## INSTRUCTION MANUAL


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Fig. 1-1. 5A 15N Amplifier.

## SECTION 1 SPECIFICATION

Change information, if any, affecting this section will be found at the rear of this manual.

## Introduction

The 5A15N Amplifier is a general-purpose amplifier plug-in unit for use with Tektronix 5100 -series oscilloscopes. The unit features solid-state circuitry and simplicity of front-panel controls, which include a lighted knob skirt to provide a direct readout of calibrated deflection factor. The 5A15N has calibrated deflection factors from one millivolt per division to five volts per division and a bandwidth from DC to at least two megahertz. While designed primarily for use as a vertical amplifier, the unit can be
operated in association with the horizontal deflection system of the oscilloscope for X-Y displays.

The following electrical characteristics apply over an ambient temperature range of $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Refer to the 5100-series Oscilloscope System manual for environmental characteristics.

In this manual the word Volts/Div or division refers to major graticule division.

## TABLE 1-1

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Supplemental Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deflection Factor Calibrated Range | 1 millivolt/division to 5 volts/division | 12 steps in a 1-2-5 sequence |
| Accuracy | Within 2\% |  |
| Step Attenuator Balance |  | Adjustable for one division or less trace movement as VOLTS/DIV is rotated throughout its range. |
| Uncalibrated (Var) Range |  | At least 2.5:1. |
| Frequency Response <br> Bandwidth (8 Div Reference) <br> DC (Direct) Coupled | DC to at least 2 megahertz. |  |
| AC (Capacitive) Coupled | 2 hertz or less to at least 2 megahertz. |  |
| Step Response (Displayed) Aberrations | $\pm 2 \%$ of pulse amplitude. |  |
| Inputs <br> Resistance | 1 megohm, within 1\%. | Time constant normalized for 47 microseconds, within $3 \%$. |
| Capacitance | $\approx 47$ picofarads |  |
| Maximum Safe Input Voltages DC (Direct) Coupled | 350 V (DC + Peak AC) |  |
| AC (Capacitive) Coupled | 350 VDC |  |
| POSITION Range |  | At least + and - 10 divisions fróm graticule center. |

## SECTION 2

# OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS 

Change information, if any, affecting this section will be found at the rear of this manual.

## Introduction

The 5A15N Amplifier Plug-in operates with a Tektronix 5100 -series oscilloscope. An understanding of the 5A15N operation and capabilities is essential for obtaining best results. This section of the manual gives a brief functional description of the front-panel controls and connectors, a familiarization procedure, and general operating information.

## PLUG-IN INSERTION AND REMOVAL

The 5 A 15 N is calibrated and ready for use as it is received. It can be installed in any compartment of the 5100 -series oscilloscope, but it is intended for principal use in vertical compartments (the center and left compartments). For $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}$ operation, the 5 A 15 N may also be installed in the horizontal (right) compartment (refer to the 5100N Oscilloscope System Instruction Manual for information on X-Y operation).

## NOTE

If the oscilloscope system receives no DISPLAY ON logic levels from the vertical plug-ins, it is designed to display the unit in the left compartment.

To install, align the upper and lower rails of the 5A15N with the plug-in compartment tracks and fully insert it (the plug-in panel must be flush with the oscilloscope panel). To remove, pull the release latch to disengage the 5 A 15 N from the oscilloscope.

## CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS

This is a brief description of the function or operation of the front-panel controls and connectors. More detailed information is given under General Operating Information.

DISPLAY ON

POSITION

Applies and removes logic levels to the oscilloscope system to enable or disable plug-in operation. The switch functions only when the plug-in is operated in one of the vertical plug-in compartments.

Positions display.


STEP ATTEN BAL

Input Coupling Pushbuttons

Volts per major graticule division. Selects calibrated deflection factors from $1 \mathrm{mV} /$ Div to $5 \mathrm{~V} /$ Div; 12 steps in a 1-2-5 sequence. Knob skirt is illuminated to indicate deflection factor.

Provides uncalibrated, continuously variable deflection factor between calibrated steps; extends range to 12.5 V/Div.

Balances the input amplifier for minimum trace shift throughout the VOLTS/DIV gain-switching range.

AC-DC: Button pushed in selects capacitive coupling of input signal; button out selects direct coupling of input signal.

GND: Disconnects the input signal and provides ground reference to the amplifier input stage.

PRE CHG: Both AC-DC and GND buttons pushed in allows precharging of the coupling capacitor. Release GND for measurement.

Input Connector
BNC connector for application of external voltage signals. Includes a coded-probe input ring for activation of X 10 readout.

## BASIC OPERATION

## Preparation

The first few steps of the following procedure are intended to help quickly obtain a trace on the screen and prepare the instrument for immediate use. The remainder of the steps demonstrate some of the basic functions of the $5 A 15 N$. Operation of other instruments in the system is described in the instruction manuals for those units.

