## Scan by Zenith

## rakmonix

## 624 MONITOR WITH OPTIONS

SERVICE MANUAL

Please Check for CHANGE INFORMATION at the Rear of this Manual

## 624 MONITOR WITH OPTIONS

SERVICE MANUAL

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## WARNING

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and may cause interference to radio communications if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for Class B computing devices pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when this equipment is operated in a commercial environment. Operation in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the users at their own expense must take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference.

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## WARNING

THE REMAINING PORTION OF THIS TABLE OF CONTENTS LISTS THE SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS. THESE SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR USE BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY. TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT CALLED OUT IN THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS UNLESS QUALIFIED TO DO SO.

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## 624 Instruction

## OPERATORS SAFETY INFORMATION

The following general safety information applies to all operators and service personnel. Specific warnings will be found throughout the manual where they apply and should be followed in each instance.

WARNING statements identify conditions or practices which could result in personal injury or loss of life.

CAUTION statements identify conditions or practices which could result in damage to the equipment or other property.

The word DANGER on the equipment identifies areas of immediate hazard which could result in personal injury or loss of life.

The following safety symbols may appear on the equipment:


Other warning symbols where they apply.

## WARNING

## AC POWER SOURCE AND CONNECTION

This instrument operates from a single-phase power source and has a three-wire power cord with a twopole, three-terminal grounding-type connector. The voltage to ground (earth) from either pole of the power source must not exceed the maximum rated operating voltage, 250 volts.

Before making connection to the power source, a qualified service person should verify that the instrument is set to match the voltage of the power source and has a suitable two-pole, three-terminal grounding-type connector.

## GROUNDING THE INSTRUMENT

This instrument is safety class 1 equipment (IEC* designation). Safety class 1 equipment has a 3-wire power cord with a 3 -contact plug for connection to the power source and to protective ground. The plug protectiveground contact connects (through the cord protective-grounding conductor) to the accessible metal parts of the equipment. For electric-shock protection, insert this plug into a socket outlet that has a securely grounded protective-ground contact.

For medical-dental applications (to assure grounding integrity) the hospital-grade input plug must be inserted only into a mating hospital-grade receptacle with a grounding contact.
"To confirm that the socket-outlet ground contact is securely grounded, refer to qualified service personnel."

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## MEDICAL-DENTAL APPLIATIONS

Do not use the amplifier INPUTs for direct patient connection. Signal currents at these connectors, as well as leakage currents, may exceed values considered non-hazardous for direct patient connection.

Although this instrument is not to be used for direct patient connection, interconnecting this Monitor with other equipment can result in application of excess current to the patient. It is extremely important that the equipment be interconnected in accordance with NFPA 76B-T. Tentative Standard for the Safe Use of Electricity in Patient Care Areas of Health Care Facilities, section 3038, "Signal Transmission Between $\overline{\text { Appliances". Also refer to NFPA 70-1978, National Electrical Code, paragraphs 517-120 through 517-122. }}$

Do not operate this instrument in the presence of flammable gases or anesthetics. Explosion can result from operation in such an environment.

## USE THE PROPER FUSE

Refer fuse replacement to qualified service personnel only. To avoid electric shock and fire hazard, use only the fuse specified in the parts list for your instrument and which is identical in the following respects.
A. Type-Slow blow, fast blow, etc.
B. Voltage rating-250 V, etc.
C. Current rating.

## DO NOT REMOVE PROTECTIVE COVERS

High-voltage is present inside the instrument. To avoid electric shock, operating personnel must not remove protective covers. Component replacement and internal adjustments must be made by qualified service personnel only.

## LIMIT INPUT SIGNAL VOLTAGE

To avoid potential electric-shock hazard, do not apply input signals of greater than 25 volts (dc + peak ac).


## EXERCISE CARE WITH INTENSITY LEVEL

Exercise care in establishing the correct display intensity; a high-amplitude Z-Axis input signal, combined with an excessively high settling of the INTENSITY control, may damage the crt phosphor. Therefore, set the INTENSITY control for just enough display intensity for good visibility.

## SERVICE SAFETY INFORMATION

## FOR QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY

The following are safety precautions which appear on the servicing information sections of this manual. This Service Safety Information is for qualified service personnel only and is in addition to the Operators Safety Information given previously.

## WARNING

## DO NOT SERVICE ALONE

Do not attempt internal service or adjustment of this instrument unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

## AC POWER SOURCE AND CONNECTION

This instrument operates from a single-phase power source and has a three-wire power cord with a twopole, three-terminal grounding-type connector. The voltage to ground (earth) from either pole of the power source must not exceed the maximum rated operating voltage, 250 volts.

Before making connection to the power source, verify that the instrument is set to match the voltage of the power source and has a suitable two-pole, three-terminal grounding-type connector.

## EXERCISE CARE WHEN OPERATING INSTRUMENT WITHOUT PROTECTIVE COVERS

Dangerous potentials exist at several points throughout this instrument. When the instrument is operated without protective covers, do not touch exposed connections or components.

## DISCONNECT INSTRUMENT POWER

To avoid electric shock, disconnect the Monitor from the power source before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

## CRT HANDLING

Use care when handling a crt. Breakage of the crt causes a high-velocity scattering of glass fragments (implosion). Protective clothing and safety glasses should be worn. Avoid striking the crt on any object which might cause it to crack or implode. When storing a crt, place it in a protective carton or set it face down in a protected location on a smooth surface with a soft mat under the faceplate.

## SILICONE GREASE HANDLING

Handle silicone grease with care. Avoid getting the silicone grease in your eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after use.

## APPLY PROPER LINE VOLTAGE

To prevent damage to the instrument, always check the line-voltage information recorded on the rear panel before applying power to the instrument. Incorrect placement of the line-voltage selector plug may damage the instrument. Verify correct placement of the line-voltage selector plug.

## AVOID EXCESSIVE MOISTURE

Circuit boards and components must be dry before applying power to prevent damage from electrical arcing.

## EXERCISE CARE WHEN CHECKING DIODES

When checking diodes, do not use an ohmmeter scale that has a high internal current, since high currents may damage the diodes under test.

## USE PROPER CLEANING AGENTS

Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents which might damage the plastics used in this instrument. Use a non-residue type of cleaner, preferably isopropyl alcohol, totally denatured ethyl alcohol, or TP35. Before using any other type of cleaner, consult your Tektronix Service Center or representative.


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## 624 FEATURES

The 624 Monitor is a general purpose, high-brightness, $X-Y$ display monitor providing a bright display of analog data on a large screen area. This instrument is designed for display application as in ultrasonic detection systems, electron microscope systems, volume and vibration analysis, and medical biophysical systems. The 624 Monitor may also be used to provide displays of alphanumeric and graphic information from computers and other data transmission system. (Monitor is shown with Option 23.)

## GENERAL INFORMATION

## INTRODUCTION

## OPERATORS MANUAL

The Operators Manual contains information necessary to effectively operate the 624 Monitor and is divided into three sections: Section 1 provides a basic description of the 624 with instrument specifications and accessories. Section 2 contains operating information for the instrument. Available options for the 624 Monitor are listed in section 3 of the manual.

## INSTRUCTION MANUAL

The Instruction Manual provides both operating and servicing information for the 624 Monitor. The Instruction Manual is divided into ten sections. Operating information is covered in the first two sections; servicing information for use by qualified service personnel is contained in the remaining eight sections of the manual. Schematic diagrams are located at the rear of the manual and can be unfolded for reference while reading other parts of the manual. The reference designators and symbols used on the schematics are defined on the first page of the Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations section. Abbreviations used in the manuals, except those in the parts lists and schematic diagrams, comply with the American National Institute Y1.1-1972 publication. The parts lists are computer printouts and use computersupplied abbreviations. Available options for the 624 Monitor are listed in section 7 of the Instruction Manual.

## INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION

The 624 Monitor is a compact, solid-state instrument providing accurate displays of information from the $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and $Z$ signal inputs.

## WARNING

High voltage is present inside the instrument. To avoid electric shock, operating personnel must not remove protective instrument covers. Component replacement and internal adjustments must be made by qualified service personnel only.

Vertical and horizontal signals to be displayed on the crt are supplied to the Deflection Amplifiers through the appropriate $X$ and $Y$ INPUT connectors. The Deflection Amplifiers process the input signals and provide pushpull outputs to drive the deflection plates of the crt. Both Deflection Amplifiers contain position and gain controls.

The Z-Axis Amplifier controls the display intensity by providing a voltage to drive the crt control grid. Input signals are applied to the $Z$ INPUT connector.

The High-Voltage and Low-Voltage Power Supplies provide all the voltages necessary for operation of this instrument.

## General Information-624

## SPECIFICATION

The electrical specifications listed in Table 1-1 apply when the following conditions are met: (1) The instrument must have been adjusted at an ambient temperature between $+15^{\circ}$ and $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+59^{\circ}\right.$ and $\left.+77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, (2) the instrument must be operating in an ambient temperature between $0^{\circ}$ and $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+32^{\circ}\right.$ and $\left.+122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $(3)$ the instrument must have been operating for at least 20 minutes.

TABLE 1-1
Electrical Characteristics

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |
| VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIERS |  |
| Deflection Factor |  |
| Vertical (Y) | Adjustable from 0.5 V or less to at least 2.5 V full scale. Nominally set for 1 V , within $2 \%$, for 8 divisions of deflection. |
| Option 22 | An internal 5:1 attenuator extends the deflection factor range to at least 12.5 V full scale. |
| Horizontal (X) | Adjustable from 0.5 V or less to at least 2.5 V full scale. Nominally set for 1 V , within $2 \%$, for 8 divisions of deflection. |
| Option 22 | An internal 5:1 attenuator extends the deflection factor range to at least 12.5 V full scale. |
| Attenuators (Option 22) | Deflection factor reduced five times within $3 \%$, with 5:1 attenuation. |


| Polarity <br> + INPUTs | Positive signal applied to + input deflects beam up or to the right; negative signal deflects beam down or to the left. |
| :---: | :---: |
| - INPUTs (Option 21) | Positive signal applied to - input deflects beam down or to the left; negative signal deflects beam up or to the right. |
| Settling Time | Spot must reach new writing position with 0.05 cm within $0.5 \mu$ s from any on-screen position. |
| Bandwidth (With 80\% Full-Screen Reference Signal) | DC to at least 3 MHz at -3 dB point. |
| Rise Time | 116 ns or less. |
| Common-Mode Rejection (Option 21) $\text { DC to } 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ <br> $1 \times$ Attenuation | At least 100:1 for signals of $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ or less. |
| $5 \times$ Attenuation (Option 22) | At least $50: 1$ for signals of $\pm 25 \mathrm{~V}$ or less. |
| 100 kHz to 1 MHz <br> 1X Attenuation | At least 50:1 for signals of $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ or less. |
| $5 \times$ Attenuation (Option 22) | At least 20:1 for signals of $\pm 25 \mathrm{~V}$ or less. |
| Phase Difference (DC to 1.0 MHz ) | $1^{\circ}$ or less between $X$ and $Y$ amplifiers. $X$ and $Y$ amplifier gain must be set for the same deflection factor ( $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{div}$ ). |
| Position Stability | 0.5 mm , or less, of drift per hour after 20-minute warm-up. |
| Gain Stability | 1\% or less of drift after 20 -minute warm-up. |

TABLE 1-1 (CONT.) Electrical Characteristics

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |
| Displayed Noise (Tangetially Measured) | 0.05 mm or less, with all inputs terminated in $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less. |
| Input RC (ALL INPUTs) | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$, within $1 \%$, paralleled by 60 pF or less. |
| Option 26 (ALL INPUTs) | $50 \Omega$, within $1 \%$, paralleled by 60 pF or less. |
| Maximum Nondestructive Input Voltage (Fault Condition Only) | +100 V or -100 V (dc + peak ac). |
| Position Range | Spot may be positioned anywhere on screen with no signal input. |
| Dynamic Range | At least 1.5 screen diameters from center screen. |
| Crosstalk Between $X$ and $Y$ Amplifiers $\text { At } 500 \mathrm{kHz}$ | 0.25 mm , or less, of deflection on the grounded channel ( X or Y ) with a 1 V signal applied on the other channel ( $Y$ or $X$ ). |
| At 3 MHz | 0.38 mm , or less, of deflection on the grounded channel ( X or Y ) with a 1 V signal applied on the other channel ( Y or X ). |

## OPTION 4 SWEEP SYSTEM

| Sweep Range | $100 \mathrm{~ms} /$ div to $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$, in decade steps. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sweep Accuracy Over Center Eight Divisions | Within 3\% (VARIABLE fully clockwise). |
| Sweep Length | Adjustable to at least 10.5 div. |
| Linearity of Any Two Division Portion Within <br> Center Eight Divisions | Within 6\%, except for first $5 \%$ of total sweep length. |
| VARIABLE (Uncalibrated) | Provides continuously variable sweep rates between <br> calibrated settings. Decreases each sweep rate setting <br> by at least $10: 1$. Extends slowest sweep rate to at least <br> $1 \mathrm{~s} /$ div. |
| Triggering Sensitivity (With Repetitive Signals) | At least 0.5 div vertical deflection from dc to 2 MHz. |

## Z-AXIS AMPLIFIER

| Useful Input Voltage Range (+Z INPUT) | Adjustable. With Z Gain at maximum, no more than +1 V will provide full intensity. With $Z$ Gain at minimum, at least +5 V is required to produce full intensity. ( -1 V input signal cuts off visible intensity.) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Useful Frequency Range | DC to at least 5 MHz at -3 dB point. |
| Rise Time | 70 ns or less. |
| Noise | No visible intensity modulation with Z INPUT terminated into $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less. |
| Common-Mode Rejection (Option 21) DC to 100 kHz | At least 100:1 with input signals to $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ at any setting of $Z$ Gain. |
| 100 kHz to 1 MHz | At least 50:1 with input signals to $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ at any setting of Z Gain. |

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TABLE 1-1 (CONT.) Electrical Characteristics

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input RC (Both INPUTs) | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$, within $1 \%$, paralleled by 60 pF or less. |
| Option 26 (Both INPUTs) | $50 \Omega$, within $1 \%$, paralleled by 60 pF or less. |
| Maximum Nondestructive Input Voltage (Fault Condition Only) | +100 V or $-100 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{dc}+$ peak ac$)$ with crt beam positioned off the viewing area. |
| Crosstalk Between Z-Axis Amplifier and $X$ or $Y$ Amplifier |  |
| DC to 500 kHz | 0.25 mm or less, with $X$ and $Y$ INPUTs grounded and a 1 V signal applied to the Z -Axis Amplifier. (Z Gain set for maximum.) |
| 500 kHz to 5 MHz | 0.38 mm or less, with $X$ and $Y$ INPUTs grounded and a 1 V signal applied to the Z -Axis Amplifier. (Z Gain set at minimum.) |
| TTL Input Voltage (Option 25) |  |
| HI | +2.4V to +5V dc. |
| LO | 0 V to +0.8 Vdc . |
| Unblanking (Option 25) | Input voltage level to produce unblanking is internally selectable. With selector in NEG position, a LO input produces unblanking; with selector in POS position, a HI input produces unblanking. |

## CATHODE-RAY TUBE DISPLAY

| Usable Screen Area | $9.6 \times 12$ centimers. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quality Area | $9 \times 11$ centimeters. |
| Option 1 Graticule | Internal, unlighted, $8 \times 10$ divisions ( $1.22 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{div}$ ). |
| Geometry (Within Graticule Area) | Bowing or tilt is 0.1 division or less. |
| Orthogonality (Within Graticule Area) | $90^{\circ}$ within $0.7{ }^{\circ}$. |
| Accelerating Potential | Approximately 18 kV . |
| Deflection | Electrostatic. |
| Phosphor | P31 standard. |
| Option 40 | P39. |
| Option 74 | P4. |
| Option 76 | P7. |
| Option 78 | P11. |
| Brightness | Light output is at least $240 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}(40 \mathrm{fL})$ with a 0.33 mm , or less, centered spot size. Measured with quality area flooded by a 60 Hz refresh rate raster, 308 horizontal lines. |
| Uniformity | Light output in quality area does not vary more than $20 \%$ at moderate intensity $34 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ ( 10 fL ). Measured with quality area flooded by a 60 Hz refresh raster, 320 horizontal lines. |

TABLE 1-1 (CONT.)
Electrical Characteristics

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |
| Spot Size |  |
| \#1 | 0.31 cm ( 12 mils ) or less, anywhere inside the quality area Measured with shrinking raster method at $170 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ ( 30 fL ) brightness and full-screen raster, 60 Hz refresh rate |
| \#2 | 0.028 cm ( 11 mils) or less, at $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ of beam current. Measured with shrinking raster method. |
| Resolution | Spot size does not vary more than $20 \%$ over the quality area, at a constant intensity. |

POWER SOURCE

| Line Voltage (ac, rms) Low Range, P951 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Low (100 V ac) | 90 to 110 Vac . |
| Med (110 V ac) | 99 to 121 Vac . |
| $\mathrm{Hi}(120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac})$ | 108 to 132 V ac . |
| High Range, P952 |  |
| Low (200 V ac) | 180 to 220 V ac. |
| Med (220 V ac) | 198 to 242 V ac. |
| Hi (240 V ac) | 216 to 250 V ac. |
| Line Frequency | 48 to 440 Hz . |
| Maximum Power Consumption $(120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ | 61 Watts, 0.7 Ampere. |
| Option 20 Input Power |  |
| +20 V DC Input | +17.0 to +26.0 V dc , including any ripple excursions. |
| -20 V DC Input | -17.0 to -26.0 Vdc , including any ripple excursions. |
| Option 20 Maximum Operating Current |  |
| +20 V DC Input | 2.2 Amperes. |
| -20 V DC Input | 0.3 Ampere. |
| Option 20 Maximum Allowable Input Ripple | $2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac}, \mathrm{peak-to-peak}$. |
| Option 20 Shutdown-Voltage |  |
|  | +26 V to no greater than +29.5 Vdc . |
| -20 V DC Input | -26 V to no greater than -29.5 Vdc . |
| Option 20 Maximum Nondestructive Input Voltage |  |
| +20 V DC Input | +40 V dc. |
| -20 V DC Input | -40 V dc. |

TABLE 1-2
Environmental Characteristics

| Characteristic | Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| NOTE |  |
| This instrument will meet the electrical characteristics given in the Performance Requirement column of Table 1-1 over the following environmental limits. |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operating | $0^{\circ}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+32^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.+122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. |
| Nonoperating | $-40^{\circ}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. |
| Altitude |  |
| Operating | To $4.6 \mathrm{~km}(15,000 \mathrm{ft})$. |
| Nonoperating | To $15.2 \mathrm{~km}(50,000 \mathrm{ft})$. |
| Humidity | To $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| Transportation | Qualified under National Safe Transit Committee Test Procedure 1A, Category II. |

TABLE 1-3
Physical Characteristics

| Characteristic | Information |
| :--- | :--- |
| Net Weight | About 8.2 kg (18 pounds). |
| Overall Dimensions | See Figure 1-1. |

## STANDARD ACCESSORIES

1 ea Operators Manual
$\qquad$1 ea Instruction Manual
1 ea $\qquad$ Lined Crt Implosion Shield ( $8 \times 10$ division graticule)

For more detailed information, refer to tabbed Accessories page in the 624 Instruction Manual.


## INSTRUMENT PACKAGING

If the instrument is to be shipped to a Tektronix Service Center for service or repair, attach a tag showing the following: Owner (with address) and the name of an individual at your firm who can description of the service required.

Save and re-use the package in which your 624 Monitor was shipped to you. If the original packaging is unfit for use or is not available, repackage the instrument as follows:

1. Obtain a corrugated-cardboard carton with a 275 pound test strength, and having inside dimensions of no less than six inches more than the instrument dimensions; this allows for cushioning.
2. Surround the instrument with polyethylene sheeting to protect the finish.
3. Cushion the instrument on all sides by tightly packing dunnage or urethane foam between the carton and the instrument, allowing three inches on all sides.
4. Seal the carton with shipping tape or with an industrial stapler.

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

## AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CONSIDERATIONS

This instrument can be operated where the ambient air temperature is between $0^{\circ}$ and $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+32^{\circ}\right.$ and $+122^{\circ}$ $F$ ), and can be stored in ambient temperatures between $40^{\circ}$ and $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ}\right.$ and $\left.+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. After being stored in temperatures beyond the above operating limits, allow the chassis temperature to return to within the operating limits before applying power. Allowing the Monitor to operate at an ambient temperature substantially higher than that specified may result in poor reliability as well as inaccurate performance.

When the 624 is mounted in a rack with other equipment, it is important that the temperature surrounding the Monitor does not exceed $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Additional clearance or forced ventilation methods (fan) may be needed to maintain ambient temperatures below $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Reliabiity and performance of the 624 will be affected if the ventilation holes in the protective panels are obstructed, or if the 624 is operated at an ambient temperature higher than $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Other environments and mounting configurations may require additional cooling measures.

## CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS

Controls and connectors necessary for operation of the 624 Monitor are located on the front and rear panels of the instrument. To make full use of the capabilities of this instrument, the operator should be familiar with the function and use of each external control and connector. The front-panel controls are shown and described in Figure 2-1. Brief descriptions of the rear-panel controls and connectors are given in Figures 2-2 and 2-3.

## DETAILED OPERATION INFORMATION

## SIGNAL CONNECTORS

BNC connectors are provided on the rear panel of the instrument for application of input signals to the Vertical ( Y ) and Horizontal (X) Amplifiers for display on the crt, and to the Z-Axis Amplifier to control display intensity. Amplifiers of the standard 624 Monitor are designed for single-ended operation, while those of the 624 Option 21 Monitor are designed to provide differential operation. The Option 21 Monitor is shipped from the factory prepared for single-ended operation with a grounding cap connected to the -INPUT (inverting input) of each axis. For differential operation, remove the grounding cap and apply the input signals to the BNC connectors of the appropriate axis. An additional BNC connector is provided on 624 Option 25 Monitors to allow application of TTLcompatible input voltages to unblank the display.

## INPUT ATTENUATION AND IMPEDANCE

The Vertical ( Y ) and Horizontal ( X ) Amplifier input circuits of the 624 Option 22 Monitor include a selectable 1 X or 5 X attenuator, which is set for 1 X attenuation when shipped from the factory. The standard 624 Monitor is designed for 1 X operation. The Z-Axis Amplifiers can be modified to provide a range of input impedance and attenuation. The desired input attenuation should be set by qualified service personnel only.

The input circuits of all amplifiers in the standard 624 Monitor present a high impedance to the applied input signal. The Option 26 Monitors, however, have been modified to present a 50 -ohm input impedance to the applied input signal.

## INPUT SIGNAL REQUIREMENTS

The horizontal $(X)$ and vertical $(Y)$ deflection factors are set at the factory to one volt for eight divisions of deflection on each axis. Thus, as shipped, the input signal required for each division of deflection is 0.125 volt.

The best transient response from the 624 Monitor is achieved when the input signal amplitude to the vertical or horizontal INPUT is no greater than that sufficient to provide full-screen deflection.

## WARNING

To avoid electric shock hazard, do not apply input signals of more than 25 volts (dc plus peak ac). Should fault conditions occur however, the instrument is protected for application of input signals up to 100 volts (dc plus peak ac).

With no signals applied to the $Z$ INPUT, the intensity of the display is controlled only by the front-panel INTENSITY control. To control the display intensity with an externally applied signal, set the INTENSITY control to about midrange, and apply the input signal to the $Z$ INPUT connector.


Exercise care in establishing the correct display intensity; a high-amplitude Z-Axis input signal, combined with an excessively high setting of the INTENSITY control, may damage the crt phosphor.

## Operating Instructions-624


(1)

SEC/DIV (Option 4 Only)-Selects one of six calibrated sweep rates between 0.1 second/division and 1 microsecond/division in decade steps. (VARIABLE must be fully clockwise for the indicated sweep rate.)
(2)

VARIABLE (Option 4 Only)-Screwdriver adjustment, concentric with the SEC/DIV switch, which provides contiuously variable sweep rates between the calibrated steps. Extends the sweep rate range to 1 second/division.
(3) TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL (Option 4 Only)-Screwdriver adjustment to select the slope and level of the vertical signal from which the sweep is triggered.
(4) Vertical (1) Position-Positions the crt beam in the $Y$ axis.
(5) ASTIG-Screwdriver adjustment to be used in conjunction with the FOCUS control to provide a well-defined display.
(6) Horizontal $\longleftrightarrow$ Position-Positions the crt beam in the $X$ axis.
(7) X GAIN—Provides an adjustable amplification factor for full-screen horizontal deflection of at least 0.5 volt to 2.5 volts. (X Gain is an internal control for Option 27 instruments.)
(8) INTENSITY-Controls brightness of the crt display and is the offset control for the Z-Axis.
(9) Y GAIN-Provides an adjustable amplification factor for full-screen vertical deflection of at least 0.5 volt to 2.5 volts. (Y Gain is an internal control for Option 27 instruments.)

FOCUS-Provides adjustment to obtain a well-defined display.
POWER (Indicator)-Illuminates when instrument is on.
ON/OFF-Controls power to the Monitor. Instrument is on when pushbutton is in.

Figure 2-1. Front-panel controls and indicators.

(1) TRACE ROTATION-Adjustment to align the trace with the horizontal axis.
+X INPUT-BNC input connector to allow application of input signals. A positive signal applied deflects beam to the right: a negative signal deflects beam to the left.
(3) - X INPUT (Option 21 Only)-BNC input connector with grounding cap. A positive signal deflects beam to the left: a negative signal deflects beam to the right.
+Y INPUT-BNC input connector. A positive signal applied deflects beam up; a negative signal deflects beam down.
-Y INPUT (Option 21 Only)-BNC input connector with grounding cap. A positive signal applied deflects beam down; a negative signal deflects beam up.
$+Z$ INPUT-BNC input connector. A positive signal applied provides a linear function to increase display brightness; a negative signal decreases display brightness.
-Z INPUT (Option 21 Only)--BNC input connector with grounding cap. A positive signal applied provides a linear function to decrease display brightness; a negative signal increases display brightness.

TTL Z INPUT (Option 25 Only)—BNC input connector to allow application of TTL-compatible voltages to unblank the crt display.
(9) Power Cord-Allows connection to the ac power source to operate the instrument. (Power cord is deleted on Option 20 instruments; see Figure 2531-4.)*
(10)

LINE FUSE-120V:0.8 A SLOW: 220 V:0.6 A SLOW. (Line fuse is internal for Option 6 instruments and deleted for Option 20 instruments.)*

ALTERNATE INPUT CONNECTOR (Option 10 Only)-25-pin input connector to provide an alternate means of connecting input signals to the $+X, Y$, and $+Z$ Amplifiers. If your instrument includes Option 25 (TTL $Z$ INPUT), connections are also made for applying TTL Blanking via the connector.
*Refer qualified service personnel to the servicing information section of the 624 Instruction Manual for further information.

Figure 2-2. Rear-panel controls and connectors.

## Operating Instructions-624



The Option 20 Power-Input Connector allows application of dc voltages and ground to operate the instrument. All pins must be properly connected for instrument operation. Refer qualified service personnel to the servicing information sections of the 624 Instruction Manual for further information.
(1)
+20 VDC - Input voltage from +17 to $+26 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{dc}, 3 \mathrm{~A}$ maximum, will provide proper regulation of the instrument.
(2)

Supply Common-To be connected to the supply common of the units supplying the power.
(3)

Protective Ground-To be connected to protective ground of the units supplying the power.
(4) -20 VDC -Input voltage from -17 to -26 V dc, 0.5 A maximum, will provide proper regulation of the instrument.

Figure 2-3. Option 20 Rear-panel Power-Input connector.

The input signal required for maximum display intensity, through the $+Z$ INPUT connector, is set at the factory for +1 volt, or less. The input signal required to visually cut off the display intensity is set at the factory for -1 volt, or less. The best transient response of the Z-Axis Amplifier is achieved when the input signal is the minimum required to provide the desired intensity change.

An additional BNC connector is provided on the rear panel of the 624 Option 25 Monitors for application of TTL-compatible input voltages to unblank the crt display. ( Crt unblanking = visual display.) The input voltage level necessary to produce unblanking is internally selectable, and should be set by qualified service personnel only.

With the internal Unblanking Level Selector in the NEG position, a TTL LO level ( 0 V to +0.8 V dc ) applied to the TL Z INPUT connector will unblank the display and allow the INTENSITY control and $+Z$ INPUT (and $-Z$ INPUT with Option HI level $(+2.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to $+5 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{dc})$, or no applied voltage, will blank the display. With the Unblanking Level Selector in the POS position, a HI level applied will unblank the display.

## OPTION 4 SWEEP INFORMATION

The SEC/DIV switch provides six calibrated sweep rates from 0.1 second to 1 microsecond/division in decade steps (VARIABLE control in the fully clockwise position). The VARIABLE control provides uncalibrated, continuously variable sweep rates between calibrated settings of the SEC/DIV switch.

When making time measurements using the graticule, the area between the second and tenth vertical lines provides the most linear measurement. (See Fig. 2-4.) Therefore, the first and last divisions of the display should not be used for making accurate time measurements. Position the start of the display to be measured to the second vertical line. Then set the SEC/DIV switch so that the end of the display measurement section falls between the second and the tenth vertical line.


Figure 2-4. Definition of Measurement lines on the 624 graticule.

## FUNCTIONAL CHECK

Functional Check procedures are located in the servicing information sections of the 624 Instruction Manual for use by qualified service personnel only. These procedures have not been made available to the operator because of internal controls and selectors which affect the functions of certain operating controls.

## WARNING

High-voltage is present inside the instrument. To avoid electric shock, operating personnel must not remove protective instrument covers. Internal adjustments and switch position settings must be made by qualified service personnel only.

## INSTALLATION

## OPERATING POWER INFORMATION

This instrument (except for the Option 20 version) can be operated from either a 120 -volt or 220 -volt nominal linevoltage source, 48 to 440 hertz. In addition, three regulating ranges are provided for each nominal linevoltage source.


To prevent damage to the instrument, always check the line-voltage information recorded on the rear panel before applying power to the instrument.

## NOTE

Option 20 power requirements are given later in this section.

## POWER CORD INFORMATION

## WARNING

The 624 Monitor (excluding the Option 20 version) is intended to be operated from a single-phase earth-referenced power source having one current-carrying conductor (the Neutral Conductor) near earth potential. Operation from power sources where both current-carrying conductors are live with respect to earth (such as phase-to-phase on a three-wire system) is not recommended, since only the Line conductor has overcurrent (fuse) protection within the instrument.

This instrument has a three-wire power cord with a polarized two-pole, three-terminal plug for connection to the power source and safety-earth. The safety-earth terminal of the plug is directly connected to the instrument frame. For electric-shock protection, insert this plug only in a mating outlet with a safetyearth contact.

Do not defeat the grounding connection. Any interruption of the grounding connection can create an electric-shock hazard. Before making external connections to the 624, always ground the instrument first by connecting the power cord to a properly mated power outlet.

TABLE 3-1
Power-Cord Conductor Identification

| Conductor | Color | Alternate Color |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Line | Brown | Black |
| Neutral | Light Blue* $^{\text {* }}$ | White |
| Safety Earth | Green/Yellow | Green/Yellow |

*Tinned copper conductor.

The power-cord plug required depends upon the ac input voltage and the country in which the instrument is to be used. Should you require a power-cord plug other than that supplied with your instrument, refer to the standards listed in Table 3-2.

TABLE 3-2
Location of Power-Cord Configuration Information

| Nominal Line Voltage | Reference Standards |
| :---: | :--- |
| 120 V AC | ${ }^{1}$ ANSI C73.11 |
|  | ${ }^{2}$ NEMA 5-15P (Hospital Grade) |
|  | ANSI C73.20 |
|  | ${ }^{3}$ AS C112 |
|  | ${ }^{4}$ BS 1363 |
|  | ${ }^{5}$ CEE 7, sheets IV, VI and VII |
|  | NEMA 6-15-P |

'ANSI-American National Standards Institute
${ }^{2}$ NEMA-National Electrical Manufacturer's Association
${ }^{3}$ AS-Standards Association of Australia
${ }^{4}$ BS-British Standards institute
${ }^{5}$ CEE-International Commission on Rules for the Approval of Electrical Equipment

For medical-dental applications, use NEMA 5-15-P (Hospital Grade) plug for 120 -volt operation, or NEMA 6-15-P plug for 220 -volt operation.


Figure 3-1. Location of line-voltage selector plugs, regulating-range pins, and line fuse.

## LINE-VOLTAGE AND REGULATING-RANGE SELECTION



Damage to the instrument may result from incorrect placement of the line-voltage selector plug.

To select the correct nominal line voltage and regulating range, proceed as follows:

## NOTE

This information does not apply to the Option 20 Monitor.

1. Disconnect the instrument from the power source.
2. Insert the proper line-voltage selector plug (the brown plug for 120 -volt operation or the red plug for 220 -volt operation) on the line-voltage selector pins (located on the Low-Voltage Power Supply board) labeled for the desired nominal line-voltage range. Refer to Figure 3-1 for location and additional information.
3. Remove the line fuse from the fuse holder and check for the correct rating. Replace it with one having the correct rating, if necessary. Refer to Figure 3-1 for fuse information and location.

## NOTE

An alternate line fuse, intended for the linevoltage source for which the Monitor was not set when shipped from the factory, is clipped to the Low-Voltage Power Supply board (see Fig. 3-1).
4. Change the nominal line-voltage information recorded on the 624 rear panel. Use a non-abrasive eraser to remove previous data, and mark on the new data with a permanent marking pen.


Figure 3-2. Proper application of power to the $\mathbf{6 2 4}$ Option 20 Monitor.

## OPTION 20 POWER REQUIREMENTS

The Option 20 Monitor does not have a line fuse or a power cord and will operate only with the correct dc power applied to the rear-panel power-input connector. Apply the following (See Fig. 3-2):
+20 V dc (pin 1)........................... 17 to +26 V dc,

Supply Common (pin 2)................Connect to supply common of unit(s) supplying the power.

Protective Ground (pin 3).........Connect to protective ground of the unit(s) supplying the power.
 0.3 A maximum.*
*When the Monitor is turned on, the inital current drain may exceed the limits given above

Fuse protection is provided on the +20 V DC and -20 V DC inputs. See Figure 3-3 for location and rating of the Option 20 input fuses.


Figure 3-3. Location and rating of Option 20 input fuses.

## INSTALLATION IN PATIENT-CARE FACILITIES

## WARNING

Do not use the amplifier INPUTS for directpatient connection. Signal currents at these connectors, as well as leakage currents, may exceed values considered non-hazardous for direct-patient connection.

Although this Monitor is not to be connected directly to a patient, interconnecting this Monitor to other equipment can result in the application of excessive current to a patient. It is extremely important that the interconnection is made in accordance with NFPA 76B-T. Tentative Standard for the Safe Use of Electricity in Patient Care Areas of Health Care Facilities, section 3038, "Signal Transmission Between Appliances".

Among the situations involving the above-mentioned patient hazard is one in which two or more pieces of interconnected equipment are grounded at locations remote from one another. The standard mentioned in the preceding warning describes both this hazard and the appropriate corrective measures.

## X AND Y INPUT ATTENUATION SELECTION

## WARNING

To avoid electric shock, always turn the instrument OFF before changing the settings of the $X$ or $Y$ Attenuators.

The Horizontal ( X ) and Vertical ( Y ) Amplifiers of the 624 Option 22 instrument include selectable 1:1 or $5: 1$ step attenuators in both the + and-sides of the input circuits. These attenuators extend the deflection factor range of the appropriate amplifier to at least 12.5 volts for fullscreen deflection. To maintain proper response of the
amplifier, set both attenuators to the same position. Refer to the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations, for the position settings and locations of the attenuator switches.

## Z INPUT ATTENUATION



Exercise care in establishing the correct display intensity; a high-amplitude Z-Axis input signal, combined with an excessively high setting of the INTENSITY control, may damage the crt phosphor.

The Z-Axis Amplifier of the standard 624 Monitor is shipped from the factory with 1 X input attenuation and 1 megohm input impedance. Option 26 Monitors present an input impedance of $50 \Omega$; however, the attenuation and input impedance can be modified to suit a specific application. Holes in the Z-Axis Amplifier board, allow components to be changed. Figure 3-4 illustrates the method used to modify input attenuation and input impedance of the $+Z$ INPUT. Refer to the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations, for location of the Z-Axis attenuation components. Refer to your Tektronix Field Office or representative for additional information.

## RACKMOUNTING INFORMATION

The 624 can be operated in a standard 19-inch instrument rack with front and rear holes that conform to universal hole spacing. Kits are available to convert eht 624 from the cabinet to a rackmounted configuration, and vice versa. Complete instructions are included in the kits. A brief description of each available conversion kit is given here. Consult your Tektronix Field Office or representative for additional information.

The standard 624 Monitor is shipped from the factory without protective covers. To assure operator safety, these Monitors should either be installed within equipment cabinets, as provided in original equipment manufacturer's systems, or be provided with protective covers (Option 23 or Option 28). When the Monitor is installed in a system or rackmounted, be sure that the ambient temperature does not exceed $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


Reliability and performance of the 624 will be affected if the ventilation holes in the protective panels are obstructed, or if operated at an ambient temperature higher than $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Forced ventilation methods may be needed.


Figure 3-4. Typical method for modifying $Z$-Axis input impedance and attenuation.

## CABINET-TO-RACKMOUNT CONVERSION

TEKTRONIX PART 040-0600-00. Mounts two 624 Monitors side-by-side in a standard 19 -inch wide rack. The kit comes equipped with a slide-out assembly and includes the securing hardware. Complete rackmounting instructions are included in each kit.

TEKTRONIX PART 040-0601-00. Mounts one 624 Monitor in a standard 19 -inch wide rack. The kit is equipped with a slide-out assembly, securing hardware, and a blank front panel to cover the second instrument opening in the rack. Complete rackmounting instructions are included in each kit.

TEKTRONIX PART 040-0624-00. Converts one TM 503 Power Module and one 624 Monitor to mount side-by-side in a standard 19 -inch wide instrument rack. The kit includes slide-out assembly and securing hardware. Complete rackmounting instructions are included with each kit.

