CATHODE-RAY TUBE
TYPE 5ABP-A

The Du Mont Type 5ABP-A is similar to Type 5ABP- except for tightened tolerances on angle between traces, pattern distortion, deflection factor uniformity, and spot centering. Other features of the $5 A B P-A$ are reduced deflection defocusing and greater light output at a lower screen voltage. An aluminized screen is used, specially designed to give greater light output at voltages as low as 2,500 volts.

## GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

## Electrical Data

Focusing Method
Deflectlon Method
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, Approximate
Cathode to all other electrodes
Grid No. 1 to all other electrodes
D1 to D2
D3 to D4
D1 to all other electrodes
D2 to all other electrodes
D3 to all other electrodes
D4 to all other electrodes

| Phosphor Number | 1 | 4 | 7 | 11 | 31 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fluorescence | Green | White | Blue | Blue | Green |
| Phosphorescence | $-\cdots-$ | Medium | Short-to- <br> mersistence | Yellow | Long |

Faceplate
Flat, clear
$\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$
$8 \quad \mu \mathrm{~F}$
$2.5 \quad \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$
$1.3 \quad \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$
$9 \quad \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$
$9 \quad \mu \mathrm{H}$
$5 \quad \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$
$6 \quad \mu \mu f$

## Optical Data

Mechanical Data

| Overall Length | $163 / 4 \pm 3 / 16$ | Inches |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Greatest Dlameter of Bulb | $5 \mathrm{l} / 4 \pm 3 / 32$ | Inches |
| Minlmum Useful Screen Dlameter | $4 \mathrm{l} / 2$ | Inches |
| Bulb Contact |  |  |
| Base | $\mathrm{J} 1-22$ |  |
| Basing | $\mathrm{B} 12-37$ |  |
|  | 14 J |  |

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## GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS (Mechanlcal Data) (Continued)

## Base Allgnment:

D1D2 trace aligns with Pin No. 5 and Tube Axis $\pm 10 \quad$ Degrees
Positive voltage on D1 deflects beam approxImately toward Pin No. 5 Positive voltage on D3 deflects beam approximately toward Pin No. 2
Angle between D3D4 and D1D2 traces
$90 \pm .8$
Degrees
Bulb Contact Alignment:
J1-22 cap aligns with DID2 trace $\quad \pm 10$
Degrees
Jl-22 cap on same side as Pin No. 5
Weight 2 1/4 Pounds Approx.

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Design Maximum Values)
Heater Voltage
Heater Current at 6.3 Volt
$6.3 \quad$ Volts
Heater Current at 6.3 Volts
$0.6 \pm 10 \%$
Ampere
Post Accel erator Voltage 6,600
Max. Volts DC
Accelerator Voltage
2,860
Accelerator Input
6
Ratio Post Accelerator Voltage to Accelerator Voltage
2.3

Focusing Voltage
1, 100
Max. Volts DC
Max. Watts
Max.
Max. Volts DC
Grid No. I Voltage
Negative Blas Value 200
Positive Bias Value 0
Positive Peak Value 2
Max. Volts DC
Max. Volts DC
Max. Volts
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage
Heater negative with respect to cathode 180
Heater positive with respect to cathode
180
Peak Voltage between Accelerator and any
Deflection Electrode
Max. Volts

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## TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Post Accelerator Voltage | 3,000 | Volts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accelerator Voltage | 1,500 | Volts |
| Focusing Voltage | 300 to 515 | Volts |
| Grid No. 1 Voltage ${ }^{1}$ | -39 to -65 | Volts |
| Modulation ${ }^{2}$ | 45 | Volts Max. |
| Line WIdth "A" 2 | . 030 | Inch Max. |
| P1 Light Output ${ }^{2}$ | 22 | Fi. L. Min. |
| Deflection Factors: |  |  |
| D1D2 | 40 to 54 | Volts DC/Inch |
| D3D4 | 27 to 36 | Volts DC/Inch |
| Deflection Factor Uniformity ${ }^{3}$ | 1.5\% | Max. |
| Useful Scan ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| DID2 | Full Scan |  |
| D3D4 | 4 | Inches * |
| Pattern Distortion at $100 \%$ of Useful Scan ${ }^{5}$ | 1.5\% | Max. |
| Spot Position (Undeflected) ${ }^{6}$ | Within a 5 | inch radius circ |

## CIRCUIT DESIGN VALUES

| Focusing Voltage <br> Focusing Current for any operating condition <br> Grid No. 1 Voltage ${ }^{1}$ <br> Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance | 200 to $345 \mathrm{Voits} / \mathrm{KV}$ of Accel erator Voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | -15 to $+10 \quad$ Microamperes |
|  | 26 to $43.5 \mathrm{Volts} / \mathrm{KV}$ of Accelerator Voltage |
|  | 1.5 Max. Megohms |
| Deflection Factors: |  |
| Post Accelerator Voltage $=$ Accelerator Voltage |  |
| D1 and D2 21.5 to | Voits DC/Inch/KV of Accelerator Voitage |
| D3 and D4 14.5 to | Volts DC/Inch/KV of Accelerator Voltage |
| Resistance in any Deflecting-Electrode Circuit ${ }^{7}$ | 5 Max. Megohms |

* $\pm 2$ Inches minimum from tube face center

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## NOTES

1. VIsual extinctlon of undeflected, focused spot.
2. Measured in accordance with MIL-E-I specifications.
3. The deflection factor (for both DID2 and D3D4 plate pairs, separately) for any deflection of less than $90 \%$ of the useful scan will not differ from the deflection factor for a deflection at $30 \%$ of the useful scan by more than the indicated value.
4. Reduction In useful scan when post accelerator voltage is greater than accelerator voltage, is determined by the ratio of these voltages measured with respect to cathode. Values shown are therefore applicable to any operating condition with the same voltage ratios.
5. All portlons of a raster pattern, adjusted so lts widest points just touch the sides of a 4.000 - inch square, will fall within the area bounded by the 4.000 -inch square and an Inscribed 3.880-inch square, except at the corners where the geometry of the tube makes this impossible.
6. With Ecl adjusted to avold damage to the screen, with each deflecting electrode connected to the accelerator, and with the tube shielded against external influences, the spot will fall within a $5 / 16$-inch radius circle, concentric with the tube face.
7. It is recommended that the deflecting-electrode circuit resistances be approximately equal.


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