## Teltronix

## 5B12N DUAL TIME BASE

INSTRUETITN MANUAL

PLEASE CHECK FOR CHANGE INFORMATION AT THE REAR OF THIS MANUAL.

## 5B12N <br> DUAL TIME BASE

## INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Tektronix, Inc.
P.O. Box 500

Beaverton, Oregon 97077

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## INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBERS

Each instrument has a serial number on a pañel insert, tag, or stamped on the chassis. The first number or letter designates the country of manufacture. The last five digits of the serial number are assigned sequentially and are unique to each instrument. Those manufactured in the United States have six unique digits. The country of manufacture is identified as follows:

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WARNING
The remaining portion of this Table of Contents lists the servicing instructions. These servicing instructions are for use by qualified personnel only. To avoid electrical shock, do not perform any servicing other than that called out in the operating instructions unless qualified to do so.

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# OPERATORS SAFETY SUMMARY 

The general safety information in this part of the summary is for both operating and servicing personnel. Specific warnings and cautions will be found throughout the manual where they apply, but may not appear in this summary.

## Terms In This Manual

CAUTION statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to the equipment or other property.

WARNING statements identify conditions or practices that could result in personal injury or loss of life.

## Terms As Marked on Equipment

CAUTION indicates a personal injury hazard not immediately accessible as one reads the marking, or a hazard to property including the equipment itself.

DANGER indicates a personal injury hazard immediately accessible as one reads the marking.

## Symbols In This Manual



This symbol indicates where applicable cautionary or other information is to be found.

## Symbols As Marked on Equipment



DANGER - High voltage.
Protective ground (earth) terminal.
ATTENTION - refer to manual.

## Power Source

This product is intended to operate from a power source that will not apply more than 250 volts rms between the supply conductors or between either supply conductor and ground. A protective ground connection by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord is essential for safe operation.

## Grounding the Product

This product is grounded through the grounding conductor of the power cord. To avoid electrical shock, plug the power cord into a properly wired receptacle before connecting to the product input or output terminals. A protective ground connection by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord is essential for safe operalion.

## Danger Arising From Loss of Ground

Upon loss of the protective-ground connection, all accessible conductive parts (including knobs and controls that may appear to be insulating) can render an electric shock.

## Use the Proper Fuse

To avoid fire hazard, use only the fuse of correct type, voltage rating and current rating as specified in the parts list for your product.

Refer fuse replacement to qualified service personnel.

## Do Not Operate in Explosive Atmospheres

To avoid explosion, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere unless it has been specifically certified for such operation.

## Do Not Operate Without Covers

To avoid personal injury, do not operate this product without covers or panels installed. Do not apply power to the plug-in via a plug-in extender.

# SERVICE SAFETY SUMMARY <br> for qualified service personnel only 

Refer also to the preceding Operators Safety Summary.

## Do Not Service Alone

Do not perform internal service or adjustment of this product unless another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

## Use Care When Servicing With Power On

Dangerous voltages exist at several points in this product. To avoid personal injury, do not touch exposed connections and components while power is on.

Disconnect power before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

## Power Source

This product is intended to operate from a power source that will not apply more than 250 volts rms between the supply conductors or between either supply conductor and ground. A protective ground connection by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord is essential for safe operation.


# SECTION 1 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS 

## Instrument Description

The 5B12N Dual Time Base is a dual-sweep plug-in for use with Tektronix 5100-Series Oscilloscopes. The plug-in features two time-base generators, and is capable of producing two independent sweeps or a delayed sweep. The A Sweep time base provides normal sweep rates from 1 microsecond/division to 5 seconds/division; a 10 times magnifier extends the displayed sweep time/division to 100 nanoseconds. The B Sweep provides sweep rates from 0.2 microsecond/division to 0.5 second/division. The plug-in also accepts external signals to be displayed in lieu of the $A$ Sweep. An illuminated knob skirt provides direct readout of the sweep rates and deflection factors.

## CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS

This is a brief description of the function or operation of the front-panel controls and connectors. More detailed information is given under General Information.

DISPLAY

MODE

Applies logic levels to the oscilloscope system to select Chop (button pushed in) or Alternate (button out) time-shared switching between vertical plug-ins and amplifier channels.

A: Selects A Time Base as the oscilloscope time base. B Time Base is locked out.

B: Selects B Time Base as the oscilloscope time base. A Time Base is locked out.

DUAL SWEEP (both the A and B buttons pushed in): Selects timeshared switching between the $A$ and $B$ time bases. If both vertical plug-ins are active, the A Time Base is slaved to the left vertical plug-in and the B Time Base is slaved to the right vertical plugin.

A INTEN-B DLY'D (this button is dependent upon the $A$ and $B$ buttons): Button in permits display of the A Time Base, with
the B Time Base operating concurrently and appearing as an intensified segment (the $A$ button must be pressed in), or it permits display of the $B$ Time Base, starting after a delay time established by the setting of the A SECONDS/DIV switch and the DELAY TIME MULT dial (the $B$ button must be pressed in), or display is presented with the A sweep being intensified and the $B$ sweep being delayed (both the A and B buttons must be pressed in).

B TRIG AFTER DELAY: Permits the B Time Base to be triggered after a delay time established by the setting of the A SECONDS/ DIV switch and the DELAY TIME MULT dial.

AUTO TRIG: If triggering signal is absent or occurs at a rate less than 15 hertz, the sweep generators revert to a free-running mode (bright baseline). Button out selects Normal Triggered Mode. Displayed time base depends on DISPLAY MODE selected.

A SINGL SWP: Button in selects the Single Sweep Mode, allowing the A Time Base to be triggered only once until manually reset. Button out permits repetitive $A$ sweep.

A RESET: Resets sweep circuits to accept next trigger when in the Single Sweep Mode.

READY INDICATOR Indicates when the A sweep circuit is triggerable in Single Sweep Mode.

DELAY TIME MULT Provides variable B-sweep delay between 0.20 and 10.20 times the delay time indicated by the $A$


## GENERAL INFORMATION

## Preparation

The $5 B 12 \mathrm{~N}$ is calibrated and ready for use as it is received. It can be installed in any compartment of the 5100-Series Oscilloscope, but it is intended for principal use in the horizontal (right) compartment. If the instrument is used in one of the vertical compartments (for example, to provide a vertical sweep), there is no retrace blanking; however, if used in the right vertical (center) compartment, internal triggering is provided.

To install, align the upper and lower rails of the 5B12N with the oscilloscope plug-in tracks and fully insert it (the plug-in panel must be flush with the oscilloscope panel). To remove, pull the release latch to disengage the 5 B12N from the oscilloscope. Even though the horizontal gain of the oscilloscope is standardized to eliminate adjustment when inserting plug-in units, the sweep calibration of the 5B12N should be checked to verify measurement accuracy.

## Triggering Source ( $A$ and $B$ )

LEFT, RIGHT, or COMPOSITE. The LEFT and RIGHT buttons of the $A$ and $B$ TRIGGERING SOURCE switches permit selection of the triggering signal from either vertical plug-in unit. In addition, the A TRIGGERING SOURCE permits selection of the triggering signal from the signal being displayed (both LEFT and RIGHT buttons pushed in). This internal triggering normally provides the most convenient operation, because the sweep can be started at a selected point on a displayed signal.

## NOTE

> If the composite trigger mode is selected when this unit is installed in a 5400 -series oscilloscope, the unit will trigger off the left vertical plug-in only.

When the 5 B 12 N is operated in a dual-sweep mode in which both vertical plug-ins are active (Display On), the signal from the left vertical unit is displayed with the A Time Base and the signal from the right vertical unit is displayed with the B Time Base. For stable internal triggering with non-related signals, select LEFT as the A Triggering Source and RIGHT as the B Triggering Source.

LINE. When the LINE button of either switch is pressed, a sample of the power-line frequency is connected to the corresponding Trigger Preamplifier circuit. Line triggering is useful when the input signal is time-related to the line frequency. It is also useful for providing a stable display of a line-frequency component in a complex waveform.

EXT (A Sweep Only). An external signal connected to the A EXT INPUT connector can be used to trigger the A Sweep when the EXT button is pressed. The external signal must be time-related to the displayed signal to produce a stable display. An external triggering signal can be used to provide a triggered display when the internal signal is too
low in amplitude for correct triggering, or contains components on which it is not desired to trigger. It is also useful when signal tracing in amplifiers, phase-shift networks, wave-shaping networks, etc. The signal from a single point in the circuit can be connected to the A EXT INPUT connector through a signal probe or cable. The A Sweep is then triggered by the same signal at all times, allowing examination of amplitude, time relationship, or wave-shape changes of signals at various points in the circuit without resetting the triggering controls.

## Triggering Coupling (A and B)

Two methods of coupling the triggering signal to the $A$ and B Trigger Preamplifier circuits can be selected. When the Coupling button is pushed in, AC coupling is selected, and when the button is out, DC coupling is selected.

The AC coupling capacitor blocks the DC component of the triggering signal. Low-frequency components below about 50 hertz are attenuated. In general, AC coupling can be used for most applications. However, if the triggering signal contains unwanted components, or if the sweep is to be triggered at a low repetition rate or a DC level, DC coupling should be used.

## Trigger Slope (A and B)

The SLOPE switches determine whether a sweep is initiated on the positive-going or negative-going portion of the triggering signal. When the button is pushed in ${ }^{+}$position), the display starts with the positive-going portion of the waveform; when the button is out (- position), the display starts with the negative-going portion of the waveform. When several cycles of a signal appear in the display, the setting of the SLOPE switch is often unimportant. However, if only a certain portion of a cycle is to be displayed, correct setting of the SLOPE switch is required to provide a display which starts on the desired slope of the input signal.

## NOTE

When this plug-in is used in a Tektronix 5400-series oscilloscope the leading edge of the display will not be observed when using sweep rates faster than $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.

## Triggering Level ( $A$ and $B$ )

The TRIGGERING LEVEL controls determine the voltage level of the triggering signals at which the sweep circuits are triggered. The + and - regions on the panel adjacent to the knobs correspond to the more positive and more negative points on the triggering signal, or to the relative screen position when using an internal trigger source and DC coupling.

To set either LEVEL control, first select the corresponding TRIGGERING SOURCE, COUPLING, and SLOPE. Then set the LEVEL control fully counterclockwise and rotate it clockwise until the display starts at the desired point.

## Sweep Mode-Independent A or B Sweep Operation

General. The A and B buttons of the MODE switch are self-cancelling, and permit independent operation of either the $A$ or $B$ sweep. Both buttons can be pushed in together, permitting dual-sweep operation; this will be discussed later under Sweep Mode-Dual-Sweep and Delayed-Sweep Operation.

Normal Triggered Mode. The Normal Triggered Mode (AUTO TRIG button out) provides a repetitive triggered display on either time base only when the corresponding LEVEL control is correctly set and an adequate triggering signal applied. Otherwise, the sweep-generating circuits remain off and there is no display.

Auto Mode and Bright Baseline. Operation in this mode (AUTO TRIG button pushed in) provides a repetitive, triggered display when the triggering signal is occurring at a rate of 15 hertz or more and the LEVEL control is correctly set. When the trigger-repetition rate is less than about 15 hertz, or in the absence of an adequate triggering signal, the selected sweep generator free runs at the sweep rate selected by the SECONDS/DIV switch to produce a reference trace. When an adequate triggering signal is again applied, the free-running condition ends and the sweep generator is triggered to produce a stable display.

Single Sweep Mode (A Time Base). When the A SINGL SWP button is pushed in, operation of the A sweep generator circuits is similar to the normal modes, except that only one sweep can be produced until the sweep is manually reset. This mode can be used to photograph a non-repetitive signal. Also, when the signal to be displayed is not repetitive, or varies in amplitude, shape, or time, use of the Single Sweep Mode eliminates the possibility of an unstable presentation.

To use the Single Sweep Mode, first make sure the $A$ Time Base triggering circuits will respond to the event to be displayed. Set the A SINGL SWP button for repetitive sweep (button out) and obtain the best possible triggered display in the normal manner (for random signals, set the $A$ LEVEL control so that the triggering circuit will respond to a signal which is about the same amplitude as the random signal). Then push in the A SINGL SWP button and press the RESET button to arm the sweep. This condition is indicated by the READY lamp, which lights when the A sweep generator is ready to accept a trigger. The next trigger pulse initiates the sweep, and a single trace will be presented on the screen. The READY light goes out immediately upon receipt of the sweep-initiating trigger. After the single sweep is completed, the sweep generator is 'locked out" until again reset. To prepare the circuit for another single-sweep display, press the RESET button again.

Selecting Sweep Rate. The A SECONDS/DIV switch (dark gray knob) provides 21 calibrated A Time Base sweep rates ranging from one microsecond per division to five seconds per division, and the B SECONDS/DIV switch (light gray knob) provides 20 calibrated B Time Base sweep rates ranging from 0.2 microsecond per division to 0.5 second per division. The Variable control (red knob) is associated with the A Time Base. It provides continuously variable sweep rates between the settings of the $A$ SECONDS/DIV switch, and extends the sweep rate range to about 12.5 seconds per division. The knob skirts of the $A$ and $B$ switches are back-lighted to provide a direct readout of both sweep rates.

Sweep Magnification (A Time Base). The sweep magnifier expands the $A$ sweep ten times. The center one division of the unmagnified display is the portion visible on the screen when magnified. Equivalent length of the magnified sweep is about 100 divisions; any 10 -division portion may be viewed by adjusting the A POSITION control to bring the desired portion into the viewing area.

To use sweep magnification, first move the portion of the display which is to be expanded to the center of the graticule. Then press the A SWP MAG button. The knobskirt readout changes by a factor of ten to provide a direct readout of the magnified sweep rate.

Sweep Calibration Check. The vertical and horizontal deflection systems of the 5100 -series oscilloscopes are gainstandardized to permit a plug-in to be moved from one oscilloscope to another (or from one compartment to another within the oscilloscope) without the need to recheck the calibration each time. However, the sweep timing of both time bases can be checked and, if necessary, adjusted.

## Sweep Mode-Dual-Sweep and Delayed Sweep Operation

General. In addition to the independent $A$ or $B$ sweep operation discussed previously, the MODE switch permits simultaneous operation of both the $A$ and $B$ sweeps where both are viewed simultaneously (dual sweep), or where only one is viewed, but is dependent upon the other ( $A$ sweep intensified by the B sweep, B sweep delayed, etc.).

Dual Sweep. Dual-sweep operation is attained by pushing in both the $A$ and $B$ buttons of the mode switch. In this mode, the A sweep and the B sweep displays are viewed
simultaneously. A built-in trace separation feature automatically deflects the A sweep downward about two divisions when the dual-sweep mode is selected, which separates a single-trace baseline. The front-panel INTEN BAL control is provided to balance the intensity levels of the $A$ and $B$ sweeps for best viewing or photography.

In dual sweep operation, the sweep displays are viewed on a time-shared basis established by the electronic switching circuit in the oscilloscope mainframe. Of the four available time slots provided by the mainframe, two are allocated to the $A$ Time Base and two are allocated to the $B$ Time Base in an A-A-B-B, etc., sequence. This allows a signal to be displayed at two different sweep rates, or two signals to be displayed at independent sweep rates. The vertical switching sequence is discussed in the 5100 series Oscilloscope System manual. Either the Alternate or Chop display modes can be used. In general, the Alternate mode is most useful at the faster sweep rates, and the Chop mode is most useful at the slower sweep rates or when the two sweep rates are significantly different.

