for the location of J205.) If you do not remove this jumper, the message "See manual to enable Factory Cal" appears when you select the factory calibration routine.

Firmware versions below 2.5 do not have the calibration lockout feature and the factory calibration routine can still execute with J205 installed.

1. Disconnect all signal inputs from the oscilloscope.
2. Press the UTILITY button to display the Utility menu.

## CAUTION

To avoid replacing the calibration constants with erroneous values, be sure to complete all steps of this procedure after initiating the calibration routine.
3. Select CAL from the main menu.
4. Select Factory Horizontal Cal, initiating the calibration routine.

This routine takes about 20 seconds to complete its initial calibrations. Once complete, 2 dots are displayed and the message "Toggle to set 8div about center" appears. The displayed dots are used for the next horizontal calibration steps.

## NOTE

The following steps use both the General Purpose Knob and the TOGGLE button to make adjustments. The General Purpose Knob performs two functions: to adjust horizontal gain and centering. The TOGGLE button selects the function of the General Purpose Knob.
5. Use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to position the dots 8 divisions apart, centered horizontally (see Figure 5-4).
6. Select Done when you have the appropriate display.


Figure 5-4: Horizontal Adjustments (One)
7. Again, use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to position the dots 8 divisions apart, centered horizontally (see Figure 5-4).
8. Select Done when you have the appropriate display.
9. One dot is displayed.
10. Use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to center the single dot at the center of the screen (see Figure 5-5).


Figure 5-5: Horizontal Adjustments (Two)
11. Continue to press the TOGGLE button and adjusting the dot to center screen with the General Purpose Knob until the dot stays centered while pressing the TOGGLE button.
12. Select Done when you have the appropriate display.
13. Two vertical cursor lines are displayed.
14. Use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to position the vertical lines 8 divisions apart, centered horizontally (see Figure 5-6).


Figure 5-6: Horizontal Adjustments (Three)
15. Select Done with the menu button when you have the appropriate display.

## NOTE

At this time, the calibration routine can be terminated by selecting Abort instead of Done. The abort option appears through the remainder of this Factory Horizontal Cal routine.
16. Select Done to continue or Abort to terminate the calibration routine.
17. Connect the output of the time mark generator to the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}$ input as shown in Figure 5-7.


Figure 5-7: Horizontal Output Calibration Setup
18. Set the time mark generator for 5 ns markers.
19. Select Done when completed.
20. Adjust the 2 ns main sweep accuracy by performing these substeps.
a. Using the General Purpose Knob, adjust the display for 2 time markers per 5 divisions over the center 8 divisions.
b. Select Done when adjusted.
21. Adjust the 2 ns delay sweep accuracy by performing these substeps
a. Using the General Purpose Knob, adjust the display for 2 time markers per 5 divisions over the center 8 divisions.
b. Select Done when adjusted. If adjusting the TAS 475, a Cal Passed message appears and you can skip to step 24. If adjusting the TAS 485 continue this procedure.
22. TAS 485 Only - Adjust the 1 ns main sweep accuracy by performing these substeps.
a. Using the General Purpose Knob, adjust the display for 2 time markers per 8 divisions over the center 8 divisions.
b. Select Done when adjusted.
23. TAS 485 Only - Adjust the 1 ns delay sweep accuracy by performing these substeps.
a. Using the General Purpose Knob, adjust the display for 2 time markers per 8 divisions over the center 8 divisions.
b. Select Done when adjusted; a Cal Passed message appears.
24. Select Done to exit the routine.
25. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.
26. If you do not intend to proceed with Factory Vertical CAL, replace J205 (CAL-DIS) to lock out the calibration routine. (This jumper only works with firmware version 2.5 and above.)

To prevent accidental loss of calibration, be sure the calibration lockout jumper (J205) is in place. If J205 is not in place, erroneous calibration constants can result if the calibration routine is accidentally invoked and not properly completed.

## Factory Vertical Cal

Equipment Required: One DC calibration generator (item 18), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), and three dual-input couplers (item 14).

Prerequisites: Low Frequency Output Compensation adjustment and Self Cal Horizontal adjustment procedures.

## NOTE

To enable factory calibration on oscilloscopes with firmware version 2.5 or above, remove jumper J205 (CAL-DIS) on the CPU board. (See Figure 5-18 on page 5-25 for the location of J205.) If you do not remove this jumper, the message "See manual to enable Factory Cal" appears when you select the factory calibration routine.

Firmware versions below 2.5 do not have the calibration lockout feature and the factory calibration routine can still execute with J205 installed.

1. Press the UTILITY button.


To avoid replacing the calibration constants with erroneous values, be sure to complete all steps of this procedure after initiating the calibration routine.
2. Select CAL from the main menu.
3. Select Factory Vertical CaI, initiating the calibration routine.

The calibration routine displays user prompts on-screen throughout this procedure.

## NOTE

At this time, the calibration routine can be terminated by selecting Abort. The abort option appears through the remainder of this Factory Vertical Cal routine.
4. Set the DC calibration generator for 10 VDC output and connect to the CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4 inputs as shown in Figure 5-8.


Figure 5-8: Factory Vertical Calibration Setup
5. Select Done when completed.
6. Set the DC calibration generator for 1 VDC output.
7. Select Done when completed.
8. Set the DC calibration generator for 100 mVDC output.
9. Select Done when completed.
10. Disconnect the test setup.
11. Select Done when completed.

This portion of the routine takes less than two minutes to complete.

## NOTE

The following steps use both the General Purpose Knob and the TOGGLE button to make adjustments. The General Purpose Knob performs two functions: adjust horizontal gain and centering. The TOGGLE bufton selects the function of the General Purpose Knob.
12. Use a combination of the TOGGLE button and the General Purpose Knob to position the dots 6 divisions apart, centered horizontally (see Figure 5-9).


Figure 5-9: Vertical Adjustments
13. Select Done when you have the appropriate display.
14. Adjust R112 (vertical gain) and R154 (vertical centering) on the Display Driver board, setting the horizontal cursors 6 divisions apart, centered vertically (see Figure 5-10).


Figure 5-10: Adjusting Vertical Gain and Centering
15. Select Done when you have completed the adjustments.
16. Select Done again to exit the routine.
17. Replace J205 (CAL-DIS) to lock out the calibration routine. (This jumper only works with firmware version 2.5 and above.)

To prevent accidental loss of calibration, be sure the calibration lockout jumper (J205) is in place. If J205 is not in place, erroneous calibration constants can result if the calibration routine is accidentally invoked and not properly completed.

## High Frequency Step Response

Equipment Required: One pulse generator (item 17), one precision coaxial cable (item 12), one 2 X attenuator (item 8), and one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10).

Adjustment Locations: This procedure requires adjustments to the Display Driver Board and the Vertical Termination Hybrid. See Figures 5-14 and 5-15 on pages 5-21 and 5-22 for the location of the Display Driver Board adjustments. See Figure 5-13 on page 5-20 for the location of the Vertical Termination Hybrid adjustment.

Prerequisites: Factory Vertical Cal adjustment procedure.

1. Display channel 1 , turning all others off.
2. Connect the positive fast rise pulse output of the pulse generator to the CH 1 input as shown in Figure 5-11.


2X Attenuator

Figure 5-11: High Frequency Step Response Test Setup
3. Set the pulse generator fast rise period to $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and pulse amplitude to mid-range.
4. Press the AUTOSET button.
5. Use the following substeps to adjust the TAS 475. If adjusting the TAS 485, proceed to step 6.
a. Set the volts/div scale to 10 mV .
b. Set the sec/div scale to 200 ns .
c. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set CPLG to DC.
d. Adjust the vertical POSITION control and the generator pulse amplitude to obtain a 5 division, vertically centered, display.
e. Adjust R141 and C122 on the Display Driver board for flattest long term response of the pulse front corner.
f. Set the sec/div scale to 20 ns .
g. Adjust R140 and C121 on the Display Driver board for minimum signal aberrations of the pulse front corner.

## NOTE

Some interaction of the adjustments made in steps e through g may occur. For optimum oscilloscope performance, these steps should be rechecked after making adjustments.
6. Use the following substeps to adjust the TAS 485.
a. Set the volts/div scale to 100 mV .
b. Set the sec/div scale to 200 ns .
c. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set CPLG to DC.
d. Adjust the vertical POSITION control and the generator pulse amplitude to obtain a 5 division, vertically centered, display.
e. Adjust R141 and C122 on the Display Driver board for flattest long term response of the pulse front corner.
f. Adjust R142 on the Display Driver Board for flattest long term response of the pulse front corner.
g. Set the sec/div scale to 20 ns .
h. Adjust R140 and C121 on the Display Driver board for 1 minor graticule division of signal aberrations on the pulse front corner.
i. Adjust the termination on the Vertical Termination Hybrid for flattest long term response of the pulse front corner.

## NOTE

The position of the leads from the Vertical Termination Hybrid to the CRT affect the high frequency step response. Unless the leads have been repositioned, it may not be necessary to adjust them.

Some interaction of the adjustments made in steps e through i may occur. For optimum oscilloscope performance, these steps should be rechecked after making adjustments.
7. Disconnect the calibration setup from the oscilloscope.

## Attenuator Compensation

Equipment Required: One pulse generator (item 17), one precision coaxia cable (item 12), one $50 \Omega$ termination (item 10), and three dual-input couplers (item 14).

Adjustment Locations: This procedure requires adjustments to the Analog Board. See Figure 5-16 on page 5-23 for the location of the adjustments.

Prerequisites: Low Frequency Output Compensation adjustment procedure.

1. Display channel 1 , turning all others off.
2. Connect the high amplitude output of the pulse generator to the $\mathbf{C H} \mathbf{1}$, CH 2, CH 3, and $\mathbf{C H} 4$ inputs as shown in Figure 5-12.


Figure 5-12: Attenuator Compensation Test Setup
3. Set the pulse generator high amplitude period to 1 ms .
4. Press the AUTOSET button.
5. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and set CPLG to DC.
6. Set the volts/div scale to 200 mV .
7. Set the sec/div scale to $200 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
8. Using the vertical POSITION control and the generator pulse amplitude, obtain a 5 division, vertically centered display of channel 1.
9. Set the volts/div scale to 100 mV .
10. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 2$ button.
11. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and make the following selections from the menu:

- Set CPLG to DC
- Set VAR to Off
- Set INV to Off
- Set BW to Full
- Set the volts/div scale to 100 mV
- Position the channel 2 display approximately 0.5 divisions below the channel 1 display

12. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 3$ button.
13. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and make the following selections from the menu:

- Set CPLG to DC
- Set VAR to Off
- Set INV to Off
- Set BW to Full
- Set the volts/div scale to 100 mV
- Position the channel 3 display approximately 0.5 divisions below the channel 2 display

14. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 4$ button.
15. Press the VERTICAL MENU button and make the following selections from the menu:

- Set CPLG to DC
- Set VAR to Off
- Set INV to Off
- Set BW to Full
- Set the volts/div scale to 100 mV
- Position the channel 4 display approximately 0.5 divisions below the channel 3 display

16. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 1$ button.
17. Adjust Ch 1 10X on the Analog board for the flattest response of the most positive portion of the channel 1 waveform.
18. Set the channel 1 volts/div scale to 1 V .
19. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 2$ button.
20. Adjust Ch 2 10X adjustment on the Analog board for the flattest response of the most positive portion of the channel 2 waveform.
21. Set the channel 2 volts/div scale to 1 V .
22. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 3$ button.
23. Adjust Ch 3 10X adjustment on the Analog board for the flattest response of the most positive portion of the channel 2 waveform.
24. Set the channel 3 volts/div scale to 1 V .
25. Press the $\mathbf{C H} 4$ button.
26. Adjust Ch 4 10X adjustment on the Analog board for the flattest response of the most positive portion of the channel 2 waveform.
27. Set the channel 4 volts/div scale to 1 V .
28. Set the pulse generator amplitude to maximum.
29. Adjust Ch 4 100X on the Analog board for the flattest response of the channel 4 waveform.
30. Adjust Ch 3 100X on the Analog board for the flattest response of the channel 3 waveform.
31. Adjust Ch 2 100X on the Analog board for the flattest response of the channel 2 waveform.
32. Adjust Ch 1 100X on the Analog board for the flattest response of the channel 1 waveform.
33. Disconnect the test setup from the oscilloscope.

## Vertical Gain Adjust (Cabinet On)

## Equipment Required: None.

Adjustment Locations: This procedure requires adjustments to the Display Driver board. See Figures 5-14 and 5-15 on pages 5-21 and 5-22 for the location of the adjustments.

Prerequisites: Low Frequency Output Compensation, Factory Vertical Cal, and Attenuator Compensation adjustment procedures.

1. Slide the cabinet on the instrument and allow a 20 -minute warm up.
2. Press the CURSOR button and set $\Delta V O L T$ to On.
3. Set the volts/div scale to 1 V .
4. Position the cursors 6 divisions apart, centered vertically and check that the $\Delta$ Volts readout is between 5.96 V and 6.04 V .

## NOTE

If the readout in step 4 is within the limits given, stop here. The calibration is complete.

If the readout is outside the limits, continue with this procedure.
5. Adjust the cursors until the $\Delta \mathrm{Volts}$ readout is 6 V .
6. Note the cursor display error (are the cursors more or less than six divisions apart).
7. Slide the cabinet off the instrument and adjust R112 on the Display Driver board to compensate for the display error noted in step 6.

For example, if you noted in step 6 that with the $\Delta$ Volts readout at 6 V , the cursor display equaled 6.2 divisions. Compensate by adjusting the cursor display to 5.8 divisions with R112.
8. Slide the cabinet on the instrument and repeat this procedure until the cursor display matches the $\Delta$ Volts readout.


Figure 5-13: TAS 485 Vertical Termination Hybrid Adjustment

## Adjustment Complete

The adjustment procedure is complete. Install the cabinet and rear cover.


Figure 5-14: TAS 475 Display Driver Board Adjustment Locations


Figure 5-15: TAS 485 Display Driver Board Adjustment Locations


Figure 5-16: Analog Board Adjustment Locations


Figure 5-17: Power Supply Adjustment Location


Figure 5-18: Location of J205 (CAL-DIS) on the CPU Board

## Maintenance Information

This section contains the information needed to do periodic maintenance on the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes:

- Maintenance Information - This subsection. It includes this introduction, servicing information, plus general information on preventing damage to internal modules when doing maintenance.
- Inspection and Cleaning - Information and procedures for inspecting the oscilloscope and cleaning its external and internal modules.
- Removal and Installation Procedures - Procedures for removing and installing the modules, circuit boards, and mechanical parts.
- Troubleshooting Aids - Procedures that help isolate problems to a module.


## Before Servicing

This manual is for servicing of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes. To prevent injury to yourself or damage to the oscilloscope, do the following before you attempt service.

- Be sure you are a qualified service person.
- Read the Safety Summary found at the beginning of this manual.

When using this manual for servicing, be sure to heed all warnings, cautions, and notes.

## Tektronix Service

Tektronix provides service to cover repair under warranty as well as other services that may provide a cost-effective answer to your service needs.

Whether providing warranty repair service or any of the other services listed below, Tektronix service technicians, trained on Tektronix products, are best equipped to service your TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes.
Tektronix technicians are apprised of the latest information on improvements to the product as well as the latest new options.

## Warranty Service

Tektronix warrants this product for three years from date of purchase, excluding probes for which the warranty is one year. Tektronix technicians provide warranty service at most Tektronix service locations worldwide. Your Tektronix product catalog lists all service locations worldwide.

## Repair or Calibration Service

Tektronix offers several types of service contracts that you may purchase to tailor repair and/or calibration of your TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes to fit your requirements.

Refer to the Warranty-Plus Service Options, page 7-1, for a list of the available service contracts for the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes.

## Self Service

This manual contains all the information needed for periodic maintenance and repair of the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes.

For periodic maintenance, use these sections:

- Performance verification procedures
- Adjustment procedures

For instrument repair, use these sections:

- Troubleshooting aids to help isolate problems to a module
- Disassembly procedures
- Electrical schematics
- Parts lists

Replace failed modules with fully tested modules obtained from the factory. Schematics of each module are provided for repair to the component level of the circuit boards where feasible.

For information, contact your local Tektronix service center or sales engineer on any repair services.

## Preventing ESD

When performing any service which requires internal access to the oscilloscope, adhere to the following precautions to avoid damaging internal modules and their components due to electrostatic discharge (ESD).

CAUTION

Static discharge can damage any semiconductor component in this oscilloscope.

1. Minimize handling of static-sensitive modules.
2. Discharge the static voltage from your body by wearing a grounded antistatic wrist strap while handling these modules. All service must be done at a static-free work station.
3. Do not remove the oscilloscope cabinet unless you have met precaution number 2, above. Consider all internal modules static sensitive.
4. Remove anything capable of generating or holding a static charge from the work station surface.
5. Do not slide the modules over any surface.
6. Do not use high-velocity compressed air when cleaning dust from modules.

Table 6-1 lists the relative susceptibility of various classes of semiconductors. Static voltages of 1 kV to 30 kV are common in unprotected environments.

Table 6-1: Relative Susceptibility to Static-Discharge Damage

| Semiconductor Classes | Relative <br> Susceptibility <br> Levels $^{1}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| MOS or CMOS microcircuits or discrete circuits, or lin- <br> ear microcircuits with MOS inputs (most sensitive) | 1 |
| ECL | 2 |
| Schottky signal diodes | 3 |
| Schottky TTL | 4 |
| High-frequency bipolar transistors | 5 |
| JFET | 6 |
| Linear microcircuits | 7 |
| Low-power Schottky TTL | 8 |
| TTL (least sensitive) | 9 |

${ }^{1}$ Voltage equivalent for levels (voltage discharged from a 100 pF capacitor through resistance of 100 ohms ):

| $1=100$ to 500 V | $6=600$ to 800 V |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2=200$ to 500 V | $7=400$ to 1000 V (est.) |
| $3=250 \mathrm{~V}$ | $8=900 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $4=500 \mathrm{~V}$ | $9=1200 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $5=400$ to 600 V |  |

## Maintenance Information

## Inspection and Cleaning

Inspection and Cleaning describes how to inspect and clean the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes. Inspection and cleaning are preventive maintenance. Preventive maintenance, when done regularly, may prevent oscilloscope malfunction and enhance its reliability.

Preventive maintenance consists of visually inspecting and cleaning the oscilloscope and using general care when operating it.

How often to do maintenance depends on the severity of the environment in which you use the oscilloscope. A proper time to perform preventive maintenance is just before oscilloscope adjustment.

## General Care

The cabinet helps keep dust out of the oscilloscope and it is a major component of its cooling system. It should normally be in place when operating the oscilloscope. The oscilloscope front cover protects the front panel and display from dust and damage. Install it when storing or transporting the oscilloscope.

## Inspection and Cleaning Procedures

Inspect and clean the oscilloscope as often as operating conditions require. The collection of dirt on components inside can cause them to overheat and breakdown. (Dirt acts as an insulating blanket, preventing efficient heat dissipation.) Dirt also provides an electrical conduction path that could cause an oscilloscope failure, especially under high-humidity conditions.


Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents that might damage the plastics used in this oscilloscope. Use a $75 \%$ isopropyl alcohol solution as a cleaner and rinse with deionized water. Use only deionized water when cleaning the menu buttons or front-panel buttons. Before using any other type of cleaner, consult your Tektronix Service Center or representative.

Avoid the use of high pressure compressed air when cleaning dust from the interior of this instrument. (High pressure air can cause ESD.) Instead, use low pressure compressed air (about 9 psi).

## Inspection - Exterior

Inspect the outside of the oscilloscope for damage, wear, and missing parts. Use Table 6-2 as a guide. Oscilloscopes that appear to have been dropped or otherwise abused should be checked thoroughly to verify correct operation and performance. Repair defects that could cause personal injury or lead to further damage to the oscilloscope immediately.