## RACKMOUNT-TO-CABINET CONVERSION

TEKTRONIX PART 040-0602-00. Converts one 624 Monitor from a rackmount configuration to a cabinet configuration. Complete instructions are included in each kit.

## INSTRUMENT DIMENSIONS

A drawing showing the major dimensions of the 624 is shown in Figure 1-1 (General Information section). Further details and tolerances are shown on the Detailed Dimensional Drawing foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## FUNCTIONAL CHECK

The following procedures are provided to aid in obtaining a display on the 624 Monitor and may be used as a check of basic instrument operation or to verify proper operation for incoming inspection. Only instrument functions, and not measurement quantities or specifications, are checked in these procedures. Therefore, a minimum amount of test equipment is required.

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

1. Determine which Options have been installed in your instrument.
2. Determine which of the listed test equipment is required to check your Monitor.
3. Refer to the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect the Functional Check procedures.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The following test equipment was used as a basis to write the Functional Check procedures. Other test equipment, which meets these requirements, may be substituted. When other equipment is substituted, the control settings or setup may need to be altered. The test equipment listed here is required to check functions of the standard 624 Monitor as well as those of available electrical Options.

1. Power Module

Description: Tektronix TM 500-series power module with one or more plug-in compartments.

Type Used: TEKTRONIX TM 501 (used with the FG 503 Function Generator)
2. Function Generator

Description: Frequency range, one hertz to 50 kilohertz; output amplitude, one volt to five volts (peak-to-peak) into open circuit; waveform output, sine and square waves.

Type Used: TEKTRONIX FG 503 Function Generator (used with TM 501 Power Module).
3. Cables (2 required)

Description: Length, 42 inches (1 required). 18 inches (1 required); connectors, BNC.

Type Used: Type RG-58/U, 50-ohm coaxial, Tektronix Part 012-0057-01 (42 inch), Tektronix Part 012-0076-00 (18 inch).

## 4. T Connector

Description: Connectors, BNC-to-BNC.

Type Used: BNC-to-BNC T connector, Tektronix Part 103-0030-00.
5. 50 -Ohm Termination ${ }^{1}$

Description: Impedance, 50 ohms; connectors, BNC.

Type Used: Tektronix Part 011-0049-00.
${ }^{1} 50$-ohm termination is not used when checking the Option 26 Monitor.

## PRELIMINARY SET UP

1. Install the function generator in the power module and turn on the power module.
2. Install the lined implosion shield (provided with your instrument) over the crt display area.
3. Connect the 624 to a suitable power source.
4. Open the access door on the front panel and set the controls as follows:

| SEC/DIV (Option 4 Only) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 ms |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| VARIABLE (Option 4 Only) | Fully clockwise |
| TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL |  |
| (Option 4 Only) | As desired |
| Vertical Position | . Midrange |
| Horizontal Position | . . Midrange |
| ASTIG | As set |
| X GAIN | Midrange |
| Y GAIN | . Midrange |
| INTENSITY | nterclockwise |
| FOCUS | As desired |
| ON/OFF | ushbutton in) |

5. Set the applicable internal controls and selectors as follows: (Refer to the Internal Controls and Selectors Location foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.)
```
XY-YT (Option 4 Only) . . . . . . . . . . . . XY (Rear position)
Trig Mode (Option 4 Only)
                            .Auto (rear)
+Y Atten (Option 22 Only) ........... 1X (up position)
-Y Atten (Option 22 Only) ...................... 1X (up)
+X Atten (Option 22 Only) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1X (up)
Unblanking Level Selector
    (Option 25 Only)
                                POS
Y GAIN (Option 27 Only) ........................Midrange
X GAIN (Option 27 Only) ......................Midrange
```

6. Allow at least one minute for the instrument to warm up.

## 7. Proceed to the Functional Check procedures.

## DISPLAY FUNCTIONS

1. Perform the Preliminary Set Up procedure.
2. As you slowly turn the INTENSITY control clockwise, notice that at approximately midrange a spot will appear on the crt. The brightness will increase as the control is further rotated.


A high intensity level combined with a stationary spot will damage the crt phosphor. Therefore, set the INTENSITY control to the minimum necessary for good visibility.
3. Adjust the FOCUS and ASTIG controls for a sharp, well-defined spot.
4. Rotate the Vertical Position control and notice that the spot can be positioned off the crt display area at the top and bottom. Return the spot to center screen.
5. Rotate the Horizontal Position control and notice that the spot can be positioned off the display area to the left and right. Return the spot to center screen.
6. Connect a 2 -volt (peak-to-peak), 50 -kilohertz sine wave from the function generator to the +X INPUT connector via the 50 -ohm termination and 42 -inch cable. For Option 26 Monitors: Do not use the 50 -ohm termination in this setup.
7. Position the trace to the center horizontal graticule line with the Vertical Position control. Check that the rearpanel TRACE ROTATION control will align the trace with the center horizontal graticule line.

## X AND Y DEFLECTION FUNCTIONS

1. Perform the Preliminary Set Up procedure.
2. Connect a 1 -volt (peak-to-peak), 50-kilohertz sine wave from the function generator to the $+X$ INPUT connector via a 50 -ohm termination and 42 -inch cable. For Option 26 Monitors: Do not use the 50 -ohm termination in this setup.
3. Turn the X GAIN control fully clockwise and check for at least 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.

## Installation-624

4. For Option 22 Monitors: Set the $X$ GAIN control for exactly 10 divisions of deflection. Set the $+X$ Atten (S310) to the 5 X (down) position. Check for 2 divisions of horizontal deflection, within $3 \%$. Return the $+X$ Atten to 1X.
5. For Option 21 Monitors: Remave the grounding cap from the -X INPUT. Disconnect the signal from the $+X$ INPUT and apply it to the -X INPUT. Place the grounding cap on the +X INPUT and, with the X GAIN control fully clockwise, check for at least 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.
6. For Option 21 \& 22 Monitors: Set the $X$ GAIN control for exactly 10 divisions of deflection. Set the -X Atten (S410) to the 5 X (down) position. Check for 2 divisions of horizontal deflection, within $3 \%$. Return the -X Atten to 1 X .
7. Disconnect the signal from the X INPUT and apply it to the +Y INPUT. Turn the $Y$ GAIN fully clockwise and check for at least 8 divisions of vertical deflection.
8. For Option 22 Monitors: Set the Y GAIN control for exactly 8 divisions of deflection. Set the $+Y$ Atten (S110) to the 5 X (down) position. Check for 1.6 divisions of vertical deflection, within $3 \%$. Return the $+Y$ Atten to $1 X$.
9. For Option 21 Monitors: Remove the grounding cap from the -Y INPUT. Disconnect the signal from the $+Y$ INPUT and apply it to the -Y INPUT. Place the grounding cap on the +Y INPUT and, with the Y GAIN control fully clockwise, check for at least 8 divisions of vertical deflection.
10. For Option 21 \& 22 Monitors: Set the Y GAIN control for exactly 8 divisions of deflection. Set the -Y Atten (S210) to the 5X (down) position. Check for 1.6 divisions of vertical deflection within 3\%. Return the -Y Atten to 1 X .
11. Set the function generator for a 5 -volt (peak-to-peak), 50-kilohertz sine-wave output.
12. Turn the $Y$ GAIN control fully counterclockwise and check for less than 8 divisions of vertical deflection.
13. For Option 21 Monitors: Remove the grounding cap from the $+Y$ INPUT. Disconnect the signal from the $-Y$ INPUT and apply it to the $+Y$ INPUT. Place the grounding cap on the -Y INPUT and, with the Y GAIN control fully counterclockwise, check for less than 8 divisions of vertical deflection.
14. For Option 21 Monitors: Disconnect the signal from the $Y$ INPUT and apply it to the -X INPUT. Turn the $X$ GAIN control fully counterclockwise and check for less than 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.
15. For Option 21 Monitors: Remove the grounding cap from the $+X$ INPUT. Disconnect the signal from the $-X$ INPUT and apply it to the $+X$ INPUT. Place the grounding
cap on the -X INPUT and, with the X GAIN control fully counterclockwise, check for less than 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.
16. For Monitors Without Option 21: Disconnect the signal from the Y INPUT and apply it to the X INPUT. Set the $X$ Gain control fully counterclockwise and check for less than 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.

## NOTE

The following steps of this procedure apply only to 624 Monitors equipped with Option 22. For all other 624 Monitors, proceed to check the Z-Axis Functions.
17. Set the Option 22 Attenuators (S110, S210, S310, and S 410 ) to the 5 X (down) position.
18. Set the function generator for a 12.5 -volt (peak-topeak), 50-kilohertz sine-wave output. Remove the 50ohm termination from the set up (does not apply to Option 26 Monitors). With the X GAIN control fully counterclockwise, check for less than 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.
19. For Option 21 Monitors: Remove the grounding cap from the $-X$ INPUT. Disconnect the signal from the $+X$ INPUT and apply it to the -X INPUT. Place the grounding cap on the $+X$ INPUT and, with the $X$ GAIN control fully counterclockwise, check for less than 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.
20. Disconnect the signal from the $X$ INPUT and apply it to the $+Y$ INPUT. With the $Y$ GAIN control fully counterclockwise, check for less than 8 divisions of vertical deflection.
21. For Option 21 Monitors: Remove the grounding cap from the -Y INPUT. Disconnect the signal from the $+Y$ INPUT and apply it to the -Y INPUT. Place the grounding cap on the $+Y$ INPUT and, with the Y GAIN control fully counterclockwise, check for less than 8 divisions of vertical deflection.
22. Disconnect the function generator.

## Z-AXIS FUNCTIONS

1. Perform the Preliminary Set Up procedure.
2. Set the $X$ GAIN and $Y$ GAIN controls to midrange. Adjust the INTENSITY control for a barely-visible spot.
3. Connect a 2 -volt (peak-to-peak), 50 -kilohertz sine wave from the function generator to the $+X$ INPUT and $+Z$ INPUT connectors via the 50 -ohm termination, 42 -inch cable, BNC T connector, and the 18 -inch cable. Option 26 Monitors: Do not use the 50 -ohm termination in this setup.
4. Check that the right end of the crt display becomes bright, and that the left end disappears.
5. For Option 21 Monitors: Remove the grounding cap from the -Z INPUT. Disconnect the signal from the $+Z$ INPUT and apply it to the - $Z$ INPUT. Place the grounding cap on the $+Z$ INPUT and check that the left end of the crt display becomes bright, and that the right end disappears.
6. Disconnect the function generator.

## NOTE

The following steps of this procedure apply only to 624 Monitors equipped with Option 25.
7. Set the INTENSITY and FOCUS controls for a moderately bright, defocused spot.
8. Connect a +5 -volt (with respect to ground), 1-hertz square wave from the function generator to the TTL Z INPUT via the 42 -inch cable.
9. Check that the defocused spot periodically disappears.
10. Turn off the Monitor and move P550, Unblanking Level Selector, to the NEG position.
11. Turn ON the Monitor and check that the defocused spot periodically disappears.
12. Disconnect the function generator.

## OPTION 4 SWEEP FUNCTIONS

1. Perform the Preliminary Set Up procedure.
2. Set the internal $X Y-Y T$ switch (S434) to the $Y T$ (forward) position. Adjust the INTENSITY control for a visible trace.
3. Connect a 1 -volt, 1-kilohertz squarewave signal from the function generator to the Y INPUT connector via a 42 inch BNC cable and 50-ohm termination. For Option 26 Monitors: Do not use the 50 -ohm termination in this setup.
4. Adjust the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control for a stable display.
5. Check the display for one complete cycle per division. If necessary, adjust the front-panel SWP CAL screwdriver adjustment for one complete cycle per division over the center 8 graticule divisions.
6. Turn the VARIABLE control fully counterclockwise and note that the displayed sweep rate changes to at least the next slower SEC/DIV switch setting (i.e., 10 milliseconds/division... 10 cycles/division).
7. Set the internal Trig Mode switch (S1140) to the Norm position. Adjust the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control for a stable display.
8. Disconnect the function generator and check for no display.

## OPTION 10 ALTERNATE INPUT CONNECTOR WIRING

Wiring connections for the Alternate Input connector (J900) are shown in Fig. 3-5. A mating male plug connector is supplied as a standard accessory with instruments equipped with Option 10.

All interconnection wiring should be done by a qualified service technician.


Figure 3-5. Alternate Input connector (J900) as seen from the rear panel.

This completes the Functional Check for the 624 Monitor.

## THEORY OF OPERATION

This section of the manual describes the circuitry in the 624 Monitor. The description begins with a discussion of the instrument using the block diagram on Figure 4-1, and then continues in detail, showing the relationships between the stages in each major circuit. Schematics of all major circuits are given in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations. Stages are outlined on the schematics with wide shaded lines; the stage names are in shaded boxes. Refer to these schematics throughout the following discussions for specific electrical values and relationships.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

The following discussion is provided to aid in understanding the overall concept of the 624 before the individual circuits are discussed in detail. A basic block diagram is shown in Figure 4-1.

Vertical and horizontal signals to be displayed on the crt are supplied to the Deflection Amplifiers through the appropriate $Y$ and $X$ INPUT connectors.

The Deflection Amplifiers process the input signals and provide push-pull outputs to drive the deflection plates of the crt. Both Deflection Amplifiers contain position and gain controls.

The Z-Axis Amplifier controls the display intensity by providing a voltage to drive the crt control grid. Input signals are applied to the $Z$ INPUT connector.

The Option 4 Sweep circuit produces a positive-going sawtooth voltage, which is amplified by the Horizontal ( X ) Amplifier to provide sweep deflection in the crt. The level of the vertical signal from which triggering occurs is determined by the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control. The Sweep circuit also produces an unblanking gate signal coincident with the sawtooth waveform. This gate signal unblanks the crt to permit display presentation.

The High-Voltage and Low-Voltage Power Supplies provide all the voltages necessary for operation of this instrument.

## DETAILED CIRCUIT OPERATION

Complete schematic diagrams are provided in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations. The numbers inside the diamond after a heading in the following discussions refer to the schematic diagram for that circuit. The schematic diagrams contain wide shaded borders around the major stages of the circuits to conveniently locate the components mentioned in the following discussions. The name of each stage is given in a shaded box on the diagram, and as sub-headings in the discussion of that schematic diagram.

## VERTICAL (Y) DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

The Vertical (Y) Deflection Amplifier processes the $Y$ input signals and provides final amplification to drive the vertical deflection plates of the crt. A schematic diagram of the Vertical $(Y)$ Deflection Amplifier is shown on Diagram 1. A detailed block diagram, showing each major stage of the Vertical (Y) Deflection Amplifier, is superimposed on the schematic with wide shaded lines to conveniently locate the components mentioned here. The stage names (given as sub-headings in the following discussion) can be found in the shaded boxes on Diagram 1.

## Y PREAMPLIFIER

Signals to be displayed are applied to the Y INPUT, BNC connector J101. For instruments equipped with Option 21, differential signals can be applied to both J101 and J201, -Y INPUT. Option 22 provides an internal switch for each input, S110-S210, to allow either $1 X$ or $5 X$ attenuation of the input signal before it is applied to the $Y$ Preamplifier. The 5X position of each attenuator is a frequency-compensated voltage divider. These step attenuators are set in the 1 X position when shipped from the factory. For optimum response of the amplifier, both attenuators should be set in the same position.

Two identical, noninverting operational amplifiers, Q120A-Q130 and Q120B-Q230, form the Y Preamplifier. In the standard instrument with a single-ended input, this stage operates as a paraphase amplifier; in Option 21 Monitors with differential inputs, it operates as a differential amplifier. In either case, however, a push-pull signal is produced at the collectors of Q 130 and O 230 .

A matched pair of field-effect transistors, Q120A and Q120B, provide high input impedance and temperature stability. Excessively large negative-going signals are diode-clamped at the FET gates to protect Q120A and


Figure 4-1. 624 Block Diagram.

Q120B. The Y GAIN control, R125, allows setting the crt full-screen deflection from 0.5 volt, or less, to at least 2.5 volts. This control is set at the factory for 8 divisions of deflection with a 1 -volt input signal applied. Variable capacitor C122 provides adjustment for high gain phasing.

## VERTICAL POSITIONING

Vertical positioning is provided by front-panel control R147, through the current sources of $\mathrm{Q} 140-\mathrm{Q} 240$. The push-pull signals from the $Y$ Preamplifier are applied to the Y Output Amplifier after being offset by this stage. Variable capacitor C138 provides the dominate phasing adjustment.

## OPTION 4 TRIGGER PICKOFF

The trigger signal, including the vertical position voltage, is taken from the collector of Q130 in the Y Preamplifier for use by the Option 4 Sweep Circuit. Transistor Q134 provides offset voltage before the trigger signal is sent to the Sweep (Option 4) circuit (Diagram 4).

## Y OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

The Y Output Amplifier provides final amplification for the vertical $(Y)$ signals before thay are applied to the crt , and consists of two identical and noninverting
operational amplifiers connected in a differential configuration. High-frequency compensation is provided by C153.
$+Y$ signals from the $Y$ Preamplifier are amplified and inverted by 0160; - $Y$ signals are amplified and inverted by Q260. Diodes CR163-CR164-CR263-CR264 prevent overdriving the $Y$ Output Amplifier by limiting the signals at the collectors of Q160-Q260 to within about 2 volts of each other. The signals are then applied to the cascode amplifiers of 0176-0174 and Q276-0274. The cascode amplifiers again invert the signals and provide the final amplification before the signals are applied to the crt. Feedback is provided through R178-C178 for the +Y signal, and through R278-C278 for the -Y signal.

## HORIZONTAL (X) DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

The Horizontal (X) Deflection Amplifier processes the $X$ input signal and provides final amplification to drive the horizontal deflection plates of the crt. A schematic diagram of the Horizontal (X) Deflection Amplifier is shown on Diagram 2. A detailed block diagram, showing each major stage of the Horizontal (X) Deflection Amplifier, is superimposed on the schematic with wide shaded lines to conveniently locate the components mentioned here. The stage names (given as subheadings in the following discussion) can be found in the shaded boxes on Diagram 2.

## X PREAMPLIFIER

Signals to be displayed are applied to the $X$ INPUT, BNC connector J301. For instruments equipped with Option 21, differential signals can be applied to both J301 and J401, -X INPUT. Option 22 provides an internal switch for each input, S310-S410, to allow either $1 X$ or $5 X$ attenuation of the input signal before it is applied to the $X$ Preamplifier. The 5X position of each attenuator is a frequency-compensated voltage divider. These step attenuators are set in the 1 X position when shipped from the factory. For optimum response of the amplifier, both attenuators should be set in the same position.

Two identical, noninverting operational amplifiers, O320A-Q330 and Q320B-Q430, form the X Preamplifier. In the standard instrument with a single-ended input, this stage operates as a paraphase amplifier; in Option 21 Monitors with differential inputs, it operates as a differential amplifier. In either case, however, a push-pull signal is produced at the collectors of Q330 and Q430.

A matched pair of field-effect transistors, Q320A and O320B, provide high input impedance and temperature stability. Excessively large negative-going signals are diode-clamped at the FET gates to protect O320A and Q320B. The $X$ GAIN control, R325, allows setting the crt full-screen deflection from 0.5 volt, or less, to at least 2.5 volts. This control is set at the factory for 8 divisions of deflection with a 1 -volt input signal applied.

## HORIZONTAL POSITIONING

Horizontal positioning is provided by front-panel control R347, through the current sources of 0340-Q440. The push-pull signal from the $X$ Preamplifier, or the sawtooth signal from the Sweep (Option 4) circuit, is applied to the $X$ Output Amplifier after being offset by this stage. Internal switch S434 determines the operating mode of the Option 4 Monitor.

## X OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

The $X$ Output Amplifier provides final amplification for the horizontal $(X)$ signals before they are applied to the crt, and consists of two identical and noninverting operational amplifiers connected in a differential configuration. Highfrequency compensation is provided by C353.
$+X$ signals from the $X$ Preamplifier are amplified and inverted by Q360; -X signals are amplified and inverted by Q460. Diodes CR363-CR364-CR463-CR464 prevent overdriving the $X$ Output Amplifer by limiting the signals at the collectors of Q360-Q460 to within about 2 volts of each other. The signals are then applied to the cascode amplifiers of Q376-0374 and Q476-0474. The cascode amplifiers again invert the signals and provide the final amplification before the signals are applied to the crt. Feedback is provided through R378-C378 for the +X signal, and through R478-C478 for the $-X$ signal.

## Z-AXIS AMPLIFIER ③

The Z-Axis Amplifier circuit provides the drive signal to control the crt intensity. A schematic diagram of the $Z$ Axis Amplifier is shown on Diagram 3 at the rear of this manual. A detailed block diagram showing each major stage is superimposed on the schematic diagram with wide shaded lines. The stage names (given as subheadings in the following discussion) can be found in the shaded boxes on Diagram 3.

## Z-AXIS PREAMPLIFIER

Single-ended input signals are applied to the $Z$ INPUT, BNC connector J501, in the standard instrument; for Option 21 Monitors, differential signals can be applied to both J501 and J601, -Z INPUT. Provisions have been made on both input lines to permit installation of attenuating resistors (see Z-Axis Input Attenuation Selection in Section 3, Installation).

The $Z$ Preamplifier employs a matched pair of FETs to provide high input impedance and temperature stability. Two identical operational amplifiers, Q520A-Q530-Q534 and Q520B-0630-Q634, which operate as a paraphase amplifier in the standard instrument (single-ended input) or as a differential amplifier in Option 21 Monitors, form the basic $Z$ Preamplifier. Excessively large negative-going input signals are clamped by diodes CR518 and CR618 before application to the gates of O520A and O520B. A single-ended output is produced at the collector of Q534 which is in phase with signals applied to the Option $21-Z$

INPUT, and opposite in phase with signals applied to the $+Z$ INPUT. Maximum crt intensity is obtained by applying from 1 to 5 volts to the Z-axis INPUTS, as controlled by the setting of the $Z$ Gain adjustment R525.

## UNBLANKING CIRCUIT

## Option 25 Unblanking

Input signals applied to the Option 25 rear-panel TL input connector, J551, may be either a TTL LO level ( 0 to +0.8 volts) or a TTL HI level $(+2.4$ to +5 volts). Determination of the TTL level necessary to provide unblanking of the crt is made by the Unblanking Level Selector, P550. With P550 in the POS position an applied HI will unblank the display and an applied LO will blank the display; with P550 in the NEG position a HI will blank the display and a LO will unblank the display. With no signal applied to the TTL input connector, an internal pull-up circuit in U550A will set the input to a HI level.

With a HI applied to pin 1 of U550A and P550 in the POS position, U550A produces a LO which is inverted by U550B and applied to pin 9 of U550C. NAND gate U550C produces a LO at pin 8 which turns off Q558 and turns on Q545. Q545 of the Intensity and Limiter stage provides a signal to the $Z$ Output Amplifier resulting in an unblanked display. With a HI applied to pin 1 of U550A and P550 in the NEG position, inverter U550B is bypassed, which places a LO at pin 9 of U550C. The HI at pin 8 turns on Q558 and turns off Q545. With no signal applied to the $Z$ Output Amplifier, from O545, the display is blanked.

## Option 4 Unblanking

The positive-going Unblanking Gate from the Sweep (Option 4) circuit is applied to pin 10 of NOR gate U550C, producing a LO level at pin 8. This LO turns Q558 off and turns Q545 on resulting in an unblanked crt display.

## INTENSITY AND LIMITER

Front-panel INTENSITY control R544 offsets the Z Preamplifier output signal to vary the display intensity. Diode CR541 and transistor O545 prevent overdriving the $Z$ Output Amplifier by limiting the signal at the emitter of Q545 to within about 1 volt of ground.

## Z OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

The $Z$ Output Amplifier is an inverting operational amplifier consisting of Q562-0590-0570-0580. The feedback network consists of R591 and C591. Variable capacitor C591, in conjunction with R560, provides a means of adjusting the amplifiers high-frequency response. The signals from 0545 are buffered by 0562 and coupled to the bases of 0590-0580-0570. Transistors Q580 and Q590 are connected as a collectorcoupled complementary amplifier to provide a fast, linear output signal to the crt control grid. Transistor Q570 conducts only when large negative-going transient signals are present at the emitter of O562. The Z Output signal is applied to the crt control grid, through the Control Grid DC Restorer network shown on Diagram 5. to control the crt beam intensity.

## SWEEP (OPTION 4)

The Option 4 Sweep circuit produces a positive-going sawtooth voltage, which is amplified by the Horizontal ( X ) Amplifier, to provide sweep deflection in the crt. The Sweep circuit also produces an unblanking gate signal coincident with the sawtooth waveform to unblank the crt and permit display presentation. A schematic diagram of the Sweep circuit is shown on Diagram 4. A detailed block diagram showing each major stage of this circuit is superimposed on the schematic diagram with wide shaded lines. The stage names (given as sub-headings in the following discussion) can be found in the shaded boxes on Diagram 4.

## TRIGGER AND SWEEP GENERATOR

The Trigger and Sweep Generator stage produces a positive-going sawtooth voltage that is amplified by the Horizontal (X) Amplifier to provide sweep deflection in the crt. Six sweep rates are provided: 0.1 second through 1 microsecond in decade steps. A negative-going gate is produced at the same time the sawtooth is produced to unblank the crt.

The Trigger and Sweep Generator is made up of Tektronix-manufactured integrated circuit U1140 and the associated discrete components. U1140 contains the trigger generator, the sweep-gating circuit, and an operational amplifier to form the basis of a Miller integrator. Power is applied to pins 7 and 12 to establish the operating levels within the device. An internal reference zener diode provides 6.4 volts between pins 8 and 9 for operation of external controls; pin 8 provides a potential which is two diode junctions above the negative voltage at pin 12.

The timing components are selected by S1150, SEC/DIV, which permits one of six nominal sweep rates to be chosen. Front-panel VARIABLE, R1147, varies the timing current for a continuously variable sweep rate.

Pins 10, 11, 13, and 14 are associated with the Trigger Generator portion of U1140. The triggering signal from the Vertical ( $Y$ ) Amplifier is applied to a field-effect transistor input at pin 13 through Q1110 and R1114. Potentiometer R1130, TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL, at pin 14 controls the internal comparators that determine the level and slope at which the internal Schmitt multivibrator changes state, initiating the sweep trigger. Capacitor C1143 at pin 11 determines the trigger-pulse width.

With S1140 in the Norm position, -8.2 volts is applied to pin 10 to hold the bright-baseline auto circuit inactive. In this mode, when the triggering signal is lost, a sweep cannot be produced. When S1140, Trig Mode, is set to Auto, the -8.2 volts is disconnected to permit a freerunning sweep, or bright baseline, to be produced. Pin 10 moves positive as C1140 charges; this positive potential replaces the incoming trigger signal. A new sweep will be initiated immediately following the sweep hold-off time. However, with S1140 in the Auto position,
any incoming trigger signal will discharge C1140. If the signal is occuring at a rate greater than about 20 Hz , C1140 will be held below the auto-trigger level to permit a triggered sweep to be produced.

Pins 1 through 6, and pin 16, are associated with the Sweep Generator portion of U1140. Upon receipt of a trigger from the Trigger Generator, the sweep gate turns on. While the gate is on, CR1150 is turned off by a high logic level at pin 2, allowing the current through external $R_{1}$ components R1151 and R1148 to be switched to timing capacitors C1156 and C1159. Pin 5 is the null point of the internal operational amplifier. Thus, the nearly constant timing current charges the capacitors linearly, producing a linear, negative-going sawtooth voltage at pin 4. When the sawtooth reaches a level determined by R1134, Sweep Length, the sweep terminates. At this point the sweep gate turns off, turning on CR1150 and quickly discharging the timing capacitors. A short-duration trigger lockout period (to allow the sweep generator to reset and stabilize) is provided by C1122 and C1120 at pin 3 .

## SAWTOOTH AMPLIFIER

Transistor Q1180 provides inverting amplification of the sweep sawtooth from pin 4 of U1140 to an amplitude suitable to meet the sensitivity requirements of the Horizontal ( X ) Amplifier. A positive-going sawtooth is produced at the collector of Q1180. Zener diode VR434 (in the Horizontal Deflection Amplifier) shifts the sawtooth voltage about 10 volts positive. Swp Cal R1185 permits calibrating the sweep to the crt graticule.

## UNBLANKING GATE OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

The negative-going gate produced during a sweep (at pin 16 of U 1140 ) is level shifted and buffered by Q1160 and Q1170. The positive-going gate produced at the collector of Q1170 is applied to U550C in the Z-Axis Amplifier to unblank the crt during the sweep.

## HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY $\langle$ )

The High-Voltage Power Supply provides the voltage levels and control circuits necessary for operation of the cathode-ray tube (crt). A schematic diagram of the HighVoltage Power Supply is shown on Diagram 5. A detailed block diagram, showing each major stage of this circuit, is superimposed on the schematic diagram with wide shaded lines. The stage names (given as sub-headings in the following discussion) can be found in the shaded boxes on Diagram 5 .

## HIGH-VOLTAGE OSCILLATOR

A repetitive, sinusoidal signal is produced by a regenerative feedback oscillator in the primary of T850 and induced into the secondary. Current drive for the primary winding is furnished by $0816-\mathrm{Q} 810-0814$. The conduction of the High-Voltage Oscillator transistors is controlled by the output voltage of the Error Amplifier.

## CATHODE SUPPLY

The Cathode Supply voltage, -3500 volts, is produced by voltage doubler C852-CR852-CR853. It is then filtered by C854, R856, and C858, before being applied to the crt cathode (pin 2 of V950). The Cathode Supply is regulated by the Error Amplifier.

## ERROR AMPLIFIER

Regulation of the Cathode Supply voltage is accomplished by applying a sample of the -3500 volts, from voltage divider R920A-R920B, to the positive input (pin 3) of U832. If the output level of the Cathode Supply exceeds the normal -3500 volts (becomes more negative), the voltage at pin 3 of U832 goes negative from its quiescent zero-volt level. This results in a reduced output voltage from U832. A lower potential from the Error Amplifier reduces the conduction of the High-Voltage Oscillator, resulting in a smaller peak-topeak amplitude of the signal in the secondary of T850 and returning the Cathode supply to -3500 volts.

## CURRENT LIMITER

Transistor Q826 protects the High-Voltage Oscillator transistors if excess current is demanded from the secondary of T850, due to a short circuit or abnormal load, by limiting the maximum current drawn by the High-Voltage Oscillator.

## CONTROL-GRID DC RESTORER

The Control-Grid DC Restorer couples the dc and lowfrequency components of the Z-Axis Amplifier output signal to the crt control grid (pin 3 of V950). This allows the Z-Axis Amplifier to control the crt beam intensity. The potential difference between the Z-Axis Amplifier output level and the crt control grid (about - 3600 volts) prohibits direct coupling.

The Control-Grid DC Restorer is actually a cathodereferenced bias supply for the crt control grid. Quiescently, its output voltage is more negative than the crt cathode by an amount determined by the Z-Axis Amplifier output level and the setting of the Crt Bias adjustment, R862. (The cutoff voltage at the crt control grid is typically about 85 volts more negative than the crt cathode level.)

NOTE
A simplified diagram of the Control-Grid DC Restorer is shown in Figure 4-2. The voltages given on this diagram are idealized levels and will not necessarily be the same as those found in the actual instrument.

The Control-Grid DC Restorer is divided into two sections for ease of explanation. The first section can be considered a modulator at low-voltage potentials, and the remaining section as a demodulator at high-voltage potentials (see Fig. 4-2).


Figure 4-2. Simplified diagram of Control-Grid DC Restorer.

## Modulator

When the secondary winding output of T850 (pin 10) swings positive, C872 charges through R860 and C860 to a voltage level determined by the setting of the Crt Bias adjustment, R862. At this voltage level (approximately 85 volts), diode CR872 conducts, preventing any additional increase in the positive voltage across C872. When the secondary-winding output
swings negative, diode CR872 turns off. Then CR860 conducts and clamps the negative excursion at C872 to the voltage level of the Z-Axis Amplifier output. The result is a square-wave output from the Modulator; the output amplitude is determined by the difference between the Z-Axis Amplifier output level and the Crt Bias adjustment setting. (See waveform 2 on Fig. 4-2.) This square wave is coupled through C872 to the Demodulator.

## Demodulator

The Demodulator rectifies the signal from the Modulator and references it to the crt Cathode Supply level. The positive swing of waveform 3, Figure 4-2, is limited by CR874 to the level of the Cathode Supply; the negative excursion is coupled through CR876 to C879. Quiescently, C879 will charge to about -3500 volts through R876. After repetitive cycles from C872, C879 will charge to the negative level of waveform 3. Capacitor C879 filters the output of the demodulator, and also provides a path for the high-frequency portions of the Z Axis Amplifier output signal to be coupled to the crt control grid.

The remainder of the components not shown on the simplified diagram in Figure 4-2 provide circuit protection in the event of a high-voltage arc or other malfunction.

## +100-VOLT REGULATED SUPPLY

The ac voltage from pin 2 of T850 is half-wave rectified by CR888 to provide unregulated power for the +100 -Volt Regulated Supply. Filtering is provided by C889, L889, and C890.

The regulator for this supply is a feedback amplifier system. Current to the load is delivered by series-pass transistor 0897, which is located in the output side of the supply. The supply voltage is established by the drop across R900-R910. The feedback through this network is compared to the reference level (ground) established at pin 2 of U905. Any variation in output voltage of the supply (due to ripple, change of current through the load, etc.), is immediately transmitted through error amplifier U905 through the emitter of 0910, to the base of 0897. This changes the conduction of 0897 and nullifies the original output variation.

Transistor Q896 protects the +100 -volt series regulator (Q897) if excess current is demanded from the supply (due to a short circuit or similar malfunction in the output of the supply). This excess current turns on 0896. The resulting current through 0896 reduces the conduction of Q897 to limit the supply current to a safe level.

## CRT INTERCONNECTS

The ASTIG screwdriver adjustment, R841, which is used in conjunction with the front-panel FOCUS control (R844) to provide a well-defined display, varies the positive level on the astigmatism element of the crt. Geometry adjustment R943 varies the positive level on the geometry element to control the overall geometry of the display. TRACE ROTATION adjustment R949 controls the current through L980 to provide adjustment of the display alignmment.

## LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY (6)

The Low-Voltage Power Supply provides the operating power for the Monitor. Electronic regulation is used to provide stable, low-ripple output voltages. A schematic diagram of the Low-Voltage Power Supply is shown on Diagram 6 at the rear of this manual. A detailed block diagram, showing each major stage of this circuit, is superimposed on the schematic with wide shaded lines. The stage names (given as sub-heading in the following discussion) can be found in the shaded blocks on Diagram 6.

## POWER INPUT

Power is applied to the primary of transformer 7950 through fuse F950, thermal cutout S960, ON/OFF switch S950, and Line-Voltage Selector plug P951 or P952. The Line-Voltage Selector plugs allow changing the primary winding taps of T950 to meet different line-voltage and regulating range requirements. Line fuse F950 should be changed for each nominal line voltage (current rating of fuse for 220 -volt operation must be 0.4 A slow-blowing type; for 120 -volt operation the current rating of the fuse must be 0.8 A slow-blowing type).

Thermal cutout S960 provides thermal protection for this instrument. If the internal temperature of the instrument exceeds a safe operating level, S960 opens to interrupt the applied power. When the temperature returns to a safe level, S960 automatically closes to reapply the power.

## RECTIFIER AND FILTER

A full-wave bridge circuit, composed of CR951-CR952-CR953-CR954 rectifies the ac voltage from the secondary of T950. Filtering is provided by C951 and C952.

## +18-VOLT UNREGULATED SUPPLY

The +18 -Volt Unregulated Supply provides unregulated power for the high-voltage transformer (T850) on Diagram 5. Fuse F951 provides circuit protection in the event of an overload.

## +15-VOLT REGULATED SUPPLY

The +15 -Volt Regulated Supply, in addition to providing power to circuitry throughout the instrument, provides a reference-voltage source to establish the operating level for the feedback regulator of the -15 -volt Regulated Supply. The regulator for the +15 -Volt Regulated Supply is a feedback amplifier system that operates between ground and the +18 -Volt Unregulated Supply. Current to the load is delivered by series-pass transistor Q955, which is located in the output side of the supply. The supply voltage is established by the drop across resistivedivider network R959-R958-R957. The feedback through this network is compared to the reference level established at the base of Q965 by the voltage drop across VR968. Any variation in output voltage of the supply (due to ripple, change of current through the load, etc.), is immediately transmitted to the base of Q955 and nullified by a change in Q955 conduction, maintaining a steady output.

The output of the supply is set to exactly +15 volts by adjustment of R958, the $+15-\mathrm{V}$ Adjust.

Transistor Q970 protects the +15 -volt series regulator (Q955) if excess current is demanded from this supply. Essentially, all current from this supply flows through R954. When excess current is demanded from the $+15-$ volt series regulator, due to a short circuit or similar malfunction at the output of this supply, the voltage drop across R954 increases enough to turn on Q970. The resulting current through 0970 reduces the conduction of Q955 to limit the supply current to a safe level. Fuse F953 provides circuit protection in the event of an overload or regulator malfunction.

## -15-VOLT REGULATED SUPPLY

The regulator for the -15 -Volt Regulated Supply consists of series-pass transistor Q976 and error amplifier 0987-0944-0981. This is a feedback amplifier system similar to that just described for the +15 -Volt Regulated Supply.

The center of resistive-divider network R978-R979 is set by the error amplifier to be zero volts, with respect to ground, during normal operation. Any variation in output from the -15 -Volt Regulated Supply is coupled to the error amplifier, which changes the bias of the -15 -volt series regulator (0976). This change in bias, and resulting change in conduction of the regulator, nullifies the output variation to maintain a steady level from the supply.

Diode CR993 protects the -15 -volt series regulator (O976) if excess current is demanded from this supply. Essentially, all current from this supply flows through R975. When excess current is demanded from the -15volt series regulator, due to a short circuit or similar malfunction at the output of this supply, the voltage drop across R975 increases enough to forward bias CR993. This increases the conduction of 0994, which then reduces the conduction of 0976 to limit the supply current to a safe level. Fuse F955 provides circuit protection in the event of an overload or regulator malfunction.