In addition to independent dual-sweep operation, this mode can also be used for simultaneous display of dependent sweeps (delaying and delayed sweeps).

Delayed Sweep. When the A INTEN-B DLY'D button of the MODE switch is pushed in, a delayed sweep mode is established. This button is used in conjunction with the $A$ and $B$ buttons as described previously to display the desired time base. In the delayed sweep mode, the B Time Base provides the delayed sweep, which starts after a time interval provided by the A Time Base (delaying sweep). The sweep rate of the delayed sweep $(B)$ is determined by the $B$ SECONDS/DIV switch setting. The delay time is the interval between the start of the A sweep and the start of the B sweep. It is determined by the A SECONDS/DIV switch setting and the DELAY TIME MULT dial setting.

## NOTE

The delay time is not absolute, due to the inherent delay of up to 500 nanoseconds in the start of the delayed sweep.

A displayed A sweep appears with a portion of the trace intensified when the A INTEN-B DLY'D button is pushed in. The intensified zone (produced by the $B$ sweep) is the portion of the A sweep that will be displayed by the B sweep. Refer to Fig. 1-1. The length of the intensified portion is about 10 times the setting of the B SECONDS/DIV switch; thus, it can be lengthened or shortened by changing the B sweep rate. In most cases, the B sweep should be operated at a faster rate than the $A$ sweep in the delayed sweep mode to avoid illogical displays.

The delayed sweep mode permits the differential delay time between two displayed events to be accurately
measured. Points for differential time measurement are selectable over the 10 -division length of the $A$ sweep, by turning the DELAY TIME MULT dial to position the intensified zone to the points. The points are displayed by the B sweep, allowing the reference to be precisely established. The DELAY TIME MULT dial provides readings that correspond to the distance from the start of the A sweep to the selected point (for example, a dial reading of 2.95 indicates 2.95 graticule divisions). The difference between any two dial readings, multiplied by the A SECONDS/DIV switch setting, is the differential delay time.

When the B TRIG AFTER DLY button is pushed in, the delayed sweep mode is modified to permit a triggered $B$ sweep which is delayed for a selected time (see Fig. 2-1B). Instead of starting exactly at the point selected by the DELAY TIME MULT dial, the B sweep starts later when a trigger pulse is received. The B TRIGGER SOURCE, LEVEL, and SLOPE controls operate as described in this section under Independent Sweep Operation. The B Triggerable After Delay mode is similar to the A Single Sweep mode, in that the B sweep is "armed" after the delay time, but must be triggered independently.

## Amplifier Mode

In some applications, it is desirable to display one signal versus another ( $X-Y$ ) rather than against time ( $Y-T$ ). The Amplifier Mode provides a means for applying an external signal to the horizontal amplifier for this type of display.

When the A SECONDS/DIV or VOLTS/DIV switch is rotated counterclockwise into the VOLTS/DIV portion of the switch, the internal and line triggering inputs are grounded and the A sweep generator circuit is disabled (including the CRT blanking gate). The external signal is routed through the amplifier portions of the circuitry and made available to the oscilloscope deflection system.

The external signals may be capacitive coupled (AC) or direct coupled (DC) by using the A Coupling pushbutton; however, the remainder of the A TRIGGERING switches and controls located within the dark green area on the front panel are disabled. Two calibrated deflection factors are provided; 50 millivolts per division and 0.5 volt per division. The Variable control provides a continuously variable 1X to 10X attenuation of the input signal. All of the B Time Base triggering and sweep circuits remain fully operable, permitting simultaneous $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}$ and Y -T displays (Chop mode must be used for this type of display).

## Operating Instructions-5B12N



Fig. 1-1. Comparison of the delayed-sweep modes. In each display, the $B$ sweep is delayed a selected amount of time by the $A$ sweep.

## APPLICATIONS

## General

The following information describes procedures and techniques for making basic delayed-sweep measurements and for other specific 5 B12N applications. These applications are not described in detail, since each application must be adapted to the requirements of the individual measurement. Refer to the 5100-Series Oscilloscope System manual for basic oscilloscope applications and reference sources.

## NOTE

The following procedures make use of the dual-sweep feature of the 5B12N to allow simultaneous viewing of the delaying and delayed sweeps. For clarity, the illustrations show each display separately.

## Delayed Sweep Time Measurement

The delayed sweep mode can be used to make accurate time measurements. The following measurement determines
the time difference between two pulses displayed on the same trace. This application may also be used to measure time difference from two sources or to measure time duration of a single pulse.

1. Apply a signal to the input connectors of both vertical plug-in units. Push in both the $A$ and $B$ buttons of the MODE switch to establish a dual-sweep display. Set the Volts/Div switches to produce displays about two divisions in amplitude.
2. If possible, set the A SECONDS/DIV switch to a calibrated sweep rate which displays several divisions between the pulses. Adjust the A Triggering controls for a stable display. Use the Chop display mode at slower sweep rates to eliminate the blinking effect caused by sweep alternation.
3. Push in the A INTEN-B DLY'D button and set the B SECONDS/DIV switch to a setting $1 / 100$ th of the $A$ SECONDS/DIV sweep rate. This produces an intensified portion about 0.1 division in length.
4. Turn the DELAY TIME MULT dial to move the intensified zone on the A sweep to the rising portion of the first pulse. Continue to adjust the DELAY TIME MULT dial to move the rising portion of the $B$ sweep display (delayed sweep) to some vertical reference line. Note the setting of the DELAY TIME MULT dial.
5. Turn the DELAY TIME MULT dial clockwise until the second pulse on the delayed sweep is positioned to this same point. Again note the dial setting.
6. Subtract the first dial setting from the second and multiply the results by the A SECONDS/DIV switch setting. This is the time interval between the pulses.

Example: Assume the first dial setting is 1.31 and the second dial setting is 8.81 with the A SECONDS/DIV switch set to 0.2 ms (see Fig. 1-2). From the formula given in step 6:

Time Difference
(delayed sweep)
$(8.81-1.31) \times 0.2 \mathrm{~ms}=1.5$ milliseconds
The time difference is 1.5 milliseconds.

## Sweep Magnification Using the Delayed Sweep

The delayed sweep feature of the 5B12N can be used to provide higher apparent sweep magnification than is pro-
the A Triggering controls for a stable display. Use the Chop display mode at slower sweep rates to eliminate the blinking effect caused by sweep alternation.
3. Push in the A INTEN-B DLY'D button and position the start of the intensified zone with the DELAY TIME MULT dial to the part of the display to be magnified.
4. Set the B SECONDS/DIV switch to a setting which intensifies the full portion of the $A$ sweep to be magnified. The start of the intensified zone remains as positioned above.
5. The magnified portion of the A sweep is displayed on the B sweep. Accurate time measurements can be made from the display in the conventional manner. Sweep rate of the magnified portion is determined by the setting of the $B$ SECONDS/DIV switch.

Example: The apparent magnification of the display shown in Fig. $1-3$ with an A SECONDS/DIV switch setting of .1 ms and a B SECONDS/DIV switch setting of $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ is:
$\underset{\text { Magnification }}{\text { Apparent }}=$

$$
\frac{\text { A SECONDS/DIV setting }}{\text { B SECONDS/DIV setting }}=\frac{1 \times 1 \sigma^{-4}}{1 \times 1 \sigma^{6}}=100
$$

The apparent magnification is 100 times.

Sweep Magnification Using Triggered Delayed Sweep. The delayed sweep magnification method just described may produce too much jitter at high apparent magnification ranges. The B TRIG AFTER DLY mode provides a more stable display, because the delayed display is triggered at the same point each time.

1. Establish the display as given in steps 1 through 4 above.
2. Push in the B TRIG AFTER DLY button and adjust the B TRIGGERING LEVEL control so the intensified zone on the trace is stable.
3. Measurement and magnification are as described above.

(A) A sweep display.

(B) Delayed sweep display.

Fig. 1-3. Using the delayed sweep for sweep magnification.

## Displaying Complex Signals Using Delayed Sweep

Complex signals often consist of a number of individual events of differing amplitudes. Since the trigger circuits are sensitive to changes in signal amplitude, a stable display can normally be obtained only when the sweep is triggered by the event(s) having the greatest amplitude. However, this may not produce the desired display of a lower-amplitude portion which follows the triggering event. The delayed sweep feature provides a means of delaying the start of the B sweep by a selected amount following the event which triggers the A sweep generator circuit. Then the part of the waveform containing the information of interest can be displayed.

1. Establish a display as given in Sweep Magnification Using the Delayed Sweep steps 1 through 5.

Example: Fig. 1-3 shows a complex waveform displayed on the A sweep. The indicated pulse cannot be viewed in any greater detail because the sweep is triggered by the larger amplitude pulses at the start of the display, and a faster sweep rate moves this area of the waveform off the viewing area. The second waveform shows the area of interest magnified 100 times using the delayed sweep. The DELAY TIME MULT dial has been adjusted so the delayed sweep starts just before the area of interest.

## Pulse Jitter Measurements

In some applications, it is necessary to measure the amount of jitter on the leading edge of a pulse, or jitter between pulses.

1. Apply a signal to the input connectors of both vertical plug-in units. Push in both the $A$ and $B$ buttons of the MODE switch to establish a dual-sweep display. Set the Volts/Div switches to produce displays about four divisions in amplitude.
2. Set the A SECONDS/DIV switch to a calibrated sweep rate which displays the complete waveform. Adjust the A Triggering controls for a stable display.
3. Push in the A INTEN-B DLY'D button and position the start of the intensified portion with the DELAY TIME MULT dial to the pulse to be measured. Set the B SECONDS/DIV switch to a setting that intensifies the full portion of the pulse of interest.
4. Pulse jitter is shown by horizontal movement of the pulse (take into account inherent jitter of Delayed Sweep;


Fig. 1-4. Measuring pulse jitter.
see Electrical Characteristics). Measure the amount of horizontal movement, then multiply this distance by the B SECONDS/DIV switch setting to obtain pulse jitter in time.

Example: The horizontal movement shown in Fig. 1-4 is 0.5 division, and the B SECONDS/DIV switch setting is 0.2 $\mu \mathrm{s}$. From the formula given in step 4:

Pulse Jitter $=0.5$ (divisions) $\times 0.2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ (B SECONDS/DIV setting) $=0.10 \mu$ s.

The pulse jitter is 0.1 microsecond.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## Performance Conditions

The following characteristics apply when the 5B12N is operating within the environment described in the $5100-$ Series Oscilloscope System manual. In addition, the 5B12N must have been calibrated at an ambient temperature between $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

In this manual the word Volts/Div or division refers to major graticule division.

## A Sweep Rate

CALIBRATED RANGE: $5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ to $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ in a 21 step, 1-2-5 sequence. X10 magnifier extends sweep rate to $100 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$.

DISPLAYED ACCURACY: Within 3\% from $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ to $1 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$. Within $4 \%$ from $2 \mathrm{~s} /$ div to $5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$. (Add $1 \%$ to magnified sweep.) Exclude the first 800 ns of all sweep rates.

UNCALIBRATED (VARIABLE) RANGE: Continuously variable between steps and to $12.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$.

## B Sweep Rate

CALIBRATED RANGE: $0.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ to $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ in a 20 step, 1-2-5 sequence.

DISPLAYED ACCURACY: Within $3 \%$ from $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} /$ div to $0.1 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$. Within $4 \%$ at $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 0.5 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}, 0.2 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ and $0.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$.

## Position Range

Any portion of the sweep can be positioned on screen.

## Sweep Delay

DELAY TIME MULTIPLIER RANGE: 0.2 to 10.2 times the A SECONDS/DIV setting (continuously variable from 1 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ to 50 s$)$.

## Operating Instructions-5B12N

DELAY TIME ACCURACY: Within $1 \%$ from $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} /$ div to $0.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$. Within $2 \%$ from $1 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ to $5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$. Inherent delay to start of delayed sweep is 500 ns or less.

INCREMENTAL DELAY TIME MULTIPLIER LINEARITY: Within $0.2 \%$ of full scale.

DIFFERENTIAL TIME MEASUREMENT ACCURACY: Within $1 \%$ and 2 minor dial divisions from $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to 0.5 s delay time. Within $2 \%$ and 2 minor dial divisions from 1 s to 5 s delay times.

DELAY TIME JITTER: 1 part or less in 20,000 of ten times the A SECONDS/DIV setting.

## Internal Triggering

DC (DIRECT) COUPLED: At least 0.4 div, DC to 1 MHz . At least 0.6 div @ 2 MHz .

AC (CAPACITIVE) COUPLED: At least 0.4 div, 50 Hz to 1 MHz . At least $0.6 \mathrm{div} @ 2 \mathrm{MHz}$.

## External Triggering (A Sweep Only)

DC (DIRECT) COUPLED: At least 200 mV , DC to 2 MHz .

AC (CAPACITIVE) COUPLED: At least 200 mV , 50 Hz to 2 MHz .

INPUT R AND C: $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ within $2 \%$ paralleled by approximately 70 pF .

MAXIMUM OPERATIONAL INPUT VOLTAGE: + and -5 V .

MAXIMUM SAFE INPUT VOLTAGE: 350 V (DC + peak $A C)$.

Internal Level Range
DC (DIRECT) COUPLED: + and -8 div from graticule center.

AC (CAPACITIVE) COUPLED: + and -8 div from signal mean.

```
External Level Range (A Sweep Only)
    DC (DIRECT) COUPLED: + and -5 V .
```

AC (CAPACITIVE) COUPLED: + and -5 V from signal mean.

## Amplifier Mode

DEFLECTION FACTOR: $0.5 \mathrm{~V} /$ div and $50 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$ within $3 \%$.

UNCALIBRATED (VARIABLE) RANGE: At least 10:1.

BANDWIDTH (8 DIV REFERENCE): DC to at least 1 MHz .50 Hz to at least $1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{AC}$ (capacitive) coupled.

INPUT R AND C: $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ within $2 \%$ paralleled by approximately 70 pF .

USEFUL INPUT VOLTAGE: + and -5 V .

MAXIMUM SAFE INPUT VOLTAGE: 350 V (DC + peak $A C)$.

## REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT

If the Tektronix instrument is to be shipped to a Tektronix Service Center for service or repair, attach a tag showing: owner (with address) and the name of an individual at your firm that can be contacted. Include complete instrument serial number and a description of the service required.

Save and re-use the package in which your instrument was shipped. If the original packaging is unfit for use or not available, repackage the instrument as follows:

Surround the instrument with polyethylene sheeting to protect the finish of the instrument. Obtain a carton of corrugated cardboard of the correct carton strength and having inside dimensions of no less than six inches more than the instrument dimensions. Cushion the instrument by tightly packing three inches of dunnage or urethane foam between carton and instrument, on all sides. Seal carton with shipping tape or industrial stapler.

The carton test strength for your instrument is 200 pounds.

## WARNING

THE FOLLOWING SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR USE bY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY. TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY, DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT CONTAINED IN OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS UNLESS YOU ARE QUALIFIED TO DO SO. REFER TO OPERATORS SAFETY SUMMARY AND SERVICE SAFETY SUMMARY PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY SERVICE.