Table 6-2: External Inspection Check List

| Item | Inspect For | Repair Action |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cabinet, front panel, <br> and cover | Cracks, scratches, deformations, <br> damaged hardware or gaskets. | Replace defective module. |
| Front-panel knobs | Missing, damaged, or loose knobs. | Repair or replace missing or defective knobs. |
| Connectors | Broken shells, cracked insulation, <br> and deformed contacts. Dirt in con- <br> nectors. | Replace defective modules. Clear or wash out <br> dirt. |
| Carrying handle and <br> cabinet feet | Correct operation. | Repair or replace defective module. |
| Accessories | Missing items or parts of items, bent <br> pins, broken or frayed cables, and <br> damaged connectors. | Replace damaged or missing items. |

## Cleaning Procedure - Exterior

1. Remove loose dust on the outside of the oscilloscope with a lint free cloth.
2. Remove remaining dirt with a lint free cloth dampened in a general purpose detergent-and-water solution. Do not use abrasive cleaners.


To prevent getting moisture inside the oscilloscope during external cleaning, use only enough liquid to dampen the cloth or applicator.
3. Clean the CRT screen with a lint-free cloth dampened with either a $75 \%$ isopropyl alcohol solution or, preferably, a gentle, general purpose detergent-and-water solution.

## NOTE

If the CRT Implosion Shield needs further cleansing, refer to the procedure on page 6-7.

## Cleaning Procedure - Interior

STIP
If, after doing steps 1 and 2, a module is clean upon inspection, skip the remaining steps.

1. Blow off dust with dry, low-pressure, deionized air (approximately 9 psi).
2. Remove any remaining dust with a lint free cloth dampened in isopropyl alcohol ( $75 \%$ solution) and rinse with a warm deionized water. (A cotton-tipped applicator is useful for cleaning in narrow spaces and on circuit boards.)
3. If steps 1 and 2 do not remove all the dust or dirt, the oscilloscope may be spray washed using a solution of $75 \%$ isopropyl alcohol by doing steps 4 through 8.
4. Gain access to the parts to be cleaned by removing easily accessible shields and panels (see Removal and Installation Procedures).
5. Spray wash dirty parts with the isopropyl alcohol solution and wait 60 seconds for the majority of the alcohol to evaporate.
6. Use hot $\left(+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ deionized water to thoroughly rinse them.
7. Dry all parts with low-pressure, deionized air.
8. Dry all components and assemblies in an oven or drying compartment using low-temperature $\left(+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ circulating air.

## Cleaning the CRT Implosion Shield

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This procedure describes how to clean both sides of the CRT Implosion Shield, thus requiring its removal. Perform this procedure only if cleaning the backside of the Implosion Shield is necessary.

1. Remove the Implosion Shield as described in the removal and replacement procedures beginning on page 6-28.
2. Clean the shield with a lint free cloth dampened in a general purpose detergent-and-water solution. Do not use abrasive cleaners.
3. Remove any static charge that may have accumulated by holding the shield in a deionized air flow.
4. Install the shield as described in the removal and replacement procedures beginning on page 6-28.

# Removal and Installation Procedures 

This subsection contains procedures for removal and installation of all replaceable mechanical and electrical modules. Replaceable mechanical and electrical modules are listed in Sections 8 and 10 of this manual.

## Preparation Please Read

## WARNING

Before doing this or any other procedure in this manual, read the Safety Summary found at the beginning of this manual. Also, to prevent possible injury to service personnel or damage to oscilloscope components, read Installation and Power On in Section 2, and Preventing ESD in this section.

This subsection contains the following items:

- This preparatory information that you need to properly do the procedures that follow.
- A list of equipment required to remove and disassemble all modules.
- Procedures for removal and reinstallation of the electrical and mechanical modules.
- Three module locator diagrams for finding all the modules in this oscilloscope. (See Figures 6-2, 6-3, and 6-4.)


## WARNING

Before doing any procedure in this subsection, disconnect the power cord from the line voltage source. Failure to do so could cause serious injury or death.

## Cable Removal

Cables are partially or completely removed in the course of removing a board or module they plug into.

## General Instructions

## S710 <br> READ THESE GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE REMOVING A MODULE.

First read over the Summary of Procedures that follows to understand how the procedures are grouped. Then read Equipment Required for a list of the tools needed to remove and install modules in this oscilloscope.

Procedures refer to the "front," "rear," "top," and other portions of the oscilloscope. Figure 6-1 illustrates these references.


Figure 6-1: Oscilloscope Orientation

## Summary of Procedures

The procedures are described in the order in which they appear in this section. In addition, you can look up any procedure for removal and reinstallation of any module in the Table of Contents of this manual.

Equipment Required - Table 6-3 lists the tools required to completely disassemble the oscilloscope into its modules.

All the tools are standard tools readily available from tool suppliers.

Table 6-3: Tools Required for Module Removal

| Item No. | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Screwdriver handle | Accepts Torx®-driver bits. |
| 2 | T-15 Torx tip | Torx®-driver bit for T-15 size screw heads. |
| 3 | T-20 Torx tip | Torx®-driver bit for T-20 size screw heads. Used only for remov- <br> al of the cabinet handle. |
| 4 | Nut driver, 5/16 inch | Used for removing the CRT earth ground cable. |
| 5 | Angle-tip tweezers | Used for knob and shaft removal. |
| 6 | Flat-bladed spudger | A non-metallic probe-like tool with a flat bladed tip. Used to <br> remove the front-panel trim and front module. |
| 7 | Slip-jaw pliers | Used for removing the front feet from the cabinet. |



Figure 6-2: Cabinet and Front-Panel Mounted Modules


Figure 6-3: Internal Modules


Figure 6-4: Cables and Cable Routing

## Line Cord and Line

 FuseThe following procedures describe how to remove and install the line cord and line fuse located on the back side of the oscilloscope.

## WARNING

Unplug the line cord from the line voltage power source before continuing. Failure to do so can cause injury or death.

Prepare the oscilloscope by positioning the bottom side down on the work surface and facing the back side toward you. Refer to Figure 6-5.

## Line Cord

1. Unplug the line cord from the power source.
2. Unplug the other end of the line cord from the back of the oscilloscope.
3. Grasp the end of the line cord and retaining clamp and rotate them 90 degrees counterclockwise (Figure 6-5).
4. Pull the line cord and clamp away from the back of the oscilloscope.
5. Perform this procedure in reverse order to install the power cord on the oscilloscope.

## Line Fuse

1. Unplug the line cord from the power source.
2. Pull out the fuse holder drawer and remove the fuse (Figure 6-5).
3. Perform this procedure in reverse order to install the fuse.


Figure 6-5: Line Fuse and Line Cord Removal

## Front-Panel Knobs and Shafts

Use the following procedures to remove and install front-panel knobs and shafts.

Prepare the oscilloscope by setting it bottom side down on the work surface and facing the front side toward you.

## Removing Front-Panel Knobs and Shafts

1. Remove any knob by pulling it straight out from the front panel slightly. This will create some clearance between the base of the knob and the front panel to create some clearance between the base of the knob and the front panel.
2. Insert the tweezers between the knob and front panel and use them to remove the knob and attaching shaft (see Figure 6-6).
3. Pull the shaft out of the knob to separate the two pieces.


Figure 6-6: Knob and Shaft Removal

## Installing Front-Panel Knobs and Shafts

1. Align the inside of the knob to the end of the shaft and push it in until it snaps.
2. Insert the shaft of the assembly into the proper hole on the front panel and push it in until it stops.
3. Lightly push in the knob and rotate it until the shaft slips into place.
4. Push the knob all the way in to seat the assembly.

Feet, Rear Cover, and Cabinet

Before removing the rear cover or cabinet, install the optional front cover on the front panel of the oscilloscope (if available) and then position the oscilloscope as indicated in Figure 6-7.


Figure 6-7: Rear Cover, Cabinet, and Feet Removal

## Rear Cover

1. Position the oscilloscope as indicated in Figure 6-7.
2. Use the screwdriver to remove the four T-15 Torx screws that secure the rear cover to the oscilloscope.
3. Lift off the rear cover. Do these steps in reverse order to install the rear cover.

## Cabinet

1. Remove the rear cover.
2. Remove the single T-15 Torx screw on the left side of the oscilloscope.
3. Grasp the two handle hubs and pull them outward as if to rotate the handle.
4. While holding the handle hubs out, lift the cabinet up and slide it off the oscilloscope. Take care not to bind or snag the cabinet on the internal cabling as you remove it.

## Replacing the Front Feet

If you are replacing a front foot, use a pair of slip-jaw pliers to firmly grip the foot, then pull with a turning motion to remove. Do this step in reverse order to replace the foot.

## Front-Panel Trim, Menu and Power Buttons, EMI Gasket

Use the following procedures to remove and install front-panel trim, buttons, and EMI gaskets.

Additional procedures required - These procedures require that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal


## Removing the Front Trim

1. Slide a flat-bladed spudger between the chassis and the plastic front trim, near one of the four flex locks. See Figure 6-8.
2. Gently pry the front trim up and slightly forward to disengage the flex lock. Do this until all four flex locks are disengaged.
3. Pull the front trim forward and off the instrument.

## Menu Buttons and Elastomer

1. Lay the front trim on a flat surface.
2. Gently remove the menu button elastomer. Avoid touching the electrical contacts.
3. Remove the menu button(s).
4. Install menu buttons by placing a menu button in each menu button location.
5. Place the menu button elastomer over the menu buttons, ensuring that all standoffs protrude through the elastomer. Avoid touching the electrical contacts.

## Power Button Replacement

1. With the front trim removed, grasp the power button and pull straight out from the chassis.
2. Install the power button by pushing the button onto the power button shaft until it locks into place.

## Installing the Front Trim

1. If the menu buttons were removed, insert each button to its hole in the trim ring and install the menu button elastomer.
2. Align the front trim to the front of the instrument, without engaging any of the four flex locks.
3. Position the power button in line with the front-panel power button opening.
4. Slide the front trim onto the instrument, ensuring that all four flex locks engage.
5. If installing a new front trim, apply the appropriate front trim label.


Figure 6-8: Trim Ring and Menu Buttons Removal

## Installing the EMI Gaskets

The EMI gaskets were added to the oscilloscopes in order to improve performance. If your instrument does not have EMI gaskets, you can install them yourself.

1. If you are servicing the front EMI gaskets, discard the old ones.
2. Without installing the EMI gaskets, align the trim ring to the front of the chassis and push it on to seat. Be sure that both pairs of flex locks, one pair each at the inside top and bottom of the trim ring, snap over the edge of the chassis.
3. Lay the oscilloscope so its front cover is on the work surface.
4. Align an EMI gasket so it lies between any pair of adjacent flex locks along the groove between the cabinet and the trim ring.
5. Using a flat-bladed spudger, push the EMI gasket until it is firmly seated at the bottom of the groove (see Figure 6-9). It should not overlap either flex lock.
6. Repeat the process just described to install the remaining three gaskets.


Figure 6-9: EMI Gasket Installation

## A62 Front Panel Module Removal

The following procedure describes how to remove the A62 Front Panel module.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal
- Front-Panel Trim Ring

1. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down on the work surface and its front is facing you.
2. Insert the spudger into the slot at the front-right of the chassis. Push inwards to release the snap lock at the right side. (See Figure 6-10.)
3. Pull the Front Panel module slightly away from the front of the chassis until you can reach the interconnect cables at the rear of the module.
4. Unplug the following cables from their jacks on the Front Panel module:

- The Display Control-to-front-panel cable at J84
- The menu flex circuit-to-front panel at J40
- The CPU-to-front-panel cable at J30

5. Lift the Front Panel module out from the chassis.


Figure 6-10: A62 Front Panel Module Removal

## Front-Panel Module Disassembly/Assembly

The following procedures describe the disassembly of the Front Panel module into its subparts once it is removed from the instrument.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the procedure Front-Panel Knobs and Shafts Removal be performed first.

A4 Front Panel board Removal - Perform the following steps to remove the Front Panel board.

1. Remove the front-panel knobs and shafts from the module.
2. Holding the Front Panel module, release the three snap locks at the edge of the circuit board, then tilt the board away from the assembly until it unplugs from J35. See Figure 6-11.
3. Slide the circuit board out from the retainers found at the edge opposite the snap locks and lift it away from the rest of the assembly.
4. At this point, the control potentiometers may be lifted out for cleaning (they are not field replaceable). Lift the two potentiometers out from the back of the front-panel assembly.

Front-Panel Buttons and Elastomer Removal - Perform the following steps only if replacing a damaged button or the front-panel button elastomer.
5. Remove the front-panel button elastomer from the back of the front-panel assembly. Do not touch the contacts with your fingers. See Figure 6-11.
6. Replace damaged buttons or elastomer.


Figure 6-11: Disassembly of Front-Panel Assembly

Ground Spring Removal - Perform the next step only if replacing a damaged ground spring.
7. Using Figure 6-12 as a guide, grasp (compress) the base of the ground spring (to release the spring) with tweezers (Item 5) and pull the ground spring away from the assembly.


Figure 6-12: Front-Panel Ground Spring

## Reassembly of the Front Panel Module

Perform the next steps to reassemble the Front Panel module.

1. If the front-panel assembly was disassembled for cleaning in step 4, apply a light, thin coating of bearing grease (Dow Corning \#1292) to the two switch patterns (circular patterns for the vertical and horizontal scale rotary switches) on the circuit board.
2. Perform in reverse order each step taken during the disassembly of the Front Panel module.

## Menu Flex Circuit Replacement

Perform this procedure only if replacing a failed or damaged menu flex circuit with a fresh unit from the factory. (Removal of the circuit will destroy it.)

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal
- Front Trim Removal
- A62 Front Panel Module Removal

1. Pull the flex circuit away from the front of the main chassis. (It is held on by its sticky backing.) See Figure 6-13.
2. Wipe the front of the chassis using isopropyl alcohol and a clean, lintfree cloth. Let dry. (Some adhesive from the flex circuit you removed will be left on the front of the chassis. This is normal.)


Figure 6-13: Menu Flex Circuit Board Removal
3. Find the score line in the adhesive backing and peel the backing off of the menu flex circuit.

## NOTE

DO NOT touch the contacts on the menu flex circuit with your bare fingers. You should wear clean cloth gloves that are free of lint when installing the menu flex circuit on the front chassis.
4. Carefully align the three holes on the menu flex circuit to the locator studs on the front of the main chassis. When the alignment is correct, press the flex circuit against the chassis so it adheres to the chassis.
5. Clean the surface of the menu flex circuit just installed using isopropyl alcohol and a clean, lint-free cloth.
6. Repeat all procedures performed in reverse order to reassemble the instrument.

## A1 Analog Board

The following procedure describes how to remove the A1 Analog board.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal
- Front Trim Removal

1. Set the oscilloscope so its top side is down on the work surface and its front is facing you.
2. Disconnect the delay line from its holder and at connector J68 on the Analog board.
3. Disconnect the cables at connectors J 50 and J 67 on the Analog board.
4. Disconnect the cable to the rear panel $Z$-axis connector.
5. Using Figure 6-14 as a guide, remove the four $\mathrm{T}-15$ Torx ${ }^{\circledR}$ screws securing the attenuator assembly to the front of the chassis. Next remove the four T-15 Torx ${ }^{\circledR}$ screws securing the attenuator board to the chassis.
6. Lift the attenuator assembly away from the oscilloscope to complete its removal.
7. Replace the attenuator assembly by reversing the removal procedure.


Figure 6-14: A1 Analog Board Removal

# Display Driver Board (A3) 

Remove and replace the Display Driver board as follows:

1. Remove the plastic high voltage cover from the rear of the Display Driver board (A3). Refer to Figure 6-15.
2. Disconnect the delay line from its holder and at connector J69 on the Display Driver board.
3. Disconnect the cables from $\mathrm{J} 70, \mathrm{~J} 71, \mathrm{~J} 72, \mathrm{~J} 73, \mathrm{~J} 74, \mathrm{~J} 75$, and J 80 on the Display Driver board.
4. Disconnect J67 from the Analog Board (A1).
5. Remove the four T-15 Torx screws used to attach the Display Driver board to the chassis.
6. Remove the Display Driver board from the chassis, but leave the clear plastic sheet in place.
7. Replace the Display Driver board by performing the reverse of the procedure described in steps 1 through 6.


Figure 6-15: Location of Display Driver Board

## CRT Implosion Shield

The procedures that follow describe how to remove and install the CRT implosion shield.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal
- Front Trim Removal

1. From the front of the implosion shield, slip the spudger into the slot provided on the side of the CRT front bracket. See Figure 6-16.
2. Carefully pry the implosion shield up and out of the CRT front bracket guides.
3. Re-install the implosion shield by placing the left side of the shield into the CRT front Bbracket guides. If installing a new implosion shield, remove the clear protective covers.
4. Snap the right side of the implosion shield into the CRT front bracket snaps.
5. Install all previously removed components.


Figure 6-16: CRT Implosion Shield Removal

## Fan and Fan Mount

The procedures that follow describe how to remove and install the Fan and Fan Mount.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal


## Fan and Fan Mount Removal

1. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down.
2. Unplug the fan power cable from the A63 Power Supply module.
3. Rotate the oscilloscope so the side that houses the fan mount is facing upwards.
4. Depress the two flex locks to release them (see Figure 6-18).
5. While holding the flex locks released, slide the fan mount so its four retainer lugs slide from their small retainer holes in the chassis into their large release holes. See Figure 6-17.


Figure 6-17: Fan Mount Removal
6. Move the fan mount inward so its retainer lugs are out of the large retainer holes and lift the fan mount and fan out of the chassis. See Figure 6-18.


Figure 6-18: Fan and Fan Mount Removal

DO NOT remove the fan from the fan mount unless servicing a broken fan or fan mount or removing the mount for cleaning.
7. Release the two flex locks securing the top of the fan to the fan mount, then lift the fan out from the mount.

## Fan and Fan Mount Installation

1. If the fan was removed from the fan mount, press the fan into the fan mount until the four retainer clips snap into place, securing the fan.
2. Install the fan assembly so that the retainer lugs on the mount are positioned in the large holes of the chassis; then, slide the fan assembly until the lugs slip into the small holes and the two flex locks snap into place.
3. Reconnect the fan power cable.
4. Re-install all removed components.

## CRT

The procedures that follow describe how to remove and install the CRT. Refer to Figure 6-20 for this procedure.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal
- Front Trim Removal
- A3 Display Driver Board


## CRT Removal

1. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down on the work surface, with its front facing you.

## WARNING

Breaking a CRT causes it to implode, scattering glass fragments with high velocity and possibly injuring you. Wear protective clothing and safety glasses (preferably a full-face shield). Avoiding striking the CRT with or against any object.

Store the CRT with its display face down in a protected location, placing it on a soft, nonabrasive surface to prevent scratching the face plate.
2. Unplug the the 2 -wide red/black cable from the A2 Display Control board.

## WARNING

High-voltage is present on the anode lead. Do not touch the end of the anode lead until it has been fully discharged to ground.
3. Disconnect the red CRT anode lead from the A63 Power Supply module and immediately discharge to chassis ground.
4. Using a $5 / 6$ inch nut driver, remove the nut securing the ground wire at the rear of the CRT.
5. From the bottom of the chassis, unsnap the Rear CRT Bracket from the chassis. See Figure 6-19.


Figure 6-19: CRT Rear Bracket and Ground Wire
6. Lift the rear of the CRT until it is above the chassis. Then pull the CRT away from the CRT Front Bracket.

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Stop here if you are removing the CRT assembly to gain access to other portions of the instrument. If you are installing a new CRT or hardware attached to the CRT, continue with this procedure.
7. Slide the Rear CRT Bracket from the CRT. The Spring Ground Wire will slide out also. (See Figure 6-20 on page 6-35.)
8. Remove the CRT Socket with its cover from the rear pin connector of the CRT.
9. Disconnect the vertical and horizontal control wires from the side of the CRT. Note the proper location of both sets of wires for reinstallation.
10. Slide the CRT shield and its front support off the CRT.
11. Store the CRT in a safe location.