## DC POWER SUPPLY OPTION $20 \stackrel{7}{7}$

The DC Power Supply of the 624 Option 20 Monitor replaces the Power Input stage shown on the LowVoltage Power Supply, Diagram 6. A schematic diagram of the DC Power Supply is shown on Diagram 7 at the rear of this manual. A detailed block diagram, showing each major stage of this circuit, is superimposed on the schematic with wide shaded lines. The stage names (given as sub-headings in the following discussion) can be found in the shaded blocks on Diagram 7.

## DC POWER INPUT

The DC Power Input circuit replaces the Power Input stage which is shown on the Low-Voltage Power Supply schematic. The rear-panel Input-Power Connector (P1000) allows application of $+20 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{dc},-20 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{dc}$, supply common, and protective ground for operation of the 624 Option 20 instrument. Circuit protection is provided by fuses F1001 and F1003.

Thermal cutout S960 provides thermal protection for the instrument. If the internal temperature exceeds a safe operating level, S960 opens to interrupt the applied power. When the temperature returns to a safe level, S960 automatically closes to reapply the power through ON/OFF switch S950.

## SHUTDOWN PROTECTION (SN B010863 and up)

The Shut Down Protection stage is provided to protect the instrument if excessive voltage is applied to pins 1 or 4 of the Power-Input Connector. With the proper voltages (17 to 26 V dc) applied to P1000, components Q1075-Q1076-Q1025-Q1021-VR1020-VR1057 are conducting and Q1056-Q1017-Q1015-VR1055-VR1015 are not conducting. If pin 4 of the Power-Input Connector crosses the shut down threshold (between -26 V and -29.5 V dc), zener diode VR1055 will conduct. This turns Q1056 on and Q1076-Q1075 off, resulting in instrument shut down. If pin 1 of P1000 crosses the shut down threshold (between 26 V and 29.5 V dc), zener diode VR1015 will conduct. This turns on Q1017-Q1015, and turns off Q1021-Q1025VR1020. This also results in instrument shut down.

## SHUTDOWN PROTECTION (SN B010100 through B010862)

The Shutdown Protection stage is provided to protect the instrument if excessive voltage is applied to pins 1 or 4 of the Power-Input Connector. With the proper voltages (17 to 26 V dc ) applied to P 1000 , components Q1075-Q1025-Q1021-VR1020 are conducting and Q1056-Q1015-VR1055-VR1015 are not conducting. If pin 4 of the Power-Input Connector crosses the shutdown threshold (between -26 V and -29.5 V dc), zener diode VR1055 will conduct. This turns Q1056 on and Q1075 off, resulting in instrument shutdown. If pin 1 of P1000 crosses the shutdown threshold (between +26 V and $+29.5 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{dc})$, zener diode VR1015 will conduct. This turns on Q1015, and turns off Q1021-Q1025-VR1020. This also results in instrument shutdown.

## CABLING 88

Diagram 8 at the rear of this manual shows the interconnections between circuit board assemblies and all electrical chassis-mounted components and connectors. The Cabling diagram is intended as an aid to troubleshooting and instrument repair.

## MAINTENANCE

This section of the manual contains information for performing preventive maintenance, troubleshooting, and corrective maintenance for the 624 Monitor.

## PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Preventive maintenance, when performed on a regular basis, can prevent instrument breakdown and may improve the reliability of the instrument. The severity of the environment to which the instrument is subjected will determine the frequency of maintenance. A convenient time to perform preventive maintenance is preceding electrical adjustment of the instrument.

## CLEANING

The 624 Monitor should be cleaned as often as operating conditions require. Accumulation of dirt in the instrument can cause overheating and component breakdown. Dust on components acts as an insulating blanket which prevents efficient heat dissipation, and also provides an electrical conduction path which may result in instrument failure. Cabinet panels will provide some protection against dust in the interior of the instrument.


Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents which might damage the plastics used in this instrument. Use a non-residue type of cleaner, preferably isopropyl alcohol, total denatured ethyl alcohol. or TP35. Before using any other type of cleaner, consult your Tektronix Service Center.

## EXTERIOR

Loose dust accumulated on the outside of the instrument can be removed with a soft cloth or small brush. The brush is particularly useful for dislodging dirt on and around the front-panel controls. Dirt which remains can be removed with a soft cloth dampened in a mild detergent and water solution. Abrasive cleaners should not be used.

## CRT

Clean the crt faceplate with a soft, lint-free cloth dampened with denatured alcohol.

## INTERIOR

Cleaning the interior of the instrument should only be occasionally necessary. The best way to clean the interior is to blow off the accumulated dust with dry, low-velocity air (approximately $5 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{in}^{2}$ ). Remove any dirt which remains with a soft brush or a cloth dampened with a mild detergent and water solution. A cotton-tipped applicator is useful for cleaning in narrow spaces, or for cleaning more delicate circuit components.


Circuit boards and components must be dry before applying power to the instrument to prevent damage from electrical arcing.

The high-voltage circuits should receive special attention. Excessive dust in this area may cause high-voltage arcing and result in improper instrument operation.

## VISUAL INSPECTION

The 624 Monitor should be inspected occasionally for such defects as broken connections, improperly seated semiconductors, damaged or improperly installed circuit boards, and heat-damaged parts. The corrective procedure for most visible defects is obvious; however, particular care must be taken if heat-damaged parts are found. Overheating usually indicates other trouble in the instrument; therefore, the cause of overheating must be corrected to prevent recurrence of the damage.

# SEMICONDUCTOR CHECKS 

## PERIODIC ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT

Periodic checks of semiconductors are not recommended. The best check of semiconductor performance is actual operation in the instrument. More details on semiconductors are given under Troubleshooting later in this section.

To ensure accurate measurements, check the electrial adjustment of this instrument after each 1000 hours of operation, or every six months if used infrequently. In addition, replacement of components may necessitate adjustment of the affected circuits. Complete adjustment instructions are given in Section 6, Performance Check and Calibration. This procedure can be helpful in localizing certain troubles in the instrument, and in some cases, may correct them.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

The following information is provided to facilitate troubleshooting of the 624 Monitor. Information contained in other sections of this manual should be used in conjunction with the following data to aid in locating a defective component. An understanding of the circuit operation is helpful in locating troubles. See Section 4, Theory of Operation, for this information.

## TROUBLESHOOTING AIDS

## DIAGRAMS

Complete schematic diagrams are given on the foldout pages in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board lllustrations. The component number and electrical value of each component in this instrument are shown on these diagrams. (See the first page of the Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations section for definitions of the reference designators and symbols used to identify components in this instrument.) Important voltages and numbered waveform test points are also shown on the diagrams. Important waveforms, and the numbered test points where they were obtained, are located adja-to each diagram. The portions of circuits mounted on circuit boards are enclosed with heavy solid black lines. Each schematic diagram is divided into functional stage blocks, as indicated by the wide shaded lines. These functional blocks are described in detail in Section 4, Theory of Operation.

## CIRCUIT BOARD ILLUSTRATIONS

To aid in locating circuit boards, a circuit board location illustration appears on the back of the foldout page facing the schematic diagram. In addition, an illustration of the circuit board is included here, with the physical location of the components and waveform test points that appear on the schematic diagram identified. Each circuit board illustration is arranged in a grid locator with an index to facilitate rapid location of components contained in the schematic diagrams.

## TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

A troubleshooting chart is given in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations, to aid in locating a defective circuit. The shaded blocks of the Troubleshooting Chart indicate stages which may cause the indicated malfunction. The stage names given in shaded blocks correspond directly to the names given in the functional stage blocks of the schematic diagrams. The circuits are discussed in detail in Section 4, Theory of Operation.

## TEST POINT AND ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS

To aid in locating test points and adjustable components called out in the Performance Check and Calibration procedures, a Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page is provided in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## INTERNAL CONTROL AND SELECTOR LOCATIONS

To aid in locating internal controls and selectors called out in the Functional Check, Performance Check, and Calibration procedures, an Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page is provided in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## COLOR CODE

(1) (2) AND (3) $-1 \mathrm{st}, 2 \mathrm{nd}$, AND 3rd SIGNIFICANT FIGS.
(M) - multiplier:
(T) - tolerance;
(T) AND/OR (TC) COLOR CODE MAY NOT be PRESENT ON SOME CAPACITORS;
(TC) - temperature coefficient.
(P) - POSITIVE (+) POLARITY AND VOLTAGE RATING.


| COLOR | SIGNIFICANT FIGURES | RESISTORS |  | CAPACITORS |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DIPPED } \\ & \text { TANTALUM } \\ & \text { VOLTAGE } \\ & \text { RATING } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MULTIPLIER(OHMS) (OHMS) | TOLERANCE | $\underset{(\mathrm{pF})}{\text { MULTIER }}$ | TOLERANCE |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | OVER 10pF | UNDER 10 pF |  |
| BLACK | 0 | 1 | --- | 1 | $\pm 20 \%$ | $\pm 2 \mathrm{pF}$ | 4VDC |
| BROWN | 1 | 10 | $\pm 1 \%$ | 10 | $\pm 1 \%$ | $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{pF}$ | 6 VDC |
| RED | 2 | $10^{2}$ or 100 | $\pm 2 \%$ | $10^{2}$ or 100 | $\pm 2 \%$ | --- | 10VDC |
| ORANGE | 3 | $10^{3}$ or 1 K | $\pm 3 \%$ | $10^{3}$ or 1000 | $\pm 3 \%$ | --- | 15VDC |
| YELLOW | 4 | $10^{4}$ or 10 K | $\pm 4 \%$ | $10^{4}$ or 10,000 | $\begin{gathered} +100 \% \\ -0 \% \end{gathered}$ | --- | 20VDC |
| GREEN | 5 | $10^{5}$ or 100 K | $\pm 1 / 2 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} 10^{5} \mathrm{or} \\ 100,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\pm 5 \%$ | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{pF}$ | 25 VDC |
| BLUE | 6 | $10^{6}$ or 1 M | $\pm 1 / 4 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106 \text { or } \\ & 1,000,000 \end{aligned}$ | --- | --- | 35 VDC |
| VIOLET | 7 | --- | $\pm 1 / 10 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} 10^{7} \text { or } \\ 10,000,000 \end{gathered}$ | - | -- | 50VDC |
| GRAY | 8 | -- | --- | $10^{-2}$ or 0.01 | $\begin{aligned} & +80 \% \\ & -20 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{pF}$ | --- |
| WHITE | 9 | -- | --- | $10^{-1}$ or 0.1 | $\pm 10 \%$ | $\pm 1 \mathrm{pF}$ | 3VDC |
| GOLD | - | $10^{-1}$ or 0.1 | $\pm 5 \%$ | --- | - | --- | --- |
| SILVER | --- | $10^{-2}$ or 0.01 | $\pm 10 \%$ | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| NONE | --- | --- | $\pm 20 \%$ | --- | $\pm 10 \%$ | $\pm 1 \mathrm{pF}$ | --- |

Figure 5-1. Color code for resistors and capacitors.


Figure 5-2. Semiconductor lead configurations.

## COMPONENT COLOR CODING

This instrument contains brown composition resistors, some metal-film resistors and some wire-wound resistors. The resistance values of wire-wound resistors are usually printed on the component body. The resistance values of composition resistors and metal-film resistors are color coded on the components using the EIA color code (some metal-film resistors may have the value printed on the body). The color code is read starting with the stripe nearest the end of the resistor. Composition resistors have four stripes, which consist of two significant figures, a multiplier, and a tolerance value (see Fig. 5-1). Metal film resistors have five stripes consisting of three significant figures, a multiplier, and a tolerance value.

The values of common disc capacitors and small electrolytics are marked on the side of the component body. The white ceramic and epoxy-coated tantalum capacitors used in the instrument are color coded using a modified EIA code (see Fig. 5-1). Axial capacitors either have the value printed on the body or use the modified EIA code.

The cathode end of glass-encased diodes is indicated by a stripe, a series of stripes, or a dot. The cathode and anode ends of metal-encased diodes can be identified by the diode symbol marked on the body.

## SEMICONDUCTOR LEAD CONFIGURATIONS

Figure 5-2 shows the lead configurations of semiconductors used in the 624 Monitor.

## MULTI-CONNECTOR HOLDERS

The multi-connector holders are keyed with two triangles, one on the holder and one on the circuit board. When a connection is made perpendicular to a circuit board surface, the orientation of the triangle on the endlead multi-pin connector holder is determined by the placement of the multi-pin connector index (see Fig. 5-3).

## TROUBLESHOOTING EQUIPMENT

The following equipment, in addition to that listed in the Performance Check and Adjustment section, is useful for troubleshooting the 624 Monitor:

Semiconductor Tester

Description: Dynamic-type tester.
Purpose: To test the semiconductors used in this instrument.

Recommended Type: TEKTRONIX Type 576 or equivalent.


Figure 5-3. Orientation of Multi-connector holders.
Multimeter
Description: Ten megohm input impedance and 0 to 300 volts range, ac and dc; ohmmeter, 0 to 50 megohms. Accuracy, within 3\%. Test probes must be insulated to prevent accidental shorting.

## Test Oscilloscope

Description: Frequency response, dc to three megahertz minimum (to five megahertz for troubleshooting the Z-Axis Amplifier); deflection factor, one millivolt/division to five volts/division. A IOX, ten megohm voltage probe should be used to reduce circuit loading for voltage measurements.

Purpose: To check operating waveforms.

## TROUBLESHOOTING TECHNIOUES

This troubleshooting procedure is arranged in an order that checks the simple trouble possibilities before proceeding with extensive troubleshooting. The first few checks assure proper connection, operation, and adjustment. If the trouble is located by these checks, the remaining steps aid in locating the defective component. When the defective component is located, replace it using the replacement procedure given under Component Replacement in this section.

## 1. CHECK CONTROL SETTINGS

Incorrect control settings can indicate a trouble that does not exist. If there is any question about the correct function or operation of any control on the 624, refer to Section 2, Operating Instructions.

## 2. CHECK ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT

Before proceeding with troubleshooting, check that the equipment used with this instrument is operating correctly. Also, check that the input signals are properly connected and that the interconnecting cables are not defective. Check the power source voltage.

## WARNING


#### Abstract

Although this Monitor is not to be connected to a patient, interconnecting this Monitor to other equipment can result in the application of excessive current to a patient. It is extremely important that the interconnection is made in accordance with NFPA 76B-T, Tentative Standard for the Safe Use of Electricity in Patient Care Areas of Health Care Facilities, section 3038, "Signal Transmission Between Appliances".


## 3. VISUAL CHECK

Visually check that portion of the instrument in which the trouble is located. Many troubles can be found by visible indications, such as unsoldered connections, broken wires, damaged circuit boards and damaged components.

## 4. CHECK INSTRUMENT ADJUSTMENT

Check the electrical adjustment of this instrument, or of the affected circuit if the trouble appears in one circuit. The apparent trouble may only be a result of misadjustment. Complete adjustment instructions are given in Section 6, Performance Check and Calibration.

## 5. ISOLATE TROUBLE TO A CIRCUIT

To isolate trouble to a particular circuit, note the trouble symptom. The symptom often identifies the circuit in which the trouble is located. When trouble symptoms appear in more than one circuit, check the affected circuits by taking voltage and waveform readings.

Incorrect operation of all circuits often indicates trouble in the power supplies. Check first for the correct output voltage of the individual supplies. A defective component elsewhere in the instrument can appear as a powersupply trouble and may also affect the operation of other circuits. Table 5-1 lists the output voltage range and typical ripple of the power supplies in this instrument. These voltages are measured between the power-supply test points and ground (see the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations, for test point locations). If the power-supply voltage and ripple is within the listed range, the supply can be assumed to be working correctly. If outside the range, the supply may be misadjusted or operating incorrectly. Use the procedure given in Section 6. Performance Check and Calibration, to adjust the power supplies.

Figure 9-10 in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations, provides a guide for locating a defective circuit. Start at the top left of the Troubleshooting Chart and perform the checks given across the top of the chart until the indicated results are not found. Then proceed to further checks, or the circuit in which trouble is suspected, as listed underneath the step. The shaded blocks of the Troubleshooting Chart indicate circuit stages that may cause the malfunction, and correspond directly to the functional blocks on the schematic diagrams. The circuits listed are discussed in detail in Section 4, Theory of Operation. After the defective circuit has been located, proceed with steps 6 and 7 of Troubleshooting Techniques to isolate the defective component.

TABLE 5-1
Power Supply Output Voltage

| Power <br> Supply | Test <br> Point | Output Voltage <br> Range | Typical Ripple <br> (peak-to-peak) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -15 V | -15 V TP | -14.7 V to <br> -15.3 V | 2 mV or less |
| +15 V | +15 V TP | +14.6 V to <br> +15.04 V | 2 mV or less |
| +100 V | +100 V TP | +97 V to <br> +103 V | 50 mV or less |

## 6. CHECK VOLTAGES AND WAVEFORMS

Often the defective component can be located by checking for the correct voltages or waveforms in the circuit. Typical voltages and waveforms are given in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## NOTE

Voltages and waveforms given in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations, are not absolute and may vary slightly between 624 Monitors. To obtain operating conditions similar to those used to make these readings, see the appropriate schematic.

## 7. CHECK INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

The following procedures describe methods of checking individual components in the 624 Monitor. Components which are soldered in place are best checked by first disconnecting one end. This isolates the measurement from the effects of surrounding circuitry.

## WARNING

To avoid electric shock, always disconnect the Monitor from the power source before replacing components.

## Fuses

Check for open fuses by checking the continuity with an ohmmeter. The location and rating of power-supply fuses is shown in Figure 5-4.

## Transistors

A good check of transistor operation is actual performance under operating conditions. A transistor can most effectively be checked by substituting a new component for it (or one which has been checked previously). However, be sure that circuit conditions are not such that a replacement transistor might also be damaged. If substitute transistors are not available, use a dynamic tester. Static-type testers are not recommended, since they do not check operation under simulated operating conditions.

## Integrated Circuits

Integrated circuits can be checked with a voltmeter, test oscilloscope, or by direct substitution. A good understanding of the circuit operation is essential when troubleshooting circuits using integrated circuits. In addition, operating waveforms, logic levels, and other operating information for the integrated circuits are given in Section 4, Theory of Operation, and Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations. Use care when


Figure 5-4. Location and rating of power supply fuses.
checking voltages and waveforms around the integrated circuits so that adjacent leads are not shorted together. A convenient means of clipping a test probe to the in-line multi-pin integrated circuits is with an integrated-circuit test clip. This device also doubles as an integrated-circuit extraction tool.

## Diodes

A diode can be checked for an open or shorted condition by measuring the resistance between terminals with an ohmmeter scale having a low internal source current, such as the $\mathrm{R} \times 1 \mathrm{~K}$ scale. The resistance should be very high in one direction and very low when the meter leads are reversed.


When checking diodes, do not use an ohmmeter scale that has a high internal current, since high currents may damage the diodes under test.

## Resistors

Check the resistors with an ohmmeter. Resistor tolerance is given in Section 8, Replaceable Electrical Parts. Normally, resistors do not need to be replaced unless the measured value varies widely from the specified value.

## Capacitors

A leaky or shorted capacitor can best be detected by checking resistance with an ohmmeter on the highest scale. Do not exceed the voltage rating of the capacitor. The resistance reading should be high after initial charge of the capacitor. An open capacitor can best be detected with a capacitance meter or by checking if the capacitor passes ac signals.

## 8. REPAIR AND READJUST THE CIRCUIT

If any defective parts are located, follow the replacement procedures given under Component Replacement in this section. Check the performance of any circuit that has been repaired or that has had any electrical components replaced. Adjustment of the circuit may be necessary.

## CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

Corrective maintenance consists of component replacement and instrument repair. Special techniques required to replace components in the 624 Monitor are given here.

## OBTAINING REPLACEMENT PARTS

## STANDARD PARTS

All electrical and mechanical part replacements can be obtained through your local Tektronix Field Office or representative. However, many of the standard electronic components can be obtained locally in less time than is required to order them from Tektronix, Inc. Before ordering or purchasing replacement parts, check the parts list for value, tolerance, rating, and description.

## NOTE

When selecting replacement parts, remember that the physical size and shape of a component may affect its performance in the instrument. All replacement parts should be direct replacements unless you know that a different component will not adversly affect instrument performance.

## SPECIAL PARTS

Some components of the 624 are manufactured or selected by Tektronix, Inc. to meet specific performance requirements. Most of the mechanical parts used in this instrument have been manufactured by Tektronix, Inc. Order all special parts directly from your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

## ORDERING PARTS

When ordering replacement parts from Tektronix, Inc., include the following information:

1. Instrument type.
2. Instrument serial number.
3. A description of the part (if electrical, include the circuit number).
4. Tektronix part number.

## SOLDERING TECHNIQUES

WARNING

To avoid electric shock, disconnect the Monitor from the power source before soldering.

The reliability and accuracy of this instrument can be maintained only if proper soldering techniques are used when repairing or replacing parts. General soldering techniques which apply to maintenance of any precision
electronic equipment should be used when working on this instrument. Use only 60/40 resin-core, electricgrade solder. The choice of soldering iron is determined by the repair to be made. When soldering on circuit boards or small wiring, use only a 15-watt, pencil-type soldering iron. A higher wattage soldering iron can cause the etched circuit wiring to separate from the board base material and melt the insulation from small wiring. Always keep the soldering-iron tip properly tinned to ensure the best heat transfer to the solder joint. Apply only enough heat to remove the component or to make a good solder joint. To protect heat-sensitive components, hold the component lead with a pair of long-nose pliers between the component body and the solder joint. Use a solder-removing wick to remove excess solder from connections or to clean circuit board pads.

The following technique should be used to replace a component on any of the circuit boards in this instrument. Most components can be replaced without removing the board(s) from the instrument.

1. Touch the soldering iron to the lead at the solder connection. Never place the iron directly on the board, as this may damage the board.
2. Melt a small amount of solder onto the component lead connection. This replaces the flux, which may have been removed during instrument cleaning, and facilitates removal of the component.
3. Grip the component lead with a pair of long-nose pliers. When the solder begins to flow, gently pull the component lead from the board. If unable to separate the lead from the board, try removing the other end of the component.

## NOTE

Some components are difficult to remove from the circuit board due to a bend placed in each lead during machine insertion of the component. The purpose of the bent leads is to hold the component in position during a flow-solder manufacturing process which solders all components at once. To make removal of machine inserted components easier, straighten the leads of the component on the back of the circuit board using a small screwdriver or pliers, while heating the soldered connection.
4. Bend the leads of the replacement component to fit the holes in the circuit board. If the component is replaced while the board is mounted in the instrument, cut the leads so they will just protrude through the board. Insert the leads into the holes in the board so that the component is firmly seated against the board, or as originally positioned.
5. Touch the iron to the connection and apply enough solder to make a firm solder joint.
6. Cut off any excess lead protruding through the board (if not clipped in step 4).
7. Clean the area around the solder connection with a flux-removing solvent. Be careful not to remove information printed on the circuit board.

## COMPONENT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

## WARNING

To avoid electric shock, always disconnect the Monitor from the power source before replacing components.

The exploded-view drawings associated with the Replaceable Mechanical Parts list (located at the rear of this manual) may be helpful in the removal or disassembly of individual components or sub-assemblies.

## CATHODE-RAY TUBE REMOVAL

Remove the cathode-ray tube (crt) as follows (see Fig. 55):

## WARNING

Use care when handling a crt. Breakage of the crt causes a high-velocity scattering of glass fragments (implosion). Protective clothing and safety glasses should be worn. Avoid striking the crt on any object which might cause it to crack or implode. When storing a crt, place it in a protective carton or set it face down in a protected location on a smooth surface with a soft mat under the faceplate.

1. Remove the bezel assembly and snap-in implosion shield with graticule by removing the 2 bezel securing screws on the front of the instrument.
2. Remove any protective side cabinet panels to gain access to the crt leads.

3. Disconnect the 4 leads from the crt $X$ and $Y$ deflection plate pins, and the lead from the crt focus-element pin.

## NOTE

The red and black leads entering the crt shield from the Low-Voltage Power Supply board and rear-panel TRACE ROTATION control are connected to the display-rotation coil inside the shield. They will not hamper crt removal and need not be disconnected.
4. Disconnect the anode lead from the crt anode plug.

## WARNING

To avoid electric shock, always ground the anode lead to the chassis to dissipate any stored charge in the crt.
5. Remove the 5 crt rear-cover securing screws and remove the cover.
6. Remove the crt base-pin socket.
7. With one hand on the front of the instrument, gently push on the crt base to slide the crt forward. The crt front supports will slide out with the crt.
8. Remove the crt front supports and gently pull the crt out from the front of the instrument while guiding the crt anode plug through the hole in the crt shield.

## CATHODE-RAY TUBE REPLACEMENT

Replace the cathode-ray tube (crt) as follows (see Fig. 55):

1. Press the crt front supports into the front-panel recesses.
2. Insert the neck of the crt part way into the shield.
3. Feed the crt anode plug through the hole in the shield, and fully insert the crt into the shield.
4. Connect the crt anode plug to the mating jack.
5. Mount and fasten the bezel and implosion shield to the front panel with the 2 bezel securing screws.
6. Place the crt base-pin socket onto the crt base pins and replace the rear cover.
7. Connect the 4 leads to the proper $X$ and $Y$ deflection pins, and the lead to the crt focus-element pin.

## NOTE

The replacement crt will require that the Monitor be readjusted. Refer to Section 6 . Performance Check and Calibration.

## CIRCUIT BOARDS

If a circuit board is damaged beyond repair, the entire assembly, including all soldered-on components, can be replaced. Part numbers for the completely wired boards are given in Section 8, Replaceable Electrical Parts.

## A1 Deflection Amplifier And A2 Z-Axis Amplifier Boards

Remove and replace the Deflection Amplifier and Z-Axis Amplifier boards as follows (see Fig. 5-6):

## NOTE

When disconnecting wires from a circuit board, always tag the wire and the corresponding connection point on the circuit board.

1. Remove the seven screws shown in Figure 5-6.
2. Disconnect all cables from the Deflection and Z-Axis Amplifier boards.
3. Disconnect the deflection leads from the crt neck pins.
4. Remove both circuit boards as an assembly by pulling the Deflection Amplifier board up to disengage the interboard connector, and pulling both boards towards the rear of the instrument until the controls clear the front panel.
5. To separate the two boards, pull them apart until the inter-board connector disengages.
6. Reverse this procedure to reassemble.

## A3 Option 4 Sweep Board

Remove the Option 4 Sweep board as follows:

## NOTE

When disconnecting wires from a circuit board, always tag the wire and the corresponding connection point on the circuit board.

1. Disconnect all wires connected to the component side of the board.


Figure 5-6. Location of screws securing A1 Deflection Amplifier and A2 Z-Axis Amplifier boards.
2. Remove the four screws holding the board to the chassis.
3. Slide the board toward the rear of the instrument to free the frontpanel Sweep controls.
4. Lift the board out of the instrument. Do not force or bend the circuit board.
5. To replace the board, reverse the order of removal.

## A5 Low-Voltage Power Supply Board

Remove the Low-Voltage Power Supply board as follows (see Fig. 5-7):

NOTE
When disconnecting wires from a circuit board, always tag the wire and the corresponding connection point on the circuit board.


Figure 5-7. Location of screws securing A5 Low-Voltage Power Supply board.

1. Unsolder the wires to the power transistor ( O 816 ), noting the position and orientation of each wire (see Fig. 5-7).
2. Remove the six screws shown in Figure 5-7. Remove the mounting bracket.
3. Remove the two spring clips holding the power transistors to the heatsink.
4. Extend the Low-Voltage Power Supply board from the chassis as far as possible and unsolder all remaining wires from the board, noting the position of each wire.
5. Reverse this procedure to reassemble.

## A4 High-Voltage Power Supply Board

Remove the High-Voltage Power Supply board as follows (see Fig. 5-8):

## NOTE

When disconnecting wires from a circuit board, always tag the wire and the corresponding connection point on the circuit board.

1. Remove the 2 screws securing the high-voltage shield to the top of the chassis and remove the shield.
2. Disconnect the crt anode lead from the high-voltage multiplier (see Fig. 5-8).

## WARNING

To avoid electric shock always ground the anode lead to the chassis to dissipate any stored charge remaining in the crt.
3. Disconnect the focus-element lead from the crt neck pin.
4. Disconnect all plug-on cables from the front and back of the board, noting their positions and orientation.
5. Remove the three screws shown in Figure 5-8.
6. Pull the circuit board up (toward the top of the instrument) to disengage the inter-board connector at the bottom of the board.
7. Reverse this procedure to reassemble, being careful to align the inter-board connector to the pins on the LowVoltage Power Supply board.

## SEMICONDUCTORS

Semiconductors should not be replaced unless actually defective. If removed from their sockets during routine maintenance, return them to their original sockets. Unnecessary replacement of semiconductors may affect the adjustment of the instrument. When semiconductors are replaced, check the operation of circuits which may be affected.

## WARNING

Always disconnect the Monitor from the power source before replacing components to avoid electrical-shock hazard.


Figure 5-8. Location of screws securing A4 High-Voltage Power Supply board.

Replacement semiconductors should be of the original type or a direct replacement. Lead configurations of the semiconductors used in this instrument are shown in Figure 5-2. Some plastic case transistors have lead configurations which do not agree with those shown. If a replacement transistor is made by a different manufacturer than the original, check the manufacturer's basing diagram for correct basing. All transistor sockets in the 624 are wired for the standard basing as used for metal-cased transistors. When removing soldered-in transistors, use a solder-removing wick to remove the solder from the circuit board pads. Transistors which have heat radiators or are mounted on the chassis use silicone grease to increase heat transfer. Replace the silicone grease on both sides of the insulator plate and on the metal tab, if the transistor has one, when replacing these transistors.

## WARNING

Handle silicone grease with care. Avoid getting silicone grease in your eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after use.

## CIRCUIT-BOARD PIN REPLACEMENT

A circuit-board pin replacement kit, including necessary tools, instructions, and replacement pins with attached spare ferrules, is available from Tektronix, Inc. Order Tektronix Part 040-0542-00.

To replace a damaged pin, first disconnect any pin connectors. Then unsolder (see Soldering Techniques) the damaged pin and pull it from the board with a pair of pliers, leaving the ferrule (see Fig. 5-9) in the hole if possible. If the ferrule remains in the circuit board, remove the spare ferrule from the replacement pin and press the new pin into the hole in the circuit board. If the ferrule is removed with the damaged pin, clean out the hole using a solder-removing wick and a scribe. Then press the replacement pin, with attached spare ferrule, into the hole. Position the replacement pin in the same manner as the original pin had been. Solder the pin to the circuit board on each side of the circuit board. If the original pin was bent at an angle to mate with a connector, carefully bend the new pin to the same angle. Replace the pin connector.


Figure 5-9. Exploded view of circuit board pin and ferrule.

## END-LEAD PIN CONNECTORS

The pin connectors used to connect the wires to the interconnecting pins are clamped to the ends of the associated leads. To remove or replace damaged endlead pin connectors, remove the old pin connector from the end of the lead and clamp the replacement connector to the lead.

Some of the pin connectors are grouped and mounted in a plastic holder; the overall result is that these connectors are removed and installed as a multi-pin connector (see Troubleshooting Aids). If the individual end-lead pin connectors are removed from the plastic holder, note the order of the individual wires for correct replacement in the holder.

# PERFORMANCE CHECK AND CALIBRATION 

This section provides information necessary to: (1) Verify that this instrument meets the electrical specifications in Section 1, General Information, (2) verify that all controls function properly, and (3) perform all internal adjustments. The Part I Performance Check procedure checks the electrical specifications listed in section 1 without making any internal adjustments. The Part II Calibration procedure provides a complete sequential check of instrument performance concurrent with a complete sequential adjustment of internal controls. A separate Functional Check procedure, in the Installation section of this manual, can be used to check only the functions of the front- and rear-panel controls and connectors.

## PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

## USING THESE PROCEDURES

Both the Part I Performance Check and Part II Calibration procedures are divided into functional block subsections (e.g., A. Power Supply, B. Crt Circuit, etc.). The order in which the subsections and steps (A1, A2, B1, B2, etc.) appear in each procedure is the recommended sequence for accomplishing a performance check or calibration of the instrument. Subsections within either procedure can be performed independently, as can each step within any subsection. Refer to Partial Procedures for specific instructions on performing either a partial Performance Check or a partial Calibration.

All functional block subsections begin with a list of required test equipment, followed by instructions for Before You Begin and the list of Preliminary Control Settings for that subsection (e.g., Power Supply Preliminary Control Settings, Crt Circuit Preliminary Control Settings, etc.). Each step contains separate Setup Conditions which, if applicable, include the instrument control settings, an illustrated test setup, and test equipment control settings. The instrument and test equipment control settings listed in the step Setup Conditions may include additional settings, changes from the previous step, or changes to the Preliminary Control Settings. This is necessary to accommodate those who wish to perform partial procedures. The illustrated test setup in the Setup Conditions shows all test equipment needed to perform the step, as well as the setup necessary to begin the step instructions.

## Partial Procedures

Part I Performance Check. To perform a partial Performance Check procedure, first determine which electrical specifications are to be checked. Table 6-1, Performance Check and Calibration Summary, lists the applicable electrical specifications from Section 1, General Information, and provides references to the step(s) in which the performance requirements are checked. The Performance Check Index, at the start of Part I Performance Check, provides a convenient means
for locating the desired subsections and steps. For example: If the vertical amplifier had been repaired and a performance check was considered necessary, use the Performance Check and Calibration Summary table to locate the applicable specifications affected by the repair, and the step title of Part I Performance Check in which those performance requirements are checked. Then use the Performance Check Index to locate the Vertical (Y) Amplifier subsection and the step and page number of the applicable step(s)

Any step of a subsection can be performed separately by following the instructions given below.

1. Locate the desired subsection and applicable steps (e.g., B1, B2, B4, etc.) with the Performance Check and Calibration Summary table and the Performance Check Index.
2. Perform the Performance Check Power Up Sequence at the start of Part I Performance Check, and the instructions under Before You Begin and Preliminary Control Settings at the beginning of the subsection
3. Perform the Setup Conditions instructions for the desired step. Disregard any control settings which are the same as those under Preliminary Control Settings.
4. Proceed with the lettered instructions (e.g., a, b, c, etc.).

## NOTE

If the steps performed are consecutive, it is not necessary to repeat the Preliminary Control Settings after the first step. However, when a step is skipped, the Preliminary Control Settings must be performed again.

## Performance Check and Calibration-624

Part II Calibration. Although each step in the Part II Calibration procedure can be performed independently, we recommend that the entire subsection be performed if any adjustments are made. Table 6-1, Performance Check and Calibration Summary, lists the electrical specifications from Section 1, General Information, and provides references to the step(s) in which the performance requirements are checked and applicable adjustments are made. The Calibration Index, at the start of Part II Calibration, provides a convenient means for locating the desired subsections and steps. For example: If the A5 Low-Voltage Power Supply board had been replaced, use the Performance Check and Calibration Summary table to locate the applicable specifications affected by the repair, and the step title(s) of Part II Calibration in which those performance requirements are checked or adjusted. Then use the Calibration Index to locate the Power Supply subsection and the step and page number of the applicable step(s).

A heading system is provided to readily identify the steps (A1, A2, B1, B2, etc.) that contain performance check and/or adjustment instructions. For example, if CHECK appears in the title of a step, a performance requirement listed in the Specifications is checked. If ADJUST appears as the first word in the title, the step concerns one or more internal adjustments. And if CHECK/ADJUST appears in the title, the step involves one or more performance requirement checks and adjustments.

The alphabetical instructions under each step (a, b, c, etc.) may contain CHECK, EXAMINE, ADJUST, or INTERACTION as the first word of the instruction. These terms are defined as follows:

1. CHECK-indicates that the instruction accomplishes a performance requirement check.
2. EXAMINE—usually precedes an ADJUST instruction and describes how to determine whether the adjustment is necessary.
3. ADJUST-describes which adjustment to make and the desired result. We recommend that adjustments not be made if a previous CHECK or EXAMINE instruction indicates that no adjustment is necessary.
4. INTERACTION-indicates that the adjustment described in the preceding instruction interacts with other circuits. The nature of the interaction is described and reference is made to the step(s) affected.

## ADJUSTMENT INTERVAL

To maintain instrument accuracy, check the performance of the 624 every 1000 hours of operation, or every 6 months if used infrequently. Before complete adjustment, thoroughly clean and inspect this instrument as outlined in Section 5, Maintenance.

## TEKTRONIX FIELD SERVICE

Tektronix Field Service Centers and the Factory Service Center provide instrument repair and adjustment services. Contact your Tektronix Field Office or representative for further information.