# SECTION 2 THEORY OF OPERATION 

## Introduction

This section of the manual contains an electrical description of the circuits in the 5 B12N Dual Time Base plug-in unit. An overall block diagram and complete schematic diagrams are given on pullout pages in Section 4 of this manual. A complete description of A Time Base is provided and, since $B$ Time Base very closely resembles A Time Base, only the significant differences are discussed.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION

## A Time Base

The Input Switching selects the A sweep-triggering signal from any one of four sources. It also provides a choice of AC or DC coupling or triggering and display signals to the Trigger Preamplifier System. The Trigger Preamplifier serves two purposes: it provides current drive to initiate a trigger in the Sweep Logic portion of the A Sweep Generator, and it provides a highimpedance input for the external-signal Amplifier.

The A Sweep Generator circuit produces a sawtooth voltage which is amplified in the display unit to provide sweep deflection on the CRT. Positive- and negativegoing gates are produced at the same time the sawtooth is being produced to perform sweep-related functions such as CRT sweep-retrace blanking, etc. The A Sweep Generator can be operated in any one of several modes, including the normal triggered mode, the auto-triggered (bright baseline) mode, or the single-sweep mode.

The Amplifier allows an externally-applied signal to be displayed. For this mode of operation, the Trigger Preamplifier is used as a high-impedance input which permits both $A C$ and DC coupling. The internal triggering inputs are grounded and the A Sweep Generator is disabled (including the CRT blanking gate). The input attenuator permits selection of two deflection factors. The Amplifier has a $X 1$ gain, and the Variable control provides a continuously variable 1 X to 10 X attenuation of the input signal.

The Position Driver provides positioning current for both time-base sweep signals and amplified signals. This stage is controlled by the front-panel A POSITION control.

## B Time Base

The Input Switching selects the B sweep triggering signal from one of three sources. B sweep trigger is fed directly through a Trigger Comparator to the Sweep Logic portion of the B Sweep Generator.

The Lockout Switching is used during the nondelayed modes (A only, B only, and A alternated with $B)$ to lock out whichever sweep is not running.

The Output Switching supplies the A unblanking, B unblanking, $A$ sweep or $B$ sweep to the mainframe.

## DETAILED CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Seconds/Div (Time Base) Mode

## Display Switching

Alternate or Chopped time-shared switching of the vertical plug-ins and amplifier channels is selected at the time-base unit. The CHOP switch, S471, selects either CHOP (button pushed in) or ALT (button out).

## Trigger Input

The source from which a sweep-triggering signal is obtained is selected by the TRIGGERING SOURCE switch, S110, which is a self-cancelling four-pushbutton switch. The triggering signal may be selected from internal, line, or external sources.

The internal triggering signal is obtained from either the left vertical plug-in, the right vertical plug-in, or from both as a composite triggering signal. Amplitude of the internal triggering signal is about 250 millivolts per division of display.

The line triggering signal is obtained from a network in the power supply circuit of the associated oscilloscope. A sample of the line frequency is applied via S 110 C to the input gate of Q 128 A .

External triggering signals applied to the EXT INPUT connector, J101, can be used to produce a trigger when the EXT button, S110D, is pushed in.

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## Trigger Coupling

The triggering signal may be capacitive coupled (AC COUPL) or direct coupled (DC). Coupling is selected by pushbutton switch S114C. When the AC COUPL button is pressed, coupling capacitors C102 and C114 are placed in the circuit. These capacitors block any DC component of the signal while coupling signals of 50 hertz ( -3 dB point) and higher to the input. When DC coupling is selected (button out), these capacitors are shorted, allowing the triggering signal to be directcoupled to the gate of Q128A.

## Trigger Preamplifier

Q128A, Q128B, Q132, and Q133 form a voltage comparator system to select the amplitude of a triggering signal at which a sweep trigger can be initiated. The triggering signal is applied to the gate of Q128A and a DC level established by R150, TRIGGERING LEVEL, is applied to the gate of Q128B. When the two halves of the comparator are balanced, the voltage at Q132 collector is zero and the current through R139 is zero. When the signal passes through the DC level, the conduction of the two halves of the comparator is shifted; and when the collector of Q132 moves away from zero volts (positive or negative) far enough to produce about 100 microamperes through R139, a trigger is initiated in U160.

## A Sweep Generator

The Sweep Generator circuit produces a linear sawtooth voltage which is used to provide sweep deflection in the associated oscilloscope. It also produces positivegoing and negative-going gates to perform sweep-related functions such as time-shared switching and CRT unblanking in the oscilloscope.

The Sweep Generator circuit is composed of two integrated circuits, Sweep Logic U160 and Miller Integrator U210, and their associated discrete circuit components. The primary functions of these components are trigger slope selection and pulse forming, sawtooth start and stop, hold-off and single sweep lockout, and bright baseline generation. Table 2-1 discusses each terminal and its function. All terminals are digital unless noted otherwise, and positive logic is employed. Pins not used are grounded.

The Sweep Mode switch, S171, allows three modes of operation: Normal Triggered Mode (AUTO TRIG button S171A out), Normal Auto and Bright Baseline Mode (AUTO TRIG button pushed in), and Single Sweep Mode (A SINGL SWP button S171B pushed in). First to be discussed is the Normal Triggered Mode.

TABLE 2-1

# SWEEP GENERATOR INPUT-OUTPUT 

## Sweep Logic U160

## Terminal

1 End Sweep

2 Not Used Grounded (chassis ground).

3 Not Used Grounded (chassis ground).

4 Trigger Input Analog input, low impedance. Accepts analog current triggering signal. Trigger threshold: 0 current, $200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ P-P hysteresis.

5 Slope Selec
$6 \quad$ Single Sweep Control
Logical 1 permits trigger to be initiated on the positive slope of a triggering signal; logical 0 permits trigger to be initiated on the negative slope.
Current (logical 1) for at least 20 nanoseconds ends sweep. Current continuous locks out sweep. No input (logical 0) allows U160 to operate.

Select

Logical 1 permits repetitive sweep. Logical 0 allows only a single sweep to be produced unless reset (see pin 7).

## TABLE 2-1 (cont)

## Terminal

## Function

Single Sweep Reset

GND/Substrate

READY Lamp Output

Lockout

Holdoff Timing

Bright Baseline Timing/Off

Bright Baseline Control

+ Gate Output
- Gate Output

Power Supply

Current into pin (logical 1) for at least 20 nanoseconds resets single sweep system and allows sweep to be retriggered. After reset occurs, C167 and R167 permit this input to return to ground (logical 0 ).

Provides ground reference for the device.

Provides power ( 0.4 volt at a maximum of 80 mA ) to READY lamp when sweep is ready for triggering (Single Sweep Mode). Removes power, extinguishing lamp upon receipt of sweep trigger. Open (+5 volts maximum) at other times.

Logical 1-sweep is locked out (cannot be started).

Logical 0-lockout off.

Connects timing components which set trigger lockout period after end of sweep. Capacitor discharges as soon as sweep is started, and timing starts at end of sweep as capacitor charges. When capacitor charges to upper threshold ( +3.5 volts), new sweep can be produced either upon receipt of next trigger or if pin 12 is above its upper threshold (see pin 12).

Used in Auto Triggered Mode to connect timing components which set bright baseline off period after trigger recognition. If triggering signal is absent of occurring at a rate less than 15 hertz, capacitor charges toward +3.5 -volt threshold. Above this level, U160 is conditioned to provide a free running sweep at a rate determined by the sweep timing and holdoff RC. As soon as a trigger arrives at pin 4 of U160, pin 12 is driven to ground and C179 is discharged.

Current into pin (logical 1) for $\geqslant 20$ nanoseconds keeps pin 12 at ground, holding Bright Baseline off. Baseline remains off for one timing period after current level is removed. No input (logical 0) allows Bright Baseline to function (see pin 12).

Provides a +5 -volt source through 2 kilohms (logical 1) during sweep, driving current into pin 1 of U210. Logical $0(+0.4$ volt at 5 mA maximum) when sweep is not being produced.

Logical $0(+0.4$ volt at 5 mA maximum) during sweep. Provides a +5 -volt source through 2 kilohms (logical 1) when sweep is not being produced. Maximum delay after fast-rise trigger initiation is 25 nanoseconds.

Supply voltage of +5 volts is applied.

TABLE 2-1 (cont)
Miller Integrator U210

7 Power Supply Supply voltage of +15.5 volts applied.

8 Sawtooth Output Produces sweep sawtooth voltage when current is gated into pin 1. Sawtooth is

## Terminal

1

2 Oscillation Suppressor

3

4

5
$5 \quad$ End Delayed Gate

6 DELAY TIME MULT Level
$9 \quad$ Timing Current Input

10
Substrate

Function
Current into pin results in sawtooth voltage at pin 8.
Ground $\quad$ Provides ground reference to the device.

4 Delay Comparator Provides delayed gate to start B sweep.

Controls delayed gate output from pin 4. Logical 1 at pin 5 enables an output from pin 4; logical 0 disables output from pin 4. positive going, with amplitude of 0 to +10 volts.
Connects voltage comparator inside U210 to establish the level at which the delayed gate is initiated.

Supply voltage of +15.5 volts applied.

Connects timing components which determine sweep rate.

Supply of 13 milliamperes applied.

## Normal Triggered Mode

The Trigger Preamplifier circuit provides current drive to pin 4 of U160 at selected levels on both the positive- and negative-going slopes of the triggering signal. The SLOPE switch, S114D, controls the level at pin 5 to determine the slope at which the sweep trigger is initiated.

When the trigger is inititated in U160, a positive transition occurs at pin 14. This output will remain high until the sweep terminates. At the same time, a negative gate is produced at pin 15 which is used to unblank the CRT in the oscilloscope.

Integrated circuit U210 is a Miller Integrator, a type of operational amplifier in which the feedback element is the timing capacitor. Before a positive gate is received from U160, timing capacitor C224, C225, or C229 has
essentially no charge, as it is clamped by a network inside U210, and current through the timing resistor network R225-R238 is input to pin 9 of U210. When the positive gate arrives from U160, the current is switched into the timing capacitor and it begins to charge. The current is nearly constant, and since pin 9 is the operational amplifier null point, a linearly increasing voltage (sawtooth) is produced at pin 8. The rate of the sawtooth rise is a function of the constant current through the timing resistors and the capacitance of C224, C225, or C229.

Pins 6 and 4 are utilized for delay time multiplier and comparator output functions (see Delayed Sweep Mode description). Grounded base amplifier 0270 provides end-sweep level to pin 1 of U160. When pin 8 of U210 reaches about 10 volts, Q 270 turns on which lifts its collector (tied to pin 1 of U160), and terminates the gate. Capacitor C270 helps shape a fast-rise end-sweep pulse to speed up the switching action.

A short-duration trigger-lockout period (to allow the sweep circuits to stabilize when the sweep terminates) is provided by the holdoff network at pin 11 of U160. For U160 to function, the voltage at pin 11 must be at least +3.5 volts. When the sweep starts, the voltage at pin 11 is driven to ground, discharging holdoff capacitors C154, C155, or C156. The capacitors begin to charge as the sweep progresses, and continue to charge as the sweep terminates. The time between sweep termination and the time it takes pin 11 to reach the +3.5 -volt threshold is the holdoff period.

The timing and holdoff RC components are selected by the SECONDS/DIV switch, S160. The A Swp Timing potentiometer, R240, allows calibration of this circuit for accurate timing when the Variable control, R235A, is in the CAL detent position. The Variable control provides uncalibrated, continuously variable timing.

## Normal Auto Triggered Mode and Bright Baseline Operation

Operation of the Sweep Generator in the Normal Auto Triggered Mode is the same as that described for the Normal Triggered Mode when a trigger is present and occurring at a rate greater than 15 hertz. However, when a trigger is not present within a specified time, a free-running reference trace, or Bright Baseline, is produced. This is accomplished as follows:

When the AUTO TRIG button is pushed in, R172 is disconnected from +5 volts, removing the Bright Baseline lockout current from pin 13 of U160. This allows the Bright Baseline timing circuit R179-C179 to function. Each time a trigger is initiated in U160, pin 12 is driven to ground and C179 is discharged. C179 immediately begins to charge again. If the capacitor is allowed to charge above the +3.5 -volt threshold level, U160 is conditioned to provide a positive gate at pin 14 and a negative gate at pin 15 as soon as the holdoff period is completed (when pin 11 rises above its threshold). The sweep will therefore free run at a rate determined by the timing and holdoff networks.

## Single Sweep Mode

Operation of the Sweep Generator in the Single Sweep Mode is similar to operation in the Normal Triggered Mode. However, after one sweep has been produced, further triggers are locked out in U160 until the RESET button is pressed.

When A SINGL SWP button S171B is pushed, the following conditions are established in U160: +5 volts is applied to R172 to drive current into pin 13, keeping pin 12 at ground and holding the Bright Baseline
feature off. Pin 6 is grounded, requiring U 160 to be manually reset. The READY lamp, DS270, is connected to pin 9 to indicate that the system is reset and triggerable. As soon as the system is triggered, the READY lamp is extinguished.

The system is reset when A RESET button S171C is pushed. +5 volts is applied to differentiating network C167-R167. The positive spike appearing at pin 7 resets the system.

## Sweep Magnification and Positioning

A $\times 10$ magnification of the sweep is achieved by changing the attenuation ratio of the output sawtooth. For an unmagnified sweep, R241, R243, and R244 provide a 20 X attenuation of the sawtooth, reducing it from a +10 -volt amplitude to a +0.5 -volt amplitude. The deflection sensitivity of the associated oscilloscope is such that this amplitude will give one screen width of deflection, provided the 5B12N output sawtooth is centered about ground, which corresponds with screen center.

When the A SWP MAG button, S470E, is pressed, R243 is disconnected, changing the attenuation to 2 X and increasing the sawtooth amplitude to 5 volts. Since only one-tenth of this amplitude is accepted by the oscilloscope, the displayed segment appears as a X 10 magnification. Also, the knob-skirt readout is changed by a factor of 10 (DS248 turns off and DS249 lights) to indicate the magnified sweep rate.

R245A, A POSITION, provides an adjustable change in the conduction of Q246 to alter the DC level of the output signal. Positioning range is sufficient to move any portion of a magnified sweep into the on-screen window.

## Volts/Div (Amplifier) Mode

To operate the instrument in the amplifier mode, the SECONDS/DIV switch is rotated counterclockwise into one of the two VOLTS/DIV positions. In this condition, the internal and line triggering inputs are grounded, the sweep generator circuit is disabled (including the CRT blanking gate), and the output of the Trigger Preamplifier is connected through a grounded base amplifier and made available to output pin A7.

## Signal Input

External voltage signals to be displayed are applied to the A EXT INPUT connector. These signals may be

## Theory of Operation-5B12N

capacitive coupled (AC COUPL) or direct coupled (DC). Coupling is selected by pushbutton switch S114C. When the $A C$ COUPL button is pressed, C102 is placed in the circuit to couple signals of about 50 hertz ( -3 dB point) and higher to the input. C102 blocks any DC component of the signal. When the button is out (DC), capacitor C102 is shorted and the signal is direct-coupled to the input.

The signal by-passes the triggering source inputs via the closed contacts of the VOLTS/DIV switch; in the 50 $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{DIV}$ position, the signal is passed directly to the gate of Q128A and, in the $500 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{DIV}$ position, the signal is passed through a frequency-compensated 10X divider to the gate of Q128A.