## CRT Installation

1. Slide the CRT shield and its front support onto the CRT as far forward as possible.
2. Align the holes in the shield so that the vertical and horizontal control pins on the side of the CRT are accessible.
3. Align the slot in the CRT Socket to the key on the CRT pin connector and slide the Socket onto the pins.
4. Slip the CRT socket wires through the Rear CRT Bracket and slide the bracket onto the rear of the CRT.
5. Ensure that the Rear CRT Bracket is properly aligned with the slots provided in the CRT Shield.
6. Slide the Spring Ground Clip into the slot provided in the Rear CRT Bracket.
7. Connect the vertical and horizontal control wires to the side CRT pins.
8. Guide the front of the CRT into the CRT Front Bracket. Ensure that the four CRT Cushions are in their proper place in each corner of the Bracket.
9. Lower the rear of the CRT into the chassis and press down on the CRT Rear Bracket until it snaps into the chassis.
10. Route the vertical and horizontal control cables to the bottom of the chassis.
11. Connect the red anode lead to its connector from the A63 Power Supply module.
12. Plug the the 2 -wide red/black cable to the A2 Display Control board.
13. Install all previously removed components.


Figure 6-20: CRT Removal

## CRT Light Guide

The procedures that follow describe how to remove and install the CRT Light Guide. Refer to Figure 6-20 on page 6-35 for this procedure.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal
- Front Trim Removal
- A3 Display Driver Board
- CRT

1. Lift the light guide off the light bulbs on the A2 Display Control board.
2. Re-install the light guide by sliding the guide over the light bulbs on the A2 Display Control board.

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To properly guide the light to the CRT, the beveled edge of the light guide must be facing up, toward the CRT.
3. Install all previously removed components.

## CRT Front Bracket

The procedures that follow describe how to remove and install the CRT Front Bracket. Refer to Figure 6-20 for this procedure.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal
- Front Trim Removal
- A3 Display Driver Board
- Fan Assembly
- CRT

1. Remove the four screws securing the CRT front bracket to the chassis.
2. Lift the CRT front bracket out from inside the chassis. See Figure 6-21.


Figure 6-21: Removing the CRT Front Bracket
3. Re-install the CRT front bracket by sliding the bracket into the chassis and secure it with the four mounting screws.
4. Install all previously removed components.

## A2 Display Control Board

The procedures that follow describe how to remove and install the CRT front bracket.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal
- Front Trim Removal
- A3 Display Driver Board
- Fan Assembly
- CRT

1. Unplug the cables from connectors J80, J82, and J84 on the A2 Display Control board.
2. Lift the A2 Display Control board up toward the top of the chassis, sliding the board out of the board retainers. See Figure 6-22.


Figure 6-22: Removing the Display Control Board
3. Re-install the A2 Display Control board by sliding the board into the board retainers.
4. Re-install all cables at connectors $\mathrm{J} 80, \mathrm{~J} 82$, and J84.
5. Install all previously removed components.

## A63 Power Supply Module

The procedures that follow describe how to remove and install the Power Supply module.

Additional procedures required - This procedure requires that the following procedures be performed first:

- Rear Cover Removal
- Cabinet Removal


## Power Supply Removal

1. Set the oscilloscope so its top is down on the work surface.
2. Disconnect the power button shaft from the power switch on the Power Supply module. See Figure 6-23.


Figure 6-23: Power Button Shaft Disconnect
3. Unplug the cables going to the A3 Display Driver board at J70 and J71.
4. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom down on the work surface.
5. Unplug the cable going to the A5 CPU board at J55.
6. Unplug the two-wide cable from the fan.
7. Unplug the red CRT anode lead from the power supply connector.
8. Remove the two screws securing the Power Supply module to the chassis.
9. Lift the Power Supply module out of the chassis to complete its removal. (See Figure 6-24.)


Figure 6-24: Power Supply Removal

## Power Supply Installation

1. Slide the Power Supply module into the chassis, noting that the tab at the bottom of the Power Supply module slides into the slot at the bottom of the chassis. See Figure 6-24.
2. Reconnect all cables and wires disconnected during the removal procedure.
3. Re-install all components removed.

## Troubleshooting

This subsection contains information and procedures designed to help you isolate problems to a faulty module in the oscilloscope. If a module needs to be removed for repair or replacement, follow the Removal and Installation Procedures located in this section.

## Troubleshooting Procedure

If the oscilloscope does not perform correctly, note each symptom or failure. Next, refer to the Symptom Matrix Table (Table 6-5). Locate the symptoms that most closely resemble the symptoms you noted. If there are multiple symptoms, use a process of elimination to reduce the number of possible faulty modules. Identify possible faulty modules, and then perform the troubleshooting procedure/s indicated.

The cabinet must be removed to gain access to the modules for measuring signals and voltages. Refer to the Removal and Installation Procedures beginning on page $6-9$ for instructions to remove the cabinet.

## Equipment

Table 6-4 lists the equipment required to perform the troubleshooting procedures.

Table 6-4: Equipment Required for Troubleshooting

| Equipment | Example |
| :--- | :--- |
| Test Oscilloscope | Tektronix TAS 465 |
| Digital Multimeter (DMM) | Tektronix DMM249 |
| High Voltage Probe | Fluke Model 80K-40 |

## CAUTION <br> ann

High voltages are present when the cabinet is removed. Do not remove the high voltage shield from the A3 Display Driver board unless it is necessary to measure the high voltage. Do not perform this procedure without the presence of another person who is cable of providing aid.

## Symptom Matrix

The Symptom Matrix (Table 6-5) is an aid in determining which modules to troubleshoot. There is no separate troubleshooting procedure for the power supply, since each module troubleshooting procedure includes checks of the power supply. The CRT is checked in the display control and display driver troubleshooting procedures.

The indicates the troubleshooting procedure most likely to locate the failed module. The $\bigcirc$ indicates additional troubleshooting procedures that may help located the failed module.

Table 6-5: Symptom Matrix

| Symptom | Processor | Analog | Display <br> Driver | Front Panel | Display Control |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Display Problems |  |  |  |  |  |
| No display at all | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| Traces or readout, but not both | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Abnormal readout | - | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |
| Abnormal traces | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |
| Abnormal traces and readout | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |
| Power-on diagnostics indicates a failure | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  | O |  |
| Self-calibration does not pass | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |
| Volts/Div and Sec/Div controls |  |  |  |  |  |
| One control works but not both | $\bigcirc$ | - |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Neither control works | $\bigcirc$ | O |  | - |  |
| No control of Volts/Div or vertical position of a single channel | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |  |
| No control of Volts/Div or vertical position of any channels | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | - |  |
| Intensity Control Problems |  |  |  |  |  |
| No control of readout and trace intensity | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | - |  |
| Control of readout or trace intensity but not both |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Focus Problems |  |  |  |  |  |
| No control of focus |  |  | O |  | $\bullet$ |
| Unable to focus properly |  |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| No control of trace rotation |  |  |  |  | - |
| No control of scale illumination |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |

Table 6-5: Symptom Matrix (Cont.)

| Symptom | Processor | Analog | Display Driver | Front Panel | Display Control |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trigger level, vertical position, and horizontal position |  |  |  |  |  |
| The trace position controls nor the Trigger Level control works | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | - |  |
| Some of these controls work but not all | $\bigcirc$ | - |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Probe Scale (X10) Problems |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volts/Div readout does not change with a X10 probe on any channel |  |  |  | - |  |
| Front Panel Control Problems |  |  |  |  |  |
| Front panel controls do not work but readout display works | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | - |  |
| Front panel controls do not work and the readout display is abnormal | - |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| CRT Bezel buttons do not work but other buttons and knobs work |  |  |  | - |  |
| Front panel LED Problems |  |  |  |  |  |
| No LED's momentarily light at power-on but readout is okay | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | - |  |
| No LED's momentarily light at power-on and abnormal readout | - |  |  | O |  |
| Some LED's momentarily light at poweron, but not all do |  |  |  | - |  |
| No trigger on line source | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |



Figure 6-25: A5 CPU Board Troubleshooting Procedure


Figure 6-26: A1 Analog Board Troubleshooting Procedure

## Troubleshooting



Figure 6-26: A1 Analog Board Troubleshooting Procedure (Cont.)


Figure 6-27: A3 Display Driver Board Troubleshooting Procedure


Figure 6-27: A3 Display Driver Board Troubleshooting Procedure (Cont.)


Figure 6-28: A62 Front Panel Module Troubleshooting Procedure


Figure 6-29: A2 Display Control Board Troubleshooting Procedure

## Repackaging Information

If you ship the TAS 475 or TAS 485, pack it in the original shipping carton and packing material. If the original packing material is not available, package the instrument as follows:

1. Obtain a corrugated cardboard shipping carton with inside dimensions at least 15 cm ( 6 in ) taller, wider, and deeper than the TAS 475 or TAS 485. The shipping carton must be constructed of cardboard with 170 kg ( 375 pound) test strength.
2. If you are shipping the TAS 475 or TAS 485 to a Tektronix field office for repair, attach a tag to the oscilloscope showing the instrument owner and address, the name of the person to contact about the instrument, the instrument type, and the serial number.
3. Wrap the oscilloscope with polyethylene sheeting or equivalent material to protect the finish.
4. Cushion the oscilloscope in the shipping carton by tightly packing dunnage or urethane foam on all sides between the carton and the oscilloscope. Allow $7.5 \mathrm{~cm}(3 \mathrm{in})$ on all sides, top, and bottom.
5. Seal the shipping carton with shipping tape or an industrial stapler.

## Options

This section contains a list of options available for the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes.

## Options A1-A5: International Power Cords

Besides the standard North American, $110 \mathrm{~V}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ power cord, Tektronix ships any of five alternate power cord configurations. See Table 7-1.

Table 7-1: International Power Cords

| Option | Power Cord |
| :--- | :--- |
| A1 | Universal European $-220 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| A2 | UK $-240 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| A3 | Australian $-240 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| A4 | North American $-240 \mathrm{~V}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| A5 | Switzerland $-220 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |

## Warranty-Plus Service Options

The following options add to the services available with the standard warranty. (The standard warranty appears following the title page in this manual.)

- Option M2: Tektronix provides five years of warranty/remedial service.
- Option M3: Tektronix provides five years of warranty/remedial service and four oscilloscope calibrations.
- Option M8: Tektronix provides four calibrations and four performance verifications, one of each in the second through the fifth years of service.


## Option 3R: Rackmount

With this option, Tektronix ships the oscilloscope with a rackmount kit, providing all the necessary hardware to adapt the oscilloscope for installation into a standard 19 inch instrument rack. Customers with instruments can order a rackmount kit (Tektronix part number 016-1166-00) for conversion with instructions.

## Option 02: Front Cover and Pouch

With this option, Tektronix ships a protective front cover to prevent damage to the front panel of the oscilloscope while not in use. An attachable pouch (attaches to the instrument top) provides storage for the manuals and probes supplied with your oscilloscope plus other additional accessories you may want to keep with your oscilloscope.

## Option 22: Additional Probes

With this option, Tektronix ships two additional probes identical to the two standard-accessory probes normally shipped with the instrument (P6109B for the TAS 475 and P6111B for the TAS 485). This provides one probe for each front-panel input.

## Option 23: Additional Probes

With this option, Tektronix ships two P6129B 1X - 10X switchable passive probes in addition to the two standard-accessory P6109B probes normally shipped with the instrument.

## Option 9C: Certificate of Calibration and Test Data Report

Tektronix ships a Certificate of Calibration that states this instrument meets or exceeds all warranted specifications and has been calibrated using standards and instruments whose accuracies are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology, an accepted value of a natural physical constant or a ratio calibration technique. The calibration is in compliance with U.S. MIL-STD-45662A. This option also includes a test data report for the instrument.

## Replaceable Electrical Parts

This section provides informations for ordering replaceable electrical parts.

## Parts Ordering Information

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

When ordering parts, include the following information in your order: part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

## List of Assemblies

A list of assemblies can be found at the beginning of the electrical parts list. The assemblies are listed in numerical order. When the complete component number of a part is known, this list will identify the assembly in which the part is located.

## Cross Index-Mfr. Code Number to Manufacturer

The Mfg. Code Number to Manufacturer Cross Index for the electrical parts list is located immediately after this page. The cross index provides codes, names, and addresses of manufacturers of components listed in the electrical parts list.

## Abbreviations

Abbreviations conform to American National Standard Y1.1.
Component Number

(column 1 of the parts list) | Assembly number |
| :---: |
| Read: Resistor 1234 of Assembly 23 |

The circuit component number appears on the diagrams and circuit board illustrations. Each diagram and circuit board illustration is clearly marked with the assembly number. Assembly numbers are also marked on the mechanical exploded views located in the mechanical parts list. The component number is obtained by adding the assembly number prefix to the circuit number.

The electrical parts list is divided and arranged by assemblies in numerical sequence (e.g., assembly A1 with its subassemblies and parts, precedes assembly A2 with its subassemblies and parts).

Chassis-mounted parts have no assembly number prefix and are located at the end of the electrical parts list.

## Tektronix Part No.

(column 2 of the parts list)

Indicates part number to be used when ordering replacement part from Tektronix.

## Serial No.

(columns 3 \& 4 of the parts list)

## Name \& Description

 (column five of the parts list)
## Mfr. Code

(column 6 of the parts list)

## Mfr. Part No.

(column 7 of the parts list)

Column three (3) indicates the serial number at which the part was first used. Column four (4) indicates the serial number at which the part was removed. No serial number entered indicates part is good for all serial numbers.

In the parts list, an item name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an item name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further item name identification, the U.S. Federal Catalog handbook $\mathrm{H} 6-1$ can be utilized where possible.

Indicates the code number of the actual manufacturer of the part. (Code to name and address cross reference can be found immediately after this page.)

Indicates the part number used by the manufacturer.

## CROSS INDEX - MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S4246 | JAPAN SERVO CO LTD | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \text { KANDA } \\ & \text { MITOSHIRO-CHO CHIYODA-KU } \end{aligned}$ | TOKYO JAPAN |
| TK0213 | TOPTRON CORP |  | TOKYO JAPAN |
| TK0515 | ERICSSON COMPONENTS INC | 403 INTERNATIONAL PKWY PO BOX 853904 | RICHARDSON, TX 750853904 |
| TK0860 | LABEL GRAPHICS INC | ATTN: DALE GREMAUX 6700 SW BRADBURY CT | PORTLAND, OR 97224 |
| TK1146 | MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP | 1230 OAKMEAD PARKWAY | SUNNYVALE CA 94086 |
| TK1442 | TAIYO-YUDEN (USA) INC | ARLINGTON CENTER 714 W ALGONQUIN RD | ARLINGTON HEIGHTS IL 60005 |
| TK1492 | COFER COMPONENT PROCESSING | 3270 KELLER ST UNIT 11 | SANTA CLARA CA 95050 |
| TK1727 | PHILIPS NEDERLAND BV AFD ELONCO | POSTBUS 90050 | 5600 PB EINDHOVEN THE NETHERLANDS |
| TK1908 | PLASTIC MOLDED PRODUCT INC | 4336 S ADAMS | TACOMA, WA 98409 |
| TK1913 | WIMA <br> THE INTER-TECHNICAL GROUP IND | ONE BRIDGE ST PO BOX 23 | IRVINGTON NY 10533 |
| TK1943 | NEILSEN MANUFACTURING INC | 3501 PORTLAND RD NE | SALEM, OR 97303 |
| TK2058 | TDK CORPORATION OF AMERICA | 1600 FEEHANVILLE DRIVE | MOUNT PROSPECT, IL 60056 |
| TK2073 | TOCOS AMERICA INC | 565 W GULF ROAD | ARLINGTON HEIGHTS IL 60005 |
| TK2469 | UNITREK CORPORATION | 3000 LEWIS \& CLARK WAY SUITE \#2 | VANCOUVER WA 98601 |
| TK2597 | MERIX CORP | 1521 POPLAR LANE | FOREST GROVE, OR 97116 |
| TK2606 | VISPRO | PO BOX 6239 | BEAVERTON, OR 970070239 |
| TK6056 | ASTEK USA | 2880 SAN TOMES EXPRESSWAY SUITE 200 | SANTA CLARA CA 95051 |
| OADN8 | DELTA PRODUCTS | 3225 LAURELVIEW CT | FREMONT, CA 94538 |
| OBOA9 | DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR CORP | 4350 BELTWOOD PKWY SOUTH | DALLAS TX 75244 |
| OH1N5 | MARCON AMERICA CORP | 998 FIRST EDGE DRIVE | VERNON HILLS IL 60061 |
| OJR03 | ZMAN MAGNETICS INC | 7633 S 180TH | KENT WA 98032 |
| OJR04 | TOSHIBA AMERICA INC ELECTRONICS COMPONENTS DIV BUSINESS SECTOR | 2692 DOW AVE | TUSTIN CA 92680 |
| OJR05 | TRIQUEST PRECISION PLASTICS | 3000 LEWIS \& CLARK HWY PO BOX 66008 | VANCOUVER, WA 98666-6008 |
| OJ7N9 | MCX INC | 30608 SAN ANTONIO ST | HAYWARD CA 94544 |
| OJ9R2 | HARISON ELECTRIC CO LTD | 2-1 ASAHIMACHI 5-CHOME IMARARI | EMINE, JAPAN 527R |
| OKB01 | STAUFFER SUPPLY CO | 810 SE SHERMAN | PORTLAND, OR 972144657 |
| 00779 | AMP INC | 2800 FULLING MILL PO BOX 3608 | HARRISBURG PA 17105 |
| 01295 | TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INC SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP | 13500 N CENTRAL EXPY PO BOX 655012 | DALLAS TX 75265 |
| 01884 | DEARBORN ELECTRONICS INC | 1221 NORTH HIGHWAY 17/92 | LONGWOOD, FL 32750 |

CROSS INDEX - MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02114 | PHILIPS COMPONENTS | FERROXCUBE DIV 5083 KINGS HWY | SAUGERTIES, NY 12477 |
| 04222 | AVX CERAMICS DIV OF AVX CORP | 19TH AVE SOUTH <br> P O BOX 867 | MYRTLE BEACH SC 29577 |
| 04713 | MOTOROLA INC SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS SECTOR | 5005 E MCDOWELL RD | PHOENIX AZ 85008-4229 |
| 05828 | GENERAL INSTRUMENT CORP GOVERNMENT SYSTEMS DIV | 600 W JOHN ST | HICKSVILLE NY 11802 |
| 06090 | ERICSSON RAYNET CORP | 155 CONSTITUTION DR | MENLO PARK, CA 94025-1106 |
| 06383 | PANDUIT CORP | 17303 RIDGELAND AVE | TINLEY PARK, IL 60477-3048 |
| 09969 | DALE ELECTRONICS INC | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EAST HIGHWAY } 50 \\ & \text { P O BOX } 180 \end{aligned}$ | YANKTON SD 57078 |
| 1 CH 66 | PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS | 811 E ARQUES AVENUE PO BOX 3409 | SUNNYVALE CA 94088-3409 |
| 1W344 | UNITED CHEMI-CON INC | 9801 W HIGGINS SUITE 430 | ROSEMONT IL 60018-4704 |
| 12697 | CLAROSTAT MFG CO INC | LOWER WASHINGTON ST | DOVER NH 03820 |
| 12954 | MICROSEMI CORP - SCOTTSDALE | $\begin{aligned} & 8700 \text { E THOMAS ROAD } \\ & \text { PO BOX } 1390 \end{aligned}$ | SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85252-5252 |
| 12969 | MICROSEMI CORP | WATERTOWN DIVISION 530 PLEASANT STREET | WATERTWON, MA 02172 |
| 14552 | MICROSEMI CORP | 2830 S FAIRVIEW ST | SANTA ANA CA 92704-5948 |
| 17856 | SILICONIX INC | 2201 LAURELWOOD RD | SANTA CLARA CA 95054-1516 |
| 18796 | MURATA ERIE NORTH AMERICAN INC STATE COLLEGE OPERATIONS | 1900 W COLLEGE AVE | STATE COLLEGE PA 16801-2723 |
| 19701 | PHILIPS COMPONENTS DISCRETE PRODUCTS <br> DIV RESISTIVE PRODUCTS FACILITY AIRPORT ROAD | PO BOX 760 | MINERAL WELLS TX 76067-0760 |
| 20462 | PREM MAGNETICS INC | 3521 N CHAPEL HILL ROAD | MCHENRY, IL 60050 |
| 20932 | KYOCERA INTERNATIONAL INC | 11620 SORRENTO VALLEY RD PO BOX 81543 PLANT NO 1 | SAN DIEGO CA 92121 |
| 22526 | DU PONT E I DE NEMOURS AND CO INC DU PONT ELECTRONICS DEPT | 515 FISHING CREEK RD | NEW CUMBERLAND PA 17070-3007 |
| 22670 | GM NAMEPLATE INCORPORATED | 2040 15TH AVE WEST | SEATTLE, WA 981192783 |
| 24165 | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO | 267 LOWELL ROAD | HUDSON NH 03051 |
| 24546 | DALE ELECTRONICS INC | 550 HIGH ST | BRADFORD, PA 16701 |
| 24931 | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO INC | $2100 \text { EARLYWOOD DR }$ $\text { PO BOX } 547$ | FRANKLIN IN 46131 |
| 26769 | PHILIPS COMPONENTS | CHIP TANTALUM FACILITY 5900 AUSTRALIAN AVE | WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33407-2330 |
| 27014 | NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP | 2900 SEMICONDUCTOR DR | SANTA CLARA CA 95051-0606 |
| 27264 | MOLEX INC | 2222 WELLINGTON COURT | LISLE IL 60532-1613 |
| 2K262 | BOYD CORPORATION | 6136 NE 87TH AVENUE | PORTLAND, OR 97220 |
| 30983 | MEPCOPAL | 11468 SORRENTO VALLEY ROAD | SAN DIEGO CA 92121 |