1. Insert the unit all the way into the oscilloscope system plug-in compartment.
2. Turn the oscilloscope Intensity control fully counterclockwise and turn the oscilloscope system Power ON. Pre-

## Operating Instructions-5A15N

set the time-base and triggering controls for a 2 -millisecond/ division sweep rate and automatic triggering.
3. Set the 5 A 15 N front-panel controls as follows:

| DISPLAY | ON (deflection factor <br> illuminated) |
| :--- | :--- |
| POSITION | Midrange |
| VOLTS/DIV | .1 V Calibrated |
| STEP ATTEN BAL | Midrange |
| Input Coupling | DC, GND |

4. Adjust the Intensity control for normal viewing of the trace. The trace should appear near the graticule center.
5. Move the trace two divisions below the graticule centerline with the POSITION control.
6. Apply a 400-millivolt peak-to-peak signal (available at the oscilloscope Calibrator loop) through a test lead or 1X probe to the input connector.
7. Release the GND pushbutton. The display should be square waves four divisions in amplitude, with the bottom of the display at the reference established in step 5. Rotate the Variable control throughout its range, observing a reduction of the display amplitude. Return the Variable control to the CAL detent (calibrated Volts/Div) position.
8. To demonstrate AC-coupled operation, re-position the display with the POSITION control to place the bottom of the display at the graticule centerline.
9. Push in the $A C$ button and note that the display shifts downward about two divisions to its average level.

## Step Attenuator Balance

If the STEP ATTEN BAL control is not properly adjusted, the CRT zero reference point (trace or spot) will shift vertically due to differential DC imbalance in the amplifier as the VOLTS/DIV switch is rotated throughout its range. The shift is more noticeable on the most sensitive positions.
a. With the instrument operating, ground the input (GND button pushed in) and set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 5 V . Move the trace to the graticule center with the POSITION control.
b. Rotate the VOLTS/DIV switch throughout its range and adjust the STEP ATTEN BAL control for minimum trace shift.

## Gain Check

The vertical and horizontal deflection systems of the 5100 N -series oscilloscopes are gain-standardized to permit a plug-in to be moved from one oscilloscope to another (or from one compartment to another within the oscilloscope) without the need to recheck the calibration each time. However, the 5A15N gain can be checked and, if necessary, adjusted.

This completes the basic operating procedure for the 5A15N. Instrument operations not explained here or those that need further explanation are discussed under General Operating Information.

## GENERAL OPERATING INFORMATION

## Applying Signals

When measuring DC voltage, use the largest deflection factor ( $5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{Div}$ ) when first connecting the 5 A 15 N to an unknown voltage source. If the deflection is too small to make the measurement, switch to a lower deflection factor.

In general, probes offer the most convenient method of connecting a signal to the input of the 5A15N. Tektronix probes are shielded to prevent pickup of electrostatic interference. A 10 X attenuator probe offers a high input impedance and allows the circuit under test to perform very close to normal operating conditions. The 5 A 15 N is designed for compatibility with coded probes, such as the Tek tronix P6060 and P6052 Passive Probes. The input connector has an outer ring to which the coding ring on the probe connector makes contact. This type of probe allows the vertical deflection factor indicated by the readout to correspond with the actual deflection factor at the probe tip, eliminating the need to consider the attenuation factor of the probe when measuring the signal amplitude on the graticule scale. See your Tektronix, Inc., catalog for characteristics and compatibility of probes for use with this system.

Sometimes unshielded test leads can be used to connect the 5 A 15 N to a signal source, particularly when a highlevel, low-frequency signal is monitored at a low-impedance point. However, when any of these factors is missing, it becomes increasingly important to use shielded signal cables. In all cases, the signal-transporting leads should be kept as short as practical. Be sure to establish a common ground connection between the device under test and the 5 A 15 N . The shield of a coaxial cable or ground strap of a signal probe provides adequate common ground connection.

## Input Coupling

The AC-DC pushbutton switch allows a choice of input coupling. The type of display desired will determine the coupling used.

DC coupling (button out) can be used for most applications. However, if the DC component of the signal is much larger than the AC component, AC coupling (button in) will probably provide a better display. DC coupling should be used to display AC signals below about 2 hertz as they will be attenuated in the $A C$ position.

In the AC position, the DC component is blocked by a capacitor in the input circuit. The low-frequency response in the $A C$ position is about 2 hertz ( -3 dB point). Therefore, some low-frequency attenuation can be expected near this frequency limit. Distortion will also appear in square waves which have low-frequency components.

The GND pushbutton provides a ground reference at the amplifier input. The signal applied to the input connector is presented with a one-megohm load, while the amplifier input is grounded. This eliminates the need to externally ground the input to establish a DC ground reference.

Pre-charging. To minimize surge currents in the circuit under test when using deflection factors of $50 \mathrm{mV} /$ Div through $1 \mathrm{mV} /$ Div and a 1 X probe, use the $A C-D C$ and GND pushbuttons to take advantage of the pre-charging circuit incorporated inthe unit. The pre-charging circuit permits charging the coupling capacitor to the DC source voltage when the AC and GND buttons are pressed in. The procedure for using this circuit is as follows:
a. Before connecting the 5 A 15 N to a signal containing a DC component, push in the AC and GND buttons. Then connect the input to the circuit under test.
b. Wait about one second for the coupling capacitor to charge.
c. Remove the ground from the coupling capacitor (GND button out). The display will remain on-screen and the $A C$ component can be measured in the usual manner.

## Deflection Factor

The amount of trace deflection produced by a signal is determined by the signal amplitude, the attenuation factor (if any) of the probe, the setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch, and the setting of the Variable control. The calibrated deflection factors are indicated by the VOLTS/DIV switch only when the Variable control is rotated fully clockwise into the detent position.

The range of the Variable control is at least 2.5:1. It provides uncalibrated deflection factors covering the full range between the fixed settings of the VOLTS/DIV switch. The control can be set to extend the deflection factor to at least 12.5 volts/division.

# SECTION 3 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION 

Change information, if any, affecting this section will be found at the rear of this manual.

## Introduction

This section contains an electrical description of the circuits in the 5A15N Amplifier unit. A complete schematic diagram is given on a pullout page at the back of the manual.