## Input Stage

Q128A, Q128B, Q132, and Q133 form a non-inverting operational amplifier which is operated as a unity-gain voltage follower to isolate the amplifier stage from the high impedance input circuitry. As a signal is applied to the gate of Q128A, an in-phase signal of essentially the same amplitude is produced at the collector of Q132. The TRIGGERING LEVEL potentiometer, R150A, is disconnected from the gate of Q128B, allowing the gain of the stage to be determined by the ratio of R135 and R136.

## Output Stage

The output from the collector of Q 132 is connected to the emitter circuit of Q144, which is a grounded-base amplifier. The signal produced at the Q 144 collector is in phase with the applied signal. Gain of the stage is about one with the Variable Volts/Div potentiometer, R235B, in the detent position. As R235B is varied, more resistance is added to the emitter circuit, decreasing the gain. The output signal is made available to the deflection system of the associated oscilloscope through pin A7 of the plug-in connector.

## Time-Base and Deflection Factor Switching

The SECONDS/DIV OR VOLTS/DIV switch, S160, is made up of a series of cam lobes which engage and disengage various contacts at different positions of the switch. The switch selects any of 21 calibrated sweep rates from $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} /$ Div to $5 \mathrm{~s} /$ DIV, or either of two calibrated deflection factors, $50 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{DIV}$ or $500 \mathrm{mV} /$ DIV, for external voltage signals.

Either of two lamp bulbs located behind the knob skirt of the switch illuminates the selected rate to provide a direct readout. Normally, DS248, which is physically located behind the upper right portion of the knob skirt, is lit. Pushing the A SWP MAG button automatically changes the readout by a factor of 10 (i.e., turns off DS248 and lights DS249).

Table 2-2 lists the function of each switch contact. Those contacts that are engaged at any given position of the switch are shown by black dots on the switch logic portion of the schematic diagram.

TABLE 2-2

| Contact | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1-6 | Input switching. |
| 7,8 | Trigger Preamplifier output switching. |
| 9 | Connects/disconnects Triggering Level <br> control. |
| 10 | Sweep enable/disable. |
| 11,12 | Holdoff timing RC switching. |
| 13 | Blanking gate enable/disable. |
| $14-20$ | Sweep timing RC switching. |
| 21,22 | Time-base or amplifier output selection. |

## Delayed Sweep Mode

## Trigger Comparator

The B Time Base trigger comparator, Q315/Q320, differs from the A Time Base because it does not have to drive from an external input nor present a display. The input to Q315 is near ground as is the input to pin 4 of U360; thus, a 5.1 -volt zener diode is employed between Q315 and Q320 to provide dynamic range capability.

## Delay Pickoff

Delay pickoff is accomplished through pin 6 of Miller integrator U210, in the A Time Base circuitry. DELAY TIME MULT R205 applies 0 to 10 volts to pin 6, which is a delay control input to the comparator section of U210. When the A sweep voltage reaches the voltage set on the DELAY TIME MULT control, a fast-rise transition appears at pin 4 of U210 and is coupled through C367 to pin 7 and pin 2 of U360 in the B Time Base. U360 is reset ( pin 7 ) and triggered (pin 2) by the same transition.

When B TRIG AFTER DLY S470D is pressed, pin 2 is grounded, which resets $B$ sweep to wait for the next trigger through the normal trigger path.

Pin 5 of U210 controls the output from pin $4 .+5$ volts is applied to pin 5 when A INTEN B DLYD S470C is pressed,
which enables an output from pin 4. However, when in a non-delayed mode, a logic 0 level is present at pin 5 , and no output is enabled from pin 4.

## Lockout Switching

Lockout switching is provided by Q480 and Q485 to lock out whichever sweep is not running in the non-delayed modes; i.e. A only, B only, or A alternated with B. However, lockout switching is not required in the delayed sweep or chopped mode, since both time bases must run at the same time. Thus, Q 480 and Q 485 are disabled when A INTEN B DLYD S470C is pressed.

## B Sweep Generator

When pressed, A INTEN B DLYD removes +5 volts from pin 6 of U360, which is then in the delayed or single sweep mode. If U360 is being triggered automatically through AUTO TRIG S171A, it is disabled to prevent the B sweep from free-running each time it is reset.

A sweep is intensified during $B$ sweep by using the -gate from pin 15 of U360 through S470C to B9.

S470C also disables the alternate pulse provided by network C478/R478/CR478 at the end of $B$ sweep. $A$ comparable network in the A Time Base, composed of C475/R475/CR475 also provides an alternate pulse at the end of $A$ sweep. In the delayed sweep mode both sweeps must run simultaneously, with A sweep being the controlling time base. Thus, only the alternate pulse from A Time Base is used with the $B$ alternate pulse switched out.

## Output Switching

Output switching is accomplished through 0490 and Q495 which drive Q465, Q455, Q450 and Q260. The series elements in the switching circuitry are zero-bias FET's that
disconnect the $A$ unblanking ( Q 465 ), $B$ unblanking ( Q 455 ), $A$ sweep (Q260) or B sweep (Q450).

These FET's are essentially variable resistors that look like 200 ohms to all elements at zero bias ("on" state) or several megohms ("off"' state) when gated. Q260, the A sweep switch, is in parallel with Q450, the B sweep switch. Thus, one or the other is on-but never both.

When $B, S 470 B$, is pressed, $A$ is cancelled and the base of Q490 is biased positive with respect to Q495. This brings the collector of Q490 down and gates Q465 off. Consequently, there is no $A$ unblanking signal at A9. Meanwhile, the collector of Q490 also gates Q260 off through CR491 and there is no A sweep at A7. Conversely, the collector of Q495 is up, which gates Q 455 on and provides a B unblanking signal at B 10 . Q 450 is also gated on through CR450 and R450, which provides a B sweep signal at A13.

When $A, S 470 A$, is pressed, the previous conditions are generally reversed with $B$ unblanking and $B$ sweep turned off and $A$ unblanking and $A$ sweep turned on.

When both $A$ and $B$ are pressed for dual-sweep operation, the base of Q 490 is at -15 volts. Now, the operation of switch $\mathbf{Q 4 9 0 / Q 4 9 5}$ is subject to the drive on the base of Q495. Chop or alternate drive, depending on mode selected, is supplied from the mainframe through B21 and R497. Switching between A and B sweep and unblanking is at a 50 kHz rate in chopped mode, or at a divide-by-4 sequence of the sweep rate in alternate mode. A counter in the mainframe counts the alternate pulses from B15 when in the alternate mode, while a chop clock in the mainframe provides the 50 kHz chopping drive in chopped mode.

# SECTION 3 CALIBRATION 

## Introduction

This section of the manual contains a procedure to return the circuits of the 5 B 12 N to within their designed operating capabilities. Calibration is generally required after a repair has been made, or after long time intervals in which normal aging of components may affect instrument accuracy. For initial inspection, verify instrument operation by performing the procedures described under General Information in Section 1.

## Instrument Maintenance

Before complete calibration, thoroughly clean and inspect this instrument as outlined in the Maintenance section of the Oscilloscope System manual. Also, the system manual contains information for general maintenance of this instrument, including preventive maintenance, component identification and replacement, etc.

## Service Available

Tektronix, İnc. provides complete instrument repair and calibration at local Field Service Centers and at the Factory Service Center. Contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative for further information.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

## General

The following test equipment and accessories, or the equivalent, are required for complete calibration of the 5B12N. Specifications given for the test equipment are the minimum necessary for accurate calibration. Therefore, some of the specifications listed may be less rigorous than the actual performance capabilities of the test equipment. All test equipment is assumed to be correctly calibrated and operating within the listed specifications.

## Calibration Equipment Alternatives

If other test equipment is substituted, control settings or setup may need altering to meet the requirements of the equipment used. Detailed operating instructions for the test equipment are not given in this procedure. Refer to the instruction manual for the test equipment if more information is needed.

## Special Calibration Fixtures

Special Tektronix calibration fixtures are used in this procedure only where they facilitate instrument calibration. These spe ial fixtures are available from Tektronix, Inc. Order by part number through your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

## Test Instruments

1. 5100-series oscilloscope system. For this procedure, a 5110 Oscilloscope with $5 A 15 \mathrm{~N}, 5 \mathrm{~A} 21 \mathrm{~N}$, and 5 B 10 N plug-in is used.
2. Sine-wave generator. Frequency, 2 Hz to 2 MHz ; output amplitude, about 0.5 V to at least 20 V P-P. Tektronix FG 503 Function Generator recommended (requires a TM 500-series power module).
3. Time-mark generator. Marker outputs, $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to 5 s ; marker accuracy, within $0.1 \%$. Tektronix TG 501 Time Mark Generator recommended (requires a TM 500-series power module).
4. Standard amplitude calibrator. Required only for checking amplifier mode. Frequency, about 1 kHz ; squarewave output amplitude, 0.5 V to 5 V , within $0.25 \%$. Tektronix PG 506 Calibration Generator recommended (requires a TM 500-series power module).
5. 1X passive probe. Tektronix P6101 Passive Probe.

## Accessories

1. Coaxial cable. Impedance, $50 \Omega$; length, 42 inches, connectors, bnc. Tektronix Part No. 012-0057-01.
2. Dual-input cable. Provides matched signal paths to the vertical and time-base external inputs. Tektronix Calibration Fixture 067-0525-01 recommended.
3. Plug-in extension for the 5100 -series oscilloscope system. Tektronix Calibration Fixture 067-0645-03. (Not mandatory for this procedure.)
4. Termination. Impedance, $50 \Omega$; accuracy, within $2 \%$; connectors, bnc. Tektronix Part No. 011-0049-01.


Fig. 3-1. Location of internal controls.

## PROCEDURE

## Preparation

1. Remove the dust cover from the right side of the 5B12N and remove the cabinet panel from the 5100 -series oscilloscope. Insert the 5B12N into the right plug-in compartment; the 5 A 15 N in the left compartment, and the 5 A 21 N in the middle compartment. The plug-in extender is convenient to use, but is not mandatory for this procedure.
2. Check the rear of the oscilloscope to ensure that the indicated line voltage and the line voltage source are the same. Connect the oscilloscope to the power source. Set the controls as described under Initial Control Settings. Refer to Fig. 3-1 for location of internal adjustments and test points.

## NOTE

This instrument should be calibrated at an ambient temperature between $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1+68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and $+86^{\circ}$ F) for best accuracy.

Initial Control Settings

## NOTE

Do not preset internal controls unless they are known to be significantly out of adjustment, or unless repairs have been made in the circuit. In these instances, the internal controls can be set to midrange.

## 5B12N

| A SECONDS/DIV | 1 m |
| :--- | :--- |
| Variable (CAL) | CAL (fully cw) |
| Display Mode | A |
| Sweep Mode | AUTO TRIG |
| A TRIGGERING | + SLOPE |
| All other buttons | Out |

## Amplifier (5A21N)

| Display | On |
| :--- | :--- |
| Volts/Div | 5 m |
| + and - Input Coupling | Gnd |
| All other buttons | Out |

## Amplifier (5A15N)

Display
Off

## 1. A Sweep Offset (R219)

Position the trace to graticule center. Connect 1X Probe between the + Input of the Amplifier plug-in installed in the middle compartment and TP225. Release the + Input Gnd button and adjust R219 (A SWP OFFSET) so that the trace is at graticule center. Remove the probe.

## 2. A Sweep Timing (R240)

Change the following control settings:

|  | Amplifier (5A21N) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Display | Off |
|  | Amplifier (5A15N) |
| Display | On |
| Input Coupling | DC |
| Volts/Div | .5 |
|  | 5B12N |
| A SOURCE | LEFT |

Apply 1 ms markers from the Time-Mark Generator output through a $50 \Omega$ cable to the input of the Amplifier plug-in installed in the left compartment. Adjust A LEVEL for a stable display. Adjust R240 (A SWP TIMING) for exactly 1 time-mark/div.

## 3. A Sweep Length

Position the second time-mark to the first graticule line. Check that the sweep ends within the last graticule division (see Note).

## NOTE

Graticule divisions are numbered from one through ten with the first division between the zero graticule line (left edge of graticule) and the first graticule line. The last graticule division, then, is between the ninth and tenth graticule lines.

## 4. Variable (CAL) Range

Set A SECONDS/DIV to .2 m and turn CAL fully ccw. Position the first time-mark to the first graticule line and check for at least 6 time-marks.

## 5. POSITION Range

Return CAL to detent (calibrated). Check that the end of the sweep will position to the left of the center graticule line.

## 6. A SECONDS/DIV Accuracy

Release AUTO TRIG button. Apply markers from Time-Mark Generator as specified in Table 3-1. Adjust A LEVEL for a stable display. Check normal and magnified sweep accuracy over middle 8 graticule divisions as described in Table 3-1. Exclude the first 800 ns of all sweep rates.

TABLE 3-1

| SECONDS/DIV switch setting | Time marker selector | CRT display (Markers) division) | Accuracy (measured between first and ninth graticule lines) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \mu$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $1)$ |  |
| $2 \mu$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 2 |  |
| $5 \mu$ | $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 |  |
| $10 \mu$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 |  |
| $20 \mu$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 2 |  |
| $50 \mu$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 |  |
| . 1 m | . 1 ms | 1 |  |
| . 2 m | .1 ms | 2 | Normal sweep: |
| . 5 m | .5 ms | 1 | $\pm 3 \%$ (0.24 div) |
| 1 m | 1 ms | 1 > |  |
| 2 m | 1 ms | 2 | Magnified sweep: |
| 5 m | 5 ms | 1 | $\pm 4 \%$ (0.32 div) |
| 10 m | 10 ms | 1 |  |
| 20 m | 10 ms | 2 |  |
| 50 m | 50 ms | 1 |  |
| . 1 | . 1 s | 1 |  |
| . 2 | . 1 s | 2 |  |
| . 5 | . 5 s | 1 |  |
| 1 | 1 s | 1 | Normal sweep: |
| 2 | 1 s | 23 | $\pm 4 \%$ (0.32 div) |
| 5 | 5 s | 13 | Magnified sweep: $\pm 5 \%$ ( 0.4 div) |

Change the following control settings:
5B12N
Display Mode
B SOURCE B TRIGGERING
B SECONDS/DIV

> B
> LEFT
> + SLOPE
> .2 m

Apply 0.1 ms markers from the Time-Mark Generator and adjust $B$ LEVEL for a stable display. Adjust R438 (B TIMING 1) for exactly 2 time-markers/div.

## 8. B Sweep Length

Set B SECONDS/DIV to 1 m and apply 1 ms markers from the Time-Mark Generator. Position the second timemark to the first graticule line and check that the sweep ends within the last graticule division.

## 9. B SECONDS/DIV Accuracy

Set B SECONDS/DIV to $5 \mu$ and apply $5 \mu$ s markers from the Time-Mark Generator. Adjust C429 (B TIMING 2) for exactly 1 time-mark/div. Apply markers from the Time-Mark Generator as specified in Table 3-2. Adjust B LEVEL for a stable display. Check sweep accuracy over the middle 8 graticule divisions as described in Table 3-2.