CROSS INDEX - MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31918 | ITT CANNON SWITCH PRODUCTS | 8081 WALLACE RD | EDEN PRAIRIE, MN 55344-8798 |
| 32997 | BOURNS INC TRIMPOT DIV | 1200 COLUMBIA AVE | RIVERSIDE CA 92507-2114 |
| 34371 | HARRIS CORP <br> HARRIS SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS GROUP | 200 PALM BAY BLVD PO BOX 883 | MELBOURNE FL 32919 |
| 4T165 | NEC ELECTRONICS USA INC ELECTRON DIV | 401 ELLIS ST <br> PO BOX 7241 | MOUNTAIN VIEW CA 94039 |
| 50139 | ALLEN - BRADLEY CO <br> ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS | 1414 ALLEN BRADLEY DR | EL PASO TX 79936 |
| 50434 | HEWLETT-PACKARD CO OPTOELECTRONICS DIV | 370 W TRIMBLE RD | SAN JOSE CA 95131 |
| 52769 | SPRAGUE-GOODMAN ELECTRONICS INC | 134 FULTON AVE | GARDEN CITY PARK NY 11040-5352 |
| 53387 | MINNESOTA MINING MFG CO | PO BOX 2963 | AUSTIN TX 78769-2963 |
| 54583 | TDK ELECTRONICS CORP | 12 HARBOR PARK DR | PORT WASHINGTON NY 11550 |
| 54937 | DEYOUNG MFG INC | 12920 NE 125TH WAY | KIRKLAND, WA 98034 |
| 55335 | JKL COMPONENTS CORP | 13343 PAXTON STREET | PACOIMA CA 91331 |
| 55680 | NICHICON /AMERICA/ CORP | 927 E STATE PKY | SCHAUMBURG IL 60195-4526 |
| 56845 | DALE ELECTRONICS INC | $\begin{aligned} & 2300 \text { RIVERSIDE BLVD } \\ & \text { PO BOX } 74 \end{aligned}$ | NORFOLK NE 68701-2242 |
| 57668 | ROHM CORP | 8 WHATNEY <br> PO BOX 19515 | IRVINE CA 92713 |
| 60386 | SQUIRES ELECTRONICS | 503 N 13TH AVE | CORNELIUS, OR 97113 |
| 61429 | FOX ELECTRONICS FOX ENTERPRISES INC | PO BOX 1078 | CAPE CORAL FL 33910-1078 |
| 62643 | UNITED CHEMICON INC | 9801 W HIGGINS ST SUITE 430 | ROSEMONT, IL 60018-4771 |
| 62703 | MICRO QUALITY SEMICONDUCTOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 \text { N SHILOH RD } \\ & \text { PO BOX } 6676 \end{aligned}$ | GARLAND, TX 75040 |
| 65654 | CHRISTIANA INDUSTRIES CORP | 6500 N CLARK ST | CHICAGO IL 62606-4002 |
| 75498 | MULTICOMP INC | 3005 SW 154TH TERRACE SUITE \#3 | BEAVERTON, OR 97005 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX INC | 14150 SW KARL BRAUN DR PO BOX 500 | BEAVERTON OR 97077-0001 |
| 84411 | AMERICAN SHIZUKI CORP OGALLALA OPERATIONS | 301 WEST O ST | OGALLALA NE 69153-1844 |
| 91637 | DALE ELECTRONICS INC | $\begin{aligned} & 2064 \text { 12TH AVE } \\ & \text { PO BOX } 609 \end{aligned}$ | COLUMBUS NE 68601-3632 |


| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 |  |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:ANALOG |  |  |
| A2 |  |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:DISPLAY CONTROL |  |  |
| A3 |  |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:DISPLAY DRIVER |  |  |
| A4 |  |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:FRONT PANEL |  |  |
| A5 |  |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:CPU |  |  |
| A9 |  |  | FLEX CIRCUIT:BEZEL |  |  |
| A62 |  |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:FRONT PANEL MODULE |  |  |
| A63 |  |  | POWER SUPPLY |  |  |
| A64 |  |  | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT |  |  |


| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 671-2646-04 |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:ANALOG | 80009 | 671264604 |
| A1AT401 | 165-2500-03 |  | MICROCKT,HYBRID: 1 M OHM ATTEN/PREAMP | 80009 | 165250003 |
| A1AT402 | 165-2500-03 |  | MICROCKT,HYBRID: 1 M OHM ATTEN/PREAMP | 80009 | 165250003 |
| A1AT450 | 165-2500-03 |  | MICROCKT,HYBRID: 1 M OHM ATTEN/PREAMP | 80009 | 165250003 |
| A1AT451 | 165-2500-03 |  | MICROCKT,HYBRID: 1 M OHM ATTEN/PREAMP | 80009 | 165250003 |
| A1C402 | 285-1471-00 |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:METALIZED FILM;0.01 MFD,10\% | 84411 | TEK-385 |
| A1C403 | 285-1472-00 |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:METALIZED FILM;10 MFD, $10 \%$ | 84411 | TEK-385 |
| A1C404 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C405 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.022 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C407 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.022 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C408 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C409 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C410 | 281-0936-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;39PF,5\%,100V | 04222 | SA102A390JAA |
| A1C411 | 285-1473-00 |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:METALIZED FILM;0.1 MFD,10\% | 84411 | TEK-385 |
| A1C417 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C423 | 290-1198-00 |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:100UF,20\%,10VAC | 55680 | UET1A101MPH |
| A1C426 | 290-1198-00 |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:100UF,20\%,10VAC | 55680 | UET1A101MPH |
| A1C427 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C429 | 290-0944-01 |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:220UF,20\%,10V | 0H1N5 | CEBSM1C221M-T4 |
| A1C430 | 283-0177-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:1UF, +80-20\%,25V | 04222 | SR303E105ZAA |
| A1C431 | 290-0944-01 |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:220UF,20\%,10V | 0H1N5 | CEBSM1C221M-T4 |
| A1C432 | 290-0944-01 |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:220UF,20\%,10V | OH1N5 | CEBSM1C221M-T4 |
| A1C436 | 281-0791-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;270PF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA102C271KAA |
| A1C437 | 290-1198-00 |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:100UF,20\%,10VAC | 55680 | UET1A101MPH |
| A1C450 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C451 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C452 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C453 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A1C454 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |


| A1J10 | $131-3731-00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| A1J11 | $131-3731-00$ |
| A1J20 | $131-3731-00$ |
| A1J21 | $131-3731-00$ |
| A1J50 | $131-5346-00$ |
| A1J66 | $131-5419-00$ |
| A1J67 | $131-5347-00$ |
| A1J68 | $131-5419-00$ |


| CONN,RF JACK:BNC,;50 OHM,FEMALE,ST | 24931 | $28 J R 377-1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CONN,RF JACK:BNC,;50 OHM,FEMALE,STR | 24931 | $28 J R 377-1$ |
| CONN,RF JACK:BNC,;50 OHM,FEMALE,STR | 24931 | $28 J R 377-1$ |
| CONN,RF JACK:BNC,;50 OHM,FEMALE,STR | 24931 | $28 J R 377-1$ |
| CONN,HDR:PCB,;MALE,STR,2 X 20,0.1CTR | 00779 | $104338-8$ |
| CONN,HDR:PCB,;MALE,STR,1 $\times 2,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | $644486-2$ |
| CONN,HDR:PCB;;MALE,RTANG,1 $23,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | $2-103673-2$ |
| CONN,HDR:PCB,;MALE,STR,1 $\times 2,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | $644486-2$ |


| Component Number | Tektronix <br> Part No． | Serial No． <br> Effective Dscont | Name \＆Description | Mfr． Code | Mfr．Part No． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1L401 | 108－1319－00 |  | INDUCTOR，FIXED：33UH，10\％，1．8A | 54583 | TSL1110－330K 1R |
| A1L402 | 108－1319－00 |  | INDUCTOR，FIXED： $33 \mathrm{UH}, 10 \%, 1.8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 54583 | TSL1110－330K 1R |
| A1L403 | 108－0538－02 |  | COIL，RF：FIXED，2．7UH，10\％ | OJR03 | 108－0538－02 |
| A1L404 | 108－1352－00 |  | COIL，RF：FIXED，22UH，10\％ | 54583 | SPT0305－220K |
| A1L405 | 108－1319－00 |  | INDUCTOR，FIXED： $33 \mathrm{UH}, 10 \%, 1.8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 54583 | TSL1110－330K 1R |
| A1L406 | 108－1319－00 |  | INDUCTOR，FIXED：33UH， $10 \%, 1.8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 54583 | TSL1110－330K 1R |
| A1Q401 | 151－0830－00 |  | TRANSISTOR，SIG：BIPOLAR，NPN；15V，50MA，600MHZ | 27014 | 4392／X43153A |
| A1Q402 | 151－0830－00 |  | TRANSISTOR，SIG：BIPOLAR，NPN；15V，50MA，600MHZ | 27014 | 4392／X43153A |
| A1Q403 | 151－0830－00 |  | TRANSISTOR，SIG：BIPOLAR，NPN；15V，50MA，600MHZ | 27014 | 4392／X43153A |
| A1R402 | 313－1103－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：10K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10001J |
| A1R403 | 313－1103－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 10 K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10001J |
| A1R404 | 313－1103－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：10K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10001J |
| A1R413 | 313－1103－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：10K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10001J |
| A1R415 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000 J |
| A1R417 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1K OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000」 |
| A1R418 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1K OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000」 |
| A1R419 | 313－1390－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：39 OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－39R00J |
| A1R421 | 313－1015－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1．5 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 57668 | TR20JT6801E5 |
| A1R423 | 313－1015－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1．5 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 57668 | TR20JT6801E5 |
| A1R424 | 313－1015－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1．5 OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | TR20JT6801E5 |
| A1R425 | 313－1101－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 100 OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－100ROJ |
| A1R426 | 313－1082－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：8．2 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50－2－8R200J； |
| A1R427 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1K ОНM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000 J |
| A1R428 | 313－1683－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 68 K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－68001J |
| A1R429 | 322－3260－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：4．99K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G49900F |
| A1R430 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1K OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000 J |
| A1R450 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 1 K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000」 |
| A1R451 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 1 K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000J |
| A1U403 | 156－0355－00 |  | IC，LINEAR：7－TRANSISTOR，COMMON EMITTER | 34371 | CA3081 |
| A1U404 | 156－0355－00 |  | IC，LINEAR：7－TRANSISTOR，COMMON EMITTER | 34371 | CA3081 |
| A1U405 | 165－2446－03 |  | MICROCKT，HYBRID：ANALOG／TRIGGER／SWEEP | 80009 | 165244603 |
| A1U406 | 156－2605－00 |  | IC，MISC：HCMOS，ANALOG MUX；8 CHAN， 125 OHM | 04713 | MC74HC4051N／J |
| A1U407 | 156－1631－01 |  | IC，LINEAR：BIPOLAR，VOLT REG；ADJ，100MA，2．2\％ | 01295 | TL431CLPM |
| A1U450 | 156－0355－00 |  | IC，LINEAR： 7 －TRANSISTOR，COMMON EMITTER | 34371 | CA3081 |
| A1U451 | 156－0355－00 |  | IC，LINEAR：7－TRANSISTOR，COMMON EMITTER | 34371 | CA3081 |
| A1W429 | 196－3064－00 |  | LEAD，ELECTRICAL：26 AWG，4．0 L，1－N | 80009 | 196306400 |