TABLE 6-1
Performance Check Summary

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Performance Check Procedure Title | Calibration Procedure Title |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | VERTICAL (Y) AMPLIFIER |  |  |
| Deflection Factor | Adjustable from 0.5 V or to at least 2.5 V full scale. Nominally set for 1 V , within 2\%, for 8 divisions of deflection. | D1. Check $Y$ Gain. | D3. Check/Adjust Y Gain (R125). |
| Option 22 | An internal 5:1 attenuator extends the deflection factor range to at least 12.5 V full scale. | Does not normally require customer verification. However, the extended deflection factor can be verified with the "Functional Check" procedure in Section 3, Installation. |  |
| Attenuators (Option 22) | Deflection factor reduced five times within $3 \%$, with 5:1 attenuation. | Does not normally require customer verification. However, the attenuator accuracy can be verified with the "Functional Check" procedure in Section 3, Installation. |  |

TABLE 6-1 (CONT.)
Performance Check and Calibration Summary

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Performance Check Procedure Title | Calibration Procedure Title |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Polarity |  | Does not normally require customer verification. Satisfactory operation is substantiated by other tests throughout the procedures. |  |
| +Y INPUT | Positive signal applied deflects beam up; negative signal applied deflects beam down. |  |  |
| -Y INPUT <br> (Option 21) | Positive signal applied deflects beam down; negative signal applied deflects beam up. |  |  |
| Settling Time | Spot must reach new writing position within 0.05 cm within $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ from any on-screen position. | D4. Check Vertical Settling Time. | D6. Check Vertical Settling Time |
| Bandwidth (With 80\% Full-Screen Reference Signal) | Dc to at least 3 MHz at -3 dB point. | D5. Check Vertical Bandwidth | D1. Adjust Option 22 Y Attenuation Compensation (C110 and C210). <br> D2. Adjust Vertical (Y) Compensation (C153). <br> D7. Check Vertical Bandwidth. |
| Common-Mode <br> Rejection (Option 21) |  | D3. Check Option 21 Vertical Common-Mode Rejection. | D5. Check Option 21 Vertical Common-Mode Rejection. |
| DC to 100 kHz 1X Attenuation | At least 100:1 for signals of $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ or less. |  |  |
| 5 X Attenuation (Option 22) | At least 50:1 for signals of $\pm 25 \mathrm{~V}$ or less. |  |  |
| 100 kHz to 1 MHz 1X Attenuation | At least 50:1 for signals of $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ or less. |  |  |
| 5X Attenuation (Option 22) | At least 20:1 for signals of $\pm 25 \mathrm{~V}$ or less. |  |  |
| Risetime | 116 ns or less. | Does not normally require customer verification. However, risetime can be calculated from the Vertical Bandwidth. |  |
| Phase Difference (DC to 1.0 MHz ) | $1^{\circ}$ or less between $X$ and $Y$ amplifiers. $X$ and $Y$ amplifier gain must be set for the same deflection factor ( $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{div}$ ). | D2. Check Phasing. | D4. Check/Adjust Phasing (C122 and C138). |
| Position Stability | 0.5 mm , or less, of drift per hour after 20 -minute warmup. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |

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TABLE 6-1 (CONT.)
Performance Check and Calibration Summary

| Characteristics | Performance Requirement | Performance Check Procedure Title | Calibration Procedure Title |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gain Stability | $1 \%$ or less of drift after 20-minute warmup. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Displayed Noise (Measured Tangetially) | 0.05 mm or less, with all inputs terminated in $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Input RC | 1 M $\Omega$, within $1 \%$, paralleled by 60 pF or less. | Does not normally require customer verification. Input resistance and capacitance can be determined with appropriate testing bridge if necessary. |  |
| Option 26 | $50 \Omega$, within $1 \%$, paralleled by 60 pF or less. |  |  |
| Maximum Nondestructive Input Voltage (Fault Condition Only) | $\begin{aligned} & +100 \mathrm{~V} \text { or }-100 \mathrm{~V} \\ & (\mathrm{dc}+\text { peak ac). } \end{aligned}$ | Specification applicable under fault conditions only; therefore this is not a procedural check. |  |
| Position Range | Spot may be positioned anywhere on screen with no signal input. | D6. Check Vertical Positioning. | D8. Check Vertical Positioning. |
| Dynamic Range | At least 1.5 screen diameters from center screen. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Crosstalk Between <br> $X$ and $Y$ Amplifiers |  | Does not normally require customer verification. However, crosstalk can be determined as follows: <br> Terminate undriven channel ( X or Y ) input into 50 ohms or less, and drive the other channel ( $Y$ or $X$ ) with a 1 -volt, $500 \mathrm{kHz}(3 \mathrm{MHz})$ sinewave. With the display centered, observe no more than 0.25 mm deflection in the undriven channel. |  |

At 3 MHz
0.25 mm , or less, of deflection on the grounded channel ( X or Y ) with a 1 V signal applied on the other channel ( $Y$ or $X$ ).
0.38 mm , or less, of deflection on grounded channel ( X or Y ) with a $1 \vee$ signal applied on the other channel ( $Y$ or $X$ ).

Terminate undriven channel ( $X$ or $Y$ ) input into 50 ohms or $500 \mathrm{kHz}(3 \mathrm{MHz})$ sinewave. With the display centered, observe no more than 0.25 mm deflection in the undriven channel.

## HORIZONTAL (X) AMPLIFIER

## Deflection Factor

Option 22

| Adjustable from 0.5 V <br> or less to at least 2.5 V <br> full scale. Nominally set <br> for 1 V , within $2 \%$, for <br> 8 divisions of deflection. | C1. Check X Gain. | C3. Check/Adjust X Gain <br> (R325). |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| An internal $5: 1$ attenuator <br> extends the deflection <br> factor range to at least | Does not normally require customer verification. However, <br> the extended deflection factor can be verified with the |  |
| "Functional Check" procedure in Section 3, Installation. |  |  |

TABLE 6-1 (CONT.)
Performance Check and Calibration Summary


TABLE 6-1 (CONT.)
Performance Check and Calibration Summary

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Performance Check Procedure Title | Calibration Procedure Title |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Displayed Noise <br> (Tangetially Measured) | 0.05 mm or less, with all inputs terminated in 1 k or less. | Does not normally require | ustomer verification. |
| Input RC <br> Option 26 | 1 M $\Omega$, within $1 \%$, paralleled by 60 pF or less. <br> $50 \Omega$, within $1 \%$ paralleled by 60 pF or less. | Does not normally require customer verification. Input resistance and capacitance can be determined with appropriate testing bridge if necessary. |  |
| Maximum Nondestructive Input (Fault Condition Only) | $\begin{aligned} & +100 \mathrm{~V} \text { or }-100 \mathrm{~V} \\ & (\mathrm{dc}+\text { peak ac). } \end{aligned}$ | Specification applicable under fault conditions only; therefore this is not a procedural check. |  |
| Position Range | Spot may be positioned anywhere on screen with no signal input. | C5. Check Horizontal Positioning. | C7. Check Horizontai Positioning. |
| Dynamic Range | At least 1.5 screen diameters from center screen. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Crosstalk Between X and Y Amplifiers |  | Does not normally require customer verification. However, crosstalk can be determined as follows <br> Terminate undriven channel ( X and Y ) input into 50 ohms or less, and drive the other channel ( X or Y ) with a 1 -volt, $500 \mathrm{kHz}(3 \mathrm{MHz})$ sinewave. With the display centered, observe no more than 0.25 mm deflection in the undriven axis ( $Y$ or $X$ ). |  |

At 3 MHz
0.25 mm , or less, of deflection on the grounded channel ( X or Y ) with a 1 V signal applied on the other channel ( $Y$ or $X$ ).
0.38 mm , or less, of deflection on the grounded channel ( X or Y ) with a 1 V signal applied on the other channel ( $Y$ or $X$ ).
At 50 kHz

TABLE 6-1 (CONT.)
Performance Check and Calibration Summary

| Characteristics | Performance Requirement | Performance Check <br> Procedure Title | Calibration <br> Procedure Title |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Linearity of Any <br> Two Division Portion <br> Within Center <br> Eight Divisions | Within 6\%, except for <br> first 5\% of total sweep <br> length. | F4. Check Sweep <br> Linearity. | F4. Check Sweep <br> Linearity. |
| VARIABLE <br> (Uncalibrated) | Provides continuously <br> variable sweep rates <br> between calibrated settings. <br> Decreases each swep <br> rate setting by at least <br> 10:1. Extends slowest <br> sweep rate to at least <br> 1 s/div. | F5. Check Variable <br> Time/Division. | F5. Check Variable <br> Time/Division. |
| Triggering Sensitivity <br> (With Repetitive <br> Signals) | At least 0.5 div. vertical <br> deflection from dc to <br> 2 MHz. | F2. Check Trigger | F2. Check Trigger |

## Z-AXIS AMPLIFIER

| Useful Input Voltage Range (+Z INPUT) | Adjustable. With Z Gain at maximum, no more than +1 V will provide full intensity. With Z Gain at minimum, at least +5 V is required to produce full intensity. (-1 $V$ input signal cuts off visible intensity). | E1. Check 2 Gain. | E1. Check/Adjust Z Gain (R525). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Useful Frequency Range | Dc to at least 5 MHz at -3 dB point. | E2. Check Z-Axis Bandwidth. | E2. Adjust Z-Axis Compensation (R560 and C591). <br> E3. Check Z-Axis Bandwidth. |
| Risetime | 70 ns or less. | Does not normally require customer verification. However, risetime can be calculated from the Z-Axis Bandwidth. |  |
| Noise | No visible intensity modulation with Z INPUT terminated into $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Common-Mode <br> Rejection (Option 21) |  | E3. Check Option 21 Z-Axis Common-Mode Rejection. | E4. Check Option 21 Z-Axis Common-Mode Rejection. |
| $D C \text { to } 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ $100 \mathrm{kHz} \text { to } 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | At least 100:1 with input signals to $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ at any setting of $Z$ Gain. <br> At least 50:1 with input signals to $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ at any setting of $Z$ Gain |  |  |

TABLE 6-1 (CONT.)
Performance Check and Calibration Summary


| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{HI} \\ & \mathrm{LO} \end{aligned}$ | +2.4 V to +5 V dc . <br> 0 V to +0.8 V dc . |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unblanking (Option 25) | Input voltage level to produce unblanking is internally selectable. With selector in NEG position, a LO input produces unblanking; with selector in POS position, a HI input produces unblanking. | E4. Check Option 25 Z-Axis Unblanking. | E5. Check Option 25 Z-Axis Unblanking. |

## CATHODE-RAY TUBE DISPLAY

| Usable Screen Area | $9.6 \times 12$ centimeters. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Quality Area | $9 \times 11$ centimeters. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Option 1 Graticule | Internal, unlighted, <br> $8 \times 10$ divisions <br> $(1.22 \mathrm{~cm} /$ div). | Does not normally require customer verification. To <br> determine if your instrument is equipped with Option 1, <br> check the inside of the front-panel access door. |  |
| Geometry (Within <br> Graticule Area) | Bowing or tilt is 0.1 <br> division or less. | B2. Check Geometry. | B4. Check/Adjust <br> Geometry (R943). |
| Orthogonality <br> (Within Graticule <br> Area) | $90^{\circ}$ within $0.7^{\circ}$. | B1. Check Orthogonality. | B3. Check Orthogonality. |

TABLE 6-1 (CONT.)
Performance Check and Calibration Summary

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Performance Check Calibration <br> Procedure Title Procedure Title |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accelerating Potential | Approximately 18 kV . | Does not normally require customer verification. |
| Deflection | Electrostatic. | Does not normally require customer verification. |
| Phosphor <br> Option 74 <br> Option 76 <br> Option 78 <br> Option 40 | P31 (Standard). <br> P4. <br> P7. <br> P11. <br> P39. | Does not normally require customer verification. To determine if an Optional phosphor is in your Monitor, check the inside of the front-panel access door. |
| Brightness | Light output is at least $240 \mathrm{dc} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ ( 40 fL ) with a 0.33 mm , or less, centered spot size. Measured with quality area flooded by a 60 Hz refresh rate raster, 308 horizontal lines. | Does not normally require customer verification. |
| Uniformity | Light output in quality area does not vary more than $20 \%$ at moderate intensity $34 \mathrm{dc} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ (20 fL). Measured with quality area flooded by a 60 Hz refresh raster, 320 horizontal lines. | Does not normally require customer verification. |
| Spot Size \#1 \#2 | 0.31 cm or less, anywhere inside the quality area. Measured with shrinking raster method at $170 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ ( 30 fL ) brightness and full-screen raster, 60 HZ refresh rate. <br> 0.26 cm or less, at $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ <br> lb. Measured with shrinking raster method. | Does not normally require customer verification. |
| Resolution | Spot size does not vary more than $20 \%$ over the quality area, at a constant intensity. | Does not normally require customer verification. |


| Line Voltage <br> (ac, rms) |  | Does not normally require customer verification. |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Low Range, P951 |  |  |
| Low $(100 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac})$ | 90 to 110 V ac. |  |
| Med $(110 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac})$ | 99 to 121 V ac. |  |
| Hi $(120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac})$ | 108 to 132 V ac. |  |

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TABLE 6-1 (CONT.)
Performance Check and Calibration Summary

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Performance Check Procedure Title | Calibration Procedure Title |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High Range, P952 <br> Low ( 200 V ac ) <br> Med (220 V ac) <br> Hi (240 V ac) | 180 to 220 V ac. 198 to 242 V ac. 216 to 250 V ac. |  |  |
| Line Frequency | 48 to 440 Hz . | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Maximum Power Consumption <br> ( $120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | 61 Watts, 0.7 Ampere. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Option 20 Input Power <br> +20 V DC Input <br> -20 V DC Input | +17.0 to +26.0 V dc , including any ripple excursions. <br> -17.0 to -26.0 V dc , including any ripple excursions. | A1. Check Option 20 Regulation and Shutdown. | A3. Check Option 20 Regulation and Shutdown Threshold. |
| Option 20 Maximum Operating Current <br> +20 V DC Input <br> -20 V DC Input | 2.2 Amperes. <br> 0.3 Ampere. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Option 20 Maximum Allowable Input Ripple | 2 V ac, peak-to-peak. | Does not normally require customer verification. |  |
| Option 20 <br> Shutdown-Voltage <br> +20 V DC Input <br> -20 V DC Input | +26 V to no greater than +29.5 Vdc . <br> -20 V to no greater than -29.5 Vdc . | A1. Check Option 20 Regulation and Shutdown. | A3. Check Option 20 Regulation and Shutdown. |
| Option 20 Maximum Nondestructive Input Voltage <br> +20 V DC Input <br> -20 V DC Input | +40 Vdc . <br> -40 V dc . | Specification applicable under fault conditions only; therefore this is not a procedural check. |  |

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The test equipment listed in Table 6-2 is required for a complete Performance Check and Calibration of this instrument. The specifications for test equipment, given in Table 6-2, are the minimum required to meet the Performance Requirements. Detailed operating instructions for test equipment are omitted in these procedures. Refer to the test equipment instruction manual if more information is needed.

If only a Performance Check is to be performed, not all of the listed test equipment is required. Items used only for calibration are indicated by footnote 1 . The remaining pieces of equipment are common to both procedures.

## SPECIAL FIXTURES

Special fixtures are used only where they facilitate instrument adjustment. These fixtures are available from Tektronix, Inc. Order by part number from Tektronix Field Offices or representatives.

## TEST EQUIPMENT ALTERNATIVES

All of the listed test equipment is required to completely calibrate this instrument. However, complete checking or adjusting may not always be necessary or desirable. You may be satisfied with checking only selected characteristics, thereby reducing the amount of test equipment actually required.

The Performance Check and Calibration procedures are based on the first item of equipment given as an example. When other equipment is substituted, control settings or setups may need to be altered. If the exact item of equipment given as an example in Table 6-2 is not available, first check the specifications column carefully to see if any other equipment might suffice. Then check the Purpose column to see what this item is used for. If used for a check or adjustment that is of little or no importance for your measurement requirements, the item and corresponding step(s) can be deleted.

TABLE 6-2
Test Equipment

| Description | Minimum Specifications | Purpose | Examples of Applicable <br> Test Equipment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Precision dc volt- <br> meter ${ }^{1}$ (with test leads) | Measurement range, -15 <br> to +100 V; measurement <br> accuracy, within 0.1\%. | Adjust +15 V supply. Check <br> low-voltage supplies. Adjust <br> CRT Bias. | a. TEKTRONIX DM 502A Option <br> O2 Digital Multi-Meter (oper- <br> ates in TM 500-Series Power <br> Module). |
| 2. Dc voltmeter ${ }^{1}$ (with <br> test leads) | Measurement range, -3564 <br> to -3636 V. | Adjust High-Voltage Supply | a. Triplet Model 630-NA. |

[^1]TABLE 6-2 (CONT.)
Test Equipment

| Description | Minimum Specifications | Purpose | Examples of Applicable Test Equipment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6. Sine-wave generator | Frequency range, 1 MHz to at least 5 MHz ; reference frequency, 50 kHz ; amplitude, 0.5 to 5 V when terminated into $50 \Omega$; amplitude accuracy, constant within $5 \%$ of reference as output frequency changes | Check bandwidth of the vertical, horizontal, and Z-axis amplifiers. Check and adjust phasing between the vertical and horizontal amplifiers. | a. TEKTRONIX SG 503 Leveled Sine-Wave Generator (operates in TM 500-Series Power Module). |
| 7. Time-mark generator (required for Option 4 Monitors only) | Marker output, $1 \mu$ s to 0.1 s ; accuracy, within $1 \%$. | Check and adjust sweep timing, and check variable time/division in the Option 4 instrument. | a. TEKTRONIX TG 501 Time Mark Generator (operates in TM 500-Series Power Module). |
| 8. Test oscilloscope (with 10X probe) | Bandwidth, dc to at least 50 MHz ; deflection factor, 0.1 to $10 \mathrm{~V} /$ div within $2 \%$; sweep rate, $5 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ to $0.5 \mu / \mathrm{div}$. | Adjust gain and compensation of Z -axis amplifier. Check Z-axis bandwidth and Option 21 commonmode rejection. | a. TEKTRONIX 5440 <br> Oscilloscope with 5A45 Amplifier, 5B40 Time Base, and P6105 1 -meter probe. <br> b. TEKTRONIX 7603 <br> Oscilloscope with 7A15A Amplifier, 7B50A Time Base, and P6053B 3.5-foot probe. <br> c. Refer to the Tektronix catalog for compatible oscilloscope system. |
| 9. Dual-input coupler | BNC connectors. | Check common-mode rejection of the vertical, horizontal, and Z -axis amplifiers in the Option 21 instrument. Check and adjust phasing between the vertical and horizontal amplifiers. | a. Tektronix 067-0525-01 Calibration Fixture. |
| 10. 50 -ohm termination (Not required for Option 26 Monitors; 2 required for all other model Monitors) | Impedance, $50 \Omega$ within 2\%, BNC connectors. | Adjust gain and compensation, and check bandwidth and common-mode rejection of the vertical, horizontal, and Z -axis amplifiers. <br> Check vertical and horizontal settling time. Check and adjust phasing between the vertical and horizontal amplifiers. | a. Tektronix part 011-0049-01. |
| 11. 50 -ohm cables (4 required) | Impedance, $50 \Omega$; length 42 inches; connectors, BNC. | Provide signal interconnection. | a. Tektronix part 012-0057-01. |
| 12. Screwdriver ${ }^{1}$ | 3 -inch shaft, 3/32-inch bit. | Adjust variable resistors. | a. Xcelite R3323. |
| 13. Low-capacitance screwdriver ${ }^{1}$ | 3-3/4 inch shaft. | Adjust variable capacitors. | a. Tektronix part 003-0675-00. |
| 14. Nominal +20 V dc power supply (required for Option 20 Monitors only) | Output voltage range, +17.0 to +29.5 volts; output current at least 3 amperes. | Supply positive voltage to operate the Option 20 instrument. Check regulation over input voltage range. Check shutdown threshold. | a. Power Mate Corp. Model BPE 34E. |

[^2]TABLE 6-2 (CONT.)
Test Equipment

| Description | Minimum Specifications | Purpose | Examples of Applicable <br> Test Equipment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15. Nominal -20 V dc <br> power supply (required <br> for Option 20 Monitors <br> only) | Output voltage range, -17.0 <br> to -29.5 volts; output <br> current at least 0.5 ampere. | Supply negative voltage to <br> operate the Option 20 <br> instrument. Check regulation <br> over input voltage range. <br> Check shutdown threshold. | a. Power Mate Corp. Model <br> BP 34C. |

'Used for calibration only; NOT used for performance check.

## Performance Check and Calibration-624

## PART 1 - PERFORMANCE CHECK

The following procedure is intended to be used for incoming inspection to determine the acceptability of newly purchased or recently recalibrated instruments, and is primarily concerned with those portions of the instrument essential to measurement accuracy and the correct operation. See Preliminary Information, at the beginning of this section, for information on performing a partial Performance Check procedure.

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## PERFORMANCE CHECK POWER-UP SEQUENCE

## NOTE

The performance of this instrument can be checked at any ambient temperature from $0^{\circ}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise stated.

1. Check that the internal Line Voltage Selector plug has been set for the correct input line voltage (see Section 3, Installation).

## NOTE

For Option 20 Monitors: Connect your instrument to the DC Power Supplies as shown in Figure 6-1.
2. Check that the crt has an $8 \times 10$ division graticule over the display area.
3. Remove any cabinet panels to gain access to the internal controls and test points.
4. Check the crt cover on the rear panel to determine which Options have been installed in your Monitor.
5. Connect the power cord to a suitable line voltage source. Push in the ON/OFF pushbutton and allow at least 20 minutes warmup before proceeding.


Do not allow a high-intensity dot to remain stationary on the crt. The crt phosphor could be permanently damaged.


Figure 6-1. Proper application of power to the 624 Option 20 Monitor.

## A. OPTION 20 POWER SUPPLY

## Equipment Required:

1. Nominal +20 V dc power supply
2. Nominal - 20 V dc power supply

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Performance Check Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

OPTION 20 POWER SUPPLY PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

INTENSITY
Fully counterclockwise

## A1. CHECK OPTION 20 REGULATION AND SHUTDOWN THRESHOLD

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 20 Power Supply Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

> 3. Precision dc voltmeter

a. Table 6-3 lists the low-voltage supplies in this instrument. Connect the precision dc voltmeter between the appropriate test point and ground.
b. CHECK-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-3 for the appropriate supply.

TABLE 6-3
Low-Voltage Supply Accuracy

| Supply (dc) | Voltage Range |
| :---: | :---: |
| -15 V | -14.7 V to -15.3 V |
| +15 V | +14.96 V to +15.04 V |
| +100 V | +97 V to +103 V |

c. Set the +20 V dc power supply output voltage to +26 volts.
d. CHECK-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-3 for the appropriate supply.
e. Set the +20 V dc power supply output voltage to +20 volts. Set the -20 V dc power supply output voltage to -17 volts.
f. CHECK-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-3 for the appropriate supply.
g. Set the -20 V dc power supply output voltage to -26 volts.
h. CHECK-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-3 for the appropriate supply.
i. Connect the precision dc voltmeter between the +15 V test point and ground.
j. CHECK-That the Monitor will shutdown, producing a voltmeter reading of 0 volts, as the -20 V dc power supply output voltage is increased from -26 volts to no greater than -29.5 volts.
k. Set the -20 V dc power supply output voltage to -20 volts.
I. CHECK-That the Monitor will shutdown, producing a voltmeter reading of 0 volts, as the +20 V dc power supply output voltage is increased from +26 volts to no greater than +29.5 volts.
m . Return the +20 V dc power supply output to +20 volts.

## B. CRT CIRCUIT

## Equipment Required:

1. Ramp generator
2. 50 -ohm cable (1 required)

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Performance Check Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## CRT CIRCUIT PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:



Do not allow a high-intensity dot to remain stationary on the crt. The crt phosphor could be permanently damaged.

NOTE
Always place terminations or grounding caps on all INPUTs to which signals are not applied.

## B1. CHECK ORTHOGONALITY

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Crt Circuit Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Position the start of the horizontal trace to the center vertical graticule line.
b. CHECK-That the vertical trace is aligned with the center vertical graticule line at the top and bottom of the graticule, within 0.1 division.

## B2. CHECK GEOMETRY

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the CRT Circuit Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Position the vertical trace to the left edge of the graticule and then to the right.
b. CHECK-Vertical trace for 0.1 division, or less, of bowing or tilt at the left and right edge of the graticule.
c. Disconnect the ramp generator from the $+Y$ INPUT and connect it to the $+X$ INPUT. Horizontally center the display on the graticule.
d. Position the horizontal trace to the top edge of the graticule and then to the bottom edge.
e. CHECK-Horizontal trace for 0.1 division, or less, of bowing or tilt at the top and bottom of the graticule.

## C. HORIZONTAL (X) AMPLIFIER

## Equipment Required:

1. Function generator
2. Ramp generator
3. Sine-wave generator
4. Square-wave generator

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Performance Check Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## HORIZONTAL PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

| Vertical and Horizontal Posi | 促 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Y GAIN | Midrange |
| INTENSITY | Visible display |
| FOCUS. | Well-defined display |
| XY-YT (Option 4 Internal |  |
| Selector) | XY (rear) |
| +Y Atten (Option 22 Internal |  |
| Selector) . . . . . . . . . | .......... 1X (up) |
| -Y Atten (Option 22 Internal |  |
| Selector) | 1X |

## NOTE

Always place terminations or grounding caps on all INPUTs to which signals are not applied.

## C1. CHECK X GAIN

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

X GAIN can be set to provide 10 divisions of horizontal deflection with any input signal voltage from +0.5 to +2.5 volts. However, when doing a complete Performance Check procedure the $X$ GAIN must be set to provide 8 divisions of deflection with a 1 -volt input signal. See step C3. CHECK/ADJUST X GAIN (R325) in Part II-Calibration for the procedure to set the $X$ GAIN. For a partial Performance Check procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.


## Performance Check and Calibration-624

a. CHECK-The crt for a horizontal display of 8 divisions, within 2\%. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set $X$ GAIN fully counterclockwise.
c. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for +2.5 volts to the Monitor.
d. CHECK-The crt for a horizontal display of 8 divisions, within 2\%. (Position as necessary.)
e. Return the $X$ GAIN setting to provide 8 divisions of deflection with 1 volt input. (Refer to step C3 in Part II.)

## C2. CHECK OPTION 21 HORIZONTAL COMMON-MODE REJECTION

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

SETUP CONDITIONS


Function Generator Controls
Waveshape Sine-Wave Frequency .100 kHz
*For Option 26 Monitors: Remove the 50 -ohm termination from the test setup
a. Set the function generator amplitude for a 10 -volt (peak-to-peak) input signal to the Monitor.
b. CHECK-Crt display for 0.8 divisions, or less, of freerunning horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)
c. Set the output frequency of the function generator to 1 megahertz.
d. CHECK-Crt display for 1.6 divisions, or less, of freerunning horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)

## NOTE

Perform the remaining parts of this step only if your instrument is equipped with both Option 21 and Option 22.
e. Turn OFF power to the 624. Then, set S310 $1+\mathrm{X}$ Atten) and S410 (-X Atten) to the 5X (down) position. Press front-panel ON/OFF pushbutton to apply power to the 624.
f. Set the function generator amplitude for a 20 -volt (peak-to-peak) input signal to the Monitor.
g. CHECK-Crt display for 0.3 division, or less, of freerunning horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)
h. Set the function generator output frequency to 100 kHz .
i. CHECK-Crt display for 0.8 division, or less, of freerunning horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)

## C3. CHECK HORIZONTAL SETTLING TIME

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

## SETUP CONDITIONS

624 Controls
$\times$ GAIN ......................... Set to provide 8 divisions deflection with 1 -volt input.
$\qquad$


Square-Wave Generator Controls
Pulse Duration.............................. $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ( 100 kHz )
Ramp-Generator Controls
Ramp Signal
. $+20 \mu$ s Ramp
Triggering +Auto, External
*For Option 26 Monitors: Remove to 50 -ohm termination from the test setup.
a. Set the ramp generator amplitude for exactly 8 divisions of vertical display. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for 8 divisions of horizontal display, and set the repetition rate to display approximately 1 cycle.
c. CHECK-That the time required for the leading edge of the square wave to travel from the zero percent level (see Fig. 6-2) to within 0.50 millimeters (about one trace width) of the 100 percent level is 500 nanoseconds ( 0.625 division) or less.

## C4. CHECK HORIZONTAL BANDWIDTH

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp generator amplitude for more than 8 divisions of vertical deflection.
b. Set the sine-wave generator amplitude for 8 divisions of horizontal deflection.


Figure 6-2. Typical crt display for horizontal settling-time measurement.
c. Slowly increase the sine-wave generator output frequency until the display's horizontal amplitude is 5.7 divisions.
d. CHECK-That the sine-wave generator output frequency is at least 3 megahertz.

## C5. CHECK HORIZONTAL POSITIONING

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. CHECK-Rotate the Horizontal Position Control and check that the vertical trace can be positioned horizontally anywhere in the graticule area.

## D. VERTICAL (Y) AMPLIFIER

## Equipment Required:

1. Function generator
2. Ramp generator
3. Sine-wave generator
4. Square-wave generator
5. Dual-input coupler
6. 50 -ohm cables ( 4 required)
7. 50 -ohm terminations (2 required)

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Performance Check Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board illustrations.

## VERTICAL PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

Vertical and Horizontal Position..............Midrange
INTENSITY ............................ Visible display
$X$ GAIN $\qquad$ .Midrange
FOCUS............................Well-defined display
XY-YT (Option 4 Internal
Selector) $\qquad$ XY (rear)
+X Atten (Option 22 Internal
Selector) $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$......................... 1X (up)
-X Atten (Option 22 Internal
Selector) 1X (up)

D1. CHECK Y GAIN

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

$Y$ GAIN can be set to provide 8 divisions of vertical deflection with any input signal voltage from +0.5 to +2.5 volts. However, when doing a complete Performance Check procedure the $Y$ GAIN must be set to provide 8 divisions of deflection with a 1 -volt input signal. See step D3. CHECK/ADJUST Y GAIN (R125) in Part II-Calibration for the procedure to set the Y GAIN. For a partial Performance Check procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. CHECK-The crt for a vertical display of 8 divisions, within 2\%. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the Y GAIN fully counterclockwise.
c. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for +2.5 volts to the Monitor.
d. CHECK-The crt for a vertical display of less than 8 divisions, (Position as necessary.)
e. Return the Y GAIN setting to provide 8 divisions of deflection with 1 volt input. (Refer to step D3 in Part II.)

## D2. CHECK PHASING

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

SETUP CONDITIONS
624 Controls
X GAIN and Y GAIN .............. . Set to provide 8 divisions deflection with 1 -volt input


Sine-Wave Generator Controls
Output Frequency
1 MHz
*For Option 26 Monitors: Remove the 50 -ohm termination from the test setup.
a. Set the sine-wave generator amplitude to provide a 1volt input signal to the Monitor.
b. Position the display as shown in Figure 6-3


Figure 6-3. Typical horizontal and vertical phase difference display.
c. CHECK-That the diameter of the displayed ellipse, measured vertically at the center of the graticule, is 0.1 division or less (see Fig. 6-3).

## D3. CHECK OPTION 21 VERTICAL COMMON-MODE REJECTION

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the function generator amplitude for a 10 -volt (peak-to-peak) input signal to the Monitor.
b. CHECK-Crt display for 0.8 division, or less, of freerunning vertical display. (Position as necessary.)
c. Set the output frequency of the function generator to 1 megahertz.
d. CHECK-Crt display for 1.6 divisions, or less, of freerunning vertical display. (Position as necessary.)

NOTE
Perform the remaining parts of this step only if your instrument is equipped with both Option 21 and Option 22.

## Performance Check and Calibration-624

e. Turn OFF power to the 624. Then, set S110 (+Y Atten) and S210 (-Y Atten) to the 5 X (down) position. Press front-panel ON/OFF pushbutton to apply power to the 624.
f. Set the function generator amplitude for a 20 -volt (peak-to-peak) input signal to the Monitor
g. CHECK-Crt display for 0.3 division, or less, of freerunning vertical display. (Position as necessary.)
h. Set the function generator output frequency to 100 kHz .
i. CHECK-Crt display for 0.8 division, or less, of freerunning vertical display. (Position as necessary.)

D4. CHECK VERTICAL SETTLING TIME

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp-generator amplitude for exactly 10 divisions of trace length. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for 8 divisions of vertical display and set the repetition rate to display approximately 1 cycle.
c. CHECK-That the time required for the leading edge of the square wave to travel from the zero percent level (see Fig. 6-4) to within 0.50 millimeters (about one trace width) of the 100 percent level is 500 nanoseconds ( 0.50 division) or less.

## D5. CHECK VERTICAL BANDWIDTH

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp generator amplitude for more than 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.


Figure 6-4. Typical crt display for vertical settling-time measurement.
b. Set the sine-wave generator amplitude for 6.4 divisions of vertical deflection.
c. Slowly increase the sine-wave generator output frequency until the display amplitude is 4.5 divisions.
d. CHECK-That the sine-wave generator output frequency is at least 3 megahertz.

D6. CHECK VERTICAL POSITIONING

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. CHECK—Rotate the Vertical Position control and check that the horizontal trace can be positioned vertically anywhere in the graticule area.

## E. Z-AXIS AMPLIFIER

## Equipment Required:

1. Function generator
2. Ramp generator
3. Sine-wave generator
4. Square-wave generator
5. Test oscilloscope

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Performance Check Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## Z-AXIS PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

Vertical and Horizontal Position $\qquad$ . Midrange INTENSITY . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Visible display FOCUS . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Well-defined display

## NOTE

Always place terminations or grounding caps on all INPUTs to which signals are not applied.

## E1. CHECK Z GAIN

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

2 GAIN can be set to provide full intensity with any input signal voltage from +1 to +5 volts. However, when doing a complete Performance Check procedure the $z$ GAIN must be set to provide full intensity with a 1 volt input signal. See step E1. CHECK/ADJUST Z GAIN (R525) in Part IICalibration for the procedure to set the $Z$ GAIN. For a partial Performance Check procedure, first perform the $Z$-Axis Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for a 1 -volt input signal to the Monitor.
b. Connect a 10X probe from the test oscilloscope vertical input to TP590. Set the 624 INTENSITY control for a 10volt base level of the square wave displayed on the test oscilloscope.
c. CHECK-That the amplitude of the square wave displayed on the test oscilloscope is at least 60 volts. (Position as necessary.)

E2. CHECK Z-AXIS AMPLIFIER BANDWIDTH

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the ZAxis Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Connect a 10X probe from the test oscilloscope vertical input to TP590.
b. Set the 624 INTENSITY control and the sine-wave generator amplitude for a 6 -division (from 10 V dc to 70 V dc ) display on the test oscilloscope. (Make sure that no clipping occurs on the test oscilloscope display.)
c. Slowly increase the sine-wave generator output frequency until the display amplitude is 4.2 divisions on the test oscilloscope.
d. CHECK-That the sine-wave generator output frequency is at least 5 megahertz.

## E3. CHECK OPTION 21 Z-AXIS COMMON-MODE REJECTION

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the ZAxis Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the function generator amplitude for a 5 -volt input signal to the Monitor.
b. Connect a 10X probe from the test oscilloscope vertical input to TP590.
c. CHECK-The test oscilloscope display for 7 divisions ( 7 volts) or less.
d. Set the function generator output frequency to 1 megahertz and the test oscilloscope vertical deflection factor to $2 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$ (with 10X probe).
e. CHECK-The test oscilloscope display for 7 divisions (14 volts) or less.

E4. CHECK OPTION 25 Z-AXIS UNBLANKING

SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.


Function-Generator Controls
Waveshape . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Square-Wave
Frequency . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 kHz V referenced to ground
Amplitude . . . . . . . .

Ramp-Generator Controls
Ramp Signal
$10 \mu$ s Ramp Triggering . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Auto, External
*For Option 26 Monitors: Remove the 50 -ohm termination from the test setup.
a. CHECK-That the defocused dot periodically disappears.
b. Turn OFF the 624. Change the setting of P550 (Unblanking Level Selector) and turn ON the 624.
c. CHECK-That the defocused dot periodically disappears.

## F. OPTION 4 SWEEP GENERATOR

## Equipment Required:

1. Function generator
2. Time-mark generator
3. 50 -ohm cable ( 1 required)

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Performance Check Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of the manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

OPTION 4 SWEEP PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

SEC/DIV (Option 4) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$
VARIABLE (Option 4). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Fully clockwise (calibrated)
INTENSITY . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Visible display
FOCUS............................... Well-defined display
XY-YT (Option 4 Internal
Selector)
YT (forward)
Trig Mode \{Option 4 Internal Selector) Auto (rear)

## F1. CHECK SWEEP LENGTH

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.
4. 50 -ohm termination (1 required)

a. Set the function generator amplitude for a 0.5 -division display.
b. CHECK-For a stable display. (Rotate the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control as necesary.)
c. CHECK-That the display is free-running with the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control fully clockwise and fully counterclockwise.
d. Set the Trig Mode switch (S1140) to Norm.
e. CHECK-That the stable display is obtained by rotating the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control.
f. CHECK-For no display when the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control is set fully clockwise and fully counterclockwise.

## F3. CHECK SWEEP TIMING

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the time-mark generator amplitude for a 2- to 6division display.
b. Position the first time marker to the left edge of the graticule.
c. CHECK-That the distance between the second and tenth time markers is 8 divisions, within 0.24 division (3\%).
d. CHECK-Remaining positions of the SEC/DIV switch with time markers that correspond to each switch position. The distance between the second and tenth time markers at each SEC/DIV switch position should be 8 divisions, within 0.24 division (3\%).

## F4. CHECK SWEEP LINEARITY

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the time-mark generator amplitude for a 2- to 6division display.
b. Position the second time marker to the second vertical graticule line.
c. CHECK-That the distance between any 3 time marks, between the 2 nd and 10 th vertical graticule lines, is 2 divisions within 0.12 division ( $6 \%$ ).

## F5. CHECK VARIABLE TIME/DIVISION

SETUP CONDITIONS
NOTE
For a partial procedure first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.


Time-Mark Generator Controls Marker Output 0.1 ms
*For Option 26 Monitors: Remove the 50 -ohm termination from the test setup
a. Position the display for 1 time marker per division
b. Set the VARIABLE control fully counterclockwise.
c. Set the SEC/DIV switch to 1 ms .
d. CHECK-For at least 1 time marker per division.

## PART II - CALIBRATION

The following procedure returns the 624 Monitor to correct admustment and provides a complete sequential check of instrument performance concurrent with the adjustments. Although each step in this procedure can be performed independently, we recommend that the entire subsection (e.g., A. Power Supplies, B. Crt Circuit, etc.) be performed if any adjustments are made. See Preliminary Information, at the beginning of this section, for further information.

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## CALIBRATION POWER-UP SEQUENCE

## NOTE

The performance of this instrument can be checked at any ambient temperature from $0^{\circ}$ to $+50^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise stated. Adjustments must be performed at an ambient temperature from $+15^{\circ}$ to $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for specified accuracies.

1. Check that the internal Line Voltage Selector plug has been set for the correct input line voltage (see Section 3, Installation).

## NOTE

For Option 20 Monitors: Connect your instrument to the DC Power Supplies as shown in Figure 6-5.


Figure 6-5. Proper application of power to the 624 Option 20 Monitor.
2. Check that the crt has an $8 \times 10$ division graticule over the display area.
3. Remove any cabinet panels to gain access to the internal controls and test points.
4. Check the crt cover on the rear panel to determine which Options have been installed in your Monitor.
5. Connect the power cord to a suitable line voltage source. Push in the ON/OFF pushbutton and allow at least 20 minutes warmup before proceeding.


Do not allow a high-intensity dot to remain stationary on the crt. The crt phosphor could be permanently damage.