## Plug-in Logic

When the DISPLAY ON button, S199, is pressed, a logic level is applied to the electronic switching circuit in the oscilloscope to enable plug-in operation (this button has no effect when the plug-in is inserted in a horizontal plug-in compartment). Power is applied to illuminate the frontpanel knob-skirt readout lamp, indicating the ON mode.

## Input Coupling

Signals applied to the front-panel input connector may be capacitive coupled (AC), direct coupled (DC), or internally disconnected (GND). Provision is made to precharge (or discharge) the input capacitor to protect delicate circuitry under test. When both the AC and GND buttons are pressed, the input to the amplifier is grounded and input capacitor C101 is precharged through R102 to the level of the applied input signal.

## Input Attenuator

The deflection factor of the plug-in is set by a combination of gain switching in the amplifier and input attenuation.

The input attenuator is a frequency-compensated voltage divider that provides 100 X attenuation in the 0.1 V to 5 V positions of the VOLTS/DIV switch. At DC and for lowfrequency signals, the divider is essentially resistive (attenuation ratio determined by the resistance ratio of R107 and R108). At higher frequencies, the capacitive reactance becomes effective and the attenuation ratio is determined by the impedance ratio. In addition to providing constant 100X attenuation throughout the bandwidth of the amplifier, the input attenuator maintains a constant input RC characteristic (one megohm paralleled by about 47 pF ) for 0.1 V to 5 V settings of the VOLTS/ DIV switch.

## Amplifier

The input amplifier consists of two identical feedback amplifiers connected in a paraphase configuration. Quiescently, the two sides of the amplifier are balanced by the STEP ATTEN BAL adjustment R116 so there is no current through the gain-setting resistor (R123 through R128). See Fig. 3-1 for a simplified diagram. An input signal is developed across the gain-setting resistor, shifting the current through Q134 and Q138 by the amount established through R123-R128, and developing a push-pull output signal across R134 and R138. The gain of this amplifier


Fig. 3-1. Input amplifier partial diagram showing quiescent current paths.

## Circuit Description-5A15N

ranges from about one to fifty, and is primarily determined by the ratio of R123 to the sum of R134 and R138.

The push-pull signal voltage from Q134 and Q138 collectors then passes through emitter followers Q142 and Q146 and is transformed to a signal current by Q160 and Q162. Q177 and Q178 provides positioning current.

The Variable Volts/Div potentiometer R168, and the Gain-setting potentiometer R166, reduce the gain in the Q160-Q162 stage by developing an adjustable amount of signal voltage between their emitters.

Q150, Q156 and Q158 receive the push-pull signal and provide a single-ended trigger signal out.

## SECTION 4 CALIBRATION

Change information, if any, affecting this section will be found at the rear of this manual.

## Introduction

This section of the manual contains a procedure to return the circuits of the 5 A 15 N to within their designed operating capabilities. Calibration is generally required after a repair has been made, or after long time intervals in which normal aging of components may affect instrument accuracy. Locations of internal adjustments are shown in Figure 4-1.

For initial inspection to verify instrument operation, the Basic Operation procedure in Section 2 should be used (the instrument is checked with its covers on, using a minimum of peripheral equipment).

## Instrument Maintenance

Before complete calibration, thoroughly clean and inspect this instrument as outlined in the Maintenance
section of the Oscilloscope System manual. Also, the system manual contains information for general maintenance of this instrument, including preventive maintenance, component identification and replacement, etc.

## Services Available

Tektronix, Inc., provides complete instrument repair and calibration at local field service centers and at the Factory Service Center. Contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative for further information.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

## General

The following test equipment and accessories, or their equivalents, are required for complete calibration of the $5 A 15 N$. Specifications given for the test equipment are the


Fig. 4-1. Location of internal controls.
minimum necessary for accurate calibration. Therefore, some of the specifications listed here may be less rigorous than the actual performance capabilities of the test equipment. All test equipment is assumed to be correctly calibrated and operating within the listed specifications.

## Calibration Equipment Alternatives

All of the test equipment is required to completely check and adjust this instrument. If other equipment is substituted, control settings or calibration setup may need altering to meet the requirements of the equipment used. Detailed operating instructions for the test equipment are not given in this procedure. Refer to the instruction manual for the test equipment if more information is needed.

## Special Calibration Fixtures

Special Tektronix calibration fixtures are used in this procedure only where they facilitate instrument calibration. These special calibration fixtures are available from Tektronix, Inc. Order by part number through your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

## Test Instruments

1. $5100-\mathrm{N}$ Series Oscilloscope. For this procedure, a $5103 N / D 10$ with a 5 B10N time base is used.
2. Standard amplitude calibrator. Output signal, 1 kHz square wave; output amplitude, 5 mV to 20 V ; amplitude accuracy, within $0.25 \%$. Tektronix calibration fixture 067-0502-01 recommended.
3. Constant-amplitude sine-wave generator. Frequency, 2 Hz to 2 MHz ; output amplitude, from about 0.5 V to 40 V peak-to-peak. For example, General Radio 1310-B Oscillator (use a General Radio Type 274 QBJ Adapter to provide BNC output).

## Accessories

4. Coaxial cable, Impedance, $50 \Omega$; length, 42 inches; BNC connectors. Tektronix Part No. 012-0057-01.
5. Input RC Normalizer. RC time constant $47 \mathrm{~ms}(1$ $\mathrm{M} \Omega \times 47 \mathrm{pF})$; BNC connectors. Tektronix Calibration Fixture 067-0541-00.
6. In-line termination. Impedance, $50 \Omega$; accuracy, $\pm 2 \%$, BNC connectors. Tektronix Part No. 011-0049-01.