| Component <br> Number | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective <br> Dscont | Name \& Description |
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| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3 | 671-2904-02 |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:DISPLAY DRIVER (TAS475 ONLY) | 80009 | 671290402 |
| A3 | 671-2647-02 |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:DISPLAY DRIVER (TAS485 ONLY) | 80009 | 671264702 |
| A3C102 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C102 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC (TAS485 ONLY) | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C104 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.022 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C104 | 283-0203-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.47UF,20\%,50V (TAS485 ONLY) | 04222 | SR305C474MAA |
| A3C105 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.022 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C106 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C106 | 283-0203-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.47UF,20\%,50V (TAS485 ONLY) | 04222 | SR305C474MAA |
| A3C107 | 283-0203-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.47UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SR305C474MAA |
| A3C108 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.022 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C109 | 281-0762-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:27PF,20\%,100V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SA102A270MAA |
| A3C109 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V (TAS485 ONLY) | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C110 | 281-0762-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:27PF,20\%,100V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SA102A270MAA |
| A3C111 | 283-0331-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:43PF,2\%,100V (TAS475 ONLY) | 18796 | DD106B10NP0430J |
| A3C113 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C116 | 283-0331-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:43PF,2\%,100V (TAS475 ONLY) | 18796 | DD106B10NP0430J |
| A3C118 | 283-0108-02 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:220PF, 10\%,200V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SR075A221KAAAP1 |
| A3C119 | 283-0108-02 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:220PF,10\%,200V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SR075A221KAAAP1 |
| A3C121 | 281-0306-00 |  | CAP,VAR,CER DI:3.3-20PF (TAS475 ONLY) | 52769 | GKU 18000 |
| A3C121 | 281-0305-00 |  | CAP,VAR,CER DI:1.5-4.0PF (TAS485 ONLY) | 52769 | GKU 4R000 |
| A3C122 | 281-0306-00 |  | CAP,VAR,CER DI:3.3-20PF | 52769 | GKU 18000 |
| A3C123 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.022 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C124 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.022 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C125 | 281-0759-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;22PF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA102A220KAA |
| A3C126 | 281-0759-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $22 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA102A220KAA |
| A3C128 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C130 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C201 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C203 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C204 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C205 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3C206 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V (TAS485 ONLY) | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C207 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C210 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V,0.100 X | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C211 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C214 | 281-0765-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:100PF,5\%,100V | 04222 | SA102A101JAA |
| A3C216 | 281-0537-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.68PF,20\%,600V (TAS475 ONLY) | 54583 | DA12COG2HR68M |
| A3C216 | 281-0537-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.68PF,20\%,600V (TAS485 ONLY) | 54583 | DA12COG2HR68M |
| A3C219 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C221 | 283-0341-01 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.047UF, $10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SR301C473KAAAP1 |
| A3C222 | 281-0810-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;5.6PF,+/-0.5PF,100V (TAS475 ONLY) | 04222 | SA102A5R6DAA |
| A3C222 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V (TAS485 ONLY) | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C223 | 281-0537-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.68PF,20\%,600V (TAS475 ONLY) | 54583 | DA12COG2HR68M |
| A3C226 | 281-0756-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;2.2PF,+/-0.5PF,200V (TAS485 ONLY) | 04222 | SA102A2R2DAA |
| A3C227 | 281-0893-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;4.7PF,+/-0.5PF,100V (TAS485 ONLY) | 04222 | SA102A4R7DAA |
| A3C256 | 281-0819-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; 33 PF,5\%,50V (TAS485 ONLY) | 04222 | SA102A330JAA |
| A3C258 | 281-0537-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.68PF,20\%,600V (TAS485 ONLY) | 54583 | DA12COG2HR68M |
| A3C301 | 281-0771-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:2200PF,20\%,200V | 04222 | SA102C222MAA |
| A3C302 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C303 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD, CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C304 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| А3С305 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C306 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V,5MM LEAD SPAC | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C308 | 281-0762-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:27PF,20\%,100V | 04222 | SA102A270MAA |
| A3C309 | 281-0903-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:3.9PF, 100V | 04222 | SA102A3R9DAA |
| A3C310 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C311 | 285-1184-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.01 UF,20\%,4000V | 24165 | 430P591 |
| A3C312 | 285-1040-00 |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:1200PF, $10 \%, 4000 \mathrm{~V}$ | 84411 | TEK-134-122940 |
| A3C313 | 281-0771-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:2200PF,20\%,200V | 04222 | SA102C222MAA |
| A3C314 | 283-0279-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,20\%,3000V | 18796 | DHR12Y5S102M3KV |
| A3C315 | 285-1184-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.01 UF,20\%,4000V | 24165 | 430P591 |
| A3C316 | 285-1040-00 |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:1200PF, $10 \%, 4000 \mathrm{~V}$ | 84411 | TEK-134-122940 |
| A3C317 | 281-0903-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:3.9PF,100V | 04222 | SA102A3R9DAA |
| A3C319 | 281-0909-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.022UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105C223MAA |
| A3C320 | 290-0776-01 |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:22UF,20\%,10WVDC | 55680 | UVX1A220MAA1TD |
| A3C321 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |
| A3C322 | 283-0203-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.47UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SR305C474MAA |
| A3C323 | 283-0203-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:0.47UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SR305C474MAA |
| A3C324 | 285-1460-00 |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V (TAS485 ONLY) | TK1913 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 2$ |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3CR100 | 152-0066-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,400V,1A | 05828 | GP10G-020 |
| A3CR101 | 152-0066-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,400V,1A | 05828 | GP10G-020 |
| A3CR102 | 152-0066-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,400V,1A | 05828 | GP10G-020 |
| A3CR201 | 152-0141-02 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST; 40V, $150 \mathrm{MA}, 4 \mathrm{NS}, 2 \mathrm{PF}$ | 27014 | FDH9427 |
| A3CR202 | 152-0141-02 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;40V, $150 \mathrm{MA}, 4 \mathrm{NS}, 2 \mathrm{PF}$ | 27014 | FDH9427 |
| A3CR301 | 152-0141-02 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;40V,150MA,4NS,2PF | 27014 | FDH9427 |
| A3CR302 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY; $400 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~A}, 200 \mathrm{NS}$ | 14552 | MB2501 |
| A3CR303 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V, 1A,200NS | 14552 | MB2501 |
| A3CR304 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V, $1 \mathrm{~A}, 200 \mathrm{NS}$ | 14552 | MB2501 |
| A3CR305 | 152-0141-02 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST; 40V,150MA,4NS,2PF | 27014 | FDH9427 |
| A3CR306 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V, 1A,200NS | 14552 | MB2501 |
| A3CR307 | 152-0141-02 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;40V,150MA,4NS,2PF | 27014 | FDH9427 |
| A3CR308 | 152-0141-02 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;40V,150MA,4NS,2PF | 27014 | FDH9427 |
| A3DS301 | 150-0035-00 |  | LAMP,GLOW:90V MAX, 0.3MA,AID-T,WIRE LD | TK0213 | JH005/3011JA |
| A3DS302 | 150-0035-00 |  | LAMP,GLOW:90V MAX,0.3MA,AID-T,WIRE LD | TK0213 | JH005/3011JA |
| A3E103 | 276-0752-00 |  | CORE,EM:FERRITE TELEQ (TAS485 ONLY) | TK1442 | BP53-BH3.5×10X4 |
| A3J69 | 131-5419-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB; MALE,STR, $1 \times 2,0.1$ CT | 00779 | 644486-2 |
| A3J70 | 131-5349-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB,;MALE,RTANG, $1 \times 13,0.156$ CTR | 00779 | 1-640387-3 |
| A3.J71 | 131-5350-00 |  | CONN,HDR PWR:PCB;MALE,RTANG, $1 \times 2$ | 00779 | 640387-2 |
| A3.J72 | 131-0589-00 |  | TERMINAL,PIN:PRESSFIT/PCB;MALE,STR (QTY 4) | 22526 | 48283-087 |
| A3J73 | 131-0589-00 |  | TERMINAL,PIN:PRESSFIT/PCB;MALE,STR (QTY 5) | 22526 | 48283-087 |
| A3J74 | 131-0589-00 |  | TERMINAL,PIN:PRESSFIT/PCB;MALE,STR (QTY 3) | 22526 | 48283-087 |
| A3.J75 | 131-0589-00 |  | TERMINAL,PIN:PRESSFIT/PCB;-MALE,STR (QTY 3, TAS475 ONLY) | 22526 | 48283-087 |
| A3J77 | 131-2427-00 |  | TERM,QIK DISC.:PCB;,MALE TAB, $0.250 \times 0.032$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 00779 | 62409-1 |
| A3J80 | 131-5348-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB; ${ }^{\text {a }}$ MALE,RTANG, $1 \times 2,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | 103672-1 |
| A3L101 | 120-1906-00 |  | TRANSFORMER,RF:COIL,RF,TAPPED INDUCTOR (TAS475 ONLY) | 0JR03 | 120-1906-00 |
| A3L101 | 108-1352-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,22UH,10\% (TAS485 ONLY) | 54583 | SPT0305-220K |
| A3L102 | 120-1906-00 |  | TRANSFORMER,RF:COIL,RF,TAPPED INDUCTOR (TAS475 ONLY) | 0JR03 | 120-1906-00 |
| A3L102 | 108-1352-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,22UH,10\% (TAS485 ONLY) | 54583 | SPT0305-220K |
| A3L103 | 108-1352-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,22UH,10\% | 54583 | SPT0305-220K |
| A3L104 | 108-0408-01 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,91NH ON FORM (TAS475 ONLY) | 0JR03 | 108-0408-01 |
| A3L105 | 108-0170-02 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,360NH | 0JR03 | 108-0170-02 |
| A3L106 | 108-0736-01 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,828NH | 0JR03 | 108-0736-01 |
| A3L107 | 108-0736-01 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,828NH | OJR03 | 108-0736-01 |
| A3L108 | 108-0170-02 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,360NH | 0JR03 | 108-0170-02 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3L109 | 108-0436-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,240UH ON FORM (TAS475 ONLY) | 0JR03 | OBD |
| A3L109 | 108-0260-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,98NH (TAS485 ONLY) | 0JR03 | ORDER BY DESC |
| A3L110 | 108-0408-01 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,91NH (TAS475 ONLY) | 0JR03 | 108-0408-01 |
| A3L111 | 108-1352-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,22UH,10\% (TAS475 ONLY) | 54583 | SPT0305-220K |
| A3L111 | 108-0509-01 |  | COIL,RF:FXD,2.45UH +/-10\%,AXIAL LEAD (TAS485 ONLY) | 0JR03 | 108-0509-01 |
| A3L112 | 108-1352-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,22UH,10\% (TAS475 ONLY) | 54583 | SPT0305-220K |
| A3L112 | 108-0509-01 |  | COIL,RF:FXD,2.45UH +/-10\%,AXIAL LEAD (TAS485 ONLY) | 0JR03 | 108-0509-01 |
| A3L113 | 108-1352-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,22UH,10\% (TAS475 ONLY) | 54583 | SPT0305-220K |
| A3L113 | 108-0620-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,90NH (TAS485 ONLY) | 0JR03 | 108-0620-00 |
| A3L114 | 108-0620-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,90NH (TAS485 ONLY) | 0JR03 | 108-0620-00 |
| A3L300 | 108-1352-00 |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,22UH,10\% | 54583 | SPT0305-220K |
| A3Q101 | 151-0411-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;30V,400MA,1.2GHZ (TAS475 ONLY) | 04713 | 2N5943 |
| A3Q101 | 151-1025-03 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:JFET,N-CH;6V,15MA,4.5MS,AMP (TAS485 ONLY) | 17856 | J304TA |
| A3Q102 | 151-0411-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;30V,400MA, 1.2GHZ (TAS475 ONLY) | 04713 | 2N5943 |
| A3Q102 | 151-0190-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;40V,200MA (TAS485 ONLY) | 04713 | 2N3904 |
| A3Q201 | 151-0711-02 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;25V,50MA,650MHZ | 04713 | MPSH10RLRP |
| A3Q202 | 151-0711-02 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;25V,50MA,650MHZ | 04713 | MPSH10RLRP |
| A3Q204 | 151-0190-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;40V,200MA (TAS475 ONLY) | 04713 | 2N3904 |
| A3Q204 | 151-0965-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;10V,80MA,6.0GHZ (TAS485 ONLY) | 04713 | MPS571 |
| A3Q205 | 151-0347-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;160V,600MA | OJR04 | 2N5551 |
| A3Q206 | 151-0347-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;160V,600MA | OJR04 | 2N5551 |
| A3Q208 | 151-0350-03 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;150V,600MA | 27014 | S44295 |
| A3Q209 | 151-0350-03 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;150V,600MA | 27014 | S44295 |
| A3Q210 | 151-0271-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;15V,30MA,2.0GHZ | 04713 | MPSH69 |
| A3Q210 | 151-0970-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;10V,30MA,,4.5GHZ (TAS485 ONLY) | 04713 | MPS536RLRP |
| A3Q211 | 151-0271-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;15V,30MA,2.0GHZ (TAS475 ONLY) | 04713 | MPSH69 |
| A3Q211 | 151-0347-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN; 160V,600MA (TAS485 ONLY) | 0JR04 | 2N5551 |
| A3Q212 | 151-0190-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;40V,200M (TAS475 ONLY) | 04713 | 2N3904 |
| A3Q213 | 151-0350-03 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;150V,600MA (TAS485 ONLY) | 27014 | S44295 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3Q215 | 151-0711-02 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;25V,50MA,650MHZ (TAS485 ONLY) | 04713 | MPSH10RLRP |
| A3Q216 | 151-0711-02 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;25V,50MA,650MHZ (TAS485 ONLY) | 04713 | MPSH10RLRP |
| A3Q217 | 151-0965-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;10V,80MA,6.0GHZ (TAS485 ONLY) | 04713 | MPS571 |
| A3Q218 | 151-0970-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;10V,30MA,,4.5GHZ (TAS485 ONLY) | 04713 | MPS536RLRP |
| A3Q301 | 151-0188-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;40V,200MA | 04713 | 2N3906 |
| A3Q302 | 151-0188-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;40V,200MA | 04713 | 2N3906 |
| A3Q303 | 151-0190-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;40V,200MA | 04713 | 2N3904 |
| A3Q304 | 151-0190-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;40V,200MA | 04713 | 2N3904 |
| A3Q307 | 151-0199-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;12V,80MA,SWITCH | 04713 | MPS3640 |
| A3Q308 | 151-0350-03 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;150V,600MA | 27014 | S44295 |
| A3Q360 | 151-0749-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;400V,500MA | 04713 | MPSA94 |
| A3Q361 | 151-0749-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;400V,500MA | 04713 | MPSA94 |
| A3R101 | 322-3001-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 10 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G10R00F |
| A3R101 | 313-1100-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:10 OHM,5\%,0.2W (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-2-10R00J |
| A3R102 | 322-3001-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 10 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G10R00F |
| A3R102 | 322-3097-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 100 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G100R0F |
| A3R103 | 313-1202-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:2K OHM,5\%,0.2W | 91637 | CCF50-2-20000 J |
| A3R104 | 322-3217-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:1.78K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G17800F |
| A3R104 | 322-3226-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 2.21 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R105 | 313-1102-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:1K OHM,5\%,0.2W | 91637 | CCF50-2-10000」 |
| A3R106 | 322-3085-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 75 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R107 | 322-3085-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 75 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R108 | 313-1470-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:47 OHM,5\%,0.2W (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-2-47R00J |
| A3R109 | 313-1470-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:47 OHM,5\%,0.2W (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-2-47R00.J |
| A3R111 | 311-2234-00 |  | RES,VAR,TRMR:CERMET; 5 K OHM, $20 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | TK2073 | GF06UT2 502 M L |
| A3R112 | 311-2230-00 |  | RES,VAR,TRMR:CERMET;500 OHM,20\%,0.5W (TAS475 ONLY) | TK2073 | GF06UT2 501 ML |
| A3R112 | 311-2234-00 |  | RES,VAR,TRMR:CERMET;5K OHM,20\%,0.5W (TAS485 ONLY) | TK2073 | GF06UT2 502 M L |
| A3R113 | 322-3085-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 75 OHM, 1\%,0.2W | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R114 | 322-3085-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; $75 \mathrm{OHM}, 1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R115 | 313-1202-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-2-20000」 |
| A3R116 | 313-1103-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:10K OHM, $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2-10001J |
| A3R117 | 313-1103-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:10K OHM, $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2-10001J |
| A3R120 | 313-1103-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:10K OHM, $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2-10001J |


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| A3R121 | 313－1103－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：10K OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50－2－10001J |
| A3R122 | 307－1606－00 |  | RES，FXD FILM：METAL，FILM，221 OHM，1\％ （TAS475 ONLY） | 56845 | CPF－3－F2210F－T／ |
| A3R123 | 307－1606－00 |  | RES，FXD FILM：METAL，FILM，221 OHM，1\％ （TAS475 ONLY） | 56845 | CPF－3－F2210F－T／ |
| A3R124 | 308－0075－00 |  | RES，FXD，WW：100 OHM，5\％，3W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CW2B－100R0J－T／R |
| A3R125 | 322－3068－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；49．9 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G49R90F |
| A3R126 | 131－1817－01 |  | BUS，CONDUCTOR：22 AWG，2．0 TO 2．125 SPACING （TAS475 ONLY） | TK1492 | ORDER BY DESC |
| A3R127 | 322－3097－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 100 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G100R0F |
| A3R128 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；75 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R129 | 322－3001－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 10 OHM，1\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF501G10R00F |
| A3R130 | 322－3068－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；49．9 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G49R90F |
| A3R131 | 131－1817－01 |  | BUS，CONDUCTOR：22 AWG，2．0 TO 2．125 SPACING （TAS475 ONLY） | TK1492 | ORDER BY DESC |
| A3R132 | 322－3097－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 100 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G100R0F |
| A3R133 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 75 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R134 | 322－3062－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：43．2 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 57668 | RB20FXE43E2 |
| A3R135 | 322－3001－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 10 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G10R00F |
| A3R136 | 313－1200－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：20 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－20R00J |
| A3R137 | $313-1200-00$ |  | RES，FXD，FILM：20 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－20R00J |
| A3R138 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R139 | 322－3039－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：24．9 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－G24R90F |
| A3R140 | 311－2230－00 |  | RES，VAR，TRMR：CERMET；500 OHM，20\％，0．5W （TAS475 ONLY） | TK2073 | GF06UT2 501 ML |
| A3R140 | 311－2229－00 |  | RES，VAR，NONWW：TRMR，250 OHM，20\％，0．5W （TAS485 ONLY） | TK2073 | GF06UT2 251 ML |
| A3R141 | 311－2231－00 |  | RES，VAR，TRMR：CERMET； 1 K OHM，20\％，0．5W （TAS475 ONLY） | TK2073 | GF06UT2 102 ML |
| A3R142 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R142 | 311－2229－00 |  | RES，VAR，NONWW：TRMR，250 OHM，20\％，0．5W （TAS485 ONLY） | TK2073 | GF06UT2 251 M L |
| A3R144 | 322－3001－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 10 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G10R00F |
| A3R145 | 322－3001－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；10 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G10R00F |
| A3R146 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R147 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；75 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |


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| A3R148 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；75 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R149 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R150 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R151 | 322－3226－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 2.21 K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R152 | 313－1202－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－20000 |
| A3R153 | 322－3039－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：24．9 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－G24R90F |
| A3R154 | 311－2231－00 |  | RES，VAR，TRMR：CERMET；1K OHM，20\％，0．5W （TAS475 ONLY） | TK2073 | GF06UT2 102 ML |
| A3R154 | 311－2234－00 |  | RES，VAR，TRMR：CERMET；5K OHM，20\％，0．5W （TAS485 ONLY） | TK2073 | GF06UT2 502 M L |
| A3R155 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R156 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R157 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R201 | 322－3402－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 150 K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50G15002F |
| A3R202 | 322－3402－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 150 K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50G15002F |
| A3R205 | 313－1682－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：6．8K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－68000」 |
| A3R206 | 313－1682－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：6．8K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－68000」 |
| A3R207 | 313－1470－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：47 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50－2－47ROOJ |
| A3R210 | 313－1511－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：510 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－510ROJ |
| A3R210 | 313－1361－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：360 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－360ROJ |
| A3R211 | 313－1511－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：510 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－510ROJ |
| A3R211 | 313－1361－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：360 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－360ROJ |
| A3R212 | 313－1100－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：10 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50－2－10R00J |
| A3R213 | 313－1100－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：10 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－10R00J |
| A3R214 | 313－1470－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：47 OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－47R00J |
| A3R215 | 313－1272－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－27000」 |
| A3R216 | 313－1272－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－27000」 |
| A3R217 | 322－3243－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；3．32K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－1－G33200F |
| A3R218 | 322－3158－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：432 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB2D FXE 432 |
| A3R219 | 322－3287－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：9．53K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50G95300F |
| A3R220 | 322－3371－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 71.5 K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50G71501F |
| A3R221 | 322－3243－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；3．32K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－1－G33200F |
| A3R222 | 322－3097－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 100 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G100R0F |
| A3R223 | 322－3097－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 100 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G100R0F |
| A3R224 | 322－3243－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；3．32K OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－1－G33200F |


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| A3R224 | 322-3226-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;2.21K OHM, 1\%,0.2W (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R225 | 322-3485-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:5.0K OHM, 1\%,0.2W | 91637 | CCF501G50000F |
| A3R226 | 322-3085-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 75 OHM, 1\%,0.2W | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R227 | 322-3085-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 75 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R228 | 322-3485-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:5.0K OHM, 1\%,0.2W | 91637 | CCF501G50000F |
| A3R229 | 313-1511-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:510 OHM, $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2-510ROJ |
| A3R230 | 322-3243-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;3.32K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-1-G33200F |
| A3R230 | 322-3226-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;2.21K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R231 | 322-3085-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;75 OHM,1\%,0.2W (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R231 | 322-3105-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;121 OHM,1\%,0.2W (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G121ROF |
| A3R232 | 322-3085-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;75 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R232 | 322-3105-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 121 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G121ROF |
| A3R233 | 322-3243-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;3.32K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-1-G33200F |
| A3R234 | 322-3243-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;3.32K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-1-G33200F |
| A3R234 | 322-3226-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;2.21K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R235 | 322-3485-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:5.0K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G50000F |
| A3R236 | 322-3485-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:5.0K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G50000F |
| A3R237 | 322-3485-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:5.0K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G50000F |
| A3R238 | 322-3485-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:5.0K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G50000F |
| A3R239 | 322-3243-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;3.32K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-1-G33200F |
| A3R239 | 322-3226-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;2.21K OHM,1\%,0.2W (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R240 | 322-3243-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;3.32K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-1-G33200F |
| A3R240 | 322-3226-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;2.21K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R241 | 322-3243-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;3.32K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-1-G33200F |
| A3R241 | 322-3226-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;2.21K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R242 | 322-3243-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;3.32K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-1-G33200F |
| A3R242 | 322-3226-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 2.21 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ (TAS485 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R244 | 313-1027-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:2.7 OHM,5\%,0.2W | 91637 | CT3-2R700, |
| A3R245 | 322-3243-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM;3.32K OHM, 1\%,0.2W | 91637 | CCF50-1-G33200F |
| A3R246 | 313-1027-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:2.7 OHM,5\%,0.2W | 91637 | CT3-2R700」 |
| A3R255 | 313-1027-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:2.7 OHM,5\%,0.2W | 91637 | CT3-2R700, |
| A3R256 | 313-1682-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:6.8K OHM,5\%,0.2W (TAS475 ONLY) | 91637 | CCF50-2-68000」 |


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| A3R257 | 313－1333－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：33K OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－33001J |
| A3R257 | 313－1101－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 100 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－100ROJ |
| A3R258 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 75 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R258 | 313－1101－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 100 OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－100R0J |
| A3R259 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；75 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R259 | 313－1120－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：12 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－12R00J |
| A3R260 | 315－0475－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：4．7M OHM，5\％，0．25W （TAS475 ONLY） | TK1727 | SFR25 2322－181－ |
| A3R260 | 313－1100－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：10 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－10R00J |
| A3R262 | 313－1302－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：3K OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－30000． |
| A3R263 | 313－1302－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：3K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－30000」 |
| A3R264 | 322－3158－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：432 OHM，1\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 57668 | CRB2D FXE 432 |
| A3R265 | 322－3226－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；2．21K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G22100F |
| A3R266 | 313－1331－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：330 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－330ROJ |
| A3R267 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 75 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R268 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 75 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |
| A3R301 | 313－1681－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：680 OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－680ROJ |
| A3R303 | 315－0201－02 |  | RES，FXD，CMPSN：200 OHM，5\％，0．25W | 50139 | CB2015 |
| A3R304 | 313－1203－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：20K OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－20001J |
| A3R304 | 322－3300－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 13 OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF501G13R00F |
| A3R305 | 315－0511－02 |  | RES，FXD，CMPSN：510 OHM，． $25 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%$ | 50139 | CB5115 ALLEN BR |
| A3R306 | 313－1243－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：24K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | R20J24K |
| A3R307 | 315－0511－02 |  | RES，FXD，CMPSN：510 OHM，．25W， $5 \%$ | 50139 | CB5115 ALLEN BR |
| A3R308 | 313－1333－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：33K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－33001J |
| A3R309 | 313－1104－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：100K OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－10002」 |
| A3R309 | 313－1124－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：120K OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－12002 J |
| A3R310 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000」 |
| A3R311 | 313－1102－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM： 1 K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－10000 J |
| A3R312 | 313－1223－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：22K，OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－22001J |
| A3R313 | 313－1223－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：22K，OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－22001J |
| A3R314 | 313－1203－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：20K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－20001」 |
| A3R315 | 313－1203－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：20K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－20001J |
| A3R316 | 322－3085－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 75 OHM，1\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF501G75R00F |