## A. POWER SUPPLY

## Equipment Required:

1. Dc voltmeter
2. Precision dc voltmeter
3. Nominal +20 V DC power supply (Option 20 only)
4. Nominal - 20 V DC power supply (Option 20 only)

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Calibration Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7. Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## POWER SUPPLY PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

Vertical and Horizontal Position
. . . . . . . . . . . Midrange INTENSITY $\qquad$ Fully Counterclockwise

## A1. ADJUST +15-VOLT SUPPLY (R958) <br> SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Power Supply Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Table 6-4 lists the low-voltage supplies in this instrument. Connect the precision dc voltmeter between the appropriate test point and ground.

TABLE 6-4
Low-Voltage Supply Accuracy

| Supply (dc) | Voltage Range |
| :---: | :---: |
| -15 V | -14.7 V to -15.3 V |
| +15 V | +14.96 V to +15.04 V |
| +100 V | +97 V to +103 V |

b. EXAMINE-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-4 for the appropriate supply.
c. ADJUST-R958 (+15 V Adj) for a voltmeter reading of +15.00 volts.
d. INTERACTION-If any of the low-voltage supplies in Table 6-4 are out of tolerance, re-examine the adjustment of the +15 Volt Supply in part $b$ and the HighVoltage Supply in step A.

A2. ADJUST HIGH-VOLTAGE SUPPLY (R918)

## WARNING

Turn off the instrument when connecting and disconnecting the dc voltmeter. Potentially dangerous voltage exists at several points on the High-Voltage Power Supply board and crt socket.

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Power Supply Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Remove the rear crt cover ( 5 screws) from the rear panel. Then remove the crt socket cover.
b. Connect the dc voltmeter (set for at least -5000 dc voits full scale) between pin 2 of the crt socket (second pin clockwise from the socket index) and ground.
c. Push in the front-panel ON/OFF pushbutton.
d. EXAMINE-The voltmeter for a reading between --3564 volts and -3636 volts.
e. ADJUST-R918 (HV Adj) for exactly $\mathbf{- 3 5 0 0}$ volts.
f. Turn off the instrument and disconnect the voltmeter. Replace the crt socket cover and the rear crt cover.
g. INTERACTION-Readjustment of R918 (HV Adj) and R958 (+15 $V$ Adj) may be necessary to bring all power supplies within their specified tolerances. The setting of R918 affects both the High-Voltage Supply and the +100 Volt Supply; the setting of R958 affects both the +15 Volt Supply and the -15 Volt Supply. Repeating step A1 is necessary if R918 is readjusted.

## A3. CHECK OPTION 20 REGULATION AND SHUTDOWN THRESHOLD

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Power Supply Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Turn ON the 624 Monitor.
b. Table 6-4 lists the low-voltage supplies in this instrument. Connect the precision dc voltmeter between the appropriate test point and ground.
c. CHECK-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-4 for the appropriate supply.
d. Set the +20 V dc power supply output voltage for +26 volts.
e. CHECK-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-4 for the appropriate supply.
f. Set the +20 V dc power supply output voltage for +20 volts. Set the -20 V dc power supply output voltage for 17 volts.
g. CHECK-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-4 for the appropriate supply.
h. Set the -20 V dc power supply voltage for -26 volts.
i. CHECK-The voltmeter for a reading within the voltage range given in Table 6-4 for the appropriate supply.
j. Connect the precision dc voltmeter between the +15 V test point and ground.
k. CHECK-That the Monitor will shutdown, producing a voltmeter reading of 0 volts, as the -20 V dc power supply output voltage is increased from -26 volts to no greater than -29.5 volts.
I. Set the -20 V dc power supply output voltage to -20 volts.
m. CHECK-That the Monitor will shutdown, producing a voltmeter reading of 0 volts, as the +20 V dc power supply output voltage is increased from +26 volts to no greater than +29.5 volts.
n. Return the +20 V dc power supply output voltage to +20 volts.

## B. CRT CIRCUIT

## Equipment Required:

1. Precision dc voltmeter
2. Ramp generator
3. 50 -ohm cable (1 required)

## B1. ADJUST CRT BIAS (R862)

SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the CRT Circuit Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Position the sharply-focused dot near graticule center.
b. Connect the precision dc voltmeter between TP590 and ground.
c. Slowly set the INTENSITY control for a voltmeter reading of about 10 volts dc. Disconnect the precision dc voltmeter.
d. ADJUST-R862 (CRT Bias) until the dot just appears.

## B2. ADJUST TRACE ROTATION (R949)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the CRT Circuit Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp-generator amplitude for a 10 -division horizontal trace on the crt.
b. Vertically position the trace to the center horizontal graticule line.
c. EXAMINE-The trace for alignment with the center horizontal graticule line.
d. ADJUST-R949 (rear-panel TRACE ROTATION) to align the trace with the center horizontal graticule line.

## B3. CHECK ORTHOGONALITY

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the CRT Circuit Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Horizontally position the start of the trace to the center vertical graticule line.
b. CHECK-That the vertical trace is aligned with the center vertical graticule line at the top and bottom of the graticule, within 0.1 division.

B4. CHECK/ADJUST GEOMETRY (R943)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the CRT Circuit Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Position the vertical trace to the left edge of the graticule and then to the right.
b. CHECK-Vertical trace for 0.1 division or less of bowing or tilt at the left and right edge of the graticule.
c. ADJUST-R943 (Geometry) for a minimum bowing or tilt of the vertical trace at the left and right edges of the graticule.
d. Disconnect the ramp generator from the $+Y$ INPUT and connect it to the +X INPUT. Horizontally center the display on the graticule.
e. Position the horizontal trace to the top edge of the graticule and then to the bottom edge.
f. CHECK-Horizontal trace for 0.1 division or less of bowing or tilt at the top and bottom of the graticule.
g. INTERACTION-If necessary, readjust R943 (Geometry) for minimum bowing or tilt at the top and bottom of the graticule. Then, repeat step B3. Check Orthogonality, and B4 Check/Adjust Geometry (R943) until optimum geometry is achieved.

## B5. ADJUST ASTIGMATISM (R841)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the CRT Circuit Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Position the dot display near graticule center.
b. EXAMINE-The dot display for a defocused, round dot.
c. ADJUST-R841 (front-panel ASTIG) for a symmetrically round dot.

## C. HORIZONTAL (X) AMPLIFIER

## Equipment Required:

1. Function generator
2. Dual-input coupler
3. Ramp generator
4. 50 -ohm cables (4 required)
5. Sine-wave generator
6. 50 -ohm terminations (2 required)
7. Square-wave generator

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Calibration Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit board Illustrations.

## HORIZONTAL PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:



NOTE
Always place terminations or grounding caps on all INPUTs to which signals are not applied.

## C1. ADJUST OPTION $22 \times$ ATTENUATION COMPENSATION (C310 and C410)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp-generator frequency and amplitude controls to display about 3 cycles of square-wave display over 8 divisions. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the square-wave generator amplitude and 624 X GAIN for an 8 -division horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)
c. EXAMINE-The display for a fast rising edge without overshoot.
d. ADJUST-C310 (+X Atten Comp), using a lowcapacitance screwdriver, for optimum square corner.

## NOTE

Perform the remaining parts of this step only if your instrument is equipped with both Option 21 and Option 22.
e. Disconnect the square-wave generator signal from the $+X$ INPUT and connect it to the -X INPUT. Place the grounding cap on the $+X$ INPUT.
f. EXAMINE-The display for a fast rising edge without overshoot. (Position as necessary.)
g. ADJUST-C410 (-X Atten Comp), using a lowcapacitance screwdriver, for optimum square corner.

## C2. ADJUST HORIZONTAL (X) COMPENSATION (C353)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.



Figure 6-6. Typical crt display for adjustment of horizontal (X) compensation.
a. Set the ramp-generator amplitude control for just over 8 divisions of vertical deflection. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for an 8division display. (Position as necessary.)
c. EXAMINE-The display for optimum rising edge and square corner.
d. ADJUST-C353 (HF Adj), using a low-capacitance screwdriver, for a fast rising edge without overshoot. (See Fig. 6-6.)
e. INTERACTION-Changing the adjustment of C353 may affect the checks in steps C5 and C6.

## C3. CHECK/ADJUST X GAIN (R325)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

The $X$ GAIN (R325) in this procedure is set to provide 8 divisions of horizontal deflection from a 1 -volt input signal. This procedure can be altered for any voltage, from +0.5 to +2.5 volts for 10 divisions, to obtain the desired sensitivity. However, when doing a complete Calibration procedure the $X$ GAIN must be set as specified in the following procedure. For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

## Performance Check and Calibration-624


a. CHECK-The crt for a horizontal display of 8 divisions, within 2\%. (Position as necessary.)
b. ADJUST-R325 (X GAIN) for an 8-division horizontal display.

a. Set the function generator amplitude for a 10 -volt (peak-to-peak) input signal to the Monitor.
b. CHECK-Crt display for 0.8 division, or less, of freerunning horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)
c. Set the output frequency of the function generator to 1 megahertz.
d. CHECK-Crt display for 1.6 divisions, or less, of freerunning horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)

## NOTE

Perform the remaining parts of this step only if your instrument is equipped with both Option 21 and Option 22.
e. Turn OFF power to the 624. Then, set S310 (+X Atten) and S410 (-X Atten) to the 5X (down) position. Press front-panel ON/OFF pushbutton to apply power to the 624.
f. Set the function generator amplitude for a 20 -volt (peak-to-peak) input signal to the Monitor.
g. CHECK-Crt display for 0.3 division, or less, of freerunning horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)
h. Set the function generator output frequency to 100 kHz .
i. CHECK-Crt display for 0.8 division, or less, of freerunning horizontal display. (Position as necessary.)

## C5. CHECK HORIZONTAL SETTLING TIME

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp-generator amplitude for exactly 8 divisions of vertical display. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for 8 divisions of horizontal display, and set the repetition rate to display approximately 1 cycle.
c. CHECK-That the time required for the leading edge of the square wave to travel from the zero percent level (see Fig. 6-7) to within 0.50 millimeters (about one trace width) of the 100 percent level is 500 nanoseconds ( 0.625 division) or less.
d. INTERACTION-If the check requirements in part c cannot be met, repeat step C2.


Figure 6-7. Typical crt display for horizontal settling-time measurement.

## C6. CHECK HORIZONTAL BANDWIDTH

SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp-generator amplitude for more than 8 divisions of vertical deflection.

## Performance Check and Calibration-624

b. Set the sine-wave generator amplitude for 8 divisions of horizontal deflection.
c. Slowly increase the sine-wave generator output frequency until the display's horizontal amplitude is 5.7 divisions.
d. CHECK-That the sine-wave generator output frequency is at least 3 megahertz.
e. INTERACTION-If the check requirement in part d cannot be met, repeat step C2.

## C7. CHECK HORIZONTAL POSITIONING

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure; first perform the Horizontal Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. CHECK-Rotate the Horizontal Position Control and check that the vertical trace can be positioned horizontally anywhere in the graticule area.

## D. VERTICAL (Y) AMPLIFIER

## Equipment Required:

1. Function generator
2. Ramp generator
3. Sine-wave generator
4. Square-wave generator

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Calibration Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## VERTICAL PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:



## NOTE

Always place terminations or grounding caps on all INPUTs to which signals are not applied.

## D1. ADJUST OPTION 22 Y ATTENUATION COMPENSATION (C110 and C210)

SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.
5. Dual-input coupler
6. 50 -ohm cables (4 required)
7. 50 -ohm termination ( 2 required)

a. Set the ramp-generator frequency and amplitude controls to display about 3 cycles of square-wave over 8 divisions. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the square-wave generator amplitude and 624 Y GAIN for an 8 -division vertical display. (Position as necessary.)
c. EXAMINE-The display for a fast rising edge without overshoot.
d. ADJUST-C110 (+Y Atten Comp), using a lowcapacitance screwdriver, for optimum square corner.

## NOTE

Perform the remaining parts of this step only if your instrument is equipped with both Option 21 and Option 22.

## Performance Check and Calibration-624

e. Disconnect the square-wave generator signal from the $+Y$ INPUT and connect it to the -Y INPUT. Place the grounding cap on the $+Y$ INPUT.
f. EXAMINE-The display for a fast rising edge without overshoot. (Position as necessary.)
g. ADJUST-C210 (-Y Atten Comp), using a lowcapacitance screwdriver, for optimum square corner.

## D2. ADJUST VERTICAL (Y) COMPENSATION (C153)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the folowing instrutions.



Figure 6-8. Typical crt display for adjutment of vertical (Y) compensation.
a. Set the ramp-generator amplitude control for just over 10 divisions of horizontal deflection. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for a 6division vertical display. (Position as necessary.)
c. EXAMINE-The display for optimum rising edge and square wave.
d. ADJUST-C153 (HF Adj), using a low-capacitance screwdriver, for a fast rising edge without overshoot. (See Fig. 6-8)

D3. CHECK/ADJUST Y GAIN (R125)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

The Y GAIN (R125) in this procedure is set to provide 8 divisions of deflection from a 1 -volt input signal. This procedure can be altered for any voltage, from +0.5 to +2.5 volts, for the desired sensitivity. However, when doing a complete Calibration procedure the Y GAIN must be set as specified in the following procedure. For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. CHECK-The crt for a vertical display of 8 divisions, within 2\%. (Position as necessary.)
b. ADJUST-R125 (Y GAIN) for an 8-division vertical display.


Figure 6-9. Typical horizontal and vertical phase difference display.

## D4. CHECK/ADJUST PHASING <br> (C122 and C138)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the sine-wave generator amplitude to provide a 1 volt input signal to the Monitor.
b. Position the display as shown in Figure 6-9.
c. CHECK-That the diameter of the displayed ellipse, measured vertically at the center of the graticule, is 0.1 division or less (see Fig. 6-9.)
d. ADJUST-C138 (Phasing) and C122 (High-Gain Phasing). With $X$ GAIN and $Y$ GAIN controls set for 8 divisions with a +2.5 volt input, and using a lowcapacitance screwdriver, adjust C138 to close the phasing loop. Then, with X GAIN and Y GAIN set for 8 divisions with a +0.5 volt input, adjust C122 to close the phasing loop.
e. Reset X GAIN and Y GAIN to provide 8 divisions of deflection from a 1 -volt input signal. See steps C3 and D3.
f. INTERACTION-Changing the adjustment of C122 or C138 may affect step D2.

## D5. CHECK OPTION 21 VERTICAL COMMON-MODE REJECTION

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instruction.

a. Set the function generator amplitude for a 10 -volt (peak-to-peak) input signal to the Monitor.
b. CHECK-Crt display for 0.8 division, or less, of freerunning vertical display. (Position as necessary.)
c. Set the output frequency of the function generator to 1 megahertz.
d. CHECK-Crt display for 1.6 divisions, or less, of freerunning vertical display. (Position as necessary.)

NOTE
Perform the remaining parts of this step only if your instrument is equipped with both Option 21 and Option 22.
e. Turn OFF power to the 624. Then, set S110 (+Y Atten) and S210 (-Y Atten) to the 5X (down) position. Press front-panel ON/OFF pushbutton to apply power to the 624.
f. Set the function generator amplitude for a 20 -volt (peak-to-peak) input signal to the Monitor.
g. CHECK-Crt display for 0.3 division, or less, of freerunning vertical display. (Position as necessary.)
h. Set the function generator output frequency to 100 kHz .
i. CHECK-Crt display for 0.8 division, or less, of freerunning vertical display. (Position as necessary.)

## D6. CHECK VERTICAL SETTLING TIME

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp-generator amplitude for exactly 10 divisions of trace length. (Position as necessary.)
b. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for 8 divisions of vertical display and set the repetition rate to display approximately 1 cycle.
c. CHECK-That the time required for the leading edge of the square wave to travel from the zero percent level (see Fig. 6-10) to within 0.50 millimeters (about one trace width) of the 100 percent level is 500 nanoseconds $(0.50$ division) or less.
d. INTERACTION-If the check requirements in part $\mathbf{c}$ cannot be met, repeat step D2.

## D7. CHECK VERTICAL BANDWIDTH

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the ramp-generator amplitude for more than 10 divisions of horizontal deflection.
b. Set the sine-wave generator amplitude for 6.4 divisions of vertical deflection.
c. Slowly increase the sine-wave generator output frequency until the display amplitude is 4.5 divisions.


Figure 6-10. Typical crt display for vertical settling-time measurement.
d. CHECK-That the sine-wave generator output frequency is at least 3 megahertz.
e. INTERACTION-If the check requirement in part d cannot be met, repeat step D2.

## D8. CHECK VERTICAL POSITIONING

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Vertical Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. CHECK—Rotate the Vertical Position control and check that the horizontal trace can be positioned vertically anywhere in the graticule area.

## E. Z-AXIS AMPLIFIER

## Equipment Required:

1. Function generator
2. Dual-input coupler
3. Ramp generator
4. 50 -ohm cables (2 required)
5. Sine-wave generator
6. 50 -ohm termination
7. Square-wave generator
8. Test oscilloscope

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Calibration Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## Z-AXIS PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

Vertical and Horizontal Position . . . . . . . . . . . . Midrange
INTENSITY . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Visible display
FOCUS .
Well-defined display

NOTE
Always place terminations or grounding caps on all INPUTs to which signals are not applied.

## E1. CHECK/ADJUST Z GAIN (R525)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

The following procedure sets the Z Gain for full intensity from a 1 -volt input signal. This procedure can be altered for any voltage, from +1 volt to +5 volts, to provide the desired intensity control. However, for a complete Calibration procedure the Z Gain must be set as specified in the following procedure. For a partial procedure, first perform the Z-Axis Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.


Ramp-Generator Controls Ramp Signal
$+10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ Ramp +Auto, Internal

Square-Wave Generator Controls Amplitude
. Set to provide a 1 -volt input signal to the Monitor.

Test Oscilloscope Controls
Deflection Factor
10 V div with 10 x probe Input Coupling DC
Triggering . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Auto, Internal
Sweep Rate
$0.5 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{div}$
Display
Well-defined, visible display.
*For Option 26 Monitors; Remove the 50 -ohm termination from the test setup.
a. Set the square-wave generator amplitude for a 1 -volt input signal to the Monitor.
b. Connect a 10X probe from the test oscilloscope vertical input to TP590. Set the 624 INTENSITY control for a 10volt base level of the square wave displayed on the test oscilloscope.
c. CHECK-That the amplitude of the square wave displayed on the test oscilloscope is at least 60 volts. (Position as necessary.)
d. ADJUST-R525 (Z Gain) so that the amplitude of the square wave displayed on the test oscilloscope is 60 volts.

## E2. ADJUST Z-AXIS COMPENSATION (R560 and C591)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the ZAxis Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Connect a 10X probe from the test oscilloscope vertical input to TP590.
b. Set the 624 INTENSITY control and square-wave generator amplitude for 6 divisions amplitude (from 10 volts to 70 volts) as indicated on the test oscilloscope.
c. EXAMINE-The square wave displayed on the test oscilloscope for optimum front corner and minimum abberations.
d. ADJUST-Preset R560 (HF Adj) and C591 (HF Adj) to midrange. Adjust R560 for minimum abberations and C591 for optimum front corner. (Use a low-range capacitance screwdriver when adjusting C591.)
e. INTERACTION-R560 and C591 will interact; repeat adjustments in part d for optimum square corner and minimum abberrations. Changing the adjustment of R560 or C591 may affect the check in step E3.

E3. CHECK Z-AXIS AMPLIFIER BANDWIDTH

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the ZAxis Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Connect a 10X probe from the test oscilloscope vertical input to TP590.
b. Set the 624 INTENSITY control and the sine-wave generator amplitude for a 6 -division ( 10 volts to 70 volts dc) display on the test oscilloscope. (Make sure that no clipping occurs on the test oscilloscope display.)
c. Slowly increase the sine-wave generator output frequency until the display amplitude is 4.2 divisions on the test oscilloscope.
d. CHECK-That the sine-wave generator output frequency is at least 5 megahertz.
e. INTERACTION-If the check requirement in part $d$ cannot be met, repeat the adjustments in step E2.

## Performance Check and Calibration-624

## E4. CHECK OPTION 21 Z-AXIS COMMON-MODE REJECTION

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the ZAxis Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the function generator amplitude for a 5 -volt input signal to the Monitor.
b. Connect a 10X probe from the test oscilloscope vertical input to TP590. Set the test oscilloscope for ac input coupling and the deflection factor to 1 volt/division (with 10X probe).
c. CHECK-Test oscilloscope display for 7 divisions (7 volts) or less.
d. Set the function generator output frequency to 1 megahertz and the test oscilloscope vertical deflection factor to $2 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$ (with 10X probe).
e. CHECK-Test oscilloscope display for 7 divisions (14 volts) or less.

E5. CHECK OPTION 25 Z-AXIS UNBLANKING

SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the ZAxis Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Turn off the 624. Remove P550 (Unblanking Level Selector) and turn on the 624
b. CHECK-That the full square-wave is visible.
c. Turn off the 624. Connect P550 to the NEG position. Turn on the 624.
d. CHECK-That only the negative portion of the squarewave is displayed on the screen.
e. Turn off the 624. Change the setting of P550 to the POS position. Turn on the 624 .
f. CHECK-That only the positive portion of the squarewave is displayed on the screen. The Unblanking Level Selector plug (P550) should remain in the POS position for normal Monitor operation.

## F. OPTION 4 SWEEP GENERATOR

## Equipment Required:

1. Function generator
2. 50 -ohm termination (1 required)
3. Time-mark generator
4. 50 -ohm cable ( 1 required)

## BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

(1) Perform the Calibration Power-Up Sequence.
(2) Refer to Section 7, Instrument Options, and the Change Information at the rear of this manual for any modifications which may affect this procedure.
(3) See the Test Point and Adjustment Locations foldout page, and the Internal Control and Selector Locations foldout page in Section 9, Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations.

## OPTION 4 SWEEP PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS:

| Vertical and Horizontal Position . . . . . . . . . . . Midrange |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| INTENSITY | Visible display |
| FOCUS | defined display |
| XY-YT (Option 4 Internal Selector) | YT (forward) |
| Trig Mode (Option 4 Internal Selector) | .Auto (rear) |
| SEC/DIV (Option 4) | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ |
| VARIABLE (Option 4) | Fully clockwise (calibrated) |

## F1. CHECK/ADJUST SWEEP LENGTH (R1134)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. CHECK-That the sweep length is at least 10.5 divisions. (Position as necessary.)
b. ADJUST-R1134 (Sweep Length) for a sweep length of 10.5 divisions.

## F2. CHECK TRIGGER SLOPE/LEVEL

## SETUP CONDITIONS

NOTE
For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.


## Performance Check and Calibration-624

a. Set the function generator amplitude for a 0.5 -division display.
b. CHECK-For a stable display. (Rotate the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control as necessary.)
c. CHECK-That the display is free-running with the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control fully clockwise and fully counterclockwise.
d. Set the Trig Mode switch (S1140) to Norm (forward position).
e. CHECK-That a stable display is obtained by rotating the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control.
f. CHECK-For no display when the TRIG SLOPE/LEVEL control is set fully clockwise and fully counterclockwise.

F3. CHECK/ADJUST SWEEP TIMING (R1185)

## SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the time-mark generator amplitude for a 2- to 6division display.
b. Position the first time marker to the left edge of the graticule.
c. CHECK-That the distance between the second and tenth time markers is 8 divisions, within 0.24 division (3\%).
d. ADJUST-R1185 (Swp Cal) so that the second and tenth time markers are exactly 8 divisions apart.
e. CHECK—Remaining positions of the SEC/DIV switch with time markers that correspond to each switch position. The distance between the second and tenth time markers at each SEC/DIV switch position should be 8 divisions, within 0.24 division (3\%).

## F4. CHECK SWEEP LINEARITY

SETUP CONDITIONS

## NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.

a. Set the time-mark generator amplitude for a 2- to 6division display.
b. Position the second time marker to the second vertical graticule line.
c. CHECK-That the distance between any 3 time marks, between the 2 nd and 10 th vertical graticule lines, is 2 divisions within 0.12 division (6\%).

## F5. CHECK VARIABLE TIME/DIVISION <br> SETUP CONDITIONS <br> NOTE

For a partial procedure, first perform the Option 4 Sweep Preliminary Control Settings, then proceed with the following instructions.
a. Position the display for 1 time marker per division.
b. Set the front-panel VARIABLE control fully counterclockwise.
c. Set the SEC/DIV switch to 1 ms .
d. CHECK-For at least 1 time marker per graticule division.

[^3]
## INSTRUMENT OPTIONS

Your instrument may be equipped with one or more instrument options. A brief description of each available option is given in the following discussion. Refer to Table $7-1$ for location of option information. For further information on instrument options, see your Tektronix Catalog or contact your Tektronix Field Office. Check the crt cover on the rear panel to determine which options are in your Monitor.

## OPTION 1

An internal, unlighted graticule of $8 \times 10$ divisions is included on the crt faceplate.

## OPTION 4

Includes an internal $X$-axis sweep circuit with selectable sweep rates from 0.1 second/division to 1 microsecond/division. Internal switches select X-Y or Y-T modes of operation (cannot be ordered with Option 27).

## OPTION 6

Listed as Professional Medical Equipment by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Modifications include warnings required for medical equipment, a hospital grade cord and plug cap, an internal line fuse, a carrying handle, protective panels, and feet. (Cannot be ordered with Option 20, Option 23, or Option 28.)

## OPTION 9

Certified as a recognized component, Professional Medical Equipment, by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.

## OPTION 10

Includes a 25 -pin Alternate Input connector, mounted on the rear panel of the instrument. The Alternate Input connector provides direct connections to the non-inverting (positive) inputs of the Horizontal ( +X ), Vertical ( +Y ), and +Z Amplifiers. Signal sensitivity at the connector is the same as the standard bnc $+X,+Y$, and $+Z$ INPUTs. If the instrument includes Option 25 (TTL Blanking), connections for TTL Blanking are also made via the Alternate Input connector. A matching male plug is provided to permit connections to the inputs from a remote location.

## OPTION 20

The line fuse and power cord are removed from the rear panel of the instrument. The Monitor requires +20 V and $-20 \mathrm{~V} d \mathrm{~d}$ (unregulated) to operate.

## OPTION 21

Includes differential INPUT connectors on the rear panel for the Horizontal ( X ), Vertical $(\mathrm{Y})$, and Z-Axis Amplifiers.

## OPTION 22

Includes internal 1:1 or 5:1 switchable input attenuators in the Horizontal $(\mathrm{X}$ ) and Vertical ( Y ) Amplifiers.

## OPTION 23

Includes a carrying handle, protective cabinet panels, and feet. (Cannot be ordered with Option 28.)

## OPTION 25

Modifies the Z-Axis Amplifier and rear panel to include an external TTL unblanking input.

## OPTION 26

Modifies the input impedance of the Horizontal (X), Vertical $(Y)$, and Z-Axis Amplifiers to 50 ohms.

## OPTION 27

Deletes the $X$ GAIN and $Y$ GAIN controls from the front panel. $X$ Gain and $Y$ Gain are provided as internal adjustments (cannot be ordered with Option 4).

OPTION 28
Includes protective cabinet panels. (Cannot be ordered with Option 23.)

## OPTION 29

Includes a metal crt bezel.

OPTION 40
Uses P39 phosphor in the crt.

OPTION 74
Uses P4 phosphor in the crt.

OPTION 76
Uses P7 phosphor in the crt.

OPTION 78
Uses P11 phosphor in the crt.

TABLE 7-1
Option Information Locator

| Instrument Option | Manual Section | Location of Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 1 (Internal CRT Graticule) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification Description of graticule is given in Table 1-1. |
| Option 4 (Internal Sweep System) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 contains the electrical characteristics of the sweep circuit. |
|  | Instructions | Controls and Connectors <br> Figure 2-1 depicts and describes the sweep circuit controls. |
|  |  | Detailed Operating Information Includes basic information for making time measurements. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { Installation } \end{gathered}$ | Functional Check Includes procedure for checking functions of sweep controls. |
|  | 4 <br> Theory of Operation | Detailed Circuit Operation Includes circuit description of the sweep system. |
|  | Maintenance | Component Removal and Replacement Includes procedure for removing and replacing the Sweep circuit board. |

TABLE 7-1 (CONT.)
Option Information Locator

| Instrument Option | Manual Section | Location of Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 4 (cont.) | 6 <br> Performance Check and Calibration | Preliminary Information <br> Table 6-1 lists the electrical characteristics of the sweep system and gives references to the appropriate steps in the Performance Check and Calibration procedures. |

Part I-Performance Check Includes procedures for doing a Performance Check of the Sweep System.

Part II-Calibration
Includes procedures for calibrating the Sweep system.

|  | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { Instrument } \\ \text { Options } \end{gathered}$ | Instrument Options Includes a brief description of the sweep system. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Option 4 Provides a mechanical parts list and an exploded-view drawing of the Option 4. |
|  | 8 <br> Replaceable Electrical Parts | Provides an electrical parts list for the Option 4 instrument. |
|  | 9 <br> Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations | Provides block diagram; component, adjustment, test point, internal control and selector locations; a troubleshooting chart; and the schematic for the Option 4 instrument. |
| Option 6 <br> (Meets Underwriters' Laboratory 544 <br> Medical and Dental Equipment requirements) | 7InstrumentOptions | Instrument Options <br> Includes a brief description of the UL listed instruments. |
|  |  | Option 6 Provides a mechanical parts list and an exploded-view drawing of the Option 6 |
| Option 9 <br> (Certified as a recognized component, Professional Medical Equipment, by Underwriters' Laboratories) | 7 Instrument Options | All information is contained in this section. |
| Option 10 <br> (Alternate Input Connector) | 2 <br> Operating Instructions | Controls and Connectors Figure 2-2 depicts and describes the Alternate Input (Option 10) connector. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { Installation } \end{gathered}$ | Alternate Input Connector <br> (Option 10) <br> Provides connection details for the Alternate Input connector. |

TABLE 7-1 (CONT.)
Option Information Locator

| Instrument Option | Manual Section | Location of Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 10 (cont.) | 7 <br> Instrument Options | Instrument Options Provides a brief description of Option 10. |
|  |  | Option 10 <br> Provides a mechanical parts list and exploded view drawing of Option 10. |
|  | 9 <br> Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations | Provides a block diagram and schematic diagrams for the Option 10 instrument |
| Option 20 <br> (Deletes AC Power Input Circuit) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 contains the power specifications for the Option 20 instrument. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { Installation } \end{gathered}$ | Operating Power Information Describes the external power required by the Option 20 instrument. |
|  | $4$ <br> Theory of Operation | Detailed Circuit Operation Includes block diagram and schematic information. |
|  | 6 <br> Performance Check and Calibration | Preliminary Information Table 6-1 lists Performance Check and Calibration procedures for the Option 20 instrument. |
|  |  | Part I-Performance Check Contains performance check procedures for the Option 20 power supply. |
|  |  | Part II-Calibration Contains Performance Check procedures for the Option 20 power supply. |
|  | 7 <br> Instrument Options | Instrument Options Includes a brief description of Option 20. |
|  |  | Option 20 <br> Provides a mechanical parts list and an exploded-view drawing of the Option 20. |
|  | 8 Replaceable Electrical Parts | Provides an electrical parts list for the Option 20 instrument. |
|  | 9 <br> Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations | Provides a block diagram, schematic diagram 7, and circuit board illustration for Option 20. |
| Option 21 (Includes differential INPUT connectors on the $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z axis) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 contains electrical characteristics for the Option 21 instrument. |

TABLE 7-1 (CONT.)
Option Information Locator

| Instrument Option | Manual Section | Location of Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 21 (cont.) | 2 <br> Operating Instructions | Controls and Connectors <br> Figure 2-2 depicts and describes the differential Input connectors. |
|  |  | Detailed Operating Information Contains differential operating information. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { Installation } \end{gathered}$ | Functional Check Provides a functional check procedure for the Option 21 instrument. |
|  | 4 <br> Theory of Operation | $X, Y$, and $Z$ Preamplifier Discusses the operation of the Option 21 instrument. |
|  | 6 <br> Performance Check and Calibration | Preliminary Information <br> Table 6-1 lists performance checks and calibration procedures for the Option 21 instrument. |

Part I-Performance Check
Contains procedures for checking the Option 21 instrument.

Part II-Calibration Contains procedures for checking the Option 21 instrument.

|  | Instrument Options Includes a brief description of Option 21. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Option 21 <br> Provides a mechanical parts list and an exploded-view drawing of the Option 21. |
| 9 <br> Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations | Option 21 differential Input connectors are shown on schematic diagrams 1, 2, and 3. |
| 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 contains the electrical characteristics of the Option 22 instrument. |
| 2 <br> Operating Instructions | Input Attenuation and Impedance Provides a brief description of the Option 22 attenuators. |
| $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { Installation } \end{gathered}$ | $X$ and $Y$ Input Attenuation Selection Provides general information for setting the the Option 22 attenuators. |
|  | Functional Check Includes procedures for checking functions of the Option 22 attenuators. |
| 4 <br> Theory of Operation | $X$ and $Y$ Preamplifier <br> Provides circuit description of Option 22. |

TABLE 7-1 (CONT.)

## Option Information Locator

| Instrument Option | Manual Section | Location of Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 22 (cont.) | 7 <br> Instrument Options | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 22. |
|  | Replaceable Electrical Parts | Provides an electrical parts list for the Option 22 instrument. |
|  | 9 <br> Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations | Option 22 attenuators are shown on schematic diagrams 1 and 2. |
| Option 23 (Includes carrying handle, panels, and feet) | 7 <br> Instrument Options | Instrument Options Includes a brief description of Option 23. |
|  | 8 <br> Replaceable Electrical Parts | Provides electrical parts list for the Option 25 instrument. |
|  | 9 <br> Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations | Option 25 TTL unblanking circuit is shown on schematic 3. |
|  |  | Option 23 <br> Provides a mechanical parts list and an exploded-view drawing of Option 23. |
| Option 25 <br> (TTL unblanking) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 contains the electrical characteristics of the TTL unblanking. |
|  | 2 <br> Operating Instructions | Controls and Connectors <br> Figure 2-2 depicts and describes the Option 25 TTL unblanking connector. |
|  |  | Detailed Operating Information Describes TTL input signal requirements. |
|  | $3$ <br> Installation | Functional Check Includes procedure for checking function of external TTL unblanking. |
|  | 4 <br> Theory of Operation | Z-Axis Amplifier Includes circuit description of Option 25 Unblanking circuit. |
|  | 6 <br> Performance Check and Calibration | Preliminary Information <br> Table 6-1 lists performance checks and calibration procedures for the Option 25 instrument. |
|  |  | Part I-Performance Check Contains procedures for checking the Option 25 instrument. |
|  |  | Part II-Calibration Contains procedures for checking the Option 25 instrument. |

TABLE 7-1 (CONT.)
Option Information Locator

| Instrument Option | Manual Section | Location of Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 25 (cont.) | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { Instrument } \\ \text { Options } \end{gathered}$ | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 25. |
|  |  | Option 25 <br> Provides a mechanical parts list and an exploded-view drawing of the Option 25. |
| Option 26 (50 $\Omega$ Input Impedance) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 contains the electrical characteristics of the Option 26 instrument. |
|  | 2 <br> Operating Instruction | Input Attenuation and Impedance Provides a brief description of Option 26 input impedance. |
|  | $\stackrel{3}{\text { Installation }}$ | Functional Check Provides functional check procedures for the Option 26 instrument |
|  | 6 <br> Performance Check and Calibration | All Setup Conditions include special instructions for the Option 26 instrument, if applicable. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { Instrument } \\ \text { Options } \end{gathered}$ | Provides a brief description of Option 26. |
|  | 8 <br> Replaceable Electrical Parts | Provides an electrical parts list for the Option 26 instrument. |
|  | 9 <br> Diagrams and Circuit Board Illustrations | Option 26 input resistors are shown on schematics 1, 2, and 3. |
| Option 27 ( $X$ and $Y$ GAIN controls are removed from the front panel) | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { Instrument } \\ \text { Options } \end{gathered}$ | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 27. |
| Option 28 (Provides Protective panels) | 7 <br> Instrument Options | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 28. |
|  |  | Option 28 <br> Provides a mechanical parts list and an exploded-view drawing for Option 28. |
| Option 29 (Provides a Metal CRT Bezel) | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { Instrument } \\ \text { Options } \end{gathered}$ | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 29. |

TABLE 7-1 (CONT.)
Option Information Locator

| Instrument Option | Manual Section | Location of Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 40 (P39 Phosphor) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 describes Option 40. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { Instrument } \\ \text { Options } \end{gathered}$ | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 40. |
|  | 8 <br> Replaceable Electrical Parts | Lists replacement information for the Option 40 crt. |
| Option 74 <br> (P4 Phoshpor) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 describes Option 74. |
|  | 7 <br> Instrument Options | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 74 |
|  | 8 <br> Replaceable Electrical Parts | Lists replacement information for the Option 74 crt. |
| Option 76 (P7 Phosphor) | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 describes Option 76. |
|  | $7$ <br> Instrument Options | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 76. |
|  | Replaceable Electrical Parts | Lists replacement information for the Option 76 crt. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Option } 78 \\ & \text { (P11 Phosphor) } \end{aligned}$ | 1 <br> General Information | Specification <br> Table 1-1 describes Option 78. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { Instrument } \\ \text { Options } \end{gathered}$ | Instrument Options <br> Provides a brief description of Option 78. |
|  | 8 <br> Replaceable Electrical Parts | Lists replacement information for the Option 78 crt. |

## OPTION 4

Includes an internal X-Axis sweep circuit with selectable sweep rates from 0.1 second/division to 1 microsecond/division. Internal switches select X-Y or Y-T modes of operation (cannot be ordered with Option 27).

OPTION 4


Fig. \&


## Replaceable Parts-624 Options

## OPTION 4

Fig. \&


## OPTION 6

Listed as Professional Medical Equipment by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Modifications include warnings required for medical equipment, a hospital grade cord and plug cap, an internal line fuse, a carrying handle, protective panels, and feet. (Cannot be ordered with Option 20, Option 23, or Option 28.)