## SHORT-FORM PROCEDURE and INDEX

$\qquad$

1. Adjust STEP ATTEN BAL

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2. Adjust Input Compensation and Attenuator Page 4-3
Compensation
3. Adjust Amplifier Gain and Check VOLTS/DIV Page 4-3 Switch Accuracy
4. Check Amplifier Bandwidth

Page 4-3

## CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

## Preparation

NOTE
This instrument should be adjusted at an ambient temperature between $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (between $+68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and $+86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) for best overall accuracy.

1. Remove the left side plug-in cover and install the 5 A 15 N in the left plug-in compartment of the 5100 -Series Oscilloscope.
2. Turn the power on and preset the controls as indicated below:

## 5A15N

DISPLAY

Input coupling
VOLTS/DIV
Variable
POSITION

## 5B10N

Display
Position
Seconds/Div
Swp Mag
Triggering Level
Triggering Source
Auto Trig
AC Coupl
Singl Swp

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ON } \\
& \text { GND } \\
& 0.1 \mathrm{~V} \\
& \text { Cal } \\
& \text { midrange }
\end{aligned}
$$

Alternate
Midrange
0.5 ms

Out (normal)
cw
Left
In
In
Out

## MAINFRAME

Set Focus and Intensity for a normal trace.

## 1. Adjust STEP ATTEN BAL

a. ADJUST-STEP ATTEN BAL control for no trace, shift while switching the VOLTS/DIV switch between 0.1 V and 50 mV . Keep the trace on screen with the POSITION control.
b. CHECK-For less than one division trace shift while rotating the Variable VOLTS/DIV control.

## 2. Adjust Input Compensation and Attenuator Compensation

a. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 0.1 V and the input coupling selectors to DC (both buttons out).
b. Apply a 0.5 V square wave from the standard amplitude calibrator directly to the input through the coaxial cable. Adjust the time-base Level control for stable triggering.
c. ADJUST-Att 1 for a square leading corner on the square-wave display.
d. Insert a 47 pF normalizer between the cable and input connector.
e. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 50 mV .
f. ADJUST-Att 2 for a square leading corner on the square-wave display.
g. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 0.1 V .
h. ADJUST-Att 3 for a square leading corner on the square-wave display.
i. Remove the normalizer.

## 3. Adjust Amplifier Gain and Check VOLTS/DIV switch Accuracy

ADJUST GAIN
a. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 10 mV . Apply a $50-\mathrm{mV}$ standard amplitude calibrator square wave to the input.
c. CHECK-VOLTS/DIV switch accuracy, using the VOLTS/DIV and standard amplitude calibrator switch settings given in Table 4-1.

TABLE 4-1

| $\begin{gathered} \text { VOLTS/DIV } \\ \text { Switch } \\ \text { Setting } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Standard Amplitude Calibrator Output | CRT Display <br> (Vertical Deflection) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 V | 20 volts | $4 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.08 \mathrm{div}$ |
| 2 V | 10 volts | $5 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.1 \mathrm{div}$ |
| 1 V | 5 volts | $5 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.1 \mathrm{div}$ |
| . 5 V | 2 volts | $4 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.08 \mathrm{div}$ |
| . 2 V | 1 volt | $5 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.1 \mathrm{div}$ |
| . 1 V | . 5 volt | $5 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.1 \mathrm{div}$ |
| 50 mV | . 2 volt | $4 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.08 \mathrm{div}$ |
| 20 mV | . 1 volt | $5 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.1$ div |
| 10 mV | 50 mV | $5 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.1 \mathrm{div}$ |
| 5 mV | 20 mV | $4 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.08 \mathrm{div}$ |
| 2 mV | 10 mV | $5 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.1 \mathrm{div}$ |
| 1 mV | 5 mV | $5 \mathrm{div}, \pm 0.1 \mathrm{div}$ |

d. Remove the connections from the input.

## 4. Check Amplifier Bandwidth

LOW-FREQUENCY -3dB POINT
a. Apply a six-division 1 kHz signal from the lowfrequency constant-amplitude sine-wave generator to the input.
b. Change the input frequency to 2 Hz and check for a six-division signal.
c. CHECK-For a signal of at least 4.2 divisions when the upper button is pressed to AC -couple the input.
d. Set the input coupling back to DC.

HIGH-FREQUENCY -3 dB POINT
e. Apply a six-division 50 kHz signal from the lowfrequency constant-amplitude sine-wave generator through a 50 -ohm termination to the input.
f. CHECK-For a display of at least 4.2 divisions when the generator frequency is changed to 2 MHz .

This completes the calibration procedure.

# SECTION 5 DIAGRAMS AND PARTS LISTS 

## Symbols and Reference Designators

Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Capacitors }= & \text { Values one or greater are in picofarads }(\mathrm{pF}) . \\
& \text { Values less than one are in microfarads }(\mu \mathrm{F}) .
\end{array}
$$

Symbols used on the diagrams are based on USA Standard Y32.2-1967.
Logic symbology is based on MIL-STD-806B in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

The following special symbols are used on the diagrams:


External Screwdriver adjustment.


External control or connector.

Clockwise control rotation in direction of arrow.

Refer to diagram number indicated in diamond.


The following prefix letters are used as reference designators to identify components or assemblies on the diagrams.