TABLE 3-2

| SECONDS/DIV switch setting | Time marker selector | CRT display (Markers/ division) | Accuracy (measured between first and ninth graticule lines) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . $2 \mu$ | . $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 2 | $\pm 4 \%$ (0.32 div) |
| . $5 \mu$ | . $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $1)$ |  |
| $1 \mu$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 |  |
| $2 \mu$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 2 |  |
| $5 \mu$ | $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 |  |
| $10 \mu$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 |  |
| $20 \mu$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 2 |  |
| $50 \mu$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 |  |
| . 1 m | . 1 ms | 1 |  |
| . 2 m | . 1 ms | 2 , | $\pm 3 \%$ (0.24 div) |
| . 5 m | . 5 ms | 1 |  |
| 1 m | 1 ms | 1 |  |
| 2 m | 1 ms | 2 |  |
| 5 m | 5 ms | 1 |  |
| 10 m | 10 ms | 1 |  |
| 20 m | 10 ms | 2 |  |
| 50 m | 50 ms | 1 |  |
| . 1 | . 1 s | 1 ) |  |
| . 2 | . 1 s | $2\}$ |  |
| . 5 | . 5 s | 13 | $\pm 4 \%$ (0.32 div) |

## 10. Delay Stop and Start (R204/R208)

Change the following control settings:

## 5B12N

 Display Mode

1 m
$50 \mu$
DUAL SWEEP (both
A \& B pushed in) and A INTEN B DLY'D 1.0

## Amplifier (5A15N)

Volts/Div

Adjust R208 (DELAY START) so that the intensified portion of the trace begins on the second time-mark (note upper display). Set the DELAY TIME MULT to 10.0 and adjust R204 (DELAY STOP) so that intensified portion of the trace begins on the last time-mark. Repeat these adjustments as necessary. Set the intensified portion of the trace to begin on the second time-mark; the dial should read 1.0. Set the intensified portion of the trace to begin on each of the time-marks and check that the DELAY TIME MULT dial reading corresponds to the number of the intensified time-mark. Set 5B12N DISPLAY MODE to B TRIG AFTER DLY and B SOURCE to LEFT. Apply 1 ms markers and adjust $A$ \& $B$ LEVEL for two stable displays. Turn DELAY TIME MULT and check that the intensified portion of the trace jumps from one time-mark to the next. Release B TRIG AFTER DLY button.

## 11. Delay Time Accuracy

Set A SECONDS/DIV to 10 m and B SECONDS/DIV to .1 m . Apply 1 ms markers and position the first time-mark to the first graticule line. Adjust DELAY TIME MULT so that the trace begins on the time-mark coincident with the tenth (last) graticule line; dial should read $10.0 \pm 5$ minor dial divisions. Repeat this procedure as described in Table 3-3.

TABLE 3-3

| A SECONDS/DIV <br> switch setting | B SECONDS/DIV <br> switch setting | Time marker <br> selector |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 m | $50 \mu$ | 5 ms |
| 2 m | $20 \mu$ | 1 ms |
| 1 m | $10 \mu$ | 1 ms |
| .5 m | $5 \mu$ | .5 ms |
| .2 m | $2 \mu$ | .1 ms |
| .1 m | $1 \mu$ | .1 ms |
| $50 \mu$ | $.5 \mu$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |

Set A SECONDS/DIV to 1 m and B SECONDS/DIV to $1 \mu$. Apply 1 ms markers and adjust DELAY TIME MULT to display the next to the last time-mark on the upper trace. Check for 0.5 div or less of jitter.

Set A SECONDS/DIV to 1 and B SECONDS/DIV to. 1 . Set DELAY TIME MULT to 9.5 and apply 1 s markers. Turn the trace intensity up to position the sweep start on the first graticule line. Check that a time mark falls between the fourth and sixth graticule lines. Return intensity to normal.

## 12. B Sweep Triggering

Change the following control settings:

## 5B12N

| B SECONDS/DIV | $1 \mu$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Display Mode | B |
| Sweep Mode | AUTO TRIG |
| B TRIGGERING | - SLOPE |
| B COUPLING | DC |

## Amplifier (5A15N)

Volts/Div $\quad 50 \mathrm{mV}$

Connect the Sine-Wave Generator to the Coaxial Cable and Termination, to the Amplifier plug-in installed in the left compartment. Adjust the Generator for a 2 MHz , 0.6 div output. Adjust B LEVEL for a stable display and B SECONDS/DIV to $10 \mu$. Adjust the Generator for a $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 6$ div output and check that the waveform is triggered on the -slope (down).

Move the Generator signal setup to the + Input of the Amplifier plug-in installed in the center compartment. Change the following control settings:

## 5B12N

> B SOURCE
> B COUPLING
> B TRIGGERING

RIGHT
AC

+ SLOPE

Amplifier (5A21N)
Display
Volts/Div

On
50 mV

Amplifier (5A15N)
Display
Off

Check that the waveform is triggered on the + slope (up). Change the following control settings:

5B12N

| B COUPLING | DC |
| :--- | :--- |
| B SOURCE | LINE |

Amplifier (5A21N)
Volts/Div
10 mV

Disconnect the Sine-Wave Generator. Turn B LEVEL fully cow then fully cw and check that the trace brightens at each extreme.

## 13. A Sweep Triggering

Connect the Sine-Wave Generator to the Amplifier plugin installed in the left compartment and to 5B12N A EXT INPUT through the Dual Input Cable.

Change the following control settings:

|  | 5B12N |
| :--- | :---: |
| Display Mode | A \& B |
| A COUPLING | AC |
| A SOURCE | EXT |
| A SECONDS/DIV | $1 \mu$ |
|  | Amplifier (5A15N) |
| Display | On |
|  | Amplifier (5A21N) |
| Display | Off |

Adjust the Sine-Wave Generator for a $2 \mathrm{MHz}, 4$ div output. Adjust A LEVEL for a stable display. Set A SECONDS/DIV to 10 m . Adjust the Generator for a 50 Hz , 4 div output and change the following control settings:

## 5B12N

## Sweep Mode <br> A COUPLING <br> A TRIGGERING <br> A SECONDS/DIV

Adjust the Generator for a 15 Hz output and adjust A LEVEL for a stable display. Check that the waveform is triggered on the - slope. Set A TRIGGERING to + SLOPE and check that the waveform is triggered on the + slope.

Set the Sine-Wave Generator for a $1 \mathrm{kHz}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ output. Change the following control settings:

## 5B12N

A SECONDS/DIV .5 m

## Amplifier (5A15N)

Volts/Div
5

Turn A LEVEL fully cw then fully cew and check that the display does not trigger at either extreme.

## Calibration--5B12N

## 14. Single Sweep

Apply 0.5 s time-markers from Time-Mark Generator to the + input of the Amplifier plug-in installed in the center compartment. Change the following control settings:

5B12N
A SECONDS/DIV
Sweep Mode

5 m
A SINGL SWP

Disconnect the time-markers and press A RESET. Check that READY light is lit. Reconnect the time-markers and check that the trace sweeps once and that the READY light goes out.

## 15. Alternate/Chopped

Remove all cables and change the following control settings:

## 5B12N

A SINGL SWP
A SECONDS/DIV
A SOURCE

Out
10 m
LEFT \& RIGHT

## Amplifier (5A15N)

Display
On

Check for an alternating display. Change the following control settings:

## 5B12N

| A SECONDS/DIV | $50 \mu$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| DISPLAY | CHOP |
| B SECONDS/DIV | $5 \mu$ |

Check for a chopped display. Release the Display button on the Amplifier plug-in installed in the center compartment and again check for a chopped display.

## 16. Line Trigger

Change the following control settings:

## 5B12N

| Display Mode | A |
| :--- | :--- |
| DISPLAY | CHOP |
| A SECONDS/DIV | .1 m |

Press A SOURCE LINE and check that the trace dims.

## 17. INTENsity BALance

Change the following control settings:

5B12N

| A SOURCE | LEFT |
| :--- | :--- |
| Display Mode | A \& B |
| A SECONDS/DIV | .1 m |
| B SECONDS/DIV | .1 m |

Adjust the intensity for a normal display. Turn INTEN BAL fully cw and check that one trace dims. Turn INTEN BAL fully ccw and check that the other trace dims.

## 18. External Horizontal

Remove the Amplifier plug-in installed in the left compartment. Install a Time Base/Amplifier (5B10N) plugin in the left compartment.

Change the following control settings:

5B12N
A SECONDS/DIV (A VOLTS/DIV) . 5 V

Time Base (5B10N)

| Seconds/Div | .2 m |
| :--- | :--- |
| Triggering | AUTO TRIG |
| Level | Centered |
| Source | EXT |
| Variable | Calibrated (fully cw) |

## Amplifier (5A21N)

Display
All other buttons

Off Out

Connect the Standard Amplitude Calibrator to both external inputs and set for a 2 V output. Check for $4 \mathrm{div} \pm$ 0.12 . Adjust C 104 (ATT) for a square corner.

Set 5 B12N A SECONDS/DIV to 50 m and turn CAL fully ccw. Check for less than 5 div of display. Return CAL to fully cw (calibrated) position. Set the Standard Amplitude Calibrator for a 0.2 V output. Again check for 4 div $\pm$ 0.12 .

This completes the 5B12N calibration procedure.

## DIAGRAMS AND CIRCUIT BOARD ILLUSTRATIONS

## Symbols and Reference Designators

Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise:

| Capacitors $=$ | Values one or greater are in picofarads $(\mathrm{pF})$. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Values less than one are in microfarads $(\mu \mathrm{F})$. |
| Resistors $=\quad$ Ohms $(\Omega)$. |  |

Graphic symbols and class designation letters are based on ANSI Standard Y32.2-1975.
Logic symbology is based on ANSI Y32.14-1973 in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

Abbreviations are based on ANSI Y1.1-1972.
Other ANSI standards that are used in the preparation of diagrams by Tektronix, Inc. are:

| Y14.15, 1966 | Drafting Practices. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Y14.2,1973 | Line Conventions and Lettering. |
| Y10.5,1968 | Letter Symbols for Quantities Used in Electrical Science and |
|  | Electrical Engineering. |

The following prefix letters are used as reference designators to identify components or assemblies on the diagrams.

| A | Assembly, separable or repairable <br> (circuit board, etc) |
| :--- | :--- |
| AT | Attenuator, fixed or variable <br> B |
| Motor |  |
| BT | Battery |
| C | Capacitor, fixed or variable |
| CB | Circuit breaker |
| CR | Diode, signal or rectifier |
| DL | Delay line |
| DS | Indicating device (lamp) |
| E | Spark Gap, Ferrite bead |
| F | Fuse |
| FL | Filter |


| H | Heat dissipating device (heat sink, <br> heat radiator, etc) |
| :--- | :--- |
| HR | Heater |
| HY | Hybrid circuit |
| J | Connector, stationary portion |
| K | Relay |
| L | Inductor, fixed or variable |
| M | Meter |
| P | Connector, movable portion |
| Q | Transistor or silicon-controHed |
|  | rectifier |
| R | Resistor, fixed or variable |
| RT | Thermistor |


| S | Switch or contactor |
| :--- | :--- |
| T | Transformer |
| TC | Thermocouple |
| TP | Test point |
| U | Assembly, inseparable or non-repairable |
|  | (integrated circuit, etc.) |
| V | Electron tube |
| VR | Voltage regulator (zener diode, etc.) |
| W | Wirestrap or cable |
| Y | Crystal |
| Z | Phase shifter |

The following special symbols may appear on the diagrams:


## REPLACEABLE

 ELECTRICAL PARTS
## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS <br> X000 Part first added at this serial number <br> 00X Part removed after this serial number

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

|  | ABBREVIATIONS |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
| ACTR | ACTUATOR | PLSTC | PLASTIC |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | QTZ | QUARTZ |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | RECP | RECEPTACLE |
| CER | CERAMIC | RES | RESISTOR |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | RF | RADIO FREQUENCY |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | SEL | SELECTED |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | SENS | SENSITIVE |
| ELEC | ELECTRICAL | VAR | VARIABLE |
| INCANDD | INCANDESCENT | WW | WIREWOUND |
| LED | LIGHT EMITTING DIODE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| NONWIR | NON WIREWOUND | XTAL | CRYSTAL |

## CROSS INDEX - MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00853 | SANGAMO WESTON INC SANGAMO CAPACITOR DIV | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SANGAMO RD } \\ & \text { P } 0 \text { BOX } 128 \end{aligned}$ | PICKENS SC 29671 |
| 01121 | ALLEN-BRADLEY CO | 1201 SOUTH 2ND ST | MILWAUKEE WI 53204 |
| 02111 | SPECTROL ELECTRONICS CORP SUB OF CARRIER CORP | 17070 E GALE AVE <br> P 0 BOX 1220 | CITY OF INDUSTRY CA 91749 |
| 03508 | general electric co SEMI-CONOUCTOR PRODUCTS DEPT | W GENESEE ST | AUBURN NY 13021 |
| 04222 | AVX CERAMICS DIV OF AVX CORP | 19TH AVE SOUTH P O BOX 867 | MYRTLE BEACH SC 29577 |
| 04713 | MOTOROLA INC SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP | 5005 E MCDOWELL RD | PHOENIX AZ 85008 |
| 05397 | union carbide corp materials systems DIV | 11901 MADISON AVE | CLEVELAND OH 44101 |
| 07263 | FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRLMENT CORP SEMICONDUCTOR DIV | 464 ELLIS ST | MOUNTAIN VIEN CA 94042 |
| 07716 | TRW INC <br> TRW ELECTRONICS COMPONENTS <br> TRW IRC FIXED RESISTORS/BURLINGTON | 2850 MT PLEASANT AVE | BURLINGTON IA 52601 |
| 07910 | TELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR |  | HAWTHORNE CA |
| 08806 | GENERAL ELECTRIC CO MINIATURE LAMP PRODUCTS DEPT | NELA PK | CLEVELAND OH 44112 |
| 12697 | CLAROSTAT MFG CO INC | LOWER WASHINGTON ST | DOVER NH 03820 |
| 13511 | AMPHENOL CADRE DIV BUNKER RAMO CORP |  | LOS GATOS CA |
| 14433 | ITT SEMICONDUCTORS DIV |  | WEST PALM BEACH FL |
| 14552 | MICRO/SEMICONDUCTOR CORP | 2830 S FAIRVIEW ST | SANTA ANA CA 92704 |
| 15238 | ITT SEMICONDUCTORS <br> A DIVISION OF INTERNATIONAL <br> TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CORP | 500 BROADWAY P 0 BOX 168 | LAWRENCE MA 01841 |
| 19701 | MEPCO/ELECTRA INC A NORTH AMERICAN PHILIPS CO | P 0 B0X 760 | MINERAL WELLS TX 76067 |
| 21847 | TRW MICROWAVE INC SUB OF TRN INC | 825 STEWART DR | SUNNYVALE CA 94086 |
| 31433 | UNION CARBIDE CORP ELECTRONICS DIV | PO B0X 5928 | GREENVILLE SC 29606 |
| 31918 | ITT SCHADOW INC | 8081 WALLACE RD | EDEN PRAIRIE MN 55343 |
| 32997 | BOURNS INC TRIMPOT DIV | 1200 COLLMBIA AVE | RIVERSIDE CA 92507 |
| 52763 | STETTNER ELECTRONICS INC | 6135 AIRWAYS BLVD PO BOX 21947 | CHATTANOOGA TN 37421 |
| 53944 | GLOW LITE CORP | B0X 698 | PAULS VALLEY OK 73075 |
| 57668 | ROHM CORP | 16931 MILLIKEN AVE | IRVINE CA 92713 |
| 59660 | TUSONIX INC | 2155 N FORBES BLVD | TUCSON, ARIZONA 85705 |
| 59821 | CENTRALAB INC SUB NORTH AMERICAN PHILIPS CORP | 7158 MERCHANT AVE | EL PASO TX 79915 |
| 74970 | JOHNSON E F CO | 299 10TH AVE S W | WASECA MN 56093 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX INC | 4900 S W GRIFFITH DR P 0 80× 500 | BEAVERTON OR 97077 |
| S3774 | OSHINO ELECTRIC LAMP WORKS LTD | 52 MINAMI SHINAGAWA 2 CHORE SHINAGAMA KU | TOKYO, JAPAN |
| TK0965 | WAMCO TECHNICAL SALES INC (DIST) | 705 W 16TH ST | COSTA MESA CA 92627 |