## OPTION 6



Fig. \&
Index Tektronix Serial/Model No.
MECHANICAL
No. Part No. Eff $\quad$ Dscont Qty $12345 \quad$ Name \& Description $\quad$ Mfr $\quad$ Code $\quad$ Mfr Part Number

| -1 | $390-0543-00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $214-0816-00$ |
| -2 | $386-1151-00$ |
| -3 | $386-0227-00$ |
| -4 | $214-0603-01$ |
| -5 | $214-0604-00$ |
| -6 | $390-0543-00$ |
|  | $214-0816-00$ |
| -7 | $386-1151-00$ |
| -8 | $386-0227-00$ |
| -9 | $214-0603-01$ |
| -10 | $214-0604-00$ |
|  | $348-0275-00$ |
| -11 | $390-0523-00$ |
|  | $214-0816-00$ |
| -12 | $386-1151-00$ |
| -13 | $386-0227-00$ |

```
CAB.SIDE,MON:
    . FASTENER,PAWL:
    . . CLAMP,RIM CLENC:SPG STL CD PL
    . . STOP,CLP,RIM CL:ACETAL
    . . PIN,SECURING:0.27 INCH LONG
    . . WASH.,SPG TNSN:0.26 ID X 0.47 INCH OD
    CAB.SIDE,MON:
    . FASTENER,PAWL:
    . . CLAMP,RIM CLENC:SPG STL CD PL
    . . STOP,CLP,RIM CL:ACETAL
    . . PIN,SECURING:0.27 INCH LONG
    . . WASH.,SPG TNSN:0.26 ID X 0.47 INCH OD
    . . FliPSTAND,CAB.:
    . . COVER,SCOPE:BOTTOM
    . FASTENER,PAWL:
    . . CLAMP,RIM CLENC:SPG STL CD PL
. . STOP,CLP,RIM CL:ACETAL
```

80009

80009 386-1151-00
80009 386-0227-00
80009 214-0603-01
80009 214-0604-00
80009 390-0543-00
80009 214-0816-00
80009 386-1151-00
80009 386-0227-00
80009 214-0603-01
80009 214-0604-00 80009 348-0275-00 80009 390-0523-00 80009 214-0816-00 80009 386-1151-00
80009 386-0227-00

## Replaceable Parts-624 Options

Fig. \&

## OPTION 6

| Index No. | Tektronix <br> Part No | Serial/Model No. <br> Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -14 | 214-0603-01 |  | 4 | PIN, SECURING:0.27 INCH LONG | 80009 | 214-0603-01 |
| -15 | 214-0604-00 |  | 4 | . . WASH., SPG TNSN:0.26 ID X 0.47 INCH OD | 80009 | 214-0604-00 |
| -16 | 348-0074-00 |  | 2 | . HINGE BLOCK,STA:R FR,L REAR,black acetal (ATTACHING Parts) | 80009 | 348-0074-00 |
| -17 | 211-0532-00 |  | 4 | . SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 x 0.75 INCH, FILH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -18 | 210-0457-00 |  | 4 | . NUT, PL,ASSEM WA:6-32 X 0.312,STL CD PL | 83385 | OBD |
| -19 | 348-0207-00 |  | 2 | . FOOT, CABINET: RIGHT FRONT AND LEFT REAR | 80009 | 348-0207-00 |
| -20 | 348-0073-00 |  | 2 | . hinge block, sta:l fr, r rear, black acetal (ATtaching parts) | 80009 | 348-0073-00 |
| -21 | 211-0532-00 |  | 4 | . SCREW, MACHINE: $6-32 \times 0.75$ INCH, FILH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -22 | 210-0457-00 |  | 4 | . NUT, PL, ASSEM WA: 6-32 X 0.312, STL CD PL | 83385 | OBD |
| -23 | 348-0208-00 |  | 2 | . FOOT, CABINET:LEFT FRONT AND RIGHT REAR | 80009 | 348-0208-00 |
| -24 | 200-0728-00 |  | 2 | . COV, handle end: | 80009 | 200-0728-00 |
| -25 | 367-0116-00 |  | 1 | - HANDLE, CARRYING: <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 12136 | OBD |
| -26 | 212-0597-00 |  | 4 | . SCREW, MACHINE: $10-32 \times 0.50$ INCH, STL | 93907 | OBD |
| -27 | 386-1624-00 |  | 2 | Plate, hdl rtng: Stainless steel | 80009 | 386-1624-00 |
| -28 | 386-1283-00 |  | 2 | PLATE, HDL MTG:FRONT | 80009 | 386-1283-00 |
|  | 200-1218-00 |  | 1 | RTNR,CRT SCALE:6.814 X 5.125, NYLON | 80009 | 200-1218-00 |
| -29 | 333-2350-03 |  | 1 | PANEL, REAR: | 80009 | 333-2350-03 |
|  | 334-3408-00 |  | 1 | MARKER, IDENT:MARKED CAUTION | 80009 | 334-3408-00 |
| -30 | 161-0121-00 |  |  | CABLE ASSY, PWR, $: 3,18$ AWG, $115 \mathrm{~V}, 96.0 \mathrm{~L}$ | 80009 | 161-0121-00 |

## OPTION 10

Includes a 25-pin Alternate Input connector on the rear panel for the $+X, Y$, and $+Z$ Amplifiers. If the instrument includes Option 25 (TTL Z INPUT), connections for TTL Blanking are also included.

## OPTION 20

The line fuse and power cord are removed from the rear panel of the instrument. The Monitor requires +20 V and -20 V dc (unregulated) to operate.

## OPTION 21

Includes differential INPUT connectors on the rear panel for the Horizontal (X), Vertical (Y), and Z-Axis Amplifiers.

## OPTION 21



Fig. \&

| Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -1 | 346-0045-00 |  | 3 | STRAP, CONN COV: BNC ONE END, POLYPROPYLENE | 80009 | 346-0045-00 |
| -2 | 200-0991-00 |  | 3 | COV, ELEC CONN: BNC , W/GTR GND | 77820 | 2096-5 |
| -3 | 131-0955-00 |  | 3 | CONN, RCPT, ELEC: BNC, FEMALE | 13511 | 31-279 |
| -4 | 210-0255-00 |  | 3 | TERMINAL,LUG:0.391" ID INT TOOTH | 80009 | 210-0255-00 |
| -5 | 342-0117-00 |  | 6 | INSULATOR, BSHG: 0.375 ID X 0.065 L, DELRIN | 80009 | 342-0117-00 |
|  | 198-3780-00 |  | 1 | WIRE SET, ELEC: | 80009 | 198-3780-00 |
| -6 | 352-0198-00 |  | 3 | - HLDR, TERM CONN: 2 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0198-00 |
| -7 | 131-0792-00 |  |  | - CONNECTOR,TERM: 18-20 AWG,CU BE GOLD PL | 22526 | 46221 |
| -8 | 131-0621-00 |  | 3 | - CONNECTOR,TERM:22-26 AWG,BRS\& CU BE GOLD | 22526 | 46231 |

## Scan by Zenith

## OPTION 23

Includes a carrying handle, protective cabinet panels, and feet. (Cannot be ordered with Option 28.)

## OPTION 23



Fig. \&

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Index } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -1 | 390-0270-00 |  | 1 | COVER, MONITOR:LEFT | 80009 | 390-0270-00 |
|  | 214-0816-00 |  | 2 | FASTENER, PAWL: | 80009 | 214-0816-00 |
| -2 | 386-1151-00 |  | 2 | . CLAMP, RIM CLENC:Spg Stl Cd pl | 80009 | 386-1151-00 |
| -3 | 386-0227-00 |  | 2 | . Stop, Clp, rim Cl:acetal | 80009 | 386-0227-00 |
| -4 | 214-0603-01 |  | 2 | . . Pin, securing:0.27 inch long | 80009 | 214-0603-01 |
| -5 | 214-0604-00 |  | 2 | . . WASH., SPG TNSN:0.26 ID X 0.47 INCH OD | 80009 | 214-0604-00 |
| -6 | 390-0244-00 |  | 1 | COVER,MONITOR:RIGHT | 80009 | 390-0244-00 |
|  | 214-0816-00 |  | 2 | - fastener, pahl: | 80009 | 214-0816-00 |
| -7 | 386-1151-00 |  | 2 | . . Clamp, Rim clenc: spg stl Cd pl | 80009 | 386-1151-00 |
| -8 | 386-0227-00 |  | 2 | . . Stop, Clp, Rim Cl:ACETAL | 80009 | 386-0227-00 |
| -9 | 214-0603-01 |  | 2 | . . Pin, SECURING:0.27 inch long | 80009 | 214-0603-01 |
| -10 | 214-0604-00 |  | 2 | . . WASH., SPG TNSN:0.26 ID X 0.47 Inch od | 80009 | 214-0604-00 |

## OPTION 23



## OPTION 25

Modifies the Z-Axis Amplifier and rear panel to include an external TLL unblanking input.

## OPTION 25



Fig. \&
MECHANICAL

| Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -1 | ----- ----- |  | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY: (SEE A2 REPL) |  |  |
| -2 | 136-0269-02 |  | 1 | . SKT, PL-IN ELEK:MICROCIRCUIT, 14 DIP,LOW CLE | 73803 | CS9002-14 |
| -3 | 131-0608-00 |  | 3 | . TERMINAL, PIN:0.365 L X 0.025 PH BRZ GOLD | 22526 | 47357 |
| -4 | 131-0993-00 |  | 1 | - BUS,CONDUCTOR:2 WIRE BLACK | 00779 | 850100-01 |
| -5 | 131-0589-00 |  | 2 | . TERMINAL, PIN: $0.46 \mathrm{~L} \times 0.025$ SQ | 22526 | 48283-029 |
|  | 198-3781-00 |  | 1 | WIRE SET, ELEC: | 80009 | 198-3781-00 |
| -6 | 352-0198-00 |  | 1 | - HLDR, TERM CONN: 2 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0198-00 |
| -7 | 131-0621-00 |  | 2 | - CONNECTOR,TERM:22-26 AWG,BRS\& CU BE GOLD | 22526 | 46231 |
| -8 | 131-0792-00 |  | 2 | - CONNECTOR,TERM:18-20 AWG,CU BE GOLD PL | 22526 | 46221 |
| -9 | 131-0955-00 |  | 1 | CONN, RCPT, ELEC : BNC, FEMALE | 13511 | 31-279 |
| -10 | 342-0117-00 |  | 2 | INSULATOR, BSHG:0.375 ID X 0.065 L, DELRIN | 80009 | 342-0117-00 |
| -11 | 210-0255-00 |  | 1 | TERMINAL, LUG:0.391 ID, LOCKING,BRS CD PL | 80009 | 210-0255-00 |

## OPTION 28

Includes protective cabinet panels. (Cannot be ordered with Option 23.)

OPTION 28


Fig. \&


# REPLACEABLE <br> ELECTRICAL PARTS 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:) Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

## ABBREVIATIONS

| ACTR | ACTUATOR | PLSTC | PLASTIC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | QTZ | QUARTZ |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | RECP | RECEPTACLE |
| CER | CERAMIC | RES | RESISTOR |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | RF | RADIO FREQUENCY |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | SEL | SELECTED |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | SENS | SENSITIVE |
| ELEC | ELECTRICAL | VAR | VARIABLE |
| INCAND | INCANDESCENT | WW | WIREWOUND |
| LED | LIGHT EMITTING DIODE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| NONWIR | NON WIREWOUND | XTAL | CRYSTAL |

75042 TRW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, IRC FIXED
RESISTORS, PHILADELPHIA DIVISION
TEKTRONIX, INC.
ELECTRA-MIDLAND CORP., MEPCO DIV.
SWITCHCRAFT, INC.
MALLORY CAPACITOR CO., DIV. OF
P. R. MALLORY AND CO., INC.
DALE ELECTRONICS, INC.

NYTRONICS, COMPONENTS GROUP, INC., SUBSIDIARY OF NYTRONICS, INC. allen-bradiey company
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC., SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP
RCA CORPORATION, SOLID STATE DIVISION GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, SEMI-CONDUCTOR PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT KDI PYROFILM CORPORATION
AVX CERAMICS, DIVISION OF AVX CORP. MOTOROLA, INC., SEMICONDUCTOR PROD. DIV. UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION, MATERIALS SYSTEMS DIVISION
FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR, A DIV. OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP. CHICAGO SWITCH, INC.
CTS KEENE, INC. AMPHENOL CARDRE DIV., BUNKER RAMO CORP. SEMTECH CORP. CAL-R, INC.
ITT SEMICONDUCTORS
MICRO SEMICONDUCTOR CORP. ELECTRO CUBE INC.
ITT SEMICONDUCTORS, A DIVISION OF INTER national telephone and telegraph corp. CORNING GLASS WORKS, ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS DIVISION NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP. MOLEX PRODUCTS CO. IEE/SCHADOW INC. BOURNS, INC., TRIMPOT PRODUCTS DIV. RELIANCE STEEL PRODUCTS COMPANY MURATA CORPORATION OF AMERICA CENTRE ENGINEERING INC. high voltage devices, inc. ELT INC., GLOW LITE DIVISION MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC, CORP. OF AMERICA sprague electric co.
R-OHM CORP.
TUSONIX INC. CENTRALAB INC
SUB NORTH AMERICAN PHILIPS CORP WARD LEONARD ELECTRIC CO., INC. BUSSMAN MFG., DIVISION OF MCGRAWEDISON CO.
ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, INC. BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS, INC., HELIPOT DIV. texas instruments, inc., metallurgical MATERIALS DIV. SIGNALITE DIV., GENERAL INSTRUMENT CORP. JOHNSON, E. F., CO.
TRW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, IRC FIXED RESISTORS, PHILADELPHIA DIVISION ELECTRA-MIDLAND CORP., MEPCO DIV. SWITCHCRAFT, INC. MALLORY CAPACITOR CO., DIV. OF DALE ELECTRONICS, INC.

ORANGE STREET
1201 2ND STREET SOUTH P O BOX 5012, 13500 N CENTRAL
EXPRESSWAY
ROUTE 202
ELECTRONICS PARK
60 S JEFFERSON ROAD
P O BOX 867, 19TH AVE. SOUTH
5005 E MCDOWELL RD,PO BOX 20923
11901 MADISON AVENUE
464 ELLIS STREET
2035 WABANSIA AVE.
3230 RIVERSIDE AVE.
652 MITCHELL RD.
1601 OLYMPIC BLVD.
3301 ELECTRONICS WAY
POBOX 3049
2830 E FAIRVIEW ST.
1710 S. DEL MAR AVE.
P.O. BOX 168,500 BROADWAY

550 High Street
2900 SEMICONDUCTOR DR.
5224 Katrine ave.
8081 WALLACE ROAD
1200 COLUMBIA AVE.
3700 WALNUT STREET
2 WESTCHESTER PLAZA
2820 E COLLEGE AVENUE
7485 AVENUE 304
BOX 698
1 PANASONIC WAY
87 MARSHALL ST.
16931 MILLIKEN AVE.
2155 N FORBES BLVD
7158 MERCHANT AVE
31 SOUTH ST.
2536 W. UNIVERSITY ST.
644 W. 12TH ST.
2500 HARBOR BLVD.
34 FOREST STREET
1933 HECK AVE.
299 10TH AVE. S. W.
401 N. BROAD ST.
P O BOX 500
22 COLUMBIA ROAD
5555 N. ELSTON AVE.
3029 E. WASHINGTON STREET
P. O. BOX 372
P. O. BOX 609

DARLINGTON, SC 29532 MILWAUKEE, WI 53204

DALLAS, TX 75222
SOMERVILLE, NY 08876
SYRACUSE, NY 13201
WHIPPANY, NJ 07981
MYRTLE BEACH, SC 29577
PHOENIX, AZ 85036
CLEVELAND, OH 44101
MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA 94042
CHICAGO, IL 60647
PASO ROBLES, CA 93446
LOS GATOS, CA 95030
NEWBURY PARK, CA 91320
SANTA MONICA, CA 90404
WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33402
SANTA ANA, CA 92704
SAN GABRIEL, CA 91776
LAWRENCE, MA 01841
BRADFORD, PA 16701
SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 DOWNERS GROVE, IL 60515
EDEN PRAIRIE, MN 55343 RIVERSIDE, CA 92507
MCKEESPORT, PA 15132
ELMSFORD, NY 10523 STATE COLLEGE, PA 16801 VISALIA, CA 93277
PAULS VALLEY, OK 73075
SECAUCUS, NJ 07094 NORTH ADAMS, MA 01247
IRVINE, CA 92713
TUCSON, AZ 85705
EL PASO, TX 79915

## MOUNT VERNON, NY 10550

ST. LOUIS, MO 63107
ERIE, PA 16512
FULLERTON, CA 92634
ATTLEBORO, MA 02703
NEPTUNE, NJ 07753
WASECA, MN 56093
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19108
BEAVERTON, OR 97077
MORRISTOWN, NJ 07960
CHICAGO, IL 60630
INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46206 COLUMBUS, NE 68601

| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mo <br> Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 670-5607-00 |  |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:DEFLECTION | 80009 | 670-5607-00 |
| A2 | 670-5606-00 |  |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:Z AXIS \& CONTROL | 80009 | 670-5606-00 |
| A3 | 670-5763-00 |  |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:SWEEP OPTION | 80009 | 670-5763-00 |
| A3 | ----- ---- |  |  | (OPTION 04 ONLY) |  |  |
| A4 | 670-5610-00 | 8010100 | B010532 | CKT BOARD ASSY:HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 670-5610-00 |
| A4 | 670-5610-01 | B010533 | B019999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 670-5610-01 |
| A4 | 670-5610-02 | B020000 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 670-5610-02 |
| A5 | 670-5214-01 | B010100 | B010962 | CKT BOARD ASSY:LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY | 80009 | 670-5214-01 |
| A5 | 670-5214-03 | B010963 | B019999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY | 80009 | 670-5214-03 |
| A5 | 670-5214-04 | B020000 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY | 80009 | 670-5214-04 |
| A6 | 670-5459-00 | B010100 | B010862 | CKT BOARD ASSY:DC INPUT | 80009 | 670-5459-00 |
| A6 | ------- |  |  | (OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| A6 | 670-5459-01 | B010863 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:DC INPUT | 80009 | 670-5459-01 |
| A6 | --------- |  |  | (A6, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| C110 | 281-0153-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,AIR DI:1.7-10PF,250V | 74970 | 187-0106-005 |
| C110 | -- |  |  | (C110, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| C112 | 281-0510-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:22PF,+/-4.4PF,500V | 59660 | 301-000C0G0220M |
| 0112 | ----- ---- |  |  | (C112, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| C116 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C122 | 281-0205-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:5.5-65PF,100V | 80031 | 2810C5R565QJ02F0 |
| C123 | 281-0759-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:22PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8035D9AADC1G220K |
| C132 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF, $10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C138 | 281-0202-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC: 1.5 -5.5PF, 100 V | 80031 | 2807C1R406MM02F |
| C142 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF.10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C153 | 281-0202-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR, PLSTC:1.5-5.5PF,100V | 80031 | 2807C1R406MM02F |
| C154 | 281-0604-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: $2.2 \mathrm{PF},+/$-0.25PF,500V | 04222 | 7001-C0J-2R2C |
| C172 | 281.0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF, 10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C178 | 281-0661-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: $0.8 \mathrm{PFF},+1-0.1 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | 7001-COK-OR8B |
| C194 | 290-0766-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:2.2UF, $+50-10 \%$, 160 V | 54473 | ECEA2CS2R2 |
| C196 | 290-0517-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:6.8UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 1960685 ${ }^{\text {a }} 0035 \mathrm{KA} 1$ |
| C197 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C198 | 290-0517-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:6.8UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D685X0035KA1 |
| C210 | 281-0153-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,AIR DI:1.7-10PF,250V | 74970 | 187-0106-005 |
| C210 | -------- |  |  | (C210, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| C212 | 281-0510-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:22PF,+/-4.4PF,500V | 59660 | 301-000COG0220M |
| C212 | --------- |  |  | (C212, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| C216 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF, 10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C242 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C244 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF, $10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C272 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF, 10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C278 | 281-0661-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.8PF, + - 0.1 PF, 500 V | 04222 | 7001-COK-OR8B |
| C310 | 281-0153-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,AIR DI:1.7-10PF,250V | 74970 | 187-0106-005 |
| C310 | - |  |  | (C310, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| C312 | 281-0510-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:22PF,+/-4.4PF,500V | 59660 | 301-000C0G0220M |
| C312 | --- |  |  | (C312, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| C316 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C323 | 281-0763-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:47PF, $10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | GA101A470KAA |
| C332 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF, 10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C338 | 281-0627-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:1PF, +/-0.25PF,500V | 04222 | 77001-COK-1ROC |
| C342 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C353 | 281-0202-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:1.5-5.5PF,100V | 80031 | 2807C1R406MM02F |
| C354 | 281-0604-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: $2.2 \mathrm{PF},+1-0.25 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | 7001-C0J-2R2C |
| C372 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. |  | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Eff | Dscont |  |  |  |
| C378 | 281-0661-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.8PF, +/-0.1PF,500V | 04222 | 7001-COK-OR8B |
| C394 | 290-0766-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:2.2UF, $+50-10 \%, 160 \mathrm{~V}$ | 54473 | ECEA2CS2R2 |
| C396 | 290-0517-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:6.8UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D685X0035KA1 |
| C397 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP,,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C398 | 290-0517-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:6.8UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D685X0035KA1 |
| C410 | 281-0153-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,AIR DI:1.7-10PF,250V | 74970 | 187-0106-005 |
| C410 | ----- ----- |  |  | (C410, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| C412 | 281-0510-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:22PF,+/-4.4PF,500V | 59660 | 301-000C0G0220M |
| C412 | -- |  |  | (C412, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| C416 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C442 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C444 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP,,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C472 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C478 | 281-0661-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.8PF,+/-0.1PF,500V | 04222 | 7001-COK-OR8B |
| C516 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C523 | 281-0562-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:39PF,10\%,500V | 59660 | 301-000U2J0390K |
| C530 | 281-0593-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:3.9PF,10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-C0J-3R9C |
| C531 | 290-0534-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C538 | 281-0811-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:10PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8035D2AADC1G100K |
| C560 | 281-0518-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:47PF,+/-9.4PF,500V | 59660 | 301-000U2J0470M |
| C564 | 281-0814-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:100PF,10\%,100V | 04222 | GC70-1-A101K |
| C570 | 283-0057-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF, $+80-20 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 2C20Z5U104Z200B |
| C574 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C580 | 283-0057-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF, $+80-20 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 2C20Z5U104Z200B |
| C587 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C591 | 281-0064-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:0.25-1.5PF,600V | 74970 | 273-0001-101 |
| C616 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 04222 | SA201C103KAA |
| C630 | 281-0544-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:5.6PF,10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-COH-5R6D |
| C650 | 290-0534-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C660 | 290-0534-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C660 | - |  |  | (C660, OPTION 4 AND OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| C811 | 290-0527-00 | B020000 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:15UF,20\%,20V | 90201 | TDC156M020FL |
| C816 | 290-0719-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:47UF,20\%,25V | 56289 | 196D476X0025TE3 |
| C818 | 290-0719-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:47UF,20\%,25V | 56289 | 196D476X0025TE3 |
| C819 | 290-0529-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:47UF,20\%,20V | 05397 | T362C476M020AS |
| C823 | 283-0111-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20\%,50V | 56289 | 273C11 |
| C824 | 283-0111-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20\%,50V | 56289 | 273 C 11 |
| C830 | 290-0721-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:100UF,20\%,20V | 56289 | 196D107X0020TE3 |
| C831 | 290-0534-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C832 | 283-0134-00 | B010100 | B019999 | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.47UF, $+80-20 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 8131N087Z5U04742 |
| C832 | 290-0534-00 | B020000 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C834 | 283-0341-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.047UF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8121N153X7R0473K |
| C837 | 283-0067-00 | B010100 | B019999 | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,10\%,200V | 59660 | 835-515-Z5D0102K |
| C837 | 281-0786-00 | B020000 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:150PF,10\%,100V | 51642 | G1710100NP0151K |
| C852 | 283-0034-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.005UF,20\%,4000V | 51406 | DHR23Z5V502M4KV |
| C854 | 285-1138-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,PLSTC:0.01UF,10\%,8000V | 56289 | 430 P 558 |
| C858 | 285-1138-00 | B010100 | B019999 | CAP.,FXD,PLSTC:0.01UF,10\%,8000V | 56289 | 430 P 558 |
| C858 | 285-1193-00 | B020000 |  | CAP.,FXD,MTLZD:0.033UF,10\%,6000V |  |  |
| C860 | 281-0513-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:27PF, +/-5.4PF,500V | 59660 | 301-055P2G0270M |
| C869 | 290-0758-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:2.2UF, $+50-10 \%, 160 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 502 D 227 |
| C872 | 283-0300-00 |  |  | CAP,,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF, $+80-20 \%, 10,000 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59660 | 3910BA303X5T0102 |
| C879 | 285-1138-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,PLSTC:0.01UF,10\%,8000V | 56289 | 430 P 558 |
| C888 | 285-1082-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,PLSTC:0.47UF,20\%,200V | 14752 | 230B1C474 |
| C889 | 290-0164-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF, $+\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 \% , 1 5 0 \mathrm { V }}$ | 56289 | 500D105F150BA7 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C890 | 290-0164-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT: 1 UF, $+50-10 \%$, 150V | 56289 | 500D105F150BA7 |
| C894 | 283-0057-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: $0.14 \mathrm{~F},+80-20 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 2C2025U104Z200B |
| C897 | 281-0580-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:470PF, $10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| C899 | 283-0057-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF, +80-20\%,200V | 56289 | 2C20Z5U104Z200B |
| C900 | 283-0003-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER D1:0.01UF, $+80-20 \%, 150 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | SDDH66J103Z |
| C920 | 283-0300-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER D $1: 0.001 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 10,000 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59660 | 3910BA303X5T0102 |
| C921 | 283-0013-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF, $+100-0 \%, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59660 | 818-602ZSUO103P |
| C938 | 283-0341-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.047UF, $10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 8121N153X7R0473k |
| C943 | 283-0341-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.047UF, $10 \%$, 100V | 72982 | 8121N153X7R0473k |
| C946 | 283-0341.00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:00.047UF, $10 \%$,100V | 72982 | 8121N153X7R0473k |
| C950 | 290-0818-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:390UF, $+100-10 \%, 40 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 672D397H040DS5C |
| C951 | 290-0506-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT: $9600 \mathrm{FF},+100-10 \%, 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 68D10471 |
| C952 | 290-0583-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:3000UF, + $100-10 \%, 35 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 68 D 10490 |
| C954 | 290-0745-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:22UF, $+\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 \% , 2 5 V}$ | 54473 | ECE-A25V22L |
| C959 | 283-0003-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 0.01 UF, $+80-20 \%, 150 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | SDDH66J103Z |
| C961 | 281-0580-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF, $10 \%$,500V | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| C965 | 290-0527-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT: $15 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%$,20V | 90201 | TDC156M020FL |
| C976 | 290-0745-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:22UF, $+50-10 \%, 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | 54473 | ECE-A25V22L |
| C978 | 283-0003-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: 0.01 UF, $+80-20 \%, 150 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | SDDH66J103Z |
| C983 | 281-0549-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:68PF, $10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59660 | 301-000U2J0680K |
| C994 | 281-0580-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF, $10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| C1018 | 281-0775-00 | B010863 | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: 0.1 UF, $20 \%$,50V | 04222 | MA205E104MAA |
| C1018 |  |  | (OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1020 | 290-0529-00 | B010863 | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:47UF,20\%,20V | 05397 | T362C476M020AS |
| C1020 | -- |  | (OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1056 | 281-0775-00 | B010863 | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,20\%,50V | 04222 | MA205E104MAA |
| C1056 | -- |  | (OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1057 | 290-0512-00 | B010863 | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:22UF,20\%,15V | 56289 | 196D226X0015KA1 |
| C1057 | ----- |  | (OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1120 | 290-0534-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C1120 | ----- |  | (C1120, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1122 | 283-0041-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: $0.0033 \mathrm{UF}, 5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59660 | 841-542B332J |
| C1122 | $\cdots$ |  | (C1122, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1138 | 283-0004-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.02UF, $+80-20 \%, 150 \mathrm{~V}$ | 59821 | SDDH69J2032 |
| C1138 | ----- |  | (C1138, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1140 | 290-0534-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C1140 | - |  | (C1140, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1143 | 281-0763-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:47PF, $10 \%$,100V | 04222 | GA101A470KAA |
| C1143 | ---- |  | (C1143, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1156 | 295-0159-00 |  | CAP SET, MATCHED: $1 \mathrm{UF}, 0.01 \mathrm{UF}, 0.001 \mathrm{UF}$ | 80009 | 295-0159-00 |
| C1156 | - |  | (C1156, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1157 | 295-0159-00 |  | CAP SET,MATCHED: $1 \mathrm{UF}, 0.01 \mathrm{UF}, 0.001 \mathrm{UF}$ | 80009 | 295-0159-00 |
| C1157 | -- |  | (C1157, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1159 | 295-0159-00 |  | CAP SET,MATCHED: $1 \mathrm{UF}, 0.01 \mathrm{UF}, 0.001 \mathrm{UF}$ | 80009 | 295-0159-00 |
| C1159 | --- |  | (C1159, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1164 | 281-0792-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:82PF, 10\%,100V | 72982 | 8035D2AADCOG820K |
| C1164 | - |  | (C1164, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1170 | 281-0786-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:150PF, 10\%,100V | 51642 | G1710100NP0151K |
| C1170 | - |  | (C1170, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1190 | 290-0534-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C1190 | , |  | (C1190, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1192 | 290-0534-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C1192 | --- |  | (C1192, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| C1195 | 290-0534-00 |  | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105×0035HA1 |
| C1195 | - - |  | (C1195, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1197 | 290-0534-00 |  | CAP,,FXD,ELCTLT:1UF,20\%,35V | 56289 | 196D105X0035HA1 |
| C1197 |  |  | (C1197, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| CR118 | 152-0246-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SW,SI,40V,200MA | 03508 | DE140 |
| CR130 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR156 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR163 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR164 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR174 | 152-0574-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,120V,0.15A | 14433 | WG1308 |
| CR218 | 152-0246-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SW,SI,40V,200MA | 03508 | DE140 |
| CR230 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR263 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR264 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR274 | 152-0574-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,120V,0.15A | 14433 | WG1308 |
| CR318 | 152-0246-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SW,SI,40V,200MA | 03508 | DE140 |
| CR330 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR356 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR363 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR364 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR374 | 152-0574-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,120V,0.15A | 14433 | WG1308 |
| CR418 | 152-0246-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SW,SI,40V,200MA | 03508 | DE140 |
| CR430 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR463 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR464 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR474 | 152-0574-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 120V, 0.15 A | 14433 | WG1308 |
| CR518 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR540 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR541 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR550 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 01295 | 1N452R |
| CR550 | ---- |  | (CR550, OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| CR551 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR551 | --- |  | (CR551, OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| CR564 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR573 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR585 | 152-0574-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 120V, 0.15 A | 14433 | WG1308 |
| CR618 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR810 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $55 \mathrm{~V}, 200 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR816 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR818 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR820 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR822 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR823 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR824 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR825 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR826 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR830 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR831 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $55 \mathrm{~V}, 200 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR832 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR833 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR852 | 152-0429-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $5000 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{MA}$ | 14099 | SA3282 |
| CR853 | 152-0429-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $5000 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{MA}$ | 14099 | SA3282 |
| CR860 | 152-0242-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,225V,200MA | 07263 | FDH5004 |
| CR868 | 152-0333-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Part No. | Eff | Dscont |  | Code |  |
| CR869 | 152-0107-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,400MA | 01295 | G727 |
| CR872 | 152-0242-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,225V,200MA | 07263 | FDH5004 |
| CR874 | 152-0242-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,225V,200MA | 07263 | FDH5004 |
| CR876 | 152-0242-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,225V,200MA | 07263 | FDH5004 |
| CR888 | 152-0400-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0400-00 |
| CR889 | 152-0400-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0400-00 |
| CR890 | 152-0107-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,400MA | 01295 | G727 |
| CR891 | 152-0107-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,400MA | 01295 | G727 |
| CR903 | 152-0333-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR904 | 152-0333-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR938 | 152-0333-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR943 | 152-0333-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR951 | 152-0198-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, $200 \mathrm{~V}, 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 03508 | 1N5624 |
| CR952 | 152-0198-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,200V,3A | 03508 | 1N5624 |
| CR953 | 152-0198-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,200V,3A | 03508 | 1N5624 |
| CR954 | 152-0198-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,200V,3A | 03508 | 1N5624 |
| CR955 | 152-0066-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400v,750MA | 14433 | LG4016 |
| CR957 | 152-0066-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,750MA | 14433 | LG4016 |
| CR962 | 152-0333-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR972 | 152-0107-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,400MA | 01295 | G727 |
| CR976 | 152-0066-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,750MA | 14433 | LG4016 |
| CR978 | 152-0066-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,750MA | 14433 | LG4016 |
| CR981 | 152-0333-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR993 | 152-0333-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,55V,200MA | 07263 | FDH-6012 |
| CR1010 | 152-0066-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,750MA | 14433 | LG4016 |
| CR1010 | ------ |  |  | (CR1010, OPTION 20 ONLY |  |  |
| CR1050 | 152-0066-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400V,750MA | 14433 | LG4016 |
| CR1050 | ------ |  |  | (CR1050, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| CR1150 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR1150 | --- |  |  | (CR1150, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| CR1186 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 150MA | 01295 | 1N4152R |
| CR1186 | --- |  |  | (CR1186, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| DS512 | 150-1017-00 |  |  | LT EMITTING DIO:GREEN,550NM,55MA MAX | 50437 | LSM-16L-100 |
| DS920 | 150-0111-00 |  |  | LAMP,GLOW:NEON, 1.2MA | 53944 | A1B-3 |
| E856 | 119-0181-00 |  |  | ARSR,ELEC SURGE:230V,GAS FILLED | 74276 | CG230L |
| E876 | 119-0181-00 |  |  | ARSR,ELEC SURGE:230V,GAS FILLED | 74276 | CG230L |
| E878 | 119-0181-00 |  |  | ARSR,ELEC SURGE:230V,GAS FILLED | 74276 | CG230L |
| F950 | 159-0018-00 |  |  | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG, 0.8A,250V,SLOW-BLOW | 71400 | MDL 8/10 |
| F950 | 159-0031-00 |  |  | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG, $0.4 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SLOW}$-BLOW | 71400 | MDL 4/10 |
| F950 | ----- |  |  | (F950, Alternate) |  |  |
| F951 | 159-0015-00 | B010100 | B010962 | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG,3A,250V,0.65 SEC | 71400 | AGC 3 |
| F951 | 159-0021-00 | B010963 |  | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG,2A,250V,FAST-BLOW | 71400 | AGC 2 |
| F953 | 159-0025-00 |  |  | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG, $0.5 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{FAST}$-BLOW | 71400 | AGC 1/2 |
| F955 | 159-0025-00 |  |  | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG,0.5A,250V,FAST-BLOW | 71400 | AGC 1/2 |
| F1001 | 159-0015-00 |  |  | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG,3A,250V, 0.65 SEC | 71400 | AGC 3 |
| F1001 | - - |  |  | (F1001, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| F1003 | 159-0022-00 |  |  | FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG, 1A, 250V,FAST-BLOW | 71400 | AGC 1 |
| F1003 | -- |  |  | (F1003, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| J100 | 131-1782-00 |  |  | CONN,RCPT,ELEC:RT ANGLE, 12 FEM,0.045 SQ | 27264 | 09-52-3121 |
| J101 | 131-0955-00 |  |  | CONN,RCPT,ELEC:BNC,FEMALE | 13511 | 31-279 |