A Assembly, separable or repairable (circuit board, etc.)
AT Attenuator, fixed or variable
B Motor
BT Battery
C Capacitor, fixed or variable
CR Diode, signal or rectifier
DL Delay line
DS Indicating device (lamp)
F Fuse
FL Filter
H Heat dissipating device (heat sink, heat radiator, etc.)
HR Heater
J Connector, stationary portion
K Relay
L Inductor, fixed or variable

| LR | Inductor/resistor combination |
| :--- | :--- |
| M | Meter |
| Q | Transistor or silicon-controlled rectifier |
| P | Connector, movable portion |
| R | Resistor, fixed or variable |
| RT | Thermistor |
| S | Switch |
| T | Transformer |
| TP | Test point |
| U | Assembly, inseparable or non-repairable (integrated |
| V | circuit, etc.) |
| VR | Voltage regulator (zener diode, etc.) |
| Y | Crystal |M Meter

Q Transistor or silicon-controlled rectifierResistor fixed or variableR ThermistorTP Test point
U Assembly, inseparable or non-repairable (integratedcircuit, etc.)VR Voltage regulator (zener diode, etc.)

## PARTS LIST ABBREVIATIONS

| BHB | binding head brass | int | internal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BHS | binding head steel | lg | length or long |
| cap. | capacitor | met. | metal |
| cer | ceramic | mtg hdw | mounting hardware |
| comp | composition | OD | outside diameter |
| conn | connector | OHB | oval head brass |
| CRT | cathode-ray tube | OHS | oval head steel |
| csk | countersunk | P/O | part of |
| DE | double end | PHB | pan head brass |
|  |  | PHS | pan head steel |
| dia | diameter | plstc | plastic . |
| div | division | PMC | paper, metal cased |
| elect. | electrolytic | poly | polystyrene |
| EMC | electrolytic, metal cased | prec | precision |
| EMT | electrolytic, metal tubular | PT | paper, tubular |
| ext | external | PTM | paper or plastic, tubular, molded |
| F \& 1 | focus and intensity | RHB | round head brass |
| FHB | flat head brass | RHS | round head steel |
| FHS | flat head steel | SE | single end |
| Fil HB | fillister head brass | SN or S/N | serial number |
| Fil HS | fillister head steel | S or SW | switch |
| h | height or high | TC | temperature compensated |
| hex. | hexagonal | THB | truss head brass |
| HHB | hex head brass | thk | thick |
| HHS | hex head steel | THS | truss head steel |
| HSB | hex socket brass | tub. | tubular |
| HSS | hex socket steel | var | variable |
| ID | inside diameter | w | wide or width |
| inc | incandescent | WW | wire-wound |




| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \mathrm{NO} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CKT } \\ \text { NO. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { ckT } \\ \text { No. } \end{array} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { CKT } \\ \text { NO. } \end{array} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOc. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { No. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOc. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { CKT } \\ \text { NO. } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOc. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOc. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { cKT } \\ \text { NO. } \end{array} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { LOC. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C101 | 1.5 | c190 | K-4 | 0120 | 1-2 | 0177 | c-2 | R101 | K-4 | R123 | H-2 | R139 | E-2 | R161 | c-2 | R179 | C-2 | s10 | K-5 |
| c104 | J-2 | C198 | B-5 | 0130 | G-2 | 0178 | D. 2 | R102 | J-5 | R124 | H-2 | R141 | D-2 | R163 | C-2 | R180 | C-3 | S11 | 1-3 |
| c106 | J-3 |  |  | 0134 | F-2 | 0191 | J -2 | R107 | J-1 | R125 | H-2 | R142 | D-2 | R166 | E-3 | R182 | D. 2 | S199 | D-1 |
| c107 | J.3 | CR114 | 1-2 | 0136 | G-2 | 0192 | K-2 | R108 | I-2 | R126 | $\mathrm{G}-2$ | R143 | D-2 | R167 | D-2 | R187 | B.3 |  |  |
| C108 | J-1 | CR130 | F-2 | 0138 | F-1 |  |  | R110 | I-1 | R127 | G-2 | R146 | D-2 | R168 | F-3 | R189 | C-2 |  |  |
| C110 | 1-2 | CR136 | F-1 | O142 | E-2 |  |  | R111 | l-1 | R128 | G-2 | R147 | D-2 |  |  | R190 | F-3 |  |  |
| C113 | $1-2$ |  |  | 0146 | E-2 |  |  | R113 | $1-2$ | R129 | F-1 | R150 | D-3 | R171 | B-2 | R191 | K-2 |  |  |
| C130 | F-2 | VR113 | J-2 | Q150 | D-3 |  |  | R114 | F-3 | R130 | F-2 | R152 | E-3 | R172 | C-2 | R192 | K-2 |  |  |
| C135 | B-2 |  |  | O156 | D-4 |  |  | R116 | K-3 | R134 | E-2 | R154 | E-3 | R173 | c-2 | R194 | F-3 |  |  |
| C136 | F-1 |  |  | Q158 | D.3 |  |  | R117 | G-2 | R135 | E-1 | R156 | E-4 | R174 | B-2 |  |  |  |  |
| C177 | c-2 |  |  | Q160 | D-2 |  |  | R118 | G-1 | R136 | F-1 | R158 | D-3 | R177 | C-3 |  |  |  |  |
| c178 | c-3 |  |  | 0162 | E-2 |  |  | R121 | F-2 | R138 | E-1 | R159 | c-2 |  | c-3 |  |  |  |  |