| Component No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Asse Effective | mbly No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. <br> Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Al | 670-1346-00 | B010100 | 8019999 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:MAIN | 80009 | 670-1346-00 |
| A1 | 670-1346-01 | B020000 | B069999 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:MAIN | 80009 | 670-1346-01 |
| A1 | 670-1346-02 | B070000 | B079845 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:MAIN | 80009 | 670-1346-02 |
| A1 | 670-1346-03 | B079846 | B080497 | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:MAIN | 80009 | 670-1346-03 |
| A1 | 670-1346-04 | B080498 |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:MAIN | 80009 | 670-1346-04 |
| A2 | 670-1561-00 |  |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:AUXILLARY NO.1 | 80009 | 670-1561-00 |
| A3 | 670-1560-00 |  |  | CIRCUIT BD ASSY:AUXILLARY NO. 2 | 80009 | 670-1560-00 |
| C102 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z40Z5ULADEG |
| C103 | 281-0512-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI:27PF, +/-2.7PF, 500V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 27POKC |
| C104 | 281-0078-00 |  |  | CAP, VAR,AIR DI:1.4-9.2PF,750V | 74970 | 189-0503-075 |
| C105 | 283-0598-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, MICA DI:253PF,5\%,300V | 00853 | D155F253030 |
| C111 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%$, 500 V | 59821 | D103Z40Z5ULADEG |
| C112 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD,CER DI $: 0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z4025ULADEG |
| C113 | 281-0518-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : 47PF, $+/-9.4 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 47POMU |
| C114 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: 0.01UF, $+80-20 \%$, 500V | 59821 | D103240Z5ULADEG |
| C121 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : 0.01 UF, $+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z4025ULADEG |
| C134 | 281-0600-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI :35PF, $10 \%$, 500V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 35POKC |
| C135 | 281-0546-00 | B050000 |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI :330PF, $10 \%$,500V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 330PM0 |
| C136 | 281-0524-00 | B010100 | B049999 | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $150 \mathrm{PF},+/-30 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 150PM0 |
| C137 | 281-0562-00 | B010100 | B049999 | CAP, FXD,CER DI:39PF, $10 \%$, 500V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 39POKU |
| C137 | 281-0523-00 | B050000 | B059999 | CAP, FXD, CER DI : $100 \mathrm{PF}, 20 \%$, 350 V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 100PMU |
| C137 | 283-0060-00 | B060000 |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $100 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%$, 200V | 59660 | 855-535U2J101J |
| C151 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103740Z5ULADEG |
| C154 | 281-0546-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI :330PF, 10\%,500V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 330PMO |
| C155 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z40Z5ULADEG |
| C156 | 290-0267-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, ELCTLT:1UF, $20 \%$, 35V | 05397 | T320A105M035AS |
| C161 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z4075ULADEG |
| C162 | 281-0524-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI:150PF, +/-30PF, 500V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 150PM0 |
| C164 | 283-0051-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI :0.0033UF, $5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SR301A332JAA |
| C167 | 281-0546-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : $330 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%$, 500 V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ207 330PMO |
| C176 | 290-0134-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, ELCTLT: 22UF, 20\%,15V | 05397 | T110B226M015AS |
| C179 | 290-0247-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, ELCTLT: 5.6 UF, $10 \%$, 6 V | 05397 | T322B565K006AS |
| C206 | 290-0267-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, ELCTLT:1UF, $20 \%$, 35V | 05397 | T320A105M035AS |
| C210 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%$, 500V | 59821 | D10374025ULADEG |
| C216 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z4025LLADEG |
| C218 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103240Z5ULADEG |
| C221 | 281-0518-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI:47PF, $+/-9.4 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 52763 | 2RDPLZO07 47POMU |
| C222 | 281-0523-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $100 \mathrm{PF}, 20 \%$,350V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 100PMU |
| C224 | 295-0151-00 |  |  | CAP SET,MATCHED: 10UF,1UF,0.1UF,0.01UF, | 80009 | 295-0151-00 |
| C225 | ---------- |  |  | (PART OF C224) |  |  |
| C229 | ----- ----- |  |  | (PART OF C224) |  |  |
| C246 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD,CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%$, 500 V | 59821 | D103240Z5ULADEG |
| C270 | 281-0572-00 |  |  | CAP,FXD,CER DI:6.8PF, $0.5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 6P800C |
| C275 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z40Z5ULADEG |
| C311 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : $0.001 \mathrm{LF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59660 | 831-610-Y5U0102P |
| C314 | 283-0026-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : 0.2UF, +80-20\%, 25V | 31433 | C330C332JIG5CA |
| C354 | 281-0523-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI:100PF, $20 \%, 350 \mathrm{~V}$ | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 100PMU |
| C355 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP, PXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59660 | 831-610-Y5U0102P |
| C356 | 290-0188-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, ELCTLT: 0.1 UF, 10\%,35V | 05397 | T322A104K035AS |
| C365 | 283-0051-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.0033 \mathrm{UF}, 5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SR301A332JAA |
| C367 | 281-0543-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : $270 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 52763 | 2RDPLZO07 27P0M0 |
| C376 | 290-0134-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, ELCTLT:22UF, $20 \%$, 15 V | 05397 | T1108226M015AS |
| C379 | 290-0247-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, ELCTLT:5.6UF,10\%,6V | 05397 | T3228565K006AS |
| C409 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z40Z5ULADEG |
| C416 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z40Z5ULADEG |
| C418 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103240Z5ULADEG |


| Component Ho. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Ass Effective | embly No. Dscont | Nane \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Mo. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C421 | 281-0518-00 | B010100 | B039999 | CAP, FXD, CER DI:47PF,+/-9.4PF,500V | 52763 | 2RDPLLZ007 47POMU |
| C422 | 281-0523-00 | B010100 | B039999 | CAP, FXD,CER DI: $100 \mathrm{PF}, 20 \%$, 350 V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 100PMU |
| C 422 | 283-0000-00 | B040000 |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59660 | 831-610-Y5U0102P |
| C424 | ----- ---- |  |  | (PART OF C224) |  |  |
| C425 | ----- ---- |  |  | (PART OF C224) |  |  |
| C427 | 283-0631-00 | B010100 | 8049999 | CAP, FXD, MICA DI: $95 \mathrm{PF}, 1 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 00853 | D155F950F0 |
| C427 | 283-0706-00 | B050000 |  | CAP,FXD, MICA DI: $91 \mathrm{PF}, 1 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 00853 | D155F910F0 |
| C429 | 281-0079-00 | B010100 | 8049999 | CAP, VAR,AIR DI:1.5-9.1PF,375V | 74970 | 189-0504-075 |
| C429 | 281-0166-00 | B050000 |  | CAP, VAR, AIR DI:1.9-15.7 PF, 250 V | 74970 | 187-0109-055 |
| C446 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z40Z5ULADEG |
| C454 | 281-0523-00 | B660000 |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $100 \mathrm{PF}, 20 \%, 350 \mathrm{~V}$ | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 100PMU |
| C470 | 283-0026-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI : $0.2 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%$, 25V | 31433 | C330C332JIG5CA |
| C471 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD,CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103Z40Z5ULADEG |
| C475 | 281-0546-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD,CER DI:330PF, 10\%,500V | 52763 | 2RDPLI2007 330PM0 |
| C478 | 281-0546-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI:330PF, $10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 52763 | 2RDPLZO07 330PM0 |
| C490 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD,CER DI: 0.01 UF, $+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | D103240Z5ULADEG |
| C493 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%$, 500V | 59660 | 831-610-Y5U0102P |
| C497 | 281-0512-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI :27PF, +/-2.7PF,500V | 52763 | 2RDPLZ007 27POKC |
| CR124 | 152-0246-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 40V,20014, D0-7 | 14433 | WG1537TK |
| CR126 | 152-0246-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI :SW,SI, 40V,200MA, DO-7 | 14433 | WG1537TK |
| CR131 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC.DI:SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR133 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 30V,150MA, 30V, $00-35$ | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR139 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW,SI, 30V,150MA, 30V, DO-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR162 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI:SW, SI, 30V,150MA,30V, ${ }^{\text {do-35 }}$ | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR166 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 30V,150MA,30V,D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR167 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: SW, SI, 30V,150MA, 30V, DO-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR259 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI:SW, SI, 30V,150MA,30V,D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR260 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI:SW,SI, 30V,150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR261 | 152-0141-02 | B010100 | 8049999 | SEMICOND DVC,DI:SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR263 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR270 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR318 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI :SW,SI, 30V,150MA,30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR327 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI:SW,SI, 30V,150MA,30V, $00-35$ | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR363 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, $00-35$ | 03508 | DA2527 ( 1 N4152) |
| CR365 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI :SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, 00-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR367 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW,SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, 00-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR418 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 30V,150MA, 30V, DO-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR450 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 30V,150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR459 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, DO-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR472 | 152-0185-00 | B010100 | 8062977 | SEMICOND DVC, DI: SW, SI, 30V, 0.15A, DO-35 | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR472 | 152-0008-00 | B062978 | B079966 | SEMICOND DVC, DI: SIG,GE, 60V, 60MA,A38A | 14433 | G1409 |
| CR472 | 152-0725-00 | B079967 |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: SI, SCHOTTKY, 2OV, 1.2PF,DO-35 | 21847 | A2X1582 |
| CR475 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI:SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR478 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW,SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR480 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, $00-35$ | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR485 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI :SW, SI, 30V. 150 MA , 30V. DO-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR490 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR491 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 3OV, 150MA, 30V, DO-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR492 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW,SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR498 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:SW, SI, 30V, 150MA, 30V, D0-35 | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| CR499 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI :SW, SI, 30V, 150MA,30V, $00-35$ | 03508 | DA2527 (1N4152) |
| DS248 | 150-0111-00 | B010100 | 8069999 | LAMP, GLOW: 125V MAX, 1.5MA, 2AC-AT, WIRE | 53944 | A1B-9 |
| DS248 | 150-0075-00 | B070000 |  | LAMP, INCAND:10V,0.013A, \#21490, WIRE LD | TK0965 | OL 1869TPL |
| DS249 | 150-0111-00 | B010100 | B069999 | LAMP, GLOW:125V MAX, 1.5MA, 2AC-AT, WIRE | 53944 | A1B-9 |
| DS249 | 150-0075-00 | B070000 |  | LAMP, INCAND:10V,0.013A, \#21490,WIRE LD | TK0965 | OL 1869TPL |
| OS250 | 150-0111-00 | B010100 | 8069999 | LAMP, GLOW:125V MAX, 1.5MA, 2AC-AT,WIRE | 53944 | A1B-9 |
| DS250 | 150-0075-00 | B070000 |  | LAMP, INCAND:10V,0.013A, \#21490,WIRE LD | TK0965 | OL 1869TPL |
| DS270 | 150-0099-00 | B010100 | 8049999 | LAMP. INCAND:5V, $0.015 \mathrm{~A}, \# 2208$, WIRE LEADS | 08806 | 2208 |


| Component No. | Tektronix Part Mo. | Serial/Asse Effective | mbly No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. <br> Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DS270 | 150-0046-00 | B050000 |  | LAMP, INCAND: $10 \mathrm{~V}, 0.04 \mathrm{~A}$, \#21070, WIRE LEAD | S3774 | OL-2107-TPL |
| J101 | 131-0955-00 |  |  | CONN,RCPT, ELEC:BNC, FEMALE | 13511 | 31-279 |
| Q128 | 151-1049-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: FET, N-CHAN, SI, TO-71 | 04713 | SFD1049 |
| Q132 | 151-0220-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: PNP, SI, TO-92 | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q133 | 151-0220-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: PNP, SI, T0-92 | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q144 | 151-0220-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: PNP, SI, T0-92 | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q214 | 151-0254-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:DARLINGTON, NPN,SI | 03508 | X38L3118 |
| Q246 | 151-0224-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN, SI, TO-92 | 04713 | SPS6917 |
| Q260 | 151-1025-00 | B010100 | 8064283 | TRANSISTOR:FET, N-CHAN, SI, T0-92 | 04713 | SPF3036 |
| Q260 | 151-1006-00 | B064284 |  | TRANSISTOR:FET, N-CHAN,SI, TO-106 | 04713 | SPF3035 |
| Q270 | 151-0219-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:PNP, SI, R-124 | 07263 | S022650 |
| Q315 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN, SI, T0-106 | 04713 | SPS6919 |
| Q320 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN, SI, T0-106 | 04713 | SPS6919 |
| 0446 | 151-0224-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN, SI, T0-92 | 04713 | SPS6917 |
| Q450 | 151-1025-00 | B010100 | 8064283 | TRANSISTOR:FET, N-CHAN, SI, TO-92 | 04713 | SPF3036 |
| Q450 | 151-1006-00 | B064284 |  | TRANSISTOR: FET, N-CHAN, SI, TO-106 | 04713 | SPF3035 |
| Q455 | 151-1025-00 | B010100 | B064283 | TRANSISTOR: FET, N-CHAN, SI, TO-92 | 04713 | SPF3036 |
| Q455 | 151-1006-00 | B064284 |  | TRANSISTOR: FET, N-CHAN, SI, TO-106 | 04713 | SPF3035 |
| Q465 | 151-1025-00 | 8010100 | B064283 | TRANSISTOR:FET, N-CHAN, SI, TO-92 | 04713 | SPF3036 |
| Q465 | 151-1006-00 | B064284 |  | TRANSISTOR: FET, N-CHAN, SI, T0-106 | 04713 | SPF3035 |
| Q480 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: NPN, SI, TO-106 | 04713 | SPS6919 |
| Q485 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN,SI, TO-106 | 04713 | SPS6919 |
| Q490 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN,SI, TO-106 | 04713 | SPS6919 |
| Q495 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN,SI, T0-106 | 04713 | SPS6919 |
| R101 | 316-0102-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES,FXD,CMPSN: $1 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1021 |
| R101 | 315-0102-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 1 K 0 OM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25JE01K0 |
| R103 | 322-0621-01 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: $900 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 0.5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{TC}=$ TO | 57668 | CRB60 DXE 900K |
| R105 | 321-0645-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM:100K OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{TC}=$ T2 | 19701 | 5033RC1003D |
| R112 | 316-0224-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $220 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2241 |
| R112 | 315-0224-00 | B078821 |  | RES,FXD, FILM:220K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E220K |
| R113 | 316-0222-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $2.2 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C82221 |
| R114 | 316-0105-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 1 M OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C81051 |
| R114 | 315-0105-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 1 M OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5043 CXIMOOOJ |
| R121 | 316-0105-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $1 \mathrm{M} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C81051 |
| R121 | 315-0105-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 1 M OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5043 CX1M000 |
| R122 | 316-0222-00 | B010100 | B080425 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $2.2 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2221 |
| R122 | 315-0222-00 | B080426 |  | RES, FXD, FILM:2.2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E02K2 |
| R128 | 315-0303-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM $30 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{OM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{Cx} 30 \mathrm{K00J}$ |
| R129 | 315-0303-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 30 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5043CX30K00, |
| R130 | 316-0153-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES,FXD, CMPSN: 15 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1531 |
| R130 | 315-0153-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 15 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{C} \times 15 \mathrm{~K} 00 \mathrm{~J}$ |
| R131 | 315-0362-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM:3.6K OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{CX3K600J}$ |
| R133 | 315-0303-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM $30 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{CX} 30 \mathrm{K003}$ |
| R134 | 316-0471-00 | B010100 | 8078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 10\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB4711 |
| R134 | 315-0471-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM $470 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR251-E470E |
| R135 | 315-0682-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 6.8 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E06K8 |
| R136 | 316-0274-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $270 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C82741 |
| R136 | 315-0274-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM:270K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E270K |
| R137 | 315-0303-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM 30 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{CX} 30 \mathrm{K00J}$ |
| R139 | 316-0391-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 390 OHM, 10\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB3911 |
| R139 | 315-0391-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: $39001 \mathrm{M}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E390E |
| R142 | 321-0158-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 432 OHM, 1\%, 0.125W, TC=T0 | 07716 | CEAD432ROF |
| R143 | 316-0153-00 | 8010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 15 K OHM, 10\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1531 |
| R143 | 315-0153-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 15 K 0 H , $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{CX15K00J}$ |
| R144 | 315-0303-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM $30 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{C} \times 30 \mathrm{K00} \mathrm{~J}$ |
| R145 | 321-0160-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 453 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{TC}=$ T0 | 19701 | 5033ED453R0F |
| R150 | 311-0678-00 |  |  | RES, VAR, NONWW: PNL, 2X50K OHM, 0.5W, CMPSN OR CERMET | 12697 | 381-CM39681 |