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| J301 | 131-0955-00 |  |  | CONN,RCPT,ELEC: BNC,FEMALE | 13511 | 31-279 |
| J500 | 131-1782-00 |  |  | CONN,RCPT,ELEC:RT ANGLE, 12 FEM, 0.045 SQ | 27264 | 09-52-3121 |
| J501 | 131-0955-00 |  |  | CONN,RCPT,ELEC:BNC,FEMALE | 13511 | 31-279 |
| J800 | 131-2077-00 |  |  | TERM, FEEDTHRU:CKT CARD,RT ANGLE, 15 FEMALE | 27264 | 09-52-3151 |
| L889 | 108-0155-00 |  |  | COIL,RF:FIXED,1MH | 80009 | 108-0155-00 |
| L951 | 108-0337-00 |  |  | COIL,RF:25UH | 80009 | 108-0337-00 |
| Q120 | 151-1054-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,JFE,N-CHANNEL,DUAL | 80009 | 151-1054-00 |
| Q130 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q134 | 151-0341-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S040065 |
| Q134 | --------- |  |  | (Q134, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| Q140 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q150 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q160 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q174 | 151-0615-00 | 8010100 | B021078 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 04713 | SDS358K |
| Q174 | 151-0615-01 | B021079 |  | TRANSISTOR:2N6558,SCREENED | 80009 | 151-0615-01 |
| Q176 | 151-0192-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MPS652 | 04713 | SPS8801 |
| Q230 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q240 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SJLICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q260 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q274 | 151-0515-00 | B010100 | B021078 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 04713 | SDS358K |
| Q274 | 151-0615-01 | B021079 |  | TRANSISTOR:2N6558,SCREENED | 80009 | 151-0615-01 |
| Q276 | 151-0192-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MPS652 | 04713 | SPS8801 |
| Q320 | 151-1054-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,JFE,N-CHANNEL,DUAL | 80009 | 151-1054-00 |
| Q330 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q340 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q350 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q360 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q374 | 151-0615-00 | B010100 | B021078 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 04713 | SDS358K |
| Q374 | 151-0615-01 | B021079 |  | TRANSISTOR:2N6558,SCREENED | 80009 | 151-0615-01 |
| Q376 | 151-0192-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MPS652 | 04713 | SPS8801 |
| Q430 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q440 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q460 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q474 | 151-0615-00 | 8010100 | B021078 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 04713 | SDS358K |
| Q474 | 151-0615-01 | B021079 |  | TRANSISTOR:2N6558,SCREENED | 80009 | 151-0615-01 |
| Q476 | 151-0192-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MPS652 | 04713 | SPS8801 |
| Q520 | 151-1042-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:MATCHED PAIR FET | 01295 | SKA5390 |
| Q530 | 151-0216-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS8803 |
| Q534 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q545 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q558 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q558 | ---- |  |  | (Q558, OPTION 4 AND OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| Q562 | 151-0190-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | S032677 |
| Q570 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q580 | 151-0406-00 | B010100 | B021078 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | OBD |
| Q580 | 151-0406-02 | B021079 |  | TRANSISTOR:SGC7282,SCREENED | 04713 | ST1264H |
| Q590 | 151-0407-00 | B010100 | B021078 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 04713 | SS2456 |
| Q590 | 151-0407-01 | B021079 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0407-01 |
| Q630 | 151-0216-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS8803 |
| Q634 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 04713 | SPS6868K |
| Q810 | 151-0136-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 02735 | 35495 |
| Q814 | 151-0134-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 151-0134-00 |



| Ckt No. | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. |  | Name \& Description | Mfr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Part No. | Eff | Dscont |  | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| R114 | 321-0481-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1M OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 24546 | NA4D1004F |
| R116 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES,,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R118 | 315-0132-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R120 | 315-0432-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4325 |
| R123 | 321-0118-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:165 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G165R0F |
| R124 | 321-0193-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G10000F |
| R125 | 311-2001-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:PNL,2.5K OHM, $20 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | 73M4G04L252T |
| R130 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.5K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R132 | 315-0161-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: $160 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1615 |
| R133 | 315-0102-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R134 | 315-0392-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.9K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R134 | --- -- |  |  | (R134, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R135 | 321-0289-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:10K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G10001F |
| R135 | --------- |  |  | (R135, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R136 | 321-0265-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:5.62K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G56200F |
| R136 | --.-. --.-- |  |  | (R136, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R142 | 315-0151-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 150 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1515 |
| R144 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R147 | 311-1958-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:PANEL, 1 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | WP1G032S102UZ |
| R149 | 321-0213-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.62K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G16200F |
| R150 | 321-0175-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:649 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G649R0F |
| R151 | 321-0231-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.49K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24900F |
| R153 | 315-0622-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:6.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6225 |
| R154 | 315-0684-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:680K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6845 |
| R155 | 315-0472-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4725 |
| R156 | 315-0202-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2025 |
| R160 | 315-0302-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R172 | 315-0302-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R173 | 315-0331-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 330 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R174 | 308-0348-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,WW:3.32K OHM,1\%,3W | 91637 | RS2B-833200F |
| R176 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R178 | 323-0347-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:40.2K OHM, $1 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CECT0-4022F |
| R194 | 315-0270-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2705 |
| R196 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R197 | 315-0471-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: $470 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R198 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R210 | 321-0891-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:800K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G80002F |
| R210 | --------- |  |  | (R210, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| R212 | 321-0423-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:249K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G24902F |
| R212 | --------- |  |  | (R212, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| R214 | 321-0481-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1M OHM,1\%,0.125W | 24546 | NA4D1004F |
| R216 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R218 | 315-0132-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.3K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R220 | 315-0432-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM;5\%,0.25W | 01121 | C84325 |
| R224 | 321-0193-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 1 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G10000F |
| R230 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.5K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R233 | 315-0102-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R242 | 315-0151-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 150 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1515 |
| R244 | 315-0752-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:7.5K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB7525 |
| R251 | 321-0231-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.49K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24900F |
| R260 | 315-0302-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R272 | 315-0302-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R273 | 315-0331-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:330 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R274 | 308-0348-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,WW:3.32K OHM,1\%,3W | 91637 | RS2B-B33200F |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. <br> Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R276 | 315-0100-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R277 | 308-0507-00 |  | RES.,FXD, WW:1K OHM, $1 \%, 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | RS2B-B10000F |
| R278 | 323-0347-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:40.2K ОНM, $1 \%$, 0.50 W | 75042 | СЕСТ0-4022F |
| R305 | 315-0470-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R310 | 321-0891-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:800K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G80002F |
| R310 | -- |  | (R310, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| R312 | 321-0423-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:249K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24902F |
| R312 | ------- |  | (R312, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| R314 | 321-0481-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1M OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 24546 | NA4D1004F |
| R316 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R318 | 315-0132-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1.3 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R320 | 315-0432-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4325 |
| R323 | 321-0118-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 165 ОНM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G165ROF |
| R324 | 321-0193-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G10000F |
| R325 | 311-2001-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:PNL,2.5K OHM,20\%,0.5W | 01121 | 73M4G04L252T |
| R330 | 315-0152-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1.5 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R332 | 315-0161-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 160 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1615 |
| R333 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R342 | 315-0151-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 150 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1515 |
| R344 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R347 | 311-1958-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:PANEL, 1 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | WP1G032S102UZ |
| R349 | 321-0213-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.62K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G16200F |
| R350 | 321-0175-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 649 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G649R0F |
| R351 | 321-0231-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 2.49 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G24900F |
| R353 | 315-0622-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 6.2 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6225 |
| R354 | 315-0684-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:680K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | C86845 |
| R355 | 315-0472-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4725 |
| R356 | 315-0202-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2025 |
| R360 | 315-0302-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R361 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R372 | 315-0302-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R373 | 315-0331-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:330 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R374 | 308-0348-00 |  | RES.,FXD, WW:3.32K OHM, $1 \%, 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | RS2B-B33200F |
| R376 | 315-0100-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R378 | 323-0347-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:40.2K OHM, $1 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CECT0-4022F |
| R394 | 315-0270-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2705 |
| R396 | 315-0100-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R397 | 315-0474-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R398 | 315-0100-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R410 | 321-0891-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:800K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G80002F |
| R410 | --- |  | (R410, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| R412 | 321-0423-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:249K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24902F |
| R412 | -- |  | (R412, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| R414 | 321-0481-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1M OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 24546 | NA4D1004F |
| R416 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R418 | 315-0132-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1.3 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R420 | 315-0432-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C84325 |
| R424 | 321-0193-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 W$ | 91637 | MFF1816G10000F |
| R430 | 315-0152-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1.5 K ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R433 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R435 | 315-0132-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1.3 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R435 | --- |  | (R435, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R436 | 315-0123-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 12 K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1235 |
| R436 | -- |  | (R436, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R442 | 315-0151-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 150 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1515 |
| R444 | 315-0752-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:7.5K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB7525 |
| R451 | 321-0231-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM 2.49 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G24900F |
| R460 | 315-0302-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R461 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0. 25 W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R472 | 315-0302-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R473 | 315-0331-00 |  | RES.,FXD.CMPSN:330 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R474 | 308-0348-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:3.32K OHM,1\%,3W | 91637 | RS2B-B33200F |
| R476 | 315-0100-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R477 | 308-0507-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:1K OHM, $1 \%$,3W | 91637 | RS2B-B10000F |
| R478 | 323-0347-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:40.2K ОНM, $1 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CECT0-4022F |
| R512 | 301-0361-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:360 ОНM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB3615 |
| R514 | 321-0481-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1M OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 24546 | NA4D1004F |
| R516 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R518 | 315-0392-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.9K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R520 | 321-0193-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G10000F |
| R523 | 321-0120-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FLLM:174 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G174ROF |
| R525 | 311-1563-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR: 1 K OHM, $20 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 73138 | 91-85-0 |
| R530 | 315-0202-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2025 |
| R534 | 321-0218-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.82K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G18200F |
| R538 | 315-0184-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 180 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1845 |
| R539 | 315-0181-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 180 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1815 |
| R540 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R543 | 321-0183-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:787 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G787ROF |
| R544 | 311-1958-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR ${ }^{\text {PANEL, }} \mathbf{1}$ K OHM, $10 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | WP1G032S102UZ |
| R545 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R546 | 315-0200-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:20 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2005 |
| R548 | 315-0100-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R551 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R551 | ----. ---- |  | (R551, OPTION 4 AND OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| R552 | 315-0241-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 240 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R552 | ---- |  | (R552, OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| R553 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R553 | ---- |  | (R553, OPTION 4 AND OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| R554 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R555 | 315-0202-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2025 |
| R556 | 315-0242-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.4K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2425 |
| R557 | 315-0823-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:82K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB8235 |
| R560 | 311-1563-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR: 1 K OHM, $20 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 73138 | 91-85-0 |
| R564 | 315-0270-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2705 |
| R570 | 315-0160-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 16 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1605 |
| R572 | 315-0124-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 120 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1245 |
| R573 | 315-0561-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 560 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R580 | 315-0362-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.6K OHM; $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3625 |
| R582 | 315-0473-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47K ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4735 |
| R584 | 315-0751-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 750 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R587 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R590 | 315-0220-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 22 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2205 |
| R591 | 323-0303-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 14 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CECTO-1402F |
| R614 | 321-0481-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1M OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 24546 | NA4D1004F |
| R616 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R618 | 315-0392-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.9K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R620 | 321-0193-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G10000F |
| R630 | 315-0202-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2025 |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. |  | Name \& Description | MfrCode | Mfr Part Number |
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|  |  | Eff | Dscont |  |  |  |
| R634 | 315-0182-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.8K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R639 | 315-0181-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 180 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1815 |
| R650 | 315-0562-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.6K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB5625 |
| R651 | 315-0822-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:8.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8225 |
| R652 | 315-0911-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:910 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9115 |
| R810 | 315-0470-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 47 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R811 | 307-0051-00 | B010100 | B019999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.7 OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB27G5 |
| R811 | 301-0330-00 | B020000 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:33 OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB3305 |
| R812 | 315-0471-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 470 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R814 | 315-0472-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4725 |
| R816 | 308-0679-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, WW:0.51 OHM, 5\%,2W | 75042 | BWH-R5100J |
| R818 | 308-0679-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,WW:0.51 OHM, $5 \%, 2 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | BWH-R5100J |
| R819 | 315-0151-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 150 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1515 |
| R820 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R822 | 315-0392-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.9K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R824 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R826 | 315-0471-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R830 | 315-0162-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1.6 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1625 |
| R831 | 315-0101-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0. 25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R832 | 315-0223-00 | B010100 | B019999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:22K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2235 |
| R832 | 315-0104-00 | B020000 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R833 | 315-0821-00 | B010100 | B019999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:820 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | C88215 |
| R833 | 315-0222-00 | B020000 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R834 | 315-0221-00 | B010100 | B019999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R834 | 315-0101-00 | B020000 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0. 25 W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R836 | 315-0364-00 | B010100 | B019999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:360K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3645 |
| R836 | 315-0226-00 | B020000 |  | RES, FXD,CMPSN:22M OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2265 |
| R837 | 315-0273-00 | B010100 | B019999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R837 | - |  |  | (REFER TO W837) |  |  |
| R839 | 315-0223-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:22K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2235 |
| R841 | 311-1960-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:PANEL,50K OHM , $20 \%, 0.75 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | 73U1G148L503M |
| R844 | 311-1959-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:PANEL,5M OHM,20\%,0.50W | 01121 | WP1G032S505MZ |
| R850 | 307-0051-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.7 OHM, 5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB27G5 |
| R854 | 301-0470-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47 OHM, 5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB4705 |
| R856 | 301-0163-00 | B010100 | B019999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:16K OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB1635 |
| R856 | 301-0822-00 | B020000 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:8.2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB8225 |
| R858 | 301-0470-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47 OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB4705 |
| R860 | 315-0105-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1 M OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1055 |
| R862 | 311-1229-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:15K OHM, $20 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 32997 | 3386F-T04-153 |
| R864 | 321-0344-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 37.4 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G37401F |
| R865 | 301-0123-00 | B010100 | B010532 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:12K OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB1235 |
| R865 | 301-0822-00 | B010533 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 8.2 K OHM,5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB8225 |
| R866 | 315-0471-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R867 | 321-0376-00 | B010100 | B010532 | RES.,FXD,FILM: 80.6 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G80601F |
| R867 | 321-0382-00 | B010533 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 93.1 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G93101F |
| R868 | 315-0182-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1.8 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R872 | 301-0472-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.7K OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB4725 |
| R874 | 315-0102-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 1 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R876 | 315-0226-00 |  |  | RES, FXX,CMPSN:22M OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2265 |
| R878 | 316-0101-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1011 |
| R879 | 316-0101-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1011 |
| R880 | 301-0221-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 220 OHM,5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB2215 |
| R890 | 315-0470-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R893 | 303-0330-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 33 OHM,5\%,1W | 01121 | GB3305 |


|  | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. |  | Mfr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| R895 | 307-0057-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.1 OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB51G5 |
| R896 | 315-0471-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R897 | 315-0331-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 330 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R898 | 308-0127-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:2.5K OHM,5\%,5W | 91637 | CW5-25000J |
| R900 | 323-0385-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 100 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CECT0-1003F |
| R901 | 321-0306-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:15K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G15001F |
| R902 | 315-0471-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R903 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM, 5\%,0. 25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R904 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM,5\%,0. 25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R905 | 315-0202-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2025 |
| R907 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM,5\%,0. 25 W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R910 | 315-0471-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R911 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R917 | 321-0222-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G20000F |
| R918 | 311-1563-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:1K OHM, $20 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 73138 | 91-85-0 |
| R919 | 321-0277-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:7.5K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G75000F |
| R920 | 307-0572-00 |  | RES NTWK,FXD FI:HIGH VOLTAGE DIVIDER | 80009 | 307-0572-00 |
| R921 | 315-0824-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:820K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB8245 |
| R937 | 315-0153-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:15K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | . 01121 | CB1535 |
| R939 | 316-0471-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4711 |
| R942 | 315-0562-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.6K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5625 |
| R943 | 311-1556-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:50K OHM,20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91-78-0 |
| R944 | 316-0471-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4711 |
| R946 | 316-0471-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 470 OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4711 |
| R947 | 301-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB1015 |
| R949 | 311-1484-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:PNL, 2.5K OHM, 1W | 01121 | 11M110 |
| R954 | 308-0767-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:1.1 OHM,5\%,1W | 75042 | BW20-1R100J |
| R955 | 308-0079-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:117 OHM,5\%,5W | 91637 | RS5-K117ROJ |
| R957 | 321-0232-00 |  | RES,.FXD,FILM:2.55K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G25500F |
| R958 | 311-1564-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:TRMR,500 OHM, 0.5 W | 73138 | 91-86-0 |
| R959 | 321-0213-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.62K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G16200F |
| R961 | 315-0331-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:330 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R962 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R963 | 315-0202-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | C82025 |
| R965 | 315-0471-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:470 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | C84715 |
| R967 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | C81015 |
| R968 | 321-0184-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 806 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G806R0F |
| R970 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R972 | 315-0432-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4325 |
| R973 | 301-0303-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:30K OHM,5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB3035 |
| R975 | 308-0686-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:2.2 OHM,5\%,2W | 75042 | BWH-2R200J |
| R976 | 308-0079-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:117 OHM,5\%,5W | 91637 | RS5-K117ROJ |
| R978 | 321-0779-03 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:7.020K OHM, $0.25 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816D70200C |
| R979 | 321-0274-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:6.98K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G69800F |
| R981 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM,5\%,0. 25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R983 | 315-0221-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R985 | 315-0682-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 6.8 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6825 |
| R987 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0. 25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R988 | 315-0182-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.8K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R990 | 315-0681-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:680 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6815 |
| R991 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R993 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R994 | 315-0391-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:390 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | С83915 |
| R995 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Serial/M } \\ & \text { Eff } \end{aligned}$ | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mfr } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R1015 | 315-0681-00 | B010100 | B010862 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:680 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6815 |
| R1015 R1015 | 301-0392-00 |  |  | (R1015, OPTION 20 ONLY) RES FXD CMPSN. 3 OK |  |  |
| R1015 | ---------20-00 | B010863 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.9K OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ (R1015, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 01121 | EB3925 |
| R1016 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R1016 | -------- |  |  | (R1016, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1017 | 315-0222-00 | B010863 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W |  | CB2225 |
| R1017 | $\cdots-1-1-1$ |  |  | (R1017, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1018 | 315-0681-00 | B010863 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 680 OHM,5\%,0.25W (R1018, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 01121 | CB6815 |
| R1018 R1020 | --------- |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1020 R1020 | 308-0298-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,WW: 560 ОНм, $5 \%, 3 \mathrm{~W}$ (R1020, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 91637 | CW2B-B560R0J |
| R1020 R1021 | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1021 | 308-0078-00 | B010100 | B010682 | RES.,FXD,WW:70 OHM,5\%,5W (R1021, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 63743 | 7686 |
| R1021 | --------- |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1021 | 308-0218-00 | B010683 | B010862 | RES.,FXD,WW: 150 OHM,5\%,3W (R1021, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 00213 | 1240S-150-5 |
| R1021 | 308-0078-00 | B010863 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:70 OHM,5\%,5W (R1021, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 63743 | 7686 |
| R1021 | --------- |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1025 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W (R1025, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R1025 | -- |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1055 | 315-0681-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:680 OHM,5\%,0.25W (R1055, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 01121 | CB6815 |
| R1055 | ------- |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1056 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W (R1056, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R1056 | --- |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1075 | 308-0298-00 | B010100 | B010862 | RES.,FXD,WW:560 OHM, $5 \%, 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | CW2B-B560ROJ |
| R1075 | ---- |  |  | (R1075, OPTION 20 ONLY)RES.,FXD,WW:300 OHM, $5 \%$, 3 W |  |  |
| R1075 | 308-0076-00 | B010863 |  |  | 14193 | SA30300 OHM 5\% |
| R1075 | ---- |  |  | (R1075, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1076 | 315-0332-00 | B010863 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.3K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$(R1076, OPTION 20 ONLY) | 01121 | CB3325 |
| R1076 | ---- |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1110 | 315-0242-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.4K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2425 |
| R1110 | -- |  |  | (R1110, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1112 | 315-0101-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0. 25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R1112 | -- |  |  | (R1112, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1114 | 315-0682-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:6.8K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$(R1114, OPTION 4 ONLY) | 01121 | CB6825 |
| R1114 | --- |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1116 | 315-0223-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:22K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2235 |
| R1116 | ---- |  |  | (R1116, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R1122}$ | 315-0223-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:22K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2235 |
| R1122 | --- -- |  |  | (R1122, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1123 | 315-0122-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R1123 | --- |  |  | (R1123, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1125 | 315-0333-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:33K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3335 |
| R1125 | -- |  |  | (R1125, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1130 | 311-0949-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:2K OHM, 10\%,0.50W | 01121 | WA1G040S202UA |
| R1130 | ---- |  |  | (R1130, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1134 | 311-0607-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR: 10 K OHM, 10\%,0.50W | 73138 | 82-25-2 |
| R1134 | - |  |  | (R1134, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1140 | 315-0332-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 3.3 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3325 |
| R1147 | 311-0443-00 |  |  | (R1140, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1147 | 311-0443-00 |  |  | (R1147, OPTION 4 ONLY) | 11237 | 300SF-41330 |
| R1148 | 315-0201-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:200 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2015 |
| R1148 | - |  |  | (R1148, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |


|  | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. |  | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff | Dscont |  |  |  |
| R1151 | 321-0356-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:49.9K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G49901F |
| R1151 | ------- |  |  | (R1151, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1153 | 321-0452-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:499K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G49902F |
| R1153 | ------ |  |  | (R1153, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1155 | 307-0381-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:4.99M OHM, $1 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 03888 | FLYZ $4.99 \mathrm{M}+/$-1\% |
| R1155 | ---------- |  |  | (R1155, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1162 | 315-0273-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R1162 | --------- |  |  | (R1162, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1164 | 315-0562-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.6K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5625 |
| R1164 | --- |  |  | (R1164, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1165 | 315-0681-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: $680 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6815 |
| R1165 | -------- |  |  | (R1165, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1180 | 321-0251-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:4.02K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G40200F |
| R1180 | --- |  |  | (R1180, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1182 | 315-0122-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R1182 | ------ |  |  | (R1182, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1183 | 315-0511-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:510 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5115 |
| R1183 | ------ |  |  | (R1183, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1184 | 311-1261-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR: 500 OHM, 10\%,0.50W | 32997 | 3329P-L58-501 |
| R1184 | ------ |  |  | (R1184, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1186 | 321-0251-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:4.02K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G40200F |
| R1186 | ----- |  |  | (R1186, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1192 | 301-0241-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:240 OHM,5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB2415 |
| R1192 | ---- |  |  | (R1192, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| R1197 | 301-0241-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:240 OHM,5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB2415 |
| R1197 | ---- |  |  | (R1197, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| S110 | 260-1811-00 |  |  | SWITCH,SLIDE:DPDT,0.5 A,125VAC-DC | 82389 | C5B206L2 |
| S110 | -------- |  |  | (S110, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| S210 | 260-1811-00 |  |  | SWITCH,SLIDE:DPDT,0.5 A,125VAC-DC | 82389 | C5B206L2 |
| S210 | --- ---> |  |  | (S210, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| S310 | 260-1811-00 |  |  | SWITCH,SLIDE:DPDT,0.5 A,125VAC-DC | 82389 | C5B206L2 |
| S310 | --- |  |  | (S310, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| S410 | 260-1811-00 |  |  | SWITCH,SLIDE:DPDT,0.5 A,125VAC-DC | 82389 | C5B206L2 |
| S410 | ---- |  |  | (S410, OPTION 22 ONLY) |  |  |
| S434 | 260-1811-00 |  |  | SWITCH,SLIDE:DPDT,0.5 A,125VAC-DC | 82389 | C5B206L2 |
| S950 | 260-0413-00 |  |  | SW,THERMOSTATIC:10A,240V | 73803 | 20700L63-253 |
| S960 | 260-1849-02 | B010100 | B021864 | SWITCH,PUSH:DPDT,4A,250VAC,W/BRACKET | 80009 | 260-1849-02 |
| S960 | 260-2047-00 | B021865 |  | SWITCH,PUSH:DPST,4A,250V | 31918 | 601805 |
| S1140 | 260-0960-01 |  |  | SWITCH,SLIDE:0.5A,120VDC,CKT BD MT | 10389 | 23-021-043 |
| S1140 | --- |  |  | (S1140, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| S1150 | 105-0389-00 |  |  | ACTR ASSY,CAM S:TIMING | 80009 | 105-0389-00 |
| \$1150 | --- -- |  |  | (S1150, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T950 | 120-1133-00 |  |  | XFMR,PWR,STPDN: | 80009 | 120-1133-00 |
| T850 | 120-1187-00 |  |  | XFMR,PWR,SDN \& SU:HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 120-1187-00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U550 | 156-0382-02 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,DI:QUAD 2-INP NAND GATE | 01295 | SN74LS00 |
| U550 | --- |  |  | (U550, OPTION 4 AND OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| U832 | 156-0067-00 | B010100 | B021109 | MICROCIRCUIT,LI:OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER | 01295 | MICROA741CP |
| U832 | 156-0067-01 | B021110 |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI:OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER,CHK | 80009 | 156-0067-01 |
| U885 | 152-0703-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:HV MULTR,SI,7.5KVAC,15KVDC | 52306 | CMX426 |
| U905 | 156-0067-00 | B010100 | B021109 | MICROCIRCUIT,LI:OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER | 01295 | MICROA741CP |
| U905 | 156-0067-01 | B021110 |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI:OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER,CHK | 80009 | 156-0067-01 |


|  |  | Serial/Model No. |  | Mfr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| 01140 | 155-0055-00 |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI:MONOLITHIC,TRIG AND SWEEP | 80009 | 155-0055-00 |
| U1140 | ----- ----- |  | (U1140, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| V950 | 154-0787-00 |  | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT,T6080-31,W/0 GRATICULE | 80009 | 154-0787-00 |
| V950 | 154-0787-03 | B021200 | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT,T6080-07,W/O GRATICULE | 80009 | 154-0787-03 |
| V950 | -- |  | (OPTION 76 ONLY) |  |  |
| V950 | 154-0787-04 | B021200 | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT, T6080-11,W/O GRATICULE | 80009 | 154-0787-04 |
| V950 | --------- |  | (OPTION 78 ONLY) |  |  |
| V950 | 154-0787-39 |  | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT,T6080-39,W/O GRATICULE | 80009 | 154-0787-39 |
| V950 | --------- |  | (OPTION 40 ONLY) |  |  |
| V950 | 154.0786-00 |  | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT,T6080-30-1,W/GRATICULE | 80009 | 154-0786-00 |
| v950 | --------- |  | (OPTION 1 ONLY) |  |  |
| V950 | 154-0786-03 | B021200 | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT,T6080-07-1,W/GRATICULE | 80009 | 154-0786-03 |
| V950 | ----- ---- |  | (OPTION 1,76 ONLY) |  |  |
| V950 | 154-0786-39 |  | ELECTRON TUBE:CRT,T6080-39-1,W/GRATICULE | 80009 | 154-0786-39 |
| v950 | ---------- |  | (OPTION 1,40 ONLY) |  |  |
| VR434 | 152-0149-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,10V,5\% | 04713 | SZG35009K3 |
| VR434 | ----- -- |  | (VR434, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| VR530 | 152-0226-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W, $5.1 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%$ | 14552 | TD3810980 |
| VR540 | 152-0280-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER, $0.4 \mathrm{~W}, 6.2 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%$ | 80009 | 152-0280-00 |
| VR583 | 152-0282-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER, $0.4 \mathrm{~W}, 30 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%$ | 14552 | 1 N 9728 |
| VR584 | 152-0282-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER, $0.4 \mathrm{~W}, 30 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%$ | 14552 | 1 N 972 B |
| VR660 | 152-0149-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,10V,5\% | 04713 | SZG35009K3 |
| VR660 | -- |  | (VR660, OPTION 4 AND OPTION 25 ONLY) |  |  |
| VR819 | 152-0243-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,15V,5\% | 14552 | TD3810983 |
| VR822 | 152-0282-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER, $0.4 \mathrm{~W}, 30 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%$ | 14552 | 1N972B |
| VR938 | 152-0241-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER, $0.4 \mathrm{~W}, 33 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%$ | 04713 | SZG35009K5 |
| YR968 | 152-0212-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER, $0.5 \mathrm{~W}, 9 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%$ | 04713 | SZ50646RL |
| ,R1015 | 152-0147-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W, 27V,5\% | 04713 | SZ50622KRL |
| VR1015 | -- |  | (VR1015, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| VR1020 | 152-0520-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,1W,12V,5\% | 15238 | Z6033 |
| VR1020 | ---------7 |  | (VR1020, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| VR1055 | 152-0147-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,27V,5\% | 04713 | SZ50622KRL |
| VR1055 | --------- |  | (VR1055, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| VR1057 | 290-0512-00 | B010863 | CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:22UF,20\%,15V | 56289 | 1960226X0015KA1 |
| VR1057 | ---------- |  | (VR1057, OPTION 20 ONLY) |  |  |
| VR1192 | 152-0217-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,8.2V,5\% | 04713 | SZG20 |
| VR1192 | ------- |  | (VR1192, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| VR1197 | 152-0217-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER, $0.4 \mathrm{~W}, 8.2 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%$ | 04713 | SZG20 |
| VR1197 | --- --.- |  | (VR1197, OPTION 4 ONLY) |  |  |
| W837 | 131-0566-00 |  | BUS CONDUCTOR:DUMMY RES,2.375,22 AWG | 57668 | JWW-0200E0 |
| W837 | -------.- |  | (LOCATED AT R837) |  |  |

## DIAGRAMS AND CIRCUIT BOARD ILLUSTRATIONS

## Symbols and Reference Designators

Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise:

Capacitors $=\quad$| Values one or greater are in picofarads $(\mathrm{pF})$. |
| :--- |
| Values less than one are in microfarads $(\mu \mathrm{F})$. |

Resistors $=\operatorname{Ohms}(\Omega)$.

Symbols used on the diagrams are based on ANSI Standard Y32.2-1975.
Logic symbology is based on ANSI Y32.14-1973 in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

The following prefix letters are used as reference designators to identify components or assemblies on the diagrams.

| A | Assembly, separable or repair- <br> able (circult board, etc.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| AT | Attenuator, fixed or variable |
| B | Motor |
| BT | Battery |
| C | Capacitor, fixed or varlable |
| CB | Circult breaker |
| CR | Dlode, signal or rectifier |
| DL | Delay line |
| DS | Indleating device (lamp) |
| E | Spark Gap |
| F | Fuse |
| FL | Filter |


| H | Heat dissipating device (heat <br> sInk, heat radiator, etc.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| HR | Heater |
| HY | Hybrid circuit |
| J | Connector, stationary portion |
| K | Relay |
| L | Inductor, fixed or variable |
| LR | Inductor/resistor combination |
| M | Meter |
| P | Connector, movable portion |
| Q | Transistor or silicon-controlled |
| rectifier |  |
| R | Resistor, fixed or varlable |


| RT | Thermistor |
| :--- | :--- |
| S | Switch |
| T | Transformer |
| TC | Thermocouple |
| TP | Test point |
| U | Assembly, Inseparable or non- |
|  | repalrable (Integrated circult, |
|  | etc.) |
| V | Electron tube |
| VR | Voltage regulator (zener diode, |
|  | etc.) |
| Y | Crystal |
| Z | Phase shifter |

The following special symbols are used on the diagrams:




Figure 9-3. A1-Vertical (Y) Amplifier component and waveform test point location

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CKT} \\ & \mathrm{NO} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { GRID }}{\text { COORD }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { GRID }}{\text { COORD }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C110 | 3 F | CR118 | 4 H | 0350 | 2 B | R214 | 4 H | R394 | 4 E |
| C112 | 3 F | CR130 | 2 H | 0360 | 1 C | R215 | 4 H | R396 | 3D |
| C116 | 4 G | CR156 | 21 | 0374 | 18 | R216 | 4 H | R397 | 4A |
| C122 | $3{ }^{\text {3 }}$ | CR163 | 2 G | 0376 | 18 | R218 | 4 H | R398 | 3 A |
| C123 | 3 H | CR164 | 2 G | 0430 | 30 | R220 | 3H | R410 | 4 D |
| C132 | 31 | CR174 | 1 F | 0440 | ${ }^{38}$ | R224 | 3H | R412 | 4 D |
| C137 | 2 G | CR218 | 4H | 0460 | 10 | R230 | 2 H | R414 | 4 D |
| C138 | 2 H | CR230 | 3H | 0474 | 1 E | R233 | 2 H | R415 | 4 D |
| C142 | 2 F | CR263 | 2 H | 0476 | 1 E | R242 | 2 F | R416 | 4 D |
| C153 | 16 | CR264 | 1 H |  |  | R244 | 3 F | R418 | 4 D |
| C154 | 1 G | CR274 | 11 | R105 | $4{ }^{4}$ | R251 | 2 H | R420 | 3 D |
| C172 | 1 F | CR318 | ${ }^{4 C}$ | R110 | 3 F | R260 | ${ }^{1+}$ | R424 | 3 D |
| C178 | 1 F | Спззо | 3c | R112 | 3 F | R272 | 21 | R430 | 2 D |
| C194 | 1 F | CR356 | 2 B | R114 | 4 G | R273 | 11 | R433 | 2 D |
| C196 | 3 G | CR363 | 2 D | R115 | 46 | R274 | 1 H | R435 | 28 |
| C197 | 4 A | CR364 | 10 | R116 | 4 G | R276 | 1 H | R436 | 28 |
| C198 | 3 G | CR374 | 1 C | R118 | 4 G | R277 | 2 G | R442 | 38 |
| c210 | 31 | CR418 | 40 | R120 | 3 G | R278 | $1{ }^{\text {H }}$ | R444 | 38 |
| C212 | 4 H | CR430 | 30 | R123 | 3H | R305 | 48 | R451 | 10 |
| C216 | $4{ }^{4}$ | CR463 | 2D | R124 | $4{ }^{4}$ | R310 | 38 | R460 | 1 E |
| ${ }^{\text {c242 }}$ | 2 F | CR464 | 1 D | $\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{R} 125}$ | $3{ }^{3 H}$ | R312 | 4 C | R461 | 2 D |
| C244 | 2 F | CR474 | 1 E | R130 | 36 | R314 | 4 C | R472 | 1 E |
| C272 | 21 |  |  | R132 | 31 | R315 | 4 C | R473 | 1 E |
| C278 | $1{ }^{1}$ | J100 | 4 F | R133 | 2 G | R316 | 4 C | R474 | 10 |
| C310 | 3 C |  |  | R134 | 21 | R318 | ${ }^{46}$ | R476 | 10 |
| c312 | 4 C | P110 | 4 F | R135 | 21 | R320 | 3c | R477 | 2 D |
| c316 | 4 C | P200 | 3A | R136 | 11 | R323 | 30 | R478 | 1 D |
| C323 | 3c | P210 | 41 | R142 | 2 F | R324 | 3c |  |  |
| с332 | 3 D | P310 | 4B | R144 | 2 F | R325 | 2 D | S110 | 3 F |
| C338 | 2 D | P410 | 4 E | R150 | 21 | Rз30 | 3 C | S210 | 4 H |
| C342 | 38 |  |  | R151 | 1 G | R332 | 3 D | 5310 | 38 |
| c353 | 10 | 0120 | 3H | R153 | $1{ }^{1}$ | пззз | зс | S410 | 3 E |
| C354 | $1{ }^{10}$ | 0130 | 3 G | R154 | $1{ }^{16}$ | R342 | 38 | S434 | 2 C |
| C372 | 28 | 0134 | 21 | R155 | 21 | R344 | 3 C |  |  |
| c378 | 1 C | 0140 | 2 F | R156 | 21 | R350 | 28 | VR434 | 2 C |
| C394 | 1 E | 0150 | 2 H | R160 | 1 G | R351 | ${ }^{16}$ |  |  |
| C396 | $3{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0160 | 1 G | R172 | 1 F | R353 | 1 C | w110 | 3F |
| c397 | 48 | 0174 | 1 F | R173 | 1 F | R354 | 1 c | W210 | 3H |
| C398 | 3 A | 0176 | 1 F | R174 | 16 | R355 | 28 | W310 | 38 |
| C410 | 3 D | 0230 | 2 H | R176 | 1 F | R356 | 28 | w330 | 2 C |
| C412 | 4 D | 0240 | 2 F | R178 | 16 | R360 | 18 | W410 | 4 E |
| C416 | 40 | 0260 | ${ }^{1+}$ | R194 | 2 G | R361 | 1 C | w430 | 2 C |
| C442 | 2 B | 0274 | , | R196 | 3 G | R372 | 18 |  |  |
| C444 | зв | 0276 | 11 | R197 | 4 A | R373 | 18 |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {c472 }}$ | 1 E | 0320 | 3 C | R198 | 4 G | R374 | ${ }^{16}$ |  |  |
| C478 | 10 | 0330 | 3c | R210 | 3 | R376 | 1 C |  |  |
|  |  | 0340 | 38 | R212 | 4 H | R378 | 1 C |  |  |


| Assembly | Location of Complete or Partial Board on Diagrams |
| :---: | :---: |
| A1-Deflection Amplifier Board | Diag. (1) (2) (5) (3) |
| A2-z-Axis Amplifier Board | Diag. (1) (2) (3) (5) (8) |
| A3-Sweep Board | Diag. (4) (8) |
| A4-High Voltage Power Supply Board | Diag. (5) ${ }^{(8)}$ |
| A5-Low Voltage Power Supply Board |  |
| A6-Option 20 Power Supply Board | Diag. 8 |

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## NOTE

The test equipment used to obtain the voltages and waveforms is listed in Table 6-2, Test Equipment
Voltage Conditions. The dc voltages indicated on the schematic diagrams were obtained with a digital multimeter and with no test signal input. The 624 INTENSITY and Position controls were set for a barely visible spot positioned at near center screen.