# REPLACEABLE <br> ELECTRICAL PARTS 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

ITEM NAME
In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

ABBREVIATIONS

| ACTR | ACTUATOR | PLSTC | PLASTIC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | QTZ | QUARTZ |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | RECP | RECEPTACLE |
| CER | CERAMIC | RES | RESISTOR |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | RF | RADIO FREQUENCY |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | SEL | SELECTED |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | SENS | SENSITIVE |
| ELEC | ELECTRICAL | VAR | VARIABLE |
| INCAND | INCANDESCENT | WW | WIREWOUND |
| LED | LIGHT EMITTING DIODE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| NONWIR | NON WIREWOUND | XTAL | CRYSTAL |

## CROSS INDEX MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| MFR.CODE | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | CITY,STATE,ZIP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00853 | SANGAMO ELECTRIC CO., S. CAROLINA DIV. | P. O. BOX 128 | PICKENS, SC 29671 |
| 01121 | ALLEN-BRADLEY CO. | 1201 2ND ST. SOUTH | MILWAUKEE, WI 53204 |
| 07263 | FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR, A DIV. OF |  |  |
|  | FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP. | 464 ELLIS ST. | MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA 94042 |
| 07910 | TELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR | 12515 CHADRON AVE. | HAWTHORNE, CA 90250 |
| 08806 | GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., MINIATURE |  |  |
|  | LAMP PRODUCTS DEPT. | NELA PK. | CLEVELAND, OH 44112 |
| 12697 | CLAROSTAT MFG. CO., INC. | LOWER WASHINGTON ST. | DOVER, NH 03820 |
| 24931 | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO., INC. | 3560 MADISON AVE. | INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46227 |
| 29604 | STACKPOLE COMPONENTS CO. | P.O. BOX 14466 | RALEIGH, NC 27610 |
| 56289 | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO. |  | NORTH ADAMS, MA 01247 |
| 72982 | ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, INC. | 644 W. 12TH ST. | ERIE, PA 16512 |
| 74970 | JOHNSON, E. F., CO. | 299 10TH AVE. S. W. | WASECA, MN 56093 |
| 75042 | TRW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, IRC FIXED RESISTORS, PHILADELPHIA DIVISION | 401 N. BROAD ST. | PHILADELPHIA, PA 19108 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX, INC. | P. O. BOX 500 | BEAVERTON, OR 97077 |
| 81483 | INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER CORP. | 9220 SUNSET BLVD. | LOS ANGELES, CA 90069 |
| 91637 | DALE ELECTRONICS, INC. | P. O. BOX 609 | COLUMBUS, NB 68601 |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mo Eff | el No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cl01 | 285-0609-01 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, PLSTC:0.1UF,10\%,600V | 80009 | 285-0609-01 |
| Cl04 | 281-0081-00 |  |  | CAP., VAR,AIR DI:1.8-13PF, 375VDC | 74970 | 189-6-5 |
| C106 | 281-0081-00 |  |  | CAP., VAR,AIR DI:1.8-13PF,375VDC | 74970 | 189-6-5 |
| Cl07 | 281-0081-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,AIR DI:1.8-13PF,375VDC | 74970 | 189-6-5 |
| Cl08 | 283-0594-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,MICA D:0.001UF,1\%,100V | 00853 | D151F102F0 |
| Cllo | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%$, 500V | 72982 | 811-546E103Z |
| Cll3 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103z |
| C130 | 281-0534-00 | XB040000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:3.3PF, + / -0.25 PF , 500V | 72982 | 301-000С0J0339C |
| Cl35 | 290-0135-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:15UF,20\%,20V | 56289 | 150D156x0020B2 |
| C136 | 281-0534-00 | XB040000 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:3.3PF, $+/-0.25 \mathrm{PF}$, 500V | 72982 | 301-000СОЈ0339C |
| C177 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103Z |
| Cl78 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF, +80-20\%,500V | 72982 | 811-546E103z |
| C190 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.01UF, $+80-20 \%$, 500 V | 72982 | 811-546E103z |
| C198 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF, $+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103z |
| CRI14 | 152-0246-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 400PIV,200MA | 07910 | CD12676 |
| CR130 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,40PIV,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR136 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,40PIV,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| DS191 | 150-0111-00 |  |  | LAMP, GLOW: NEON, 1.2MA | 08806 | 2AC-AT |
| DS192 | 150-0111-00 |  |  | LAMP, GLOW: NEON, 1. 2MA | 08806 | 2AC-AT |
| J101 | 131-0679-00 | B010100 | B055053 | CONNECTOR,RCPT, : BNC W/HARDWARE | 24931 | 28JR168-1 |
| J101 | 131-0679-02 | B055054 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT, : BNC W/HARDWARE | 24931 | 28JR270-1 |
| Q120A, B | 151-1049-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, JFE,N CHANNEL | 80009 | 151-1049-00 |
| Q130 | 151-0220-00 | B010100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q130 | 151-0342-00 | B030000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 07263 | 2N4249 |
| Q134 | 151-0220-00 | B010100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q134 | 151-0342-00 | B030000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 07263 | 2N4249 |
| Q136 | 151-0220-00 | B010100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q136 | 151-0342-00 | B030000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 07263 | 2N4249 |
| Q138 | 151-0220-00 | B010100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q138 | 151-0342-00 | B030000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 07263 | 2N4249 |
| 2142 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3565 |
| Q146 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3565 |
| Q150 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3565 |
| Q156 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3565 |
| Q158 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3565 |
| Q160 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3565 |
| Q162 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3565 |
| Q177 | 151-0220-00 | B010100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q177 | 151-0342-00 | B030000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 07263 | 2N4249 |
| 2178 | 151-0220-00 | B010100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q178 | 151-0342-00 | B030000 |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 07263 | 2N4249 |
| Q191 | 151-0347-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0347-00 |
| Q192 | 151-0347-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0347-00 |
| R101 | 316-0681-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 680 OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6811 |
| R102 | 316-0105-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 1 M OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1051 |
| R107 | 322-0624-03 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:990K OHM, 0.25\%,0.25W | 75042 | CCAT2-990KC |
| R108 | 321-0289-03 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:10K OHM $, 0.25 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEAT2-1002C |
| R110 | 316-0224-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN : 220 K OHM, 10\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2241 |
| Rlll | 316-0102-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1021 |
| R113 | 316-0223-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 22 K OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB22 31 |
| R114 | 316-0154-00 |  |  | RES., FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1541 |