| Component No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Ass Effective | bly No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R235 | 311-1128-00 |  |  | RES, VAR, NOMW : PNL, 20K X 5K OHM, 0.5W | 12697 | CM40069 |
| R236 | 321-0234-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 2.67 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{TC}=$ TO | 19701 | 5033ED2K67F |
| R237 | 316-0124-00 | 8010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 120 K OHM $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C81241 |
| R237 | 315-0124-00 | 8078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM:120K OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 19701 | 5043CX120K0J |
| R238 | 321-0164-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 499 OHM, 1\%, 0.125W, TC=T0 | 19701 | 5033ED499ROF |
| R240 | 311-0634-00 |  |  | RES, VAR, NONW : TRMR, 500 OHM, 0.5 W | 32997 | 3329H-L58-501 |
| R241 | 321-0258-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM:4.75K OHM, 1\%,0.125W, TC=TO | 19701 | 5033ED4K750F |
| R243 | 321-0916-03 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 289 OHM, 0.25\%, 0.125W, TC=T2 | 19701 | 5033RC289R0C |
| R244 | 321-1263-02 | 8010100 | B019999 | RES, FXD, FILM: 5.42 K OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{TC}=$ T2 | 19701 | 5033RC5K420D |
| R244 | 321-0951-02 | B020000 |  | RES, FXD, FILM 5.5 .52 K OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{TC}=$ T2 | 57668 | RB14DYE 5K52 |
| R245 | 311-0678-00 |  |  | RES, VAR, NONWW:PNL, $2 \times 50 \mathrm{~K}$ OHM, $0.5 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{CMPSN}$ OR CERMET | 12697 | 381-CM39681 |
| R246 | 315-0133-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM:13K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 19701 | 5043 CX13K00J |
| R248 | 316-0124-00 | B010100 | B069999 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $120 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C81241 |
| R248 | 315-0821-00 | B070000 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 820 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5043CX820R0J |
| R250 | 316-0124-00 | 8010100 | 8069999 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $120 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C81241 |
| R259 | 315-0303-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: $30 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{Cx} 30 \mathrm{K00J}$ |
| R260 | 316-0103-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 10 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1031 |
| R260 | 315-0103-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM:10K 0 HM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5043CX10K00 J |
| R270 | 315-0682-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 6.8 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E06K8 |
| R272 | 321-0320-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM:21.0K OHM, 1\%,0.125W, TC=T0 | 19701 | 5033ED21K00F |
| R275 | 321-0285-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM:9.09K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{TC}=$ TO | 07716 | CEAD90900F |
| R312 | 316-0473-00 | 8010100 | B080425 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 47 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4731 |
| R312 | 315-0473-00 | B080426 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: $47 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E47K0 |
| R314 | 316-0473-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 47 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4731 |
| R314 | 315-0473-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 47K OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E47K0 |
| R315 | 316-0102-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 1 K OHM, 10\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1021 |
| R315 | 315-0102-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM:1K 0HM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25JE01K0 |
| R317 | 316-0391-00 | B010100 | B029999 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 390 OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3911 |
| R317 | 315-0101-00 | B030000 |  | RES, FXD, FILM $1000 \mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E 100E |
| R318 | 316-0123-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 12 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1231 |
| R318 | 315-0123-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM 12 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E12K0 |
| R321 | 315-0332-00 | 8010100 | B019999 | RES, FXD, FILM:3.3K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E03K3 |
| R321 | 315-0362-00 | B020000 | B029999 | RES, FXD, FILM:3.6K OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 19701 | 5043CX3K600J |
| R321 | 315-0332-00 | B030000 |  | RES,FXD, FILM:3.3K OHM,5\%, 0.25 W | 57658 | NTR25J-E03K3 |
| R324 | 315-0133-00 | B010100 | B029999 | RES, FXD, FILM: $13 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5043CX13K00J |
| R324 | 315-0163-00 | B030000 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 16 K OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E 16K |
| R325 | 316-0333-00 | B010100 | B019999 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 33 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3331 |
| R325 | 315-0273-00 | B020000 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 27 K OHM $, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E27K0 |
| R327 | 316-0472-00 | B010100 | B029999 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $4.7 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{OM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4721 |
| R327 | 315-0912-00 | B030000 |  | RES, FXD, FILM:9.1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E09K1 |
| R328 | 316-0473-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 47 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C84731 |
| R351 | 316-0103-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1031 |
| R351 | 315-0103-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: $10 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{OM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{C} \times 10 \mathrm{K00J}$ |
| R352 | 316-0105-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 1 M OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1051 |
| R352 | 315-0105-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 1 M OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 C \times 1$ M000 J |
| R355 | 316-0223-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 22K OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2231 |
| R355 | 315-0223-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 22K OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 19701 | 5043CX22K00J92U |
| R363 | 316-0472-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $4.7 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4721 |
| R363 | 315-0472-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM:4.7K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E04K7 |
| R364 | 315-0103-00 | B080498 |  | RES, FXD, FILM 10 K OHM $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | $5043 \mathrm{CX10K00J}$ |
| R365 | 316-0122-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $1.2 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \% .0 .25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1221 |
| R365 | 315-0122-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD,FILM:1.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E01K2 |
| R366 | 316-0102-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD,CMPSN: 1 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1021 |
| R366 | 315-0102-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: $1 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25JE01K0 |
| R367 | 316-0182-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $1.8 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1821 |
| R367 | 315-0182-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 1.8 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25J-E1K8 |
| R369 | 316-0102-00 |  |  | RES,FXD,CMPSN: 1 K OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1021 |
| R371 | 315-0682-00 |  |  | RES,FXD, FILM:6.8K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E06K8 |



| Camponent Mo. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Ass Effective | mbly No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr. <br> Code | Mfr. Part Mo. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R492 | 316-0153-00 | 8010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 15 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1531 |
| R492 | 315-0153-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 15 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5043CX15K00J |
| R493 | 321-0356-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM:49.9K 0 HM,1\%,0.125W, TC=T0 | 19701 | 5033ED49K90F |
| R494 | 316-0102-00 | B010100 | 8078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 1 K OHM, 10\%, 0.25W | 01121 | C31021 |
| R494 | 315-0102-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 1 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25JE01K0 |
| R495 | 316-0472-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES,FXD,CMPSN: 4.7 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C34721 |
| R495 | 315-0472-00 | B078821 |  | RES,FXD, FILM:4.7K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 57668 | NTR25J-E04K7 |
| R496 | 316-0102-00 | 8010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $1 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{OHM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1021 |
| R496 | 315-0102-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 1 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 57668 | NTR25JE01K0 |
| R497 | 321-0362-00 |  |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 57.6 K OHM, 1\%,0.125W, TC=TO | 19701 | 5043ED57K60F |
| R498 | 316-0103-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 10 K OHM, 10\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB1031 |
| R498 | 315-0103-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: $10 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19701 | 5043CX10K00J |
| R499 | 316-0103-00 | B010100 | B078820 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: $10 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1031 |
| R499 | 315-0103-00 | B078821 |  | RES, FXD, FILM: 10 K OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 19701 | 5043CX10K00J |
| S110 | 260-1213-00 |  |  | SWITCH, PUSH:DPDT, 1A, 28VDC | 31918 | ORDER BY DESCR |
| S114 | 260-1269-00 |  |  | SWITCH,PUSH:4 BUTTON, 2 POLE,B SOURCE | 31918 | ORDER BY DESCR |
| S160 | 105-0267-00 |  |  | ACTUATOR,CAM SW:TIME/DIV,FRONT | 80009 | 105-0267-00 |
| S171 | 260-1212-00 |  |  | SWITCH, PUSH:4PDT, 1A, 28VDC | 31918 | ORDER BY DESCR |
| S310 | 260-1268-00 |  |  | SWITCH, PUSH:3 BUTTON, 2 POLE, FINCTION | 80009 | 260-1268-00 |
| S470 | 260-1270-00 | B010100 | B063007 | SWITCH,PUSH:5 STATION, 3 PUSH-PUSH | 59821 | 2KBM021200500 |
| S470 | 260-1270-01 | B063008 | B066303 | SWITCH, PUSH: 5 STATION, 3 PUSH-PUSH | 80009 | 260-1270-01 |
| 5470 | 260-1270-00 | B066304 |  | SWITCH, PUSH:5 STATION, 3 PUSH-PUSH | 59821 | 2KBM021200500 |
| S471 | 260-1211-00 |  |  | SWITCH, PUSH:1A, 28VOC | 31918 | 601348 |
| U160 | 155-0056-00 |  |  | MICROCKT,DGTL:SWEEP CONTROL | 80009 | 155-0056-00 |
| U210 | 155-0042-01 | B010100 | 8019999 | MICROCKT,LINEAR:MILLER INTEGRATOR | 80009 | 155-0042-01 |
| U210 | 155-0042-03 | B020000 | B066184 | MICROCKT,LINEAR:MILLER INTEGRATOR | 80009 | 155-0042-03 |
| U210 | 155-0028-00 | B066185 |  | MICROCKT,LINEAR:MILLER INTEGRATOR | 80009 | 155-0028-00 |
| U360 | 155-0056-00 |  |  | MICROCKT, DGTL:SWEEP CONTROL | 80009 | 155-0056-00 |
| 4410 | 155-0042-01 | 8010100 | B019999 | MICROCKT,LINEAR:MILLER INTEGRATOR | 80009 | 155-0042-01 |
| U410 | 155-0042-03 | B020000 | B066184 | MICROCKT,LINEAR:MILLER INTEGRATOR | 80009 | 155-0042-03 |
| U410 | 155-0028-00 | B066185 |  | MICROCKT,LINEAR:MILLER INTEGRATOR | 80009 | 155-0028-00 |
| VR315 | 152-0279-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI :ZEN, SI, 5.1V,5\%,0.4W, DO-7 | 14552 | T03810989 |
| VR490 | 152-0149-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: $2 \mathrm{EE}, \mathrm{SI}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%, 0.4 \mathrm{~W}$, DO-7 | 15238 | 25406 |




| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { GRID } \\ \text { LOC } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C102 | D7 | CR124 | K1 | R130 | к3 | R259* | E5 | R479 | G4 |
| C103 | J1 | CR126 | K1 | R131 | K3 | R260 | C5 | R480 | c2 |
| C104 | K1 | CR131 | K2 | R133 | K3 | R270 | A2 | R482 | A3 |
| C105 | K1 | CR133 | K2 | R134 | K3 | R272 | A2 | R483 | B2 |
| C111 | J5 | CR139 | J2 | R135 | K3 | R275 | A2 | R485 | C2 |
| C112 | J5 | CR162 | B3 | R136 | J3 | R312 | 17 | R487 | B1 |
| C113 | L3 | CR166 | 11 | R137 | J3 | R314 | 14 | R490 | C4 |
| C114 | D7 | CR167 | B3 | R139 | K3 | R315 | 14 | R492 | B5 |
| C121 | K2 | CR259* | D5 | R142 | D2 | R317 | 15 | R493 | A3 |
| C134 | K3 | CR260* | E5 | R143 | C2 | R318 | 15 | R494 | B5 |
| C135 | K3 | CR261* | * D5 | R144 | C2 | R321 | H5 | R495 | B4 |
| C137 | 13 | CR263 | D5 | R145 | D2 | R324 | H5 | R496 | B4 |
| C151 | 13 | CR270 | C1 | $R 151$ | J3 | R325 | 15 | R497 | B1 |
| C154 | L1 | CR318 | 15 | R152 | K1 | R327 | H5 | R498 | B4 |
| C155 | J4 | CR327 | H5 | R155 | L1 | R328 | H5 | R499 | B4 |
| C156 | 13 | CR363 | B3 | R161 | 11 | R351 | 14 |  |  |
| C161 | 11 | CR365 | D3 | R163 | D3 | R352 | H5 |  |  |
| C162 | H1 | CR367 | D1 | R164 | D3 | R355 | H4 | S110A | K4 |
| C164 | H2 | CR418 | D4 | R165 | G2 | R363 | F3 | S110B | K4 |
| C167 | H1 | CR450 | c5 | R166 | 11 | R364* | E3 | S110C | K5 |
| C176 | H1 | CR459 | B2 | R167 | 11 | R365 | F3 | S110D | K5 |
| C179 | H2 | CR472 | B2 | R169 | $J 1$ | R366 | G5 | S114A | E6 |
| C206 | E2 | CR475 | H1 | R171 | J4 | R367 | E1 | S114B | E7 |
| C210 | E2 | CR478 | G5 | R172 | $J 1$ | R369 | G5 | S114C | E7 |
| C216 | E2 | CR480 | C2 | R173 | 11 | R371 | H4 | S114D | E8 |
| C218 | F2 | CR485 | D3 | R176 | ${ }^{\mathrm{H} 1}$ | R372 | H4 | S171A | K4 |
| C221 | F1 | CR490 | C5 | R179 | 11 | R373 | G5 | S171B | K5 |
| C222 | E1 | CR491 | c5 | R201 | D2 | R376 | G4 | S171C | K5 |
| C224 | E2 | CR492 | B5 | R202 | D1 | R379 | H4 | S310A | 17 |
| C225 | F1 | CR498 | B5 | R203 | G1 | R403 | D4 | ${ }_{\text {S310] }}$ | 17 |
| C229 | G1 | CR499 | C4 | R204 | D1 | R406 | D5 | S310C | 18 |
| C246 | D5 |  |  | R206 | E1 | R408 | D4 | S470A | C2 |
| C270 | H1 | 0128 | K2 | R207 | C1 | R409 | C4 | S470B | C3 |
| C275 | A1 | 0132 | K2 | R208 | B1 | R418 | D4 | S470C | C3 |
| C311 | 17 | 0133 | 13 | R209 | C1 | R422 | D4 | S470D | C4 |
| C314 | D6 | 0144 | C2 | R210 | E1 | R425 | E4 | S470E | C4 |
| C354 | F3 | 0214 | F5 | R211 | F5 | R426 | E3 | S471 | C1 |
| C355 | G3 | 0246 | D5 | R 212 | G5 | R427 | E2 |  |  |
| C356 | G3 | 0260 | D5 | R214 | F5 | R429 | E2 |  |  |
| C365 | G4 | 0270 | B1 | R 218 | F2 | R431 | E3 |  |  |
| C367 | E1 | 0315 | H4 | R219 | F1 | R432 | E3 | U160 | J1 |
| C376 | F4 | 0320 | H5 | R222 | E1 | R433 | E3 | U210 |  |
| C379 C409 | H4 | 0446 | F5 | R223 ${ }_{\text {R224 }}+$ | E1 | R434 | E3 | U360 | F4 |
| C409 | E5 | 0450 | C5 | R224* ${ }^{\text {+ }}$ | D2 | R436 | E3 | U410 | D4 |
| C418 | E5 | 0455 | B3 B4 | R225 R226 | H 4 <br> H 4 | R438 | B3 |  |  |
| C421* | D4 | 0480 | B2 | R227 | 13 | R446 | D5 c5 | VR315 | 14 |
| C422 | D4 | 0485 | B1 | R229 | H3 | R452 | E5 | VR490 | B4 |
| C424 | E4 | 0490 | B4 | R231 | 14 | R453 | E5 |  |  |
| C425 | E4 | 0495 | B4 | R232 | H4 | R454 * | B4 |  |  |
| C427 | E4 |  |  | $R 233$ | 14 | R455 | B3 |  |  |
| C429 | F4 | R101 | D8 | R234 | H3 | R456 | E3 |  |  |
| C446 | E5 | R103 | K1 | R236 | 13 | R458 | D3 |  |  |
| C454** | B4 | R105 | K1 | R237 | 14 | R459 | D3 |  |  |
| C470 | C1 | R112 | K6 | R238 | E2 | R460 | H3 |  |  |
| C471 | C1 | R113 | K3 | R240 | G1 | R461 | B3 |  |  |
| C475 | H1 | R114 | K6 | R241 | H1 | R463 | H4 |  |  |
| C478 | G4 | R121 | K2 | R243 | F1 | R465 | H3 |  |  |
| C490 | C4 | R122 | K2 | R244 | D1 | R474 | A2 |  |  |
| C493 | B2 | R128 | L2 | R246 | E5 | R475 | H1 |  |  |
| C497 | A1 | R129 | K2 | R248 | B5 | R478 | H5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | R248 $\dagger \dagger$ | † A5 |  |  |  |  |