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| A3R317 | 322－3402－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM；150K OHM，1\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50G15002F |
| A3R318 | 313－1681－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：680 OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－680ROJ |
| A3R321 | 311－2237－00 |  | RES，VAR，TRMR：CERMET； 25 K OHM，20\％，0．5W | TK2073 | GF06UT2 253 ML |
| A3R322 | 311－2239－00 |  | RES，VAR，TRMR：CERMET； 100 K OHM， $20 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | TK2073 | GF06UT2 104 ML |
| A3R323 | 311－2239－00 |  | RES，VAR，TRMR：CERMET； 100 K OHM， $20 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | TK2073 | GF06UT2 104 ML |
| A3R324 | 313－1682－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：6．8K OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CCF50－2－68000」 |
| A3R325 | 315－0472－03 |  | RES，FXD，CMPSN：4．7K OHM， $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | CB4725 |
| A3R326 | 315－0103－03 |  | RES，FXD，CMPSN：10K OHM，5\％，0．25W | 50139 | CB1035 |
| A3R329 | 315－0625－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：6．2M OHM， $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | TK1727 | SFR25 2322－181－ |
| A3R330 | 313－1683－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：68K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－68001J |
| A3R331 | 313－1823－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：82K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－82001J |
| A3R332 | 313－1392－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：3．9K OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS475 ONLY） | 91637 | CCF50－2－39000」 |
| A3R333 | 313－1392－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：3．9K OHM， $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－39000」 |
| A3R350 | 322－3306－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 15 K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50－2－G1502F |
| A3R351 | 315－0201－02 |  | RES，FXD，CMPSN：200 OHM，5\％，0．25W | 50139 | CB2015 |
| A3R352 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CT3－2R700J |
| A3R353 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3R360 | 301－0754－01 |  | RES，FXD，CMPSN：750K OHM，5\％，0．5W | 50139 | EB7545 |
| A3R361 | 301－0394－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：390K OHM， $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX 390K0J |
| A3R362 | 301－0434－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：430K OHM， $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX430K0J |
| A3R363 | 301－0434－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：430K OHM， $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX430K0J |
| A3R364 | 322－0481－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1M OHM，1\％，0．25W | 91637 | CMF6042G10003F |
| A3R365 | 322－0481－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：1M OHM， $1 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CMF6042G10003F |
| A3R366 | 322－3322－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； 22.1 K OHM， $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G22101F |
| A3R367 | 301－0434－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：430K OHM， $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX430K0J |
| A3R368 | 321－0385－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：100K OHM，1\％，0．125W | 19701 | 5043ED100K0F |
| A3R369 | 301－0434－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：430K OHM， $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX430K0J |
| A3R370 | 131－0566－00 |  | BUS，CONDUCTOR：DUMMY RES， 0.094 OD $\times 0.225 \mathrm{~L}$ | 24546 | OMA0207 |
| A3R371 | 322－3097－00 |  | RES，FXD：METAL FILM； $100 \mathrm{OHM}, 1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF501G100R0F |
| A3R373 | 313－1027－00 |  | RES，FXD，FILM：2．7 OHM，5\％，0．2W （TAS485 ONLY） | 91637 | CT3－2R700」 |
| A3U101 | 155－0322－00 |  | MICROCKT，LINEAR：VERTICAL OUTPUT AMPLIFIER （TAS475 ONLY） | 80009 | 155032200 |
| A3U101 | 165－2393－00 |  | MICROCKT，LINEAR：VERTICAL OUTPUT （TAS485 ONLY） | 80009 | 165239300 |
| A3U102 | 156－0158－00 |  | IC，LINEAR：BIPOLAR，OP－AMP；DUAL | 01295 | MC1458P |
| A3U201 | 156－0158－00 |  | IC，LINEAR：BIPOLAR，OP－AMP；DUAL | 01295 | MC1458P |
| A3VR201 | 152－0055－00 |  | DIODE，ZENER：；11V，5\％，0．4W | 04713 | SZG35009K1 1N96 |
| A3VR360 | 152－0470－00 |  | DIODE，ZENER：，；200V，5\％，0．4W | 04713 | 1N992BRL |
| A3VR361 | 152－0470－00 |  | DIODE，ZENER：，；200V，5\％，0．4W | 04713 | 1N992BRL |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4 | 671-2911-00 |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:FRONT PANEL | 80009 | 671291100 |
| A4C101 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C121 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C122 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C131 | 290-5034-01 |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;33UF,20\%,10V,5.7MM (0.224) | 1W344 | MVK10VC33RME60T |
| A4C132 | 290-5034-01 |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;33UF,20\%,10V,5.7MM(0.224) | 1W344 | MVK10VC33RME60T |
| A4C140 | 283-5201-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;33PF,5\%,100V,NPO,1206 | 04222 | 12061A330JAT1A |
| A4C141 | 283-5201-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;33PF,5\%,100V,NPO,1206 | 04222 | 12061A330JAT1A |
| A4C202 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C304 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C305 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C400 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C401 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C402 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C403 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C404 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R, 1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C405 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R, 1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C406 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R, 1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C407 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R, 1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C408 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C409 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C420 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C421 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R, 1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A4C501 | 283-5203-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $1000 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}$ | 04222 | 12061C102KAT1A |
| A4CR331 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR332 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR333 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR334 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR335 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR336 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR337 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR338 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR339 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4CR500 | 152-5018-00 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;100V,0.74VF,4NS,2.0PF | 27014 | MMBD1203-HIGH |
| A4DS201 | 150-5008-00 |  | DIODE,OPTO:,LED;GRN,569NM,4.2MCD AT 10MA | 50434 | HLMP-6505-T21 |
| A4DS202 | 150-5008-00 |  | DIODE,OPTO:,LED;GRN,569NM,4.2MCD AT 10MA | 50434 | HLMP-6505-T21 |
| A4DS203 | 150-5008-00 |  | DIODE,OPTO:,LED;GRN,569NM,4.2MCD AT 10MA | 50434 | HLMP-6505-T21 |
| A4DS204 | 150-5008-00 |  | DIODE,OPTO:,LED;GRN,569NM,4.2MCD AT 10MA | 50434 | HLMP-6505-T21 |
| A4DS205 | 150-5008-00 |  | DIODE,OPTO:,LED;GRN,569NM,4.2MCD AT 10MA | 50434 | HLMP-6505-T21 |
| A4DS206 | 150-5008-00 |  | DIODE,OPTO:,LED;GRN,569NM,4.2MCD AT 10MA | 50434 | HLMP-6505-T21 |
| A4DS207 | 150-5008-00 |  | DIODE,OPTO:,LED;GRN,569NM,4.2MCD AT 10MA | 50434 | HLMP-6505-T21 |
| A4DS208 | 150-5008-00 |  | DIODE,OPTO:,LED;GRN,569NM,4.2MCD AT 10MA | 50434 | HLMP-6505-T21 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4J30 | 131-5344-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB,;MALE,STR, $1 \times 16,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | 1-103670-5 |
| A4J35 | 131-5167-00 |  | CONN,BOX PWR:PCB,;FEMALE,STR, $1 \times Y$ | 27264 | 09-52-3022 |
| A4J40 | 131-5158-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB; MALE,STR, $1 \times 10,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | 103669-9 |
| A4J84 | 131-5157-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ MALE,STR, $1 \times 5,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | 103669-4 |
| A4R101 | 321-5030-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1002FT |
| A4R102 | 321-5030-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1002FT |
| A4R103 | 321-5030-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1002FT |
| A4R104 | 321-5030-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1002FT |
| A4R106 | 321-5030-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1002FT |
| A4R107 | 321-5030-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1002FT |
| A4R108 | 321-5018-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 1.0K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1001FT |
| A4R109 | 321-5030-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1002FT |
| A4R140 | 321-5049-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 1 M OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | MCR18FXEA1M |
| A4R201 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; $475 \mathrm{OHM}, 1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R202 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R203 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R204 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R205 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R206 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; $475 \mathrm{OHM}, 1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R207 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R208 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R300 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1003FT |
| A4R301 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1003FT |
| A4R302 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1003FT |
| A4R303 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1003FT |
| A4R304 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1003FT |
| A4R305 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1003FT |
| A4R306 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1003FT |
| A4R307 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1003FT |
| A4R330 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; $475 \mathrm{OHM}, 1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R331 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R332 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R333 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R334 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R335 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R336 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R337 | 321-5014-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 475 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK4750FT |
| A4R411 | 321-5018-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 1.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1001FT |
| A4R412 | 321-5018-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 1.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1001FT |
| A4R413 | 321-5018-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 1.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1001FT |
| A4R414 | 321-5018-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 1.0 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1001FT |
| A4R450 | 311-2843-00 |  | RES,VAR,NONWW:SHAFTLESS,SNAP IN MOUNT | 32997 | 11508004 |
| A4R451 | 311-2843-00 |  | RES,VAR,NONWW:SHAFTLESS,SNAP IN MOUNT | 32997 | 11508004 |
| A4R452 | 311-2843-00 |  | RES,VAR,NONWW:SHAFTLESS,SNAP IN MOUNT | 32997 | 11508004 |
| A4R453 | 311-2843-00 |  | RES,VAR,NONWW:SHAFTLESS,SNAP IN MOUNT | 32997 | 11508004 |
| A4R460 | 321-5047-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM;100K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 50139 | BCK1003FT |


| Component <br> Number | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective <br> Dscont | Name \& Description |
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| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5 | 671-2221-04 |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:CPU | 80009 | 671222104 |
| A5C201 | 290-5034-01 |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;33UF,20\%,10V,5.7MM(0.224) | 1W344 | MVK10VC33RME60T |
| A5C202 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C203 | 283-5195-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $10 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{COG}, 1206$ | 04222 | 12061A100JAT1A |
| A5C204 | 283-5007-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; 8 PF,+/-0.5PF,50V,NPO | 04222 | 12061A8R0DATMA |
| A5C205 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C206 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C207 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C208 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.1 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%, 25 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}, 1206$ | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C209 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C211 | 283-5195-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $10 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{COG}, 1206$ | 04222 | 12061A100JAT1A |
| A5C212 | 283-5107-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;22PF,5\%,100V,NPO,1206 | 04222 | 12061A220JAT1A |
| A5C213 | 283-5107-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;22PF,5\%,100V,NPO,1206 | 04222 | 12061A220JAT1A |
| A5C214 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C215 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C216 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C217 | 283-5195-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $10 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{COG}, 1206$ | 04222 | 12061A100JAT1A |
| A5C218 | 283-5195-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;10PF,5\%,100V ,COG,1206 | 04222 | 12061A100JAT1A |
| A5C219 | 283-5107-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;22PF,5\%,100V,NPO,1206 | 04222 | 12061A220JAT1A |
| A5C220 | 283-5107-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;22PF,5\%,100V,NPO,1206 | 04222 | 12061A220JAT1A |
| A5C221 | 283-5107-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;22PF,5\%,100V,NPO,1206 | 04222 | 12061A220JAT1A |
| A5C223 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C224 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; 0.1 UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5C225 | 283-5004-00 |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC;0.1UF,10\%,25V,X7R,1206 | 04222 | 12063C104KAT3A |
| A5J30 | 131-5344-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB,;MALE,STR, $1 \times 16,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | 1-103670-5 |
| A5J50 | 131-5346-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB;;MALE,STR, $2 \times 20,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | 104338-8 |
| A5J55 | 131-4807-00 |  | CONN,HDR PWR:PCB; MALE,STR, $1 \times 5,0.156$ CTR | 00779 | 640444-5 |
| A5J204 | 131-3147-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB;;MALE,STR, $2 \times 25,0.1$ CTR | 53387 | 2550-6002UB |
| A5J205 | 131-5203-00 |  | CONN,HDR:PCB,;MALE,STR, $1 \times 2,0.1$ CTR | 00779 | 104350-1 |
| A5Q1 | 151-5001-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;40V,200MA | 04713 | MMBT3904LT1 |
| A5Q2 | 151-5001-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;40V,200MA | 04713 | MMBT3904LT1 |


| Component Number | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial No. Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5R201 | 321-5208-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10 M OHM,5\%,0.125W | 91637 | CRCW1206-106JT |
| A5R202 | 321-5048-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 332 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | MCR18FXEA332K |
| A5R203 | 321-5212-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W} 100 \mathrm{PPM} / \mathrm{DEG}$ | 91637 | CRCW-12064991F |
| A5R204 | 321-5212-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W} 100 \mathrm{PPM} / \mathrm{DEG}$ | 91637 | CRCW-12064991F |
| A5R205 | 321-5212-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W} 100 \mathrm{PPM} / \mathrm{DEG}$ | 91637 | CRCW-12064991F |
| A5R206 | 321-5212-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W} 100 \mathrm{PPM} / \mathrm{DEG}$ | 91637 | CRCW-12064991F |
| A5R207 | 307-5020-00 |  | RES NTWK,FXD,FI:10K X 8, $1 \%, 0.250 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | SOMC-1603-1002F |
| A5R208 | 307-5020-00 |  | RES NTWK,FXD,FI:10K X 8,1\%,0.250W | 91637 | SOMC-1603-1002F |
| A5R209 | 307-5020-00 |  | RES NTWK,FXD,FI:10K X 8,1\%,0.250W | 91637 | SOMC-1603-1002F |
| A5R210 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 221 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R211 | 321-5007-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 121 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1210FT |
| A5R212 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 221 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R213 | 321-5007-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 121 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1210FT |
| A5R214 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM;221 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R217 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM;221 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R220 | 321-5000-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CRCW120610ROFT |
| A5R221 | 321-5000-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 10 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CRCW120610ROFT |
| A5R222 | 321-5022-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 2.21 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK2211FT |
| A5R223 | 321-5212-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:4.99K OHM, 1\%,0.125W100PPM/DEG | 91637 | CRCW-12064991F |
| A5R224 | 321-5007-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 121 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1210FT |
| A5R225 | 321-5007-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 121 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK1210FT |
| A5R227 | 321-5029-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 8.25 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK8251FT |
| A5R228 | 321-5029-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 8.25 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK8251FT |
| A5R230 | 321-5051-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 0 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 09969 | CRCW1206 JUMPER |
| A5R231 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM;221 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R232 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 221 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R233 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM;221 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R234 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 221 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R235 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM;221 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R236 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM; 221 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R237 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM;221 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 50139 | BCK221FT |
| A5R238 | 321-5010-00 |  | RES,FXD:THICK FILM;221 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 50139 | BCK221FT |


| Component Number | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5U201 | 156-6298-00 |  | IC,PROCESSOR:CMOS,MICROCONTROLLER | 04713 | MC68331CFC16 |
| A5U202 | 156-6151-00 |  | IC,MEMORY:CMOS,SRAM; $128 \mathrm{~K} \times 8,100 \mathrm{NS}, 15 \mathrm{UA}$ | TK1146 | M5M51008FP-10LL |
| A5U203 | 156-6151-00 |  | IC,MEMORY:CMOS,SRAM; $128 \mathrm{~K} \times 8,100 \mathrm{NS}$,15UA | TK1146 | M5M51008FP-10LL |
| A5U205 | 156-6085-01 |  | IC,MEMORY:CMOS,EPROM; $128 \mathrm{~K} \times 8,200 \mathrm{NS}$ FLASH | 80009 | 156646101 |
| A5U206 | 156-6085-01 |  | IC,MEMORY:CMOS,EPROM; 128K X 8,200NS FLASH | 80009 | 156646101 |
| A5U207 | 156-6101-01 |  | IC,MISC:BIPOLAR,PWR SUPPLY SUPERVISOR | 04713 | MC34164D-5R2 |
| A5U208 | 156-4224-00 |  | IC,MEMORY:CMOS,NVRAM; $8 \mathrm{~K} \times 8,100 \mathrm{NS}$ | OBOA9 | DS1225D-100 |
| A5U215 | 156-6031-00 |  | IC,PROCESSOR:NMOS,PERIPHERAL | 04713 | MC68681FN |
| A5U217 | 156-6325-00 |  | IC,ASIC:CMOS,CUSTOM;CHARACTER DSPLYGEN | 80009 | 156632500 |
| A5U218 | 156-5157-01 |  | IC,CONVERTER:BIPOLAR,D/A; 12 BIT,300NS,MULTI | 1 CH 66 | AM6012DT (D/C88 |
| A5U219 | 156-5157-01 |  | IC,CONVERTER:BIPOLAR,D/A; $12 \mathrm{BIT}, 300 \mathrm{NS}, \mathrm{MULTI}$ | 1 CH 66 | AM6012DT (D/C88 |
| A5U220 | 156-5588-01 |  | IC,LINEAR:BIPOLAR,VOLT REF;POSI,2.5V,1.0\% | 04713 | MC1403D |
| A5U221 | 156-5051-01 |  | IC,DIGITAL:FTTL,GATE; QUAD 2-INPUT NOR | 04713 | MC74F02DR2 |
| A5U222 | 156-5054-01 |  | IC,DIGITAL:FTTL,GATE;QUAD 2-INPUT NOR | 80009 | 156505401 |
| A5U223 | 156-6085-01 |  | IC,MEMORY:CMOS,EPROM; 128K X 8,200NS FLASH | 80009 | 156646101 |
| A5U224 | 156-6085-01 |  | IC,MEMORY:CMOS,EPROM; $128 \mathrm{~K} \times 8,200$ NS FLASH | 80009 | 156646101 |
| A5XJ205 | 131-0993-00 |  | CONN, BOX, SHUNT, FEMALE, STR,1X2,0.1 CTR | 00779 | 530153-2 |
| A5Y201 | 158-5013-00 |  | XTAL UNIT QTZ:32.768KHZ, +/-0.002\%, RS 60K | 61429 | FSM327 |
| A5Y202 | 158-5012-00 |  | XTAL UNIT QTZ:3.6864MHZ,+/-0.005\%,ESR 150 | 61429 | HC49SG |


| Component <br> Number | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective <br> Dscont | Mame \& Description <br> Code | Mfr. Part No. |  |
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| A9 | $259-0091-00$ |  | FLEX CIRCUIT:BEZEL | 80009 | 259009100 |
| A62 | $672-1362-01$ |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:FRONT PANEL MODULE | 80009 | 672136201 |
| (TAS475 ONLY) |  |  |  |  |  |


| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial Effective | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A63 | 119-5033-00 | B020100 | B020828 | POWER SUPPLY:HIGH POWER VERSION (TAS475 ONLY) | 80009 | 119503300 |
| A63 | 119-5033-00 | B020100 | B020464 | POWER SUPPLY:HIGH POWER VERSION (TAS485 ONLY) | 80009 | 119503300 |
| A63 | 119-5033-01 | B020829 |  | POWER SUPPLY:HIGH POWER VERSION (TAS475 ONLY) | 80009 | 119503301 |
| A63 | 119-5033-01 | B020465 |  | POWER SUPPLY:HIGH POWER VERSION (TAS485 ONLY) | 80009 | 119503301 |
| A63C1 | 285-1381-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:1500PF,10\%,250V Y RATED | TK051 | PME271Y415K |
| A63C2 | 281-0812-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $1000 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA101C102KAA |
| A63C3 | 285-1381-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:1500PF,10\%,250V Y RATED | TK051 | PME271Y415K |
| A63C4 | 285-1252-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:0.15UF,10\%,250VAC | 26769 | 719J1MH154PK251SD |
| A63C5 | 285-1255-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:0.01UF,20\%,3KV | 01884 | 430 P 582 |
| A63C6 | 285-1252-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:0.15UF,10\%,250VAC | 26769 | 719J1MH154PK251SD |
| A63C7 | 281-0852-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $1800 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 04222 | SA101C182KAA |
| A63C8 | 285-1381-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:1500PF, $10 \%$,250V Y RATED | TK051 | PME271Y415K |
| A63C9 | 285-1177-01 |  |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:1UF, $10 \%, 450 \mathrm{~V}$ | 84411 | TEK326 1.010450 |
| A63C10 | 283-0203-02 |  |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MLC; $0.47 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 18796 | RPE112902Z5U474M50V |
| A63C11 | 283-0481-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:220PF, $10 \%, 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ | 18796 | DE7090B221KVA1-KC |
| A63C12 | 281-0775-01 |  |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MCL;0.1UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | SA105E104MAA |
| A63C13 | 285-1255-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,PLASTIC:0.01UF,20\%,3KV | 01884 | 430P582 |
| A63C14 | 281-0775-01 |  |  | CAP,FXD,CERAMIC:MCL;0.1UF,20\%,50 | 04222 | SA105E104MAA |
| A63C15 | 290-1206-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:270UF,20\%,450V | OH1N5 | CEAUF2W271M41 |
| A63C16 | 285-1460-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,MTLZD:0.1UF,20\%,250V | TK191 | MKS $20.1 / 250 / 20$ |
| A63C22 | 290-1221-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;100UF,20\%,100V | 62643 | SXE100VB101M12X20LL |
| A63C23 | 290-0973-01 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;100UF,20\%,25VDC | 62643 | SME35VB101M8X11FT |
| A63C24 | 290-0947-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:33UF, +50-10\%,160V | OH1N5 | CEUSM2C330-Q |
| A63C25 | 290-1115-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;10UF,20\%,100V | OHiN5 | CEUSM2A100-T4 |
| A63C28 | 290-0922-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;1000UF,20\%,50V | 55680 | UVX1J102MHA |
| A63C29 | 290-0183-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,TANT:DRY; 1 UF,10\%,35V | 12954 | AT513A105K035N |
| A63C30 | 290-0525-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:4.7UF,20\%,50V | 12954 | D4R7GSB50M |
| A63C32 | 290-0973-01 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;100UF,20\%,25VDC | 62643 | SME35VB101M8X11FT |
| A63C33 | 290-0973-01 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ALUM:;100UF,20\%,25VDC | 62643 | SME35VB101M8X11FT |
| A63C35 | 290-0946-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:270UF, +100-10\%,40V | OH1N5 | CEUFM1G271 |
| A63C37 | 290-0946-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:270UF, + $100-10 \%, 40 \mathrm{~V}$ | OH1N5 | CEUFM1G271 |
| A63C90 | 290-0946-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,ELCTLT:270UF,+100-10\%,40V | OH1N5 | CEUFM1G271 |
| A63CR1 | 152-0400-00 |  |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY; $400 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~A}, 200 \mathrm{NS}$ | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR2 | 152-0400-00 |  |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY; 400V, 1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR3 | 152-0400-00 |  |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY; $400 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~A}, 200 \mathrm{NS}$ | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR4 | 152-0400-00 |  |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY; 400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR5 | 152-0601-01 |  |  | DIODE,RECT:,ULTRA FAST; 150V,25NS,35A | 12969 | UES1103 |
| A63CR6 | 152-0601-01 |  |  | DIODE,RECT:,ULTRA FAST;150V,25NS,35A | 12969 | UES1103 |
| A63CR7 | 152-0400-00 |  |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |


| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A63CR8 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR9 | 152-0040-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,;600V,1A,50A IFSM;1N5061 | 04713 | MR5061RLR |
| A63CR10 | 152-0040-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,;600V,1A,50A IFSM;1N5061 | 04713 | MR5061RLR |
| A63CR11 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR12 | 152-0040-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,;600V,1A,50A IFSM;1N5061 | 04713 | MR5061RLR |
| A63CR13 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR14 | 152-0040-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,;600V,1A,50A IFSM;1N5061 | 04713 | MR5061RLR |
| A63CR15 | 152-0141-02 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;40V,150MA;1N4152 | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| A63CR16 | 152-1165-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,ULTRA FAST;600V,4A,50NS | 04713 | MUR460RL |
| A63CR17 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR18 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR19 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR20 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR21 | 152-0670-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,SCHTKY;40V,3A | 04713 | 1 N5822 |
| A63CR22 | 152-0670-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,SCHTKY;40V,3A | 04713 | 1 N5822 |
| A63CR23 | 152-0600-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:SCHTKY,;35V,15A | 62703 | VSK2035 |
| A63CR24 | 152-0400-00 |  | DIODE,RECT:,FAST RCVRY;400V,1A,200NS | 04713 | 1N4936RL |
| A63CR25 | 152-0141-02 |  | DIODE,SIG:,ULTRA FAST;40V,150MA;1N4152 | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| A63DS 1 | 150-0035-00 |  | LAMP,GLOW:NEON;90V,0.3MA;NE-2B | 0J9R2 | NE-2B(13)R-T |
| A63E1 | 276-0635-00 |  | CORE,EM:TOROID;FERRITE,UO=5,000 20\% | 02114 | 768 T188/3E2A |
| A63ID5 | 342-0582-00 |  | INSULATOR,PLATE:TRANSISTOR,CERAMIC | TK260 | 342-0582-00 |
| A63L1 | 108-1319-00 |  | INDUCTOR,FXD:POWER;33UH,10\% | TK205 | TSL1110-330K1R8 |
| A63L2 | 108-1319-00 |  | INDUCTOR,FXD:POWER;33UH,10\% | TK205 | TSL1110-330K1R8 |
| A63L3 | 108-1319-00 |  | INDUCTOR,FXD:POWER;33UH,10\% | TK205 | TSL1110-330K1R8 |
| A63L5 | 108-1357-00 |  | INDUCTOR,FXD:CUSTOM,POWER;2.2MH,10\% | O,JR03 | 108-1357-00 |
| A63L6 | 108-1357-00 |  | INDUCTOR,FXD:CUSTOM,POWER;2.2MH,10\% | O.JR03 | 108-1357-00 |
| A63L7 | 108-1319-00 |  | INDUCTOR,FXD:POWER;33UH,10\% | TK205 | TSL1110-330K1R8 |
| A63Q1 | 151-0565-00 |  | THYRISTOR,PWR:BIPOLAR,SCR;200V,8.0A | 04713 | SCR2117 |
| A63Q2 | 151-0852-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,PWR:BIPOLAR,NPN;100V,6.0A | 04713 | SJE6447 |
| A63Q3 | 151-0852-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,PWR:BIPOLAR,NPN;100V,6.0A | 04713 | SJE6447 |
| A63Q4 | 151-0590-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;80V,500MA | 04713 | MPSW06 |
| A63Q5 | 151-1245-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,PWR:MOS, $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{CH} ; 600 \mathrm{~V}, 6.0 \mathrm{~A}$ | 04713 | MTP6N60E |
| A63Q6 | 151-0164-01 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;60V,600MA | 01295 |  |
| A63Q7 | 151-0276-01 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;50V,50MA | 01295 |  |
| A63Q8 | 151-0276-01 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;50V,50MA | 01295 |  |
| A63Q9 | 151-0164-01 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,PNP;60V,600MA | 01295 |  |
| A63Q10 | 151-0432-01 |  | TRANSISTOR,SIG:BIPOLAR,NPN;80V,500MA | 04713 | MPS8099RLRP |
| A63Q60 | 151-1179-00 |  | TRANSISTOR,PWR:MOS,N-CH;50V,15A | 04713 | MTP15N05EL |


| Component Number | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial No. Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A63R1 | 307-0111-00 |  | RES,FXD,CMPSN:3.6 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | CB36G5 |
| A63R2 | 322-3336-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:30.9K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2F30901F |
| A63R3 | 301-0560-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM: 56 OHM, $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX56R00J |
| A63R4 | 322-3378-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:84.5K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2F84501F |
| A63R5 | 315-0102-03 |  | RES,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | CB1025 |
| A63R6 | 315-0102-03 |  | RES,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | CB1025 |
| A63R7 | 301-0393-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM: 39 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX39K00」 |
| A63R8 | 307-0111-00 |  | RES,FXD,CMPSN:3.6 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 50139 | CB36G5 |
| A63R9 | 301-0106-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:10M OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | EB1065 |
| A63R10 | 322-3453-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:511K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2F51102F |
| A63R11 | 301-0274-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:270K OHM, $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX270K0J |
| A63R12 | 322-3289-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 10 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 10K0 |
| A63R13 | 322-3385-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 100K |
| A63R14 | 315-0472-03 |  | RES,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 50139 | CB4725 |
| A63R15 | 322-3385-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 100K |
| A63R16 | 301-0393-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:39K OHM, $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX39K00J |
| A63R17 | 322-3292-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM: 10.7 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE10K7 |
| A63R18 | 307-0456-00 |  | RES,V SENSITIVE:MOV; 250VRMS, 330VDC | 34371 | V250LA20A |
| A63R19 | 322-3273-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 6.81 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 6K81 |
| A63R20 | 313-1124-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:120K OHM,5\%,0.2W | 57668 | TR20JE120K |
| A63R21 | 322-3234-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:2.67K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2F26700F |
| A63R22 | 303-0154-00 |  | RES,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5\%,1W | 24546 | FP1 150 K |
| A63R23 | 301-0751-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:750 OHM, $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX750R0J |
| A63R24 | 322-3239-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:3.01K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 3K01 |
| A63R25 | 315-0390-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:39 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 50139 | CB3905 |
| A63R26 | 313-1330-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:33 OHM, $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | TR20JT6833E |
| A63R27 | 313-1121-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM: 120 OHM,5\%,0.2W | 57668 | TR20JT68 120E |
| A63R28 | 322-3225-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:2.15K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 2K15 |
| A63R29 | 313-1330-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:33 OHM, $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | TR20JT6833E |
| A63R30 | 322-3193-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 1 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 1 K00 |
| A63R31 | 308-0843-00 |  | RES,FXD:WIREWOUND;0.2 OHM,5\%,1W | 91637 | CW-1-R20JT |
| A63R32 | 308-0679-00 |  | RES,FXD:0.51 OHM,5\%,2W | 91637 | CPF-2-0R51JT1 |
| A63R33 | 313-1100-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM: 10 OHM, $5 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | TR20JE10E0 |
| A63R34 | 322-3318-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:METAL FILM; 20 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 20K0 |
| A63R37 | 322-3304-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:14.3K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 14K3 |
| A63R38 | 322-3193-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 1 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 1 K00 |
| A63R39 | 322-3283-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:8.66K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRR20 FXE 8K66 |
| A63R40 | 322-3193-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 1 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 1 K00 |
| A63R41 | 322-3168-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:549 OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2F549R0F |
| A63R42 | 322-3336-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:30.9K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CCF50-2F30901F |
| A63R43 | 311-1248-00 |  | RES,VAR,NONWW:TRMR, 500 OHM, 0.5 W | 32997 | 3386X-1-501 |
| A63R44 | 315-0823-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:82K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50139 | CB8235 |


| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A63R45 | 322-3318-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:METAL FILM;20K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 20K0 |
| A63R46 | 301-0472-00 |  | RES,FXD,FILM:4.7K OHM, $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5053CX4K700J |
| A63R60 | 322-3193-00 |  | RES,FXD:METAL FILM; 1 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | CRB20 FXE 1 K 00 |
| A63R90 | 303-0270-00 |  | RES,FXD,CMPSN:27 OHM,5\%,1W | 24546 | FP32 OR FP1 |
| A63RT1 | 307-1551-00 |  | RES,THERMAL:20 OHM,10\% | 91637 | 2SS40-10\% |
| A63S 1 | 260-2443-00 |  | SWITCH,PWR:DPDT;6A 250VAC/1A 100VDC | 31918 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NE18-00-EE-N-47-0 } \\ & \text { 1A (130238) } \end{aligned}$ |
| A63T1 | 120-1401-00 |  | TRANSFORMER,PWR:LINE TRIGGER;1:1 | 54937 | DMI 500-2044 |
| A63T2 | 120-1439-01 |  | TRANSFORMER,RF:ENERGY STORAGE | 20462 | 120-1439-01 |
| A63T8 | 120-1955-00 |  | TRANSFORMER:POWER,INVERTER | 75498 | 129-3154-00 |
| A63T9 | 120-1347-00 |  | TRANSFORMER,SIG:;44T:2T:2T,PRI | TK205 | BDT-001 |
| A63U1 | 156-1627-00 |  | IC,LINEAR:BIPOLAR,SW-REG CONTR | 01295 | TL594CN |
| A63U2 | 152-0806-00 |  | MODULE,HV:,;4KVAC IN,12KVDC OUT | 12969 | CMX647 |
| A63VR1 | 152-0166-00 |  | DIODE,ZENER:;3.2V,5\%,0.4W;1N5995B | 04713 | 1N5995BRL |
| A63VR2 | 152-0317-00 |  | DIODE,ZENER:,;6.2V,5\%,0.4W;1N825 | 04713 | 1N825 |
| A63VR3 | 152-0255-00 |  | DIODE,ZENER:,;51V,5\%,0.4W;1N978B | 04713 | 1N978BRL |
| A63VR60 | 152-0166-00 |  | DIODE,ZENER:,36.2V,5\%,0.4W;1N5995B | 04713 | 1N5995BRL |


| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A64 | 154-0905-01 |  | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT (TAS475 ONLY) | 80009 | 154090501 |
| A64 | 154--0972-00 |  | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT (TAS485 ONLY) | 80009 | 154097200 |


| Component Number | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont |  | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | CHASSIS PARTS |  |  |
| B90 | 119-1770-04 |  | FAN,DC:TUBEAXIAL;12V,1.72W,35CFM,W/CONN | S4246 | CUDC12D4 |
| DL68 | 119-5023-00 |  | DELAY LINE,ELEC:VERTICAL (TAS475 ONLY) | TK2469 | 119-5023-00 |
| DL68 | 119-5034-00 |  | DELAY LINE,ELEC:VERTICAL (TAS485 ONLY) | TK2469 | 119-5034-00 |
| J21 | 174-3005-00 |  | CA ASSY RF:DESCRETE,;SDI/RFD,22 AWG,8.625 L (WITH P66) | 0.J7N9 | ORDER BY DESC |
| P30 | 174-2598-00 |  | CA ASSY,SP:FLAT FLEX,;FLX,16,26 AWG,13.7 L (FRONT PANEL/CPU) | 80009 | 174259800 |
| P50 | 174-2600-00 |  | CA ASSY,SP:RIBBON;,IDC,40,28 AWG,3.5 L,2X20 (CPU/ANALOG) | 80009 | 174260000 |
| P74 | 196-3374-00 |  | LEAD,ELECTRICAL:DESCRETE,;SDI/IDC,2,22 AWG | 0J7N9 | 196-3374-00 |
| P74 | 196-3374-01 |  | (VERTICAL, QTY 2, TAS475 ONLY) | $0 J 7 N 9$ | 196-3374-01 |
| P75 | 196-3375-00 |  | LEAD,ELECTRICAL:DESCRETE,;SDI/IDC,2,22 AWG | 0J7N9 | 196-3375-00 |
| P75 | 196-3375-01 |  | (HORIZ DEFL LEAD, QTY 2, TAS475 ONLY) | $0 J 7 \mathrm{~N} 9$ | 196-3375-01 |
| P75 | 196-3390-00 |  | LEAD,ELECTRICAL:DESCRETE,;SDI/IDC,2,22 AWG | 0J7N9 | 196-3390-00 |
| P75 | 196-3390-01 |  | (HORIZ DEFL LEAD, QTY 2, TAS485 ONLY) | $0 J 7 N 9$ | 196-3390-01 |
| P76 | 198-5790-01 |  | CA ASSY,SP:DESCRETE; ;SDI,9,24 AWG,6.5 L | 0J7N9 | 198-5790-01 |
| P80 | 174-2601-00 |  | CA ASSY,SP:FLAT FLEX,;FLX,2,26 AWG,7.65 L (DC/DD) | 80009 | 174260100 |
| P84 | 174-2284-00 |  | CA ASSY,SP:FLAT FLEX;;FLX,5,26 AWG,8.7 L (DC/FP) | 80009 | 174228400 |

## Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations

This section contains circuit board illustrations, component locator tables, waveform illustrations, and schematic diagrams for this oscilloscope.

## Symbols

Graphic symbols and class designation letters are based on ANSI Standard Y32.2-1975. Abbreviations are based on ANSI Y1.1-1972.

Logic symbology is based on ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and can differ from the manufacturer's data.

The tilde ( $\sim$ ) preceding a signal name indicates that the signal performs its intended function when in the low state.

Other standards used in the preparation of diagrams by Tektronix. Inc are:

- Tektronix Standard 062-2476 Symbols and Practices for Schematic Drafting
- ANSI Y14.159-1971 Interconnection Diagrams
- ANSI Y32.16-1975 Reference Designations for Electronic Equipment
- MIL-HDBK-63038-1A Military Standard Technical Manual Writing Handbook


## Component Values

> Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise: Capacitors: $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Values one or greater are in picofarads (pF). Values less } \\ & \text { than one are in microfarads ( } \mu \mathrm{F}) .\end{aligned}$ Resistors: $\quad$ Values are in Ohms $(\Omega)$.

> Graphic Items and Special Symbols Used in This Manual

Each assembly in the instrument is assigned an assembly identifier (for example, MAIN or A5). The assembly identifier appears on the circuit board outline on the diagram (see Figure 9-1), in the title for the circuit board component location illustration, and in the lookup table for the schematic diagram and corresponding component locator illustration. The Replaceable Electrical Parts list is arranged by assemblies in numerical sequence; the components are listed by component number.


Figure 9-1: Graphic Items and Special Symbols Used in This Manual

## Component Locator Diagrams

The schematic diagram and circuit board component location illustrations have grids. A lookup table is provided for ease of locating a component. The circuit board illustration only appears once; its lookup table lists the diagram number of all diagrams that the circuitry appears on.

Some of the circuit board component location illustrations are expanded and divided into several parts to make it easier for you to locate small components. To determine which part of the whole locator diagram you are looking at, refer to the small locator key positioned at the upper left of each circuit board component locator diagram, as shown in Figure 9-2. The gray block, within the larger circuit board outline, shows where that part fits in the whole locator diagram. Each part in the key is labeled with an identifying letter which appears in the figure titles under component locator diagrams.


Figure 9-2: Circuit Board Component Locator Diagram Keys

# Replaceable Mechanical Parts 


#### Abstract

This section contains a list of the components that are replaceable for the TAS 475 and TAS 485 Analog Oscilloscopes. As described below, use this list to identify and order replacement parts. There is a separate Replaceable Parts List for each instrument.


## Parts Ordering Information

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc., service center or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements. Therefore, when ordering parts, it is important to include the following information in your order:

- Part number
- Instrument type or model number
- Instrument serial number
- Instrument modification number, if applicable

If a part you order has been replaced with a different or improved part, your local Tektronix service center or representative will contact you concerning any change in the part number.

## Using the Replaceable Parts List

The tabular information in the Replaceable Parts List is arranged for quick retrieval. Understanding the structure and features of the list will help you find the all the information you need for ordering replacement parts.

## Item Names

In the Replaceable Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be used where possible.