## REPLACEABLE MECHANICAL PARTS

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

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Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved componients as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS
X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

## FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS

Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

| ABBREVIATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | INCH | ELCTRN | ELECTRON | IN | INCH | SE | SINGLE END |
| \# | NUMBER SIZE | ELEC | ELECTRICAL | INCAND | INCANDESCENT | SECT | SECTION |
| ACTR | ACTUATOR | ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | INSUL | INSULATOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ADPTR | ADAPTER | ELEM | ELEMENT | INTL | INTERNAL | SHLD | SHIELD |
| ALIGN | ALIGNMENT | EPL | ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST | LPHLDR | LAMPHOLDER | SHLDR | SHOULDERED |
| AL | ALUMINUM | EQPT | EQUIPMENT | MACH | MACHINE | SKT | SOCKET |
| ASSEM | ASSEMBLED | EXT | EXTERNAL | MECH | MECHANICAL | SL | SLIDE |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | FIL | FILLISTER HEAD | MTG | MOUNTING | SLFLKG | SELF-LOCKING |
| ATTEN | ATTENUATOR | FLEX | FLEXIBLE | NIP | NIPPLE | SLVG | SLEEVING |
| AWG | AMERICAN WIRE GAGE | FLH | FLAT HEAD | NON WIRE | NOT WIRE WOUND | SPR | SPRING |
| BD | BOARD | FLTR | FILTER . | OBD | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION | SQ | SQUARE |
| BRKT | BRACKET | FR | FRAME or FRONT | OD | OUTSIDE DIAMETER | SST | STAINLESS STEEL |
| BRS | BRASS | FSTNR | FASTENER | OVH | OVAL HEAD | STL | STEEL |
| BRZ | BRONZE | FT | FOOT | PH BRZ | PHOSPHOR BRONZE | SW | SWITCH |
| BSHG | BUSHING | FXD | FIXED | PL | PLAIN or PLATE | T | TUBE |
| CAB | CABINET | GSKT | GASKET | PLSTC | PLASTIC | TERM | TERMINAL |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | HDL | HANDLE | PN | PART NUMBER | THD | THREAD |
| CER | CERAMIC | HEX | HEXAGON | PNH | PAN HEAD | THK | THICK |
| CHAS | CHASSIS | HEX HD | HEXAGONAL HEAD | PWR | POWER | TNSN | TENSION |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | HEX SOC | HEXAGONAL SOCKET | RCPT | RECEPTACLE | TPG | TAPPING |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | HLCPS | HELICAL COMPRESSION | RES | RESISTOR | TRH | TRUSS HEAD |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | HLEXT | HELICAL EXTENSION | RGD | RIGID | V | VOLTAGE |
| COV | COVER | HV | HIGH VOLTAGE | RLF | RELIEF | VAR | VARIABLE |
| CPLG | COUPLING | IC | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT | RTNR | RETAINER | W/ | WITH |
| CRT | CATHODE RAY TUBE | ID | INSIDE DIAMETER | SCH | SOCKET HEAD | WSHR | WASHER |
| DEG | DEGREE | IDENT | IDENTIFICATION | SCOPE | OSCILLOSCOPE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| DWR | DRAWER | IMPLR | IMPELLER | SCR | SCREW | XSTR | TRANSISTOR |

## CROSS INDEX MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| MFR.CODE | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | CITY,STATE,ZIP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 08261 | SPECTRA-STRIP CORP. | 7100 LAMPSON AVE. | GARDEN GROVE, CA 92642 |
| 24931 | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO., INC. | 3560 MADISON AVE. | INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46227 |
| 45722 | USM CORP., PARKER-KALON FASTENER DIV. | 1 PEEKAY DRIVE | CLIFTON, NJ 07014 |
| 71785 | TRW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, CINCH CONNECTOR OPERATIONS | 1501 MORSE AVE. | ELK GROVE VILLAGE, IL 60007 |
| 73743 | FISCHER SPECIAL MFG. CO. | 446 MORGAN ST. | CINCINNATI, OH 45206 |
| 74445 | HOLO-KROME CO. | 31 BROOK ST. WEST | HARTFORD, CT 06110 |
| 78189 | ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC. SHAKEPROOF DIVISION | ST. CHARLES ROAD | ELGIN, IL 60120 |
| 78471 | TILLEY MFG. CO. | 900 INDUSTRIAL RD. | SAN CARLOS, CA 94070 |
| 79136 | WALDES, KOHINOOR, INC. | 47-16 AUSTEL PLACE | LONG ISLAND CITY, NY 11101 |
| 79807 | WROUGHT WASHER MFG. CO. | 2100 S. O BAY ST. | MILWAUKEE, WI 53207 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX, INC. | P. O. BOX 500 | BEAVERTON, OR 97077 |
| 83385 | CENTRAL SCREW CO. | 2530 CRESCENT DR. | BROADVIEW, IL 60153 |

Fig. \&


Fig. \&



| Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 1 | 2 | 3. 4 | 5 | Name \& | \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr | Part | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 070-1136-00 |  | 1 |  | U | AL: |  | ION (NOT | SHOWN) | 80009 | 070 | 1136 |  |

## MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages.

A single change may affect several sections. Since the change information sheets are carried in the manual until all changes are permanently entered, some duplication may occur. If no such change pages appear following this page, your manual is correct as printed.