*See Parts List for
serial number ranges.
t Located on back of board.
††New Location of R248 for SN B076766 and up.


Scan by Zenith


# REPLACEABLE MECHANICAL PARTS 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS
Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

## INDENTATION SYSTEM

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.

12345
Name \& Description
Assembly and/or Component
Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component
....*...
Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component
Attaching parts for Detail Part
-..."...
Parts of Detail Part
Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part
... - .

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol-- *-- - indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

| * | INCH | ELCTRN | ELECTRON | IN | INCH | SE | SINGLE END |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | NUMBER SIZE | ELEC | ELECTRICAL | INCAND | INCANDESCENT | SECT | SECTION |
| ACTR | ACTUATOR | ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | INSUL | INSULATOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ADPTR | ADAPTER | ELEM | ELEMENT | INTL | INTERNAL | SHLO | SHIELD |
| ALIGN | ALIGNMENT | EPL | ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST | LPHLDR | LAMPHOLDER | SHLDR | SHOULDERED |
| AL | ALUMINUM | EQPT | EQUIPMENT | MACH | MACHINE | SKT | SOCKET |
| ASSEM | ASSEMBLED | EXT | EXTERNAL | MECH | MECHANICAL. | SL | SLIDE |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | FIL | FILLISTER HEAD | MTG | MOUNTING | SLFLKG | SELF-LOCKING |
| ATTEN | ATTENUATOR | FLEX | FLEXIBLE | NIP | NIPPLE | SLVG | SLEEVING |
| AWG | AMERICAN WIRE GAGE | FLH | FLAT HEAD | NON WIRE | NOT WIRE WOUND | SPR | SPAING |
| BU | BOARD | FLTR | FILTER | OBD | OROER BY DESCRIPTION | SQ | SQUARE |
| BRKT | BRACKET | FR | FRAME of FRONT | OO | OUTSIDE DIAMETER | SST | STAINLESS STEEL |
| BRS | BRASS | FSTNR | FASTENER | OVH | OVAL HEAD | STL | STEEL |
| BRZ | BRONZE | FT | FOOT | PH BRZ | PHOSPHOR BRONZE | SW | SWITCH |
| BSHG | BUSHING | FXD | FIXED | PL | PLAIN or PLATE | T | TUBE |
| CAB | CABINET | GSKT | GASKET | PLSTC | PLASTIC | TERM | TERMINAL |
| CAP | CAPACITOA | HDL | handle | PN | PART NUMBER | THD | THREAD |
| CER | CERAMIC | HEX | HEXAGON | PNH | PAN HEAD | THK | THICK |
| CHAS | CHASSIS | HEX HO | HEXAGONAL HEAD | PWR | POWER | TNSN | TENSION |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | HEX SOC | HEXAGONAL SOCKET | RCPT | RECEPTACLE | TPG | TAPPING |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | HLCPS | HELICAL COMPRESSION | RES | AESISTOR | TRH | TRUSS HEAD |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | HLEXT | HELICAL EXTENSION | RGD | RIGID | $V$ | VOLTAGE |
| COV | COVER | HV | HIGH VOLTAGE | RLF | RELIEF | VAR | VARIABLE |
| CPLG | COUPLING | IC | INTEGPATED CIRCUIT | RTNR | RETAINER | W/ | WITH |
| CRT | CATHODE RAY TUBE | ID | INSIDE DIAMETER | SCH | SOCKET HEAD | WSHR | WASHER |
| DEG | DEGREE | IDENT | IDENTIFICATION | SCOPE | OSCILLOSCOPE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| DWR | DRAWER | IMPLR | IMPELLEA | SCA | SCREW | XSTR | TRANSISTOR |

## CROSS INDEX - MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05129 | Kilo engineering 00 | 2015 D | LA VERNE CA 91750 |
| 05820 | EG AND G WAKEFIELD ENGINEERING | 60 AUDUBON RD | WAKEFIELD MA 01880 |
| 07416 | NELSON NAME PLATE CO | 3191 CASITAS | LOS ANGELES CA 90039 |
| 08261 | SPECTRA-STRIP AN ELTRA CO | 7100 LAMPSON AVE | GARDEN GROVE CA 92642 |
| 09772 | WEST COAST LOCKWASHER CO INC | 16730 E JOHNSON DRIVE P 0 BOX 3588 | CITY OF INDUSTRY CA 91744 |
| 09922 | BURNDY CORP | RICHARDS AVE | NORWALK CT 06852 |
| 12327 | FREEWAY CORP | 9301 ALLEN DR | CLEVELAND OH 44125 |
| 13511 | AMPHENOL CADRE DIV BUNKER RAMO CORP |  | LOS GATOS CA |
| 28520 | HEYCO MOLDED PRODUCTS | 147 MICHIGAN aVE P O BOX 160 | KENILWORTH NJ 07033 |
| 45722 | USM CORP., PARKER-KALON FASTENER DIV |  | CAMPBELLSVILLE, KY 42718 |
| 71785 | TRW INC <br> TRW CINCH CONNECTORS | 1501 MORSE AVE | ELK GROVE VILLAGE IL 60007 |
| 73743 | FISCHER SPECIAL MFG CO | 446 MORGAN ST | CINCINNATI OH 45206 |
| 74445 | HOLO-KROME CO | 31 BROOK ST | WEST HARTFORD CT 06110 |
| 77900 | SHAKEPROOF <br> DIV OF ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS | SAINT CHARLES RD | ELGIN IL 60120 |
| 79136 | WALDES KOHINDOR INC | 47-16 AUSTEL PLACE | LONG ISLAND CITY NY 11101 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX INC | 4900 S W GRIFFITH DR POBOX 500 | BEAVERTON OR 97077 |
| 83385 | MICRODOT MANUFACTURING INC greer-Central div | 3221 W BIG BEAVER RD | TROY MI 48098 |
| 93907 | TEXTRON INC CAMCAR DIV | 600 18TH AVE | ROCKFORD IL 61101 |
| TK0392 | NORTHWEST FASTENER SALES INC | 7923 SW CIRRUS DRIVE | BEAVERTON OR 97005 |
| TK0435 | LEWIS SCREW CO | 4114 S PEORIA | CHICAGO IL 60609 |
| TK1319 | MORELLIS Q \& D PLASTICS | 1812 16-TH AVE | FOREST GROVE OR 97116 |
| TK1665 | PORTLAND DIE AND STAMPING INC | 4805 SE 26TH | PORTLAND OR 97202 |




Fig. $\&$

| Index <br> No. | Tektronix <br> Part Mo. | Serial/Assenbly No. Effective Dscont | Oty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Mo. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-87 | 361-0384-00 |  | 4 | .SPACER, PB SW:0.133 L, RED POLYCARBONATE . (END ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 361-0384-00 |
| -88 | ----- ----- |  | 1 | .SWITCH, PUSH: (SEE S171 REPL) <br> . (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
|  | 361-0382-00 |  | 4 | .SPACER, PB SW:0.275 L.BROWN POLYCARBONATE . (END ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 361-0382-00 |
| -89 | ----- ----- |  | 1 | .SWITCH, PUSH(SEE S470 REPL) . (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
|  | 361-0384-00 |  | 8 | .SPACER, PB SW:0.133 L.RED POLYCARBONATE . (END ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 361-0384-00 |
|  | 105-0276-00 |  | 1 | . ACTR ASSY. CAM S:TIME/DIV | 80009 | 105-0276-00 |
| -90 | 200-1271-00 |  | 1 | ..COVER,CAM SW:22 \& 9 ELEMENTS <br> .. (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 200-1271-00 |
| -91 | 211-0079-00 |  | 5 | .. SCREW,MACHINE:2-56 X 0.188, PNH,STL | TK0435 | 5549-418 |
| -92 | 210-0001-00 |  | 4 | ..WASHER,LOCK:\#2 INTL, 0.013 THK, STL | 77900 | 1202-00-00-0541C |
| -93 | 210-0259-00 |  | 1 | ..TERMINAL,LUG:0.099 ID,LOCKING, BRS CD PL | 80009 | 210-0259-00 |
| -94 | 210-0405-00 | B010100 B049999 | 5 | . .NUT, PLAIN, HEX:2-56 X 0.188, BRS CD PL | 73743 | 12157-50 |
|  | 220-0636-00 | 8050000 | 5 | ..NUT, PLAIN, HEX:2-56 X 0.188 HEX,BRS CD PL | 73743 | ORDER BY DESCR |
|  | 131-1219-00 | 8050000 | 1 | .. CONTACT,ELEC:GROUNDING,CU BE <br> .. (END ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 131-1219-00 |
|  | 334-3448-00 | B066640 | 1 | . .MARKER, IDENT:MARKED NOTICE | 07416 | ORDER BY DESCR |
| -95 | 354-0219-00 |  | 2 | ..RING,RETAINING:EXT,CRESCENT, U/0 0.25 DIA | 79136 | 5103-25-S-ZD-R |
| -96 | 401-0057-00 |  | 2 | ..BEARING,CAM SW:FRONT W/0.83 DIA BSHG | 80009 | 401-0057-00 |
| -97 | 214-1127-00 |  | 2 | . . ROLLER, DETENT:0.125 DIA $\times 0.125$,SST | 80009 | 214-1127-00 |
| -98 | 214-1139-00 |  | 1 | .SPRING, FLAT: $0.885 \times 0.156 \mathrm{CJ}$ BE GLD CLR (REPLACE WITH SAME COLOR CODE AS THE .ORIGINAL PART IN YOUR INSTRUMENT) | 80009 | 214-1139-00 |
|  | 214-1139-02 |  | 1 | .SPRING, FLAT: $0.885 \times 0.156 \mathrm{CU}$ BE GRN CLR (REPLACE WITH SAME COLOR COOE AS THE .ORIGINAL PART IN YOUR INSTRLMENT) | 80009 | 214-1139-02 |
|  | 214-1139-03 |  | 1 | .SPRING,FLAT: $0.885 \times 0.156 \mathrm{CJ}$ BE RED CLR (REPLACE WITH SAME COLOR CODE AS THE .ORIGINAL PART IN YOUR INSTRUMENT) | 80009 | 214-1139-03 |
| -99 | 210-0406-00 |  | 8 | .. NUT, PLAIN, HEX:4-40 X 0.188,BRS CD PL | 73743 | 12161-50 |
| -100 | 407-0653-00 |  | 1 | ..BRACKET, COVER:CAM SWITCH, DELRIN | 80009 | 407-0653-00 |
| -101 | 105-0275-00 |  | 1 | . . ACTUATOR, CAM SW:TIME/DIV, FRONT | 80009 | 105-0275-00 |
| -102 | 401-0055-00 |  | 1 | ..BEARING,CAM SW:CENTER,0.83 DIA CAM | 80009 | 401-0055-00 |
| -103 | 105-0274-00 |  | 1 | .ACTUATOR,CAM SW:TIME/DIV,REAR <br> .. (ATTACHING PARTS FOR ACTR ASSY) | 80009 | 105-0274-00 |
| -104 | 211-0116-00 |  | 8 | .SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 X 0.312, PNH,BRS,POZ <br> (END ATTACHING PARTS) <br> (ATTACHING PARTS FOR CKT BD) | 77900 | ORDER BY DESCR |
| -105 | 213-0146-00 |  | 4 | SCREW,TPG,TF:6-20 X 0.312,TYPE B,PNH,STL (END ATTACHING PARTS) | 83385 | ORDER BY DESCR |
| -106 | 426-0725-00 |  | , | FR SECT, PLUG-IN:TOP | 80009 | 426-0725-00 |
| -107 | 426-0724-00 |  | 1 | FR SECT, PLUG-IN:BOTTOM | 80009 | 426-0724-00 |
| -108 | 175-0825-00 |  | AR | CABLE, SP, ELEC:2,26 AWG, STRD, PVC JKT,RBN | 80009 | 175-0825-00 |
| -109 | 175-0827-00 |  | AR | CABLE,SP, ELEC:4,26 AWG, STRD, PVC JKT, RBN | 08261 | 111-2699-954 |
|  |  |  |  | STANDARD ACCESSORIES |  |  |
|  | 070-1141-00 |  | 1 | MANUAL, TECH: INSTR | 80009 | 070-1141-00 |


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## MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages.

A single change may affect several sections. Since the change information sheets are carried in the manual until all changes are permanently entered, some duplication may occur. If no such change pages appear following this page, your manual is correct as printed.