## Indentation System

This parts list is indented to show the relationship between items. The following example is of the indentation system used in the Description column:
$\begin{array}{llllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & \text { Name \& Description }\end{array}$Assembly and/or ComponentAttaching parts for Assembly and/or Component(END ATTACHING PARTS)
Detail Part of Assembly and/or ComponentAttaching parts for Detail Part(END ATTACHING PARTS)
Parts of Detail Part
Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part
(END ATTACHING PARTS)

Attaching parts always appear at the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

## Abbreviations

Abbreviations conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard Y1.1

CROSS INDEX - MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S3109 | FELLER | 72 VERONICA AVE UNIT 4 | SUMMERSET NJ 08873 |
| S4246 | JAPAN SERVO CO LTD | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \text { KANDA } \\ & \text { MITOSHIRO-CHO CHIYODA-KU } \end{aligned}$ | TOKYO JAPAN |
| TK0860 | LABEL GRAPHICS | 6700 SW BRADBURY CT | PORTLAND OR 97224 |
| TK1149 | ALMAN INC | 97 THORNWOOD RD | STAMFORD CT 06903-2617 |
| TK1159 | IMPROVED PRODUCTS | 3400 OLYMPIC STREET | SPRINGFIELD OR 97477 |
| TK1163 | POLYCAST INC | 9898 SW TIGARD ST | TIGARD OR 97223 |
| TK1326 | NORTHWEST FOURSLIDE INC | 18224 SW 100TH CT | TUALATIN OR 97062 |
| TK1908 | PLASTIC MOLDED PRODUCTS | 4336 SO ADAMS | TACOMA WA 98409 |
| TK1918 | SHIN-ETSU POLYMER AMERICA INC | 1181 NORTH 4TH ST | SAN JOSE CA 95112 |
| TK1935 | ACCRA-FAB INC | 11007 NE 37TH CIRCLE | VANCOUVER WA 98682 |
| TK2045 | ITW CHRONOMATIC | 4126 N NASHVILLE AVE | CHIGAGO IL 60634 |
| TK2280 | ESCORT INSTRUMENTS CORP | 2-FL NO 37 POA HSIN RD PO BOX 3-20 MUCHA | TAIPEI TAIWAN ROC 00080 |
| TK2432 | UNION ELECTRIC | 15/F \#1, FU-SHING N. ROAD | TAIPEI, TAIWAN ROC |
| TK2469 | UNITREK CORPORATION | 3000 LEWIS \& CLARK WAY SUITE \#2 | VANCOUVER WA 98601 |
| TK6056 | ASTEK USA | 2880 SAN TOMES EXPRESSWAY SUITE 200 | SANTA CLARA CA 95051 |
| OJR05 | TRIQUEST CORP | 3000 LEWIS AND CLARK HWY | VANCOUVER WA 98661-2999 |
| 0.57 N 9 | MCX INC | 30608 SAN ANTONIO ST | HAYWARD CA 94544 |
| 0J9P9 | GEROME MFG CO INC | PO BOX 737 | NEWBERG OR 97132 |
| OKBZ5 | MORELLIS Q \& D PLASTICS | 1812 16TH AVE | FOREST GROVE OR 97116 |
| OKB00 | SCHRAMM PLASTIC FABRICATIORS | 7885 SW HUNZIKER | TIGARD OR 97223 |
| OKB01 | STAUFFER SUPPLY | 810 SE SHERMAN | PORTLAND OR 97214 |
| 05469 | BEARINGS INC | 3634 EUCLID P O BOX 6925 | CLEVELAND OH 44101 |
| 07416 | NELSON NAME PLATE CO | 3191 CASITAS | LOS ANGELES CA 90039-2410 |
| 13103 | THERMALLOY CO INC | 2021 W VALLEY VIEW LN PO BOX 810839 | DALLAS TX 75381 |
| 24931 | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO INC | 2100 EARLYWOOD DR PO BOX 547 | FRANKLIN IN 46131 |
| 30817 | INSTRUMENT SPECIALTIES CO INC | EXIT 53 RT 80 BOX A | DELAWARE WATER GAP PA 18327 |
| 52152 | MINNESOTA MINING AND MFG CO INDUSTRIAL SPECIALTIES DIV | 3M CENTER | ST PAUL MN 55144-0001 |
| 55335 | JKL COMPONENTS CORP | 13343 PAXTON STREET | PACOIMA CA 91331 |
| 70903 | COOPER BELDEN ELECTRONICS WIRE <br> AND CABLE <br> SUB OF COOPER INDUSTRIES INC |  |  |
| 73743 | FISCHER SPECIAL MFG CO | 111 INDUSTRIAL RD | COLD SPRING KY 41076-9749 |
| 75915 | LITTELFUSE INC SUB TRACOR INC | 800 E NORTHWEST HWY | DES PLAINES IL 60016-3049 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX INC | 14150 SW KARL BRAUN DR PO BOX 500 | BEAVERTON OR 97077-0001 |


| Fig. \& Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10-1-1 | 390-1106-01 |  | 1 | CABINET,OSC:ALUMINUM | TK1935 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -2 | 367-0356-01 |  | 1 | HANDLE,CARRYING:13.855,SST, | 0JR05 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -3 | 212-0144-00 |  | 2 | SCREW,TPG, TF:8-16 X 0.562 L,PLASTI,SPCL HD | $0 \mathrm{KB01}$ | ORDER BY DESC |
| -4 | 348-0659-00 |  | 2 | FOOT,CABINET:BLACK POLYURETHANE | 0JR05 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -5 | -------- |  | 1 | CABINET,OSC:ALUMINUM (NOT REPL, ORDER 390-1106-XX) |  |  |
| -6 | 211-0730-00 |  | 1 | SCR,ASSEM WSHR:6-32 X 0.375,PNH,STL CD PL | $0 \mathrm{KBO1}$ | ORDER BY DESC |
| -7 | 334-8836-00 |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:MKD REAR COVER SUPPLY INFO | 80009 | 334883600 |
| -8 | 159-0277-00 |  | 1 | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:5 X 20MM,3A,250V,5 SEC (STANDARD) | 75915 | 235003 |
|  | -------- |  | 1 | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:METRIC,3.1A,250V,FAST (OPTIONS A1,A2,A3,A4,A5) |  |  |
| -9 | 211-0691-00 |  | 4 | SCREW,MACHINE: $6-32 \times 0.625, \mathrm{PNH}, \mathrm{STL}$ | OKB01 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -10 | 334-8494-00 |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:MKD | 80009 | 334849400 |
| -11 | 200-3971-01 |  | 1 | COVER,REAR:W/FEET AND LABLES | TK1163 | 200-3971-01 |
| -12 | 161-0230-01 |  | 1 | CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3,18 AWG,92 L,SVT,TAN (STANDARD ACCESSORY) | TK2432 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -13 | $343-1213-00$ |  | 1 | CLAMP,PWR CORD:POLYMIDE (STANDARD ACCESSORY) | TK1163 | ORDER BY DESC |



Figure 10-1: Cabinet and Rear

| Fig. \& Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. Effective Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10-2-1 | 200-3232-01 |  | 1 | COVER,FRONT:ASB | TK1908 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -2 | 334-8422-00 |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:MKD INST NOMENCLATURE (TAS 475 ONLY) | 80009 | 334842200 |
|  | 334-8424-00 |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:MKD INST NOMENCLATURE (TAS 485 ONLY) | 80009 | 334842400 |
| -3 | 101-0139-00 |  | 1 | TRIM.DECORATIVE: | 80009 | 101013900 |
| -4 | 378-0199-03 |  | 1 | FILTER,LT,CRT:BLUE, $3.415 \times 4.105 \times 0.030$ THK | OKB00 | 378019903 |
| -5 | 260-2561-00 |  | 1 | SWITCH,PB:BEZEL | 80009 | 260256100 |
| -6 | ------- |  | 1 | FLEX CIRCUIT:BEZEL (SEE A9 REPL) |  |  |
| -7 | ------- |  | 1 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:FRONT PANEL (SEE A4 REPL) |  |  |
| -8 | 260-2538-00 |  | 1 | SWITCH SET:IMPLICT | TK1918 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -9 | 214-1126-01 |  | 2 | SPRING,FLAT:0.7 $\times 0.125, \mathrm{CU}$ BE GOLD CLR | 80009 | 214112601 |
| -10 | 214-0274-00 |  | 2 | BALL,BEARING:0.125 DIA,SST,GRADE 100 | 05469 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -11 | 105-1031-00 |  | 2 | ACTUATOR SW AS:12 POSITION | TK2045 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -12 | 131-5341-00 |  | 1 | CONTACT,ELEC:ESD,CU-BE ALLOY | TK1326 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -13 | 366-2163-00 |  | 16 | PUSH BUTTON:IVORY GRAY,OVAL | 80009 | 366216300 |
| -14 | -------- |  | 1 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:FRONT PANEL MODULE (SEE A62 REPL) | 80009 | 672136200 |
| -15 | 380-0990-00 |  | 1 | HOUSING,FR PNL: | 80009 | 380099000 |
| -16 | 333-3960-00 |  | 1 | PANEL,FRONT:PLASTIC,Q1,Q1/2 | 80009 | 333396000 |
| -17 | 384-1689-01 |  | 6 | SHAFT EXTENDER:ACETAL | 80009 | 384168901 |
| -18 | 366-2111-00 |  | 3 | KNOB:SMALL,FLUTED | TK1163 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -19 | 131-5142-00 |  | 1 | CONTACT,ELEC:PROBE ADJUST | TK1935 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -20 | 366-2113-00 |  | 3 | KNOB:MEDIUM,DETENTED | TK1163 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -21 | 366-2164-00 |  | 10 | PUSH BUTTON:SMOKE TAN | 80009 | 366216400 |



Figure 10-2: Front Panel Assembly

| Fig. \& Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10-3-1 | 337-2926-03 |  | 1 | SHLD, IMPLOSION:4.44 X $3.67 \times 0.06$, CLEAR | TK1159 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -2 | 407-4130-01 |  | 1 | BRACKET,CRT:FRONT | 80009 | 407413001 |
| -3 | 348-1474-00 |  | 1 | GASKET; DUST SEAL | 80009 | 348147400 |
| -4 | 348-0660-00 |  | 4 | CUSHION,CRT:POLYURETHANE | 80009 | 348066000 |
| -5 | ----- |  | 1 | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT (SEE A64 REPL) |  |  |
| -6 | 344-0347-00 |  | 1 | CLIP,ELECTRICAL:ANODE,0.72OD,NYLON | 80009 | 344034700 |
| -7 | 386-4443-00 |  | 1 | SUPPORT,SHIELD:CRT,FRONT,PLASTIC | 80009 | 386444300 |
| -8 | ---- |  | 1 | LEAD,ELECTRICAL:DESCRETE,SDI/IDC,2,22 AWG (SEE P75 REPL) |  |  |
| -9 | ------ |  | 1 | LEAD,ELECTRICAL:DESCRETE,SDI/IDC,2,22 AWG (SEE P74 REPL) |  |  |
| -10 | 334-1951-00 |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:MKD WARNING, CRT VOLTAGES | TK0860 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -11 | 334-1379-00 |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:MKD HI VACUUM | 07416 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -12 | 337-3487-00 |  | 1 | SHIELD,ELEC:CRT,STL (TAS475 ONLY) | 0.J9P9 | 337348700 |
|  | 337-3893-00 |  | 1 | SHIELD,ELEC:CRT,STL (TAS485 ONLY) | OJ9P9 | 337389300 |
| -13 | 426-2426-00 |  | 1 | FRAME,FAN MTG:POLYCARBONATE | TK1163 | 426-2426-00 |
| -14 | ------ |  | 1 | FAN,TUBEAXIAL:12V,1.72W,42 CFM (SEE B90 REPL) |  |  |
| -15 | 200-0616-02 |  | 1 | COVER,CRT SKT:1.78 DIA X 0.2 D,WHITEPOLY | 80009 | 200061602 |
| -16 | ------- |  | 1 | CA ASSY,SP:DESCETE,SDI,9,26 AWG,7.4L (SEE P76 REPL) |  |  |
| -17 | 131-5546-00 |  | 1 | CONN,CONTACT:STATIC | 80009 | 131554600 |
| -18 | 407-4129-00 |  | 1 | BRACKET,REAR:REAR OUT | 80009 | 407412900 |
| -19 | 213-0882-00 |  | 17 | SCREW,TPG,TR: $6-32 \times 0.437$ TAPTITE,PNH,STL | OKB01 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -20 | ----- |  | 1 | POWER SUPPLY:LOW POWER VERSION (SEE A63 REPL) |  |  |
| -21 | 343-0549-00 |  | 1 | STRAP,TIEDOWN,E:0.098W $\times 4.0 \mathrm{~L}$ | TK1499 | HW-047 |
| -22 | ------- |  | 1 | CA ASSY RF:DESCRETE,;SDI/RFD,22 AWG,8.625 L (SEE J21 REPL) |  |  |
| -23 | 407-4196-00 |  | 1 | BRACKET,STD:ALUMINUM | 80009 | 407419600 |
| -24 | 441-1982-00 |  | 1 | CHASSIS ASSY:ALUMINUM | 80009 | 441198200 |
| -25 | 348-0150-00 |  | 1 | GROMMET,PLASTIC:DK GRAY,U-SHAPE, 0.66 ID | OKBZ5 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -26 | 348-1334-00 | B020902 | 1 | SHLD,GSKT ELEK:CLIP ON EMI,0.46 L (TAS475 ONLY) | 30817 | 97-605-09-005W |
|  | 348-1334-00 | B020499 | 1 | SHLD,GSKT ELEK:CLIP ON EMI,0.46 L (TAS485 ONLY) | 30817 | 97-605-09-005W |
| -26 | 384-1370-00 |  | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:4.68 L,MOLDED PLASTIC | OJR05 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -27 | 366-2168-00 |  | 1 | PUSH BUTTON:ON/OFF | 80009 | 366216800 |
| -28 | 351-0914-00 |  | 1 | GUIDE,LIGHT:GRATICULE | 80009 | 351091400 |
| -29 | 384-1689-01 |  | 4 | SHAFT EXTENDER:ACETAL | 80009 | 384168901 |
| -30 | 366-2169-00 |  | 4 | KNOB:THUMBWHEEL | 80009 | 366216900 |



Figure 10-3: Chassis

| Fig. \& Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. <br> Effective Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr. <br> Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10-4-1 | -------- |  | 2 | LAMP,INCAND:14V,0.08A,WEDGE BASE,T1.75 (SEE A2DS1,DS2 REPL) |  |  |
| -2 | 196-3405-00 |  | 1 | LEAD,ELECTRICAL:4.0L,W/AMPRING TERMINAL | 80009 | 196340500 |
| -3 | 210-0457-00 |  | 1 | NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:6.32 X 0.312,STL CD PL | OKB01 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -4 | 334-8543-00 |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:0.500 IN DIA BLANK MYLAR | 80009 | 334854300 |
| -5 | 213-0882-00 |  | 7 | SCREW,TPG, TR: $6-32 \times 0.437$ TAPTITE,PNH,STL | OKBO1 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -6 | -------- |  | 1 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:CPU (SEE A5 REPL) |  |  |
| -7 | ------- |  | 1 | DELAY LINE,ELEC:VERTICAL (SEE DL68 REPL) |  |  |
| -8 | ----- |  | 1 | CA ASSY, SP:FLAT FLEX,FLX,23,26 AWG,6.5L (SEE A3W66 REPL) |  |  |
| -9 | 342-0960-00 |  | 1 | INSULATOR,SHEET:POLYCARBONATE | 80009 | 342096000 |
| -10 | 337-3880-00 |  | 1 | SHIELD,ELEC:PLASTIC,HIGHT VOLTAGE | 80009 | 337388000 |
| -11 | 334-0286-00 |  | 2 | LABEL:MKD ASMZ80 OPT 1C | 80009 | 334028600 |
| -12 | -------- |  | 1 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:DISPLAY DRIVER (SEE A3 REPL) |  |  |
| -13 | 342-0324-00 |  | 2 | INSULATOR,DISK:TRANSISTOR,NYLON | 13103 | 7717-5N |
| -14 | 214-2593-00 |  | 2 | HEAT SINK,XSTR:TO-5,AL | 13103 | 2257B |
| -15 | 337-3904-00 |  | 1 | SHIELD,ELEC:CIRCUIT BOARD,TSA465 | TK1326 | 337-3904-00 |
| -16 | 386-0048-00 |  | 2 | SUPPORT,CHASSIS:BRASS W/NICKLE PLATING | 80009 | 386004800 |
| -17 | 407-4131-00 |  | 1 | BRACKET,ATTEN:BNC,BRASS | 80009 | 407413100 |
| -18 | 337-3713-01 |  | 1 | SHIELD,ELEC:ATTENUATOR | TK1935 | 337-3713-01 |
| -19 | ------- |  | 4 | CONN,RF JACK:BNC, 50 OHM,FEMALE,STR (SEE A1J10,11,20,21 REPL) |  |  |
| -20 | 210-1039-00 |  | 4 | WASHER,LOCK:0.521 ID,INT,0.025 THK,SST (QTY3, TAS475) (QTY 4, TAS485) | OKB01 | 1224-02-00-0541 |
| -21 | 220-0497-00 |  | 4 | NUT,PLAIN,HEX:0.5-28 X 0.562 HEX,BRS CD PL (QTY3, TAS475) (QTY 4, TAS485) | 73743 | ORDER BY DESC |
| -22 | ------- |  | 1 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:ANALOG (SEE A1 REPL) |  |  |
| -23 | 343-0775-00 |  | 1 | CABLE,CLAMP:RIBBON,1.0 X 1.0.GRAY POLY (TAS475 ONLY) | 52152 | 3484-1000 |
|  | 343-0775-00 |  | 1 | CABLE,CLAMP:RIBBON,1.0 X 1.0.GRAY POLY (TAS485 ONLY) | 52152 | 3484-1000 |
| -24 | ----- |  | 1 | CA ASSY,SP:FLAT FLEX;;FLX,16,26 AWG,13.7 L (SEE P30 REPL) |  |  |
| -25 | ------- |  | 1 | CA ASSY,SP:RIBBON;;IDC,40,28 AWG,3.5 L,2X2 (SEE P50 REPL) |  |  |
| -26 | ------- |  | 1 | CA ASSY,SP:FLAT FLEX,;FLX,2,26 AWG,7.65 L (SEE P80 REPL) |  |  |
| -27 | ------- |  | 1 | CA ASSY,SP:FLAT FLEX;;FLX,5,26 AWG,8.7 L (SEE P84 REPL) |  |  |
| -28 | -------- |  | 1 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:DISPLAY CONTROL (SEE A2 REPL) |  |  |



Figure 10-4: Circuit Boards

Fig. \&

| Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial No. Effective Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | STANDARD ACCESSORIES |  |  |
| 10-5-1 | 161-0104-05 |  | 1 | CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3,18 AWG,240V,98.0 L (OPTION A3-AUSTRALIAN) | S3109 | SAA/3-OD3CCFC3X |
| 5-2 | 161-0104-06 |  | 1 | CABLE ASSY,PWR,: $3 \times 0.75 \mathrm{MM}$ SQ,220V,98.0 L (OPTION A1-EUROPEAN) | S3109 | VIIGSOPO-HO5VVF |
| 5-3 | 161-0104-07 |  | 1 | CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3,1.0MM SQ,240 VOLT,2.5 M (OPTION A2-UNITED KINGDOM) | S3109 | ORDER BY DESC |
| 5-4 | 161-0104-08 |  | 1 | CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3,18 AWG,98 L,SVT,GREY/BLK (OPTION A4-NORTH AMERICAN) | 70903 | ORDER BY DESC |
| 5-5 | 161-0167-00 |  | 1 | CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3.0 X 0.75,6A,240V,2.5M L (OPTION A5-SWITZERLAND) | S3109 | ORDER BY DESC |
|  | -------- |  | 1 | CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3,18 AWG,92 L,SVT,TAN (STANDARD, SEE FIGURE 10-1-15) |  |  |
|  | ------- |  | 1 | ACCESSORY PKG:(2)P6109B 2M PROBES W/ACC |  |  |
|  | 070-8720-XX |  | 1 | MANUAL,TECH:TAS475,TAS485 REF | 80009 | 0708522XX |
|  | 070-8688-XX |  | 1 | MANUAL, TECH:INSTRUCTION,MODULE LEVEL | 80009 | 0708688XX |
|  | 070-8690-XX |  | 1 | MANUAL,TECH:USER,XYZS OF OSCILLOSCOPE | 80009 | 0708690XX |
|  | -------- |  | 1 | FUSE,CARTRIDGE: $5 \times 20 \mathrm{MM}, 3 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{SEC}$ (SEE FIGURE 10-1-9) |  |  |
|  | -------- |  | 1 | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:METRIC,1.5A,250V,FAST (OPTIONS A1, A2, A3, A4, A5) (SEE FIG. 10-1-10) |  |  |
|  | -------- |  | 1 | CLAMP,PWR CORD:POLYMIDE <br> (SEE FIGURE 10-1-16) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES |  |  |
|  | 003-1472-00 |  | 1 | HAND TOOL:CLAMP,DETENT SPRING | 80009 | 003147200 |
|  | 003-1473-00 |  | 1 | HAND TOOL:SPRING INSERTION | 80009 | 003147300 |
|  | 070-8878-XX |  | 1 | MANUAL,TECH:SERVICE,COMPONENT LEVEL | 80009 | 0708878XX |
|  | 016-1154-00 |  | 1 | HOOD ASSEMBLY:2KDSO | 80009 | 016115400 |
|  | 016-1166-00 |  | 1 | RACK MOUNT KIT:TAS SERIES | 80009 | 016116600 |



Figure 10-5: Accessories