## SERVICE NOTE

Because of the universal parts procurement problem, some electrical parts in your instrument may be different from those described in the Replaceable Electrical Parts List. The parts used will in no way alter or compromise the performance or reliability of this instrument. They are installed when necessary to ensure prompt delivery to the customer. Order replacement parts from the Replaceable Electrical Parts List.

## CALIBRATION TEST EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

## Calibration Test Equipment Chart

This chart compares TM 500 product performance to that of older Tektronix equipment. Only those characteristics where significant specification differences occur, are listed. In some cases the new instrument may not be a total functional replacement. Additional support instrumentation may be needed or a change in calibration procedure may be necessary.

| Comparison of Main Characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DM 501 replaces 7D13 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { PG } 501 \text { replaces } 107 \\ \\ 108 \\ 111 \\ \\ 114 \\ 115 \end{array}$ | PG 501 - Risetime less than 3.5 ns into $50 \Omega$. <br> PG 501-5 V output pulse; 3.5 ns Risetime. <br> PG 501 - Risetime less than $3.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 8 \mathrm{~ns}$ Pretrigger pulse delay. <br> PG 501- $\pm 5$ V output. <br> PG 501 - Does not have Paired, Burst, Gated, or Delayed pulse mode; $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ dc Offset. Has $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output. | 107 - Risetime less than 3.0 ns into $50 \Omega$. <br> 108-10 V output pulse; 1 ns Risetime. <br> 111 - Risetime $0.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 30$ to 250 ns Pretrigger Pulse delay. <br> 114- $\pm 10$ V output. Short proof output. <br> 115 - Paired, Burst, Gated, and Delayed pulse mode; $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ output. <br> Short-proof output. |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { PG } 502 \text { replaces } 107 \\ 108 \\ 111 \\ \\ 114 \\ 115 \\ \\ \\ \\ 2101 \end{array}$ | PG 502-5 V output <br> PG 502 - Risetime less than $1 \mathrm{~ns} ; 10 \mathrm{~ns}$ Pretrigger pulse delay. <br> PG 502- $\pm 5$ V output <br> PG 502 - Does not have Paired, Burst, Gated, Delayed \& Undelayed pulse mode; Has $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output. <br> PG 502 - Does not have Paired or Delayed pulse. Has $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output. | 108-10 V output. <br> 111 - Risetime $0.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 30$ to 250 ns Pretrigger pulse delay. <br> $114- \pm 10$ V output. Short proof output. <br> 115 - Paired, Burst, Gated, Delayed \& Undelayed pulse mode; $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ output. Short-proof output. <br> 2101 - Paired and Delayed pulse; 10 V output. |
| PG 506 replaces 106 067-0502-01 | PG 506 - Positive-going trigger output signal at least 1 V ; High Amplitude output, 60 V . <br> PG 506 - Does not have chopped feature. | 106 - Positive and Negative-going trigger output signal, 50 ns and 1 V ; High Amplitude output, 100 V . <br> 0502-01 - Comparator output can be alternately chopped to a reference voltage. |
| $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { SG } 503 \text { replaces } 190 \\ 190 \mathrm{~A}, 190 \mathrm{~B} \\ 191 \\ 067-0532-01 \end{array}$ | SG 503 - Amplitude range 5 mV to 5.5 V p-p. <br> SG 503 - Frequency range 250 kHz to 250 MHz . <br> SG 503 - Frequency range 250 kHz to 250 MHz . | 190B - Amplitude range 40 mV to 10 V p-p. <br> 191 - Frequency range 350 kHz to 100 MHz . <br> $0532-01$ - Frequency range 65 MHz to 500 MHz . |
| $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { TG } 501 \text { replaces 180, } \\ 180 \mathrm{~A} \\ 181 \\ 184 \\ \\ 2901 \end{array}$ | TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5, 2, and 1 ns . Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-mark can be generated at a time. <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-mark can be generated at a time. <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns. Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-mark can be generated at a time. | 180A - Marker outputs, 5 sec to $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Sinewave available at 20,10, and 2 ns. Trigger pulses 1, 10, $100 \mathrm{~Hz} ; 1,10$, and 100 kHz . Multiple time-marks can be generated simultaneously. <br> 181 - Marker outputs, 1, 10, 100, 1000, and $10,000 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, plus 10 ns sinewave. <br> 184 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 2 ns . Sinewave available at $50,20,10,5$, and 2 ns . Separate trigger pulses of 1 and $.1 \mathrm{sec} ; 10,1$, and .1 ms ; 10 and $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Marker amplifier provides positive or negative time marks of 25 V min. Marker intervals of 1 and $.1 \mathrm{sec} ; 10,1$, and $.1 \mathrm{~ms} ; 10$ and $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. <br> 2901 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Sinewave available to 50,10 , and 5 ns . Separate trigger pulses, from 5 sec to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Multiple time-marks can be generated simultaneously. |

NOTE: All TM $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ generator outputs are short-proof. All TM $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ plug-in instruments require TM 500-Series Power Module.