Waveform Conditions. The following waveforms were monitored with a test oscilloscope and a 10X probe. A 1 -volt peak-to-peak 50 -kilohertz, sinewave was applied to the $624+Y$ input connector with the vertical position control centered. The Y GAIN control was adjusted to provide 8 divisions of deflection with a 1 -volt input. Test oscilloscope deflection factor and sweep rate settings appear on the waveform illustrations.




| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CKT } \\ \text { NO } \end{array}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { CKT } \\ \text { NO } \end{array}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C110 | 3 F | CR118 | 4 H | 0350 | 2 B | R214 | ${ }^{4}$ | R394 | 4 E |
| C112 | 3 F | CR130 | 2 H | 0360 | 1 C | R215 | 4 H | R396 | 30 |
| C116 | 4 G | CR156 | 21 | 0374 | 18 | R216 | 4 H | R397 | 4A |
| C122 | 3H | CR163 | 2 G | 0376 | 18 | R218 | 4 H | R398 | 3A |
| C123 | з | CR164 | 2 G | 0430 | 30 | R220 | 3 H | R410 | 4 D |
| C132 | 3 | CR174 | 1 F | 0440 | зв | R224 | 3H | R412 | 4 D |
| C137 | 2 G | CR218 | 4H | 0460 | 1 D | R230 | 2 H | R414 | 4 D |
| C138 | 2 H | CR230 | 3H | 0474 | 1 E | R233 | 2 H | R415 | 40 |
| C142 | 2 F | CR263 | 2 H | 0476 | 1 E | R242 | 2 F | R416 | 4 D |
| C153 | 1 G | CR264 | 1 H |  |  | R244 | 3 F | R418 | 4 D |
| C154 | 16 | CR274 | 11 | R105 | 4H | R251 | 2 H | R420 | 30 |
| C172 | 1 F | CR318 | 4 C | R110 | 3 F | R260 | $1{ }^{1}$ | R424 | 30 |
| C178 | 1 F | CR330 | 3 C | R112 | 3 F | R272 | 21 | R430 | 20 |
| C194 | 1 F | CR356 | 28 | R114 | 4 G | R273 | 11 | R433 | 2 D |
| C196 | 3 G | CR363 | 20 | R115 | 4 G | R274 | $1{ }^{1}$ | R435 | 28 |
| C197 | 4 A | CR364 | 10 | R116 | 4 G | R276 | ${ }^{1+}$ | R436 | 28 |
| C198 | 36 | CR374 | 1 C | R118 | 46 | R277 | 2 G | R442 | зв |
| C210 | 31 | CR418 | 4 D | R120 | 3 G | R278 | $1{ }^{1}$ | R444 | 38 |
| C212 | 4 H | CR430 | 30 | R123 | 3H | R305 | 48 | R451 | 10 |
| C216 | 4 H | CR463 | 2 D | R124 | 4 H | R310 | 3B | R460 | 1 E |
| C242 | 2 F | CR464 | 10 | R125 | ${ }^{3 H}$ | R312 | 4 C | R461 | 20 |
| C244 | 2 F | CR474 | 1 E | R130 | 3 G | R314 | 4 C | R472 | 1 E |
| C272 | 21 |  |  | R132 | 3 | R315 | 4 C | R473 | 1 E |
| C278 | 1 H | J100 | 4 F | ${ }^{\text {R133 }}$ | ${ }^{26}$ | R316 | 4 C | R474 | 10 |
| C310 | 3 C |  |  | R134 | 21 | R318 | 4 C | R476 | 10 |
| C312 | 4 C | P110 | 4 F | R135 | 21 | R320 | 3 C | R477 | 2 D |
| ${ }^{\text {c } 316}$ | 4 C | $\mathrm{P}^{200}$ | 3 A | R136 | 11 | ${ }^{\text {R } 323}$ | ${ }^{30}$ | R478 | 10 |
| ${ }^{\text {c } 323}$ | 3 C | P210 | 41 | R142 | $2 F$ | R324 | 3 C |  |  |
| с332 | 3 D | P310 | 48 | R144 | 2 F | R325 | 2 D | S110 | 3 F |
| с338 | 2 D | P410 | 4 E | R150 | 21 | R330 | 3 C | S210 | 4 H |
| C342 | 38 |  |  | R151 | 16 | R332 | 3 D | 5310 | зв |
| C353 | $1{ }^{10}$ | 0120 | 3H | R153 | $1{ }^{1}$ | R333 | 3 C | 5410 | 3 E |
| C354 | 10 | 0130 | ${ }^{3 G}$ | R154 | $1{ }^{1}$ | R342 | 38 | S434 | 2 C |
| C372 | 2 B | Q134 | 21 | R155 | 21 | R344 | 3 C |  |  |
| с378 | 1 c | Q140 | 2 F | R156 | 21 | R350 | 2 B | VR434 | 2 C |
| с394 | 1 E | Q150 | 2 H | R160 | 1 G | R351 | ${ }^{1 C}$ |  |  |
| С396 | 30 | 0160 | 16 | R172 | 1 F | R353 | 1 C | W110 | 3F |
| C397 | 4 B | 0174 | 1 F | R173 | 1 F | R354 | 1 C | W210 | 3H |
| С398 | 3A | Q176 | 1 F | R174 | 1 G | R355 | 28 | W310 | 38 |
| C410 | 30 | 0230 | 2 H | R176 | 1 F | R356 | 2 B | w330 | 2 C |
| C412 | 4 D | 0240 | 2 F | R178 | 1 G | R360 | 18 | W410 | 4 E |
| ${ }_{6} 416$ | 4 C | 0260 | $1{ }^{1+}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{R} 194}$ | ${ }^{2 G}$ | ${ }^{\mathrm{R} 361}$ | ${ }^{10}$ | W430 | 2 C |
| C442 | 28 | 0274 | 11 | $\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{R} 196}$ | ${ }^{3 G}$ | ${ }^{\text {R } 372}$ | ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |
| C444 | 38 | 0276 | 11 | R197 | 4 A | R373 | 1 B |  |  |
| C472 | 1 E | 0320 | 3 C | R198 | 4 G | R374 | 1 C |  |  |
| C478 | 10 | 0330 | 3 C | R210 | 31 | R376 | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 0340 | 38 | R212 | 4 H | R378 | 1 C |  |  |


| Assembly | Location of Complete <br> or Partial Board <br> on Diagrams |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1-Deflection Amplifier Board | Diag, | (1) (2) (5) (8) |
| A2-z-Axis Amplifier Board | Diag. | (1) (2) (3) (3) (8) |
| A3-Sweep Board | Diag. | (4) (8) |
| A4-High Voltage Power Supply Board | Diag. | (5) (8) |
| A5-Low Voltage Power Supply Board | Diag. | (5) ${ }^{(8)}>$ |
| A6-Option 20 Power Supply Board | Diag. | $\stackrel{ }{ }$ |

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

The test equipment used to obtain the voltages and waveforms is listed in Table 6-2, Test Equipment.
Voltage Conditions. The dc voltages indicated on the schematic diagrams were obtained with a digital multimeter and with no test signal input. The 624 INTENSITY and Position controls were set for a barely visible spot positioned at near center screen.

Waveform Conditions. The following waveforms were monitored with a test oscilloscope and a $10 X$ probe. A 1 -volt peak-to-peak, 50 -kilohertz, sinewave was applied to the $624+X$ input connector with the vertical position control centered. The $X$ GAIN control was adjusted to provide 8 divisions of deflection with a 1 -volt input. Test oscilloscope deflection factor and sweep rate settings appear on the waveform illustrations.


2


3




Figure 9-5. A2-Z-Axis Amplifier component and waveform test point locations.

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { CKT } \\ \text { NO } \end{array}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{CKT} \\ & \mathrm{NO} \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GRID } \\ & \text { COORD } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C516 | 3 E | CR573 | 30 | 0634 | 4 D | R548 | 3 C | R618 | 4 E |
| C523 | 3 E | CR585 | 48 |  |  | R551 | 3 E | R620 | 4 E |
| C530 | 3 E | CR618 | 4 E | R147 | 2 A | R552 | ${ }^{36}$ | R630 | 4 D |
| C531 | 4 E |  |  | R149 | 2 B | R553 | 3 E | R634 | 4 D |
| C538 | 4 D | J500 | 4 G | R347 | 2 A | R554 | 3 E | R639 | 4 D |
| C560 | 4 D |  |  | R349 | 28 | R555 | 3 E | R650 | 4 E |
| c564 | 4 C | P510 | 3 G | R512 | 18 | R556 | 3 E | R651 | 4 E |
| C570 | 2 C | P512 | 4 A | R514 | 3 G | R557 | 3 E | R841 | 2B |
| C574 | ${ }^{3 C}$ | P550 | 3 E | R515 | ${ }^{36}$ | R560 | 4 C | R844 | 3A |
| C580 | 38 | P552 | 3 G | R516 | 3 G | R562 | 4 C |  |  |
| C587 | 3 C | P554 | 18 | R518 | 3 E | R564 | 4 C | TP590 | 4 C |
| C591 | 4 B | P610 | 4 G | R520 | 4 E | R570 | 3 C |  |  |
| C616 | 4 E |  |  | R523 | 4 E | R572 | 30 | U550 | 3 E |
| C630 | 4 E | 0520 | 4 E | R525 | 4 E | R573 | 3 D |  |  |
| c650 | 4 E | 0530 | 3 E | R530 | 3 D | R580 | 3 C | VR530 | 40 |
| C660 | 3 E | 0534 | 3 D | R534 | 3 D | R582 | 38 | VR540 | 30 |
|  |  | 0545 | 30 | R538 | 4 D | R584 | зв | VR583 | 38 |
| CR518 | 3 E | 0558 | 3 E | R539 | 3 D | R587 | 3 C | VR584 | 2B |
| CR540 | 4 D | 0562 | 3C | R540 | 3 D | R590 | 4 C | VR660 | 3 D |
| C 4541 | 4 D | 0570 | 3c | R543 | 3 D | R591 | 48 |  |  |
| CR550 | 36 | 0580 | 48 | R544 | 3 A | R614 | 4 G | w510 | 36 |
| CR551 | 36 | 0590 | 4 C | R545 | 3 D | R615 | 4 G | W610 | 4 G |
| CR564 | 4 C | 0630 | 4 E | R546 | 3 D | R616 | 4 G |  |  |



## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## NOTE

The test equipment used to obtain the voltages and waveforms is listed in Table 6-2, Test Equipment
Voltage Conditions. The dc voltages indicated on the schematic diagrams were obtained with a digital multimeter and with no test signal input. The 624 INTENSITY and Position controls were set for a barely visible spot positioned at near center screen.

Waveform Conditions. The following waveforms were monitored with a test oscilloscope and a 10X probe. A 1 -volt peak-to-peak, 50 -kilohertz, sinewave was applied to the $624+Z$ input connector with the displayed spot positioned off screen (to prevent burning the crt phosphor). The INTENSITY control was set for approximately +35 volts dc as monitored at the Z-Axis Amplifier output TP590. Test oscilloscope deflection factor and sweep rate settings appear on the waveform illustrations.

Option 25 (TTL)
Voltage Conditions. The TTL connector should be open (no connections). P550 (Unblanking Level Selector) in the POS position.
Waveform Conditions. The following waveforms were monitored with a test oscilloscope and a 10X probe. A 4 -volt peak-to-peak, 50 -kilohertz, sinewave was applied to the 624 TTL input connector with the displayed spot positioned off the screen (to prevent burning the crt phosphor).




Figure 9-6. A3-Sweep (Option 4) component and waveform test point locations.

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { CKT } \\ \text { NO } \end{array}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID <br> COORD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1114 | 2 F | R1125 | 2 c |
| C1120 | 2 c | R1130 | 1 A |
| C1122 | 2 C | R1134 | 20 |
| C1138 | 2 E | R1140 | 2B |
| C1140 | 2 C | R1147 | 10 |
| C1143 | 2 D | R1148 | 1 E |
| C1156 | 18 | R1151 | 28 |
| C1157 | 28 | R1153 | 2B |
| C1159 | 28 | R1155 | 28 |
| C1164 | 1 D | R1162 | 1 E |
| C1170 | 1 D | R1164 | 10 |
| C1190 | 1A | R1165 | 10 |
| C1192 | 2A | R1180 | $1 F$ |
| C1195 | 2A | R1182 | 1 F |
| C1197 | 1A | R1183 | $1 F$ |
|  |  | R1184 | 1 E |
| CR1150 | 10 | R1186 | 1 F |
| CR1186 | 1 E | R1192 | 2 B |
|  |  | R1197 | 2A |
| Q1110 | 2 E |  |  |
| Q1160 | 1 E | S1140 | 2 E |
|  | 10 | S1150 | 18 |
| O1180 | $1 F$ |  |  |
|  |  | TP1140 | $2 E$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \mathrm{R} 1110 \\ \mathrm{R} 1112 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{1}^{2 F}$ | 01140 | 2 D |
| R1114 | 2 F |  |  |
| R1116 | 2 E | VR1192 | 2A |
| R1122 | 10 | VR1197 | 2A |
| R1123 | 10 |  |  |



## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

NOTE
The test equipment used to obtain the voltages and waveforms is listed in Table 6-2, Test Equipment
Voltage Conditions. The dc voltages indicated on the schematic diagrams were obtained with a digital multimeter and with no test signal input. The 624 SEC/DIV switch is set at 1 ms , and the YT-XY switch is set to the YT (forward) position. Set trace to screen horizontal center.

Waveform Conditions. The following waveforms were monitored with a test oscilloscope and a 10X probe, with no signal input. The 624 controls were set same as those for Voltage Conditions. Test oscilloscope deflection factor and sweep rate settings appear on the waveform illustrations.

1


2


3



624


| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRIO <br> COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C852 | 3 D | CR868 | 4 G | P860 | з | R868 | 4 G | R919 | 2 H |
| C854 | 4 E | CR869 | 2 H | P880 | 2 F | R872 | 1 F | R920 | 3 F |
| C858 | 2 F | CR872 | $1{ }^{1+}$ | P899 | 2 A | R874 | 2 E | ${ }^{\text {R9221 }}$ | 3 F |
| C860 | 2 C | CR874 | 2 E | P922 | 2 D | R876 | 2 E | R937 | 4G |
| C869 | зн | CR876 | 2 E | P939 | $4{ }^{4}$ | R878 | 2 H | R939 | $4{ }^{4}$ |
| C872 | 2 F | CR888 | 48 | P990 | 2 D | 8879 | 2 H | R942 | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{H}$ |
| C879 | 2 G | CR889 | 4 B | P995 | 2 D | R880 | 2 F | R943 | 3H |
| C888 | 4 B | CR890 | ${ }^{2 B}$ |  |  | R890 | 3B | R944 | $4{ }_{4}$ |
| C889 | 4 A | CR891 | 1 A | 0864 | 4 G | R893 | 2A | R946 | $4{ }_{4}$ |
| C890 | 2 B | CR903 | 4 A | 0896 | 2 A | R895 | 1 A | R947 | $4{ }^{4}$ |
| C894 | 1 A | CR904 | 4A | 0899 | 2A | R896 | 3A |  |  |
| C897 | 2A | CR938 | 4 G | 0910 | 3A | R897 | 2A | T850 | 3c |
| C899 | 3 A | CR943 | 3H |  |  | R900 | 4 A |  |  |
| C900 | 3 A |  |  | R850 | 2 D | R901 | 4 A | U885 | 2 C |
| C920 | 3 E | DS920 | 3 F | R854 | 4 G | R902 | 4A | U905 | 4 A |
| C 921 | 3 G |  |  | R856 | ${ }^{3 E}$ | R903 | ${ }^{4 C}$ |  |  |
| C938 | 4 G | E856 | 30 | R858 | ${ }^{2 G}$ | R904 | 3A | vR938 | 4 G |
| c943 | 3 H | E876 | 2 E | R860 | 1 G | R905 | 3A |  |  |
| C946 | 4 G | E878 | 1 G | R862 | 3 G | R907 | 4 A |  |  |
| CR852 | 3D | J800 | 4 E | R864 R865 | $4 \mathrm{4G}$ 4 | R910 R911 | $3 A$ $2 A$ |  |  |
| CR853 | 3D |  |  | R866 | 4 F | R917 | ${ }_{3 G}$ |  |  |
| CR860 | 1 H | L889 | 38 | R867 | 4 G | R918 | 3 G |  |  |


| Assembly | Location of Complete or Partial Board on Diagrams |
| :---: | :---: |
| A1-Deflection Amplifier Board | Diag. (1) (3) (3) (3) |
| A2-z-Axis Amplifier Board | Diag. (1) (2) (3) (5) (8) |
| A3-Sweep Board | Diag (4) 88 |
| A4-High Voltage Power Supply Board | Diag. (5) (8) |
| A5-Low Voltage Power Supply Board | Diag. (5) 6 ( $\gg 8$ (8) |
| A6-Option 20 Power Supply Board | Diag. 8 (8) |

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## NOTE

The test equipment used to obtain the voltages and waveforms is listed in Table 6-2, Test Equipment.
Voltage Conditions. The dc voltages indicated on the schematic diagrams were obtained with a digital multimeter and with no test signal input. The 624 INTENSITY and Position controls were set for a barely visible spot positioned at near center screen.

Waveform Conditions. The following waveforms were monitored with a test oscilloscope and a $10 \times$ probe. No input was applied to the 624; the display is a barely visible spot positioned at near center screen. Test oscilloscope deflection factor and sweep rate settings appear on the waveform illustrations.


2




Figure 9-8. A5-Low-Voltage Power Supply component locations.

| Assembly | Location of Complete or Partial Board on Diagrams |
| :---: | :---: |
| A1-Deflection Amplifier Board | Diag. (1) (2) (5) (8) |
| A2-Z-Axis Amplifier Board | Diag. (1) (2) (3) (5) (8) |
| A3-Sweep Board | Diag. (4) (8) |
| A4-High Voltage Power Supply Board | Diag. (5) ${ }^{88}$ |
| A5-Low Voltage Power Supply Board |  |
| A6-Option 20 Power Supply Board | Diag. ${ }^{(8) 8}$ |


| CKT | GRID | CKT | GRID | CKT | GRID | CKT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| NO |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*See Parts List for
serial number ranges.


## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

## NOTE

The test equipment used to obtain the voltages is listed in Table 6-2, Test Equipment.
Voltage Conditions. The dc voltages indicated on the schematic diagrams were obtained with a digital multimeter and with no test signal input. The 624 INTENSITY and Position controls were set for a barely visible spot positioned at near center screen.



Figure 9-9. A6-DC Power Supply (Option 20) component locations.

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { CKT } \\ \text { NT } \end{array}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CKT } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | GRID COORD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR1010 | 2 B | ${ }^{\text {R1015 }}$ | 2 B |
| CR1050 | ${ }_{38}$ | R1016 | 28 |
|  |  | R1020 | 28 |
| F1001 | 28 | R1021 | 18 |
| F1003 | зв | R1025 | 2 C |
|  |  | R1055 | 38 |
| P1001 | 2A | R1056 | 38 |
| P1090 | 3 C | R1075 | 3с |
| 01015 | 2B | VR1015 | 2 B |
| 01021 | 2 C | VR1020 | 2 C |
| 01025 | 3C | VR1055 | зв |
| 01056 | 38 |  |  |
| 01075 | 3 C |  |  |


| Assembly | Location of Complete or Partial Board on Diagrams |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1-Deflection Amplifier Board | Diag | (1) (2) (5) |
| A2-2-Axis Amplifier Board | Diag | (1) (2) (3) (5) (3) |
| A3-Sweep Board | Diag, | (4) |
| A4-High Voltage Power Supply Board | Diag. | (5) (8) |
| A5-Low Voltage Power Supply Board | Diag | (5) ${ }^{(8)}{ }^{(1) 8}$ |
| A6-Option 20 Power Supply Board | Diag. | (8) |



## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

NOTE

## The test equipment used to obtain the voltages is listed in Table 6-2, Test Equipment.

Voltage Conditions. The dc voltags indicated on the schematic diagrams were obtained with a digital multimeter and with no test signal input. The 624 INTENSITY and Position controls were set for a barely visible spot positioned at near center screen.

(OPTION 2O)


1. Before you begin the Troubleshooting Chart, check the rear panel

For 624 Option 4 instruments XY-XT switch to $X Y$ positic
2. Beginning at the top left block of the chart, proceed with the instruct indicated by the solid arrows, until the instrument does not perform a
3. Then follow the dashed arrows, as the symptom indicates, until a $m$ which may be the cause of the malfunction, and corresponds directly
4. Refer to the numbered schematic diagram indicated in the shaded schematics to aid in troubleshooting. Typical waveforms, and the condit the schematic. Located on the back of the foldout page facing the sch circuit, or major portion of the circuit is on. In addition, an illustration of components and waveform test points.


Figure 9-10.

## nel crt cover to determine which Options have been installed in your monito

## NOTE

nents, disconnect the sweep (by setting the
tructions, appropriate for your particular instrument (e.g., For Option 20 Monitors) as orm as indicated.
I a malfunction is located. Each shaded block in this chart indicates a circuit or stage ectly to the circuit or stage names given on the schematic diagram
aded box. Important voltages and numbered waveform test points are given on the onditions under which the voltages and waveforms were taken, are located adjacent to a schematic is an illustration of the $\mathbf{6 2 4}$ showing the location of the board which the on of that circuit board is included here, identifying the physical location of the circuit
to the Theory of Operation, Section 4. The circuit or stage names given in this chart and on 4, where they are discussed in detail





# REPLACEABLE <br> MECHANICAL PARTS 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS
Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

## INDENTATION SYSTEM

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.
$12345 \quad$ Name \& Description
Assembly and/or Component
Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component
.-.* - -
Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component Attaching parts for Detail Part

-     -         * . .

Parts of Detail Part
Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol---*-- indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

## ABBREVIATIONS

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| \# | INCH | ELCTRN | ELECTRON |
| ACTR | NUMBER SIZE | ELEC | ELECTRICAL |
| ADPTR | ADAPTER | ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC |
| ALIGN | ALIGNMENT | ELEM | ELEMENT |
| AL | ALUMINUM | EPL | ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST |
| ASSEM | ASSEMBLED | EQPT | EOUIPMENT |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | EXT | EXTERNAL |
| ATTEN | ATTENUATOR | FIL | FILLISTER HEAD |
| AWG | AMERICAN WIRE GAGE | FLEX | FLEXIBLE |
| BD | BOARD | FLTR | FLAT HEAD |
| BRKT | BRACKET | FILTER |  |
| BRS | BRASS | FSTNR | FRAME OTFRONT |
| BRZ | BRONZE | FASTENER |  |
| BSHG | BUSHING | FXD | FOOT |
| CAB | CABINET | GSKT | GIXED |
| CAS | CAPACITOR | HDL | HANDLE |
| CER | CERAMIC | HEX | HEXAGON |
| CHAS | CHASSIS | HEX HD | HEXAGONAL HEAD |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | HEX SOC | HEXAGONAL SOCKET |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | HLCPS | HELICAL COMPRESSION |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | HLEXT | HELICAL EXTENSION |
| COV | COVER | HV | HIGH VOLTAGE |
| CPLG | COUPLING | IC | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT |
| CRT | CATHODE RAY TUBE | ID | INSIOE DIAMETER |
| DEG | DEGREE | IDENT | IDENTIFICATION |
| DWR | DRAWER | IMPLR | IMPELLER |


| IN |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| INCAND | INCH |
| INSANDESCENT |  |
| INSUL | INSULATOR |
| INTL | INTERNAL |
| LPHLDR | LAMPHOLDER |
| MACH | MACHINE |
| MECH | MECHANICAL |
| MTG | MOUNTING |
| NIP | NIPPLE |
| NON WIRE | NOT WIRE WOUND |
| OBD | OROER BY DESCRIPTION |
| OD | OUTSIDE DIAMETER |
| OVH | OVAL HEAD |
| PH BRZ | PHOSPHOR BRONZE |
| PL | PLAIN OR PLATE |
| PLSTC | PLASTIC |
| PN | PART NUMBER |
| PNH | PAN HEAD |
| PWR | POWER |
| RCPT | RECEPTACLE |
| RES | RESISTOR |
| RGD | RIGID |
| RLF | RELIEF |
| RTNR | RETAINER |
| SCH | SOCKET HEAD |
| SCOPE | OSCILLOSCOPE |
| SCR | SCREW |


| SE | SINGLE END |
| :--- | :--- |
| SECT | SECTION |
| SEMICOND SEMICONDUCTOR |  |
| SHLD | SHIELD |
| SHLDR | SHOULDERED |
| SKT | SOCKET |
| SL | SLIDE |
| SLFLKG | SELF-LOCKING |
| SLVG | SLEEVING |
| SPR | SPRING |
| SQ | SQUARE |
| SST | STAINLESS STEEL |
| STL | STEEL |
| SW | SWITCH |
| T | TUBE |
| TERM | TERMINAL |
| THD | THREAD |
| THK | THICK |
| TNSN | TENSION |
| TPG | TAPPING |
| TRH | TRUSS HEAD |
| V | VOLTAGE |
| VAR | VARIABLE |
| WI | WITH |
| WSHR | WASHER |
| XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| XSTR | TRANSISTOR |
|  |  |


| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 000BH | FAB-TEK | 17 SUGAR HALLOW ROAD | DANBURY, CT 06810 |
| 000BK | STAUFFER SUPPLY | 105 SE TAYLOR | PORTLAND, OR 97214 |
| 000CP | AIMSCO | 4024 22ND AVE. WEST | SEATTLE, WA 98199 |
| 00779 | AMP, INC. | P O BOX 3608 | HARRISBURG, PA 17105 |
| 05820 | WAKEFIELD ENGINEERING, INC. | AUDUBON ROAD | WAKEFIELD, MA 01880 |
| 06776 | ROBINSON NUGENT INC. | 800 E. 8TH ST., BOX 470 | NEW ALBANY, IN 47150 |
| 08261 | SPECTRA-STRIP CORP. | 7100 LAMPSON AVE. | GARDEN GROVE, CA 92642 |
| 12136 | PHILADELPHIA HANDLE COMPANY, INC. | 1643 HADDON AVENUE | CAMDEN, NJ 08103 |
| 12327 | FREEWAY CORPORATION | 9301 ALLEN DRIVE | CLEVELAND, OH 44125 |
| 13103 | THERMALLOY COMPANY, INC. | 2021 W VALLEY VIEW LANE |  |
|  |  | P O BOX 34829 | DALLAS, TX 75234 |
| 13511 | AMPHENOL CARDRE DIV., BUNKER RAMO CORP. |  | LOS GATOS, CA 95030 |
| 22526 | BERG ELECTRONICS, INC. | YOUK EXPRESSWAY | NEW CUMBERLAND, PA 17070 |
| 27264 | MOLEX PRODUCTS CO. | 5224 KATRINE AVE. | DOWNERS GROVE, IL 60515 |
| 28520 | HEYMAN MFG. CO. | 147 N. MICHIGAN AVE. | KENILWORTH, NJ 07033 |
| '57668 | R-OHM CORP. | 16931 MILLIKEN AVE. | IRVINE, CA 92713 |
| 70485 | ATLANTIC INDIA RUBBER WORKS, INC. | 571 W. POLK ST. | CHICAGO, IL 60607 |
| 71785 | TRW, CINCH CONNECTORS | 1501 MORSE AVENUE | ELK GROVE VILLAGE, IL 60007 |
| 73743 | FISCHER SPECIAL MFG. CO. | 446 MORGAN ST. | CINCINNATI, OH 45206 |
| 73803 | TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC., METALLURGICAL |  |  |
|  | MATERIALS DIV. | 34 FOREST STREET | ATTLEBORO, MA 02703 |
| 74445 | HOLO-KROME CO. | 31 BROOK ST. WEST | HARTFORD, CT 06110 |
| 75915 | LITTELFUSE, INC. | 800 E. NORTHWEST HWY | DES PLAINES, IL 60016 |
| 77820 | BENDIX CORP., THE, ELECTRICAL |  |  |
|  | COMPONENTS DIVISION | SHERMAN AVE. | SIDNEY, NY 13838 |
| 78189 | ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC. |  |  |
|  | SHAKEPROOF DIVISION | ST. CHARLES ROAD | ELGIN, IL 60120 |
| 79136 | WALDES, KOHINOOR, INC. | 47-16 AUSTEL PLACE | LONG ISLAND CITY, NY 11101 |
| 79807 | WROUGHT WASHER MFG. CO. | 2100 S. O BAY ST. | MILWAUKEE, WI 53207 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX, INC. | P O BOX 500 | BEAVERTON, OR 97077 |
| 83385 | CENTRAL SCREW CO. | 2530 CRESCENT DR. | BROADVIEW, IL 60153 |
| 85471 | BOYD, A. B., CO. | 2527 GRANT AVENUE | SAN LEANDRO, CA 94579 |
| 93907 | TEXTRON INC. CAMCAR DIV | 600 18TH AVE | ROCKFORD, IL 61101 |
| 95987 | WECKESSER CO., INC. | 4444 WEST IRVING PARK RD. | CHICAGO, IL 60641 |
| S3629 | PANEL COMPONENTS CORP. | 2015 SECOND ST. | BERKELEY, CA 94170 |

Fig. \&


Fig. \&

| Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-41 | ---------- |  | 1 | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:(SEE R949 REPL) <br>  |  |  |
| -42 | 210-0583-00 |  | 1 | NUT,PLAIN,HEX:0.25-32 $\times 0.312 \mathrm{NCH}, \mathrm{BRS}$ | 73743 | 2X20317-402 |
| -43 | 210-0940-00 |  | 1 | WASHER,FLAT: $0.25 \mathrm{ID} \times 0.375 \mathrm{INCH}$ OD,STL *******(END ATTACHING PARTS)******* | 79807 | OBD |
| -44 | 210-0202-00 |  | 1 | TERMINAL,LUG:0.146 ID,LOCKING,BRZ TINNED ***********(ATTACHING PARTS)********* | 78189 | 2104-06-00-2520N |
| -45 | 210-0457-00 |  | 1 | NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:6-32 $\times 0.312$, STL CD PL *********(END ATTACHING PARTS) ${ }^{* * * * * * *}$ | 83385 | OBD |
| -46 | 200-0865-00 |  | 1 | COVER,MTG HOLE: $2.164 \times 0.53$,AL *.**********(ATTACHING PARTS)********** | 80009 | 200-0865-00 |
| -47 | 211-0097-00 |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.312$ INCH,PNH STL ********(END ATTACHING PARTS)******* | 83385 | OBD |
| -48 | 210-0586-00 |  | 2 | NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:4-40 X 0.25,STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -49 | 333-2350-01 |  | 1 | PANEL,REAR: <br> **************(ATTACHING PARTS) ${ }^{* * * * * * * * * *}$ | 80009 | 333-2350-01 |
| -50 | 211-0507-00 |  | 4 | SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 $\times 0.312$ INCH,PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -51 | 220-0419-00 |  | 2 | NUT,PLAIN,SQ:6-32 X $0.312 \mathrm{INCH}, \mathrm{STL}$ | 83385 | OBD |
| -52 | 210-0006-00 |  | 2 | WASHER,LOCK:\#6 INTL,0.018 THK,STL CD PL **********(END ATTACHING PARTS)******** | 78189 | 1206-00-00-0541C |
| -53 | 220-0809-00 |  | 2 | NUT BLOCK:0.85 $\times 0.95,(1) 6-32$ THRU *............*(ATTACHING PARTS)******* | 80009 | 220-0809-00 |
| -54 | 211-0538-00 |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 $\times$ 0.312"100 DEG,FLH ST | 83385 | OBD |
|  | 211-0507-00 |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 $\times 0.312$ INCH,PNH STL ********(END ATTACHING PARTS)******* | 83385 | OBD |
| -55 | 343-0659-00 |  | 2 | CLAMP,LOOP:0.375 DIA,STEEL CAD PLATE **********(ATTACHING PARTS)********* | 000CP | OBD |
| -56 | 211-0538-00 |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 $\times$ 0.312"100 DEG, FLH ST | 83385 | OBD |
| -57 | 210-0457-00 |  | 2 | NUT,PL,ASSEM WA: $6-32 \times 0.312, S T L$ CD PL ********(END ATTACHING PARTS)******* | 83385 | OBD |
| -58 | 166-0603-00 |  | 1 | GND,METAL,RIGID:14.0 L X 0.319 ID,AL | 80009 | 166-0603-00 |
| -59 | 366-1564-00 |  | 4 | KNOB:GRAY PLASTIC,PRESS MT | 80009 | 366-1564-00 |
| -60 | 384-1112-04 |  | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:9.03 L X 0.188 OD,PLASTIC | 80009 | 384-1112-04 |
| -61 | 376-0029-00 |  | 1 | CPLG,SHAFT,RGD:0.128 ID $\times 0.312$ OD X 0.5 ${ }^{\text {L }}$ | 80009 | 376-0029-00 |
| -62 | 384-1112-03 |  | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:12.98 L X 0.188 OD,PLASTIC | 80009 | 384-1112-03 |
| -63 | 376-0029-00 |  | 1 | CPLG,SHAFT,RGD: 0.128 ID $\times 0.312$ OD $\times 0.5^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{L}$ | 80009 | 376-0029-00 |
| -64 | ------- |  | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:Z-AXIS/CONTROL(SEE A2 REPL) . ********(ATTACHING PARTS)******** |  |  |
| -65 | 211-0008-00 |  | 4 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.250$,PNH,STL,CD PL *********(END ATTACHING PARTS) ${ }^{* * * * * * * ~}$ CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES: | 83385 | OBD |
| -66 | -------- |  | 3 | .RES.,VAR NONWIR:(SEE R147,347,547 REPL) *********(ATTACHING PARTS)********** |  |  |
|  | 210-0583-00 |  | 3 | .NUT,PLAIN,HEX:0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH,BRS | 73743 | 2×20317-402 |
|  | 210-0046-00 |  | 3 | WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID,INTL,0.018 THK,BRS .*******(END ATTACHING PARTS)******* | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C |
| -67 | ----- |  | 1 | .RES.,VAR NONWIR:(SEE R844 REPL) .********(ATTACHING PARTS)******** |  |  |
| -68 | 210-0583-00 |  | 1 | .NUT,PLAIN,HEX:0.25-32 $\times 0.312 \mathrm{INCH}, \mathrm{BRS}$ | 73743 | 2×20317-402 |
| -69 | 210-0046-00 |  | 1 | WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID,INTL,0.018 THK,BRS .********(END ATTACHING PARTS)******** | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C |
| -70 | 407-1999-00 |  | 1 | .BRACKET,CMPNT:BRASS | 80009 | 407-1999-00 |
| -71 | 214-0579-00 |  | 1 | .TERM,TEST POINT:BRS CD PL | 80009 | 214-0579-00 |
| -72 | 131-0608-00 |  | 2 | .TERMINAL, PIN:0.365 L X 0.025 PH BRZ GOLD | 22526 | 47357 |
| -73 | 131-1334-00 |  | 1 | .BUS CONDUCTOR: | 80009 | 131-1334-00 |
| -74 | 131-0589-00 |  | 4 | .TERMINAL,PIN:0.46 L X 0.025 SQ | 22526 | 48283-029 |
| -75 | 136-0252-07 |  | 6 | .SOCKET,PIN CONN:W/O DIMPLE | 22526 | 75060-012 |
| -76 | --- |  | 1 | .RES.,VAR NONWIR:(SEE R841 REPL) .*........**(ATTACHING PARTS)********* |  |  |
| -77 | 210-0583-00 |  | 1 | .NUT,PLAIN,HEX:0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH,BRS | 73743 | 2X20317-402 |
| -78 | 210-0046-00 |  | 1 | .WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID,INTL,0.018 THK,BRS .*******(END ATTACHING PARTS)******** | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C |
| -79 | 386-3786-00 |  | 1 | .PLATE, VAR RES:BRASS | 80009 | 386-3786-00 |
| -80 | 214-1291-00 |  | 2 | .HEAT SINK,ELEC:XSTR,0.72 OD X 0.375"H | 05820 | 207SB |
| -80.1 | 342-0324-00 | B021006 | 2 | .INSULATOR,DISC:TO-5 TRANSISTOR | 13103 | 7717-5N-BLUE |

Fig. \&

| Index | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. |  |  | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Part No. | Eff | Dscont | Qty |  | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| 1-81 | 131-0566-00 |  |  | 3 | .BUS CONDUCTOR:DUMMY RES,2.375,22 AWG | 57668 | JWW-0200E0 |
| -82 | 131-1782-00 |  |  | 1 | .CONN,RCPT,ELEC:RT ANGLE, 12 FEM, 0.045 SQ | 27264 | 09-52-3121 |
| -83 | 214-0973-00 |  |  | 1 | .HEAT SINK,ELEC: $0.28 \times 0.18$ OVAL $\times 0.187^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}$ | 80009 | 214-0973-00 |
| -84 | --- |  |  | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:DEFLECTION(SEE A1 REPL) *(ATTACHING PARTS)******** |  |  |
| -85 | 211-0008-00 |  |  | 3 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.250$,PNH,STL,CD PL **............(END ATTACHING PARTS)***...... | 83385 | OBD |
|  | -------- |  |  | - | CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES: |  |  |
| -86 | 131-2079-00 |  |  | 1 | .CONN,RCPT,ELEC:FD.THRU, 12 MALE,TIN PLATED | 27264 | 09-67-1124 |
| -87 | 131-0566-00 |  |  | 6 | .BUS CONDUCTOR:DUMMY RES,2.375,22 AWG | 57668 | JWW-0200E0 |
| -88 | 131-0589-00 |  |  | 8 | .TERMINAL, PIN:0.46 L $\times 0.025$ SQ | 22526 | 48283-029 |
| -89 | 136-0252-07 |  |  | 12 | .SOCKET,PIN CONN:W/O DIMPLE | 22526 | 75060-012 |
| -90 | 131-1782-00 |  |  | 1 | .CONN,RCPT,ELEC:RT ANGLE, 12 FEM, 0.045 SQ | 27264 | 09-52-3121 |
| -91 | 131-1334-00 |  |  | 2 | .BUS CONDUCTOR: | 80009 | 131-1334-00 |
|  | 366-1564-00 |  |  | 2 | .KNOB:GRAY PLASTIC, PRESS MT | 80009 | 366-1564-00 |
|  | -- |  |  | - | .(OPTION 27 ONLY) |  |  |
| -92 | ---------- |  |  | 2 | .RES.,VAR NONWIR:(SEE R125,R325 REPL) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | .....*(ATTACHING PARTS FOR EACH) .......* |  |  |
| -93 | 210-0583-00 |  |  | 1 | .NUT,PLAIN,HEX:0.25-32 $\times 0.312 \mathrm{INCH}, \mathrm{BRS}$ | 73743 | 2X20317-402 |
| -94 | 210-0046-00 |  |  | 1 | .WASHER,LOCK:0.261 ID,INTL, 0.018 THK,BRS | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -95 | 386-3786-00 |  |  | 2 | .PLATE, VAR RES:BRASS | 80009 | 386-3786-00 |
| -96 | 337-2456-00 |  |  | 1 | .SHIELD,ELEC:DEFLECTION | 80009 | 337-2456-00 |
|  | 198-3981-00 | B010100 | B021280 | 1 | .WIRE SET, ELEC: | 80009 | 198-3981-00 |
|  | 198-3981-01 | B021281 |  | 1 | WIRE SET,ELEC: | 80009 | 198-3981-01 |
| -97 | 131-1963-00 | B010100 | B021280 | 4 | ..TERM.,QIK DISC. FOR 0.038 DIA CRT PIN | 00779 | 42428-9 |
|  | 131-2525-00 | B021281 |  | 4 | ..CONN,PLUG,ELEC:CRT, 22-26 AWG | 06776 | PS40-101 |
| -97.1 | 343-0854-00 | B021281 |  | 4 | ..STRAIN RLF,TERM:CKT BOARD,22-26 AWG | 27264 | 16-02-0034 |
| -98 | 334-2359-00 |  |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:WARNING | 80009 | 334-2359-00 |
| -99 | 386-3837-00 |  |  | 1 | SUPPORT,CKT BD: | 80009 | 386-3837-00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | ............)(ATTACHING PARTS) ........... |  |  |
| -100 | 211-0101-00 |  |  | 3 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.25,100$ DEG,FLH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -101 | 129-0273-00 |  |  | 1 | POST,ELEC-MECH:0.625 $\times 0.188$ INCH OD | 80009 | 129-0273-00 |
| -102 | 211-0008-00 |  |  | 1 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.250, \mathrm{PNH}, \mathrm{STL}, \mathrm{CD} \mathrm{PL}$ | 83385 | OBD |
| -103 | 211-0038-00 |  |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE: $4-40 \times 0.312$, FLH, 100 DEG ....******(END ATTACHING PARTS)******* | 83385 | OBD |
| -104 | ---------- |  |  | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:LV PWR SPLY(SEE A5 REPL) (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
|  | 211-0008-00 |  |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.250$,PNH,STL,CD PL *.............(END ATTACHING PARTS)*........ | 83385 | OBD |
|  |  |  |  | - | CKT board assy inlcudes: |  |  |
| -105 | 344-0236-00 |  |  | 2 | .CLIP,SPR TNSN: | 80009 | 344-0236-00 |
| -106 | 342-0082-00 |  |  | 2 | . INSULATOR,PLATE:0.52 SQ $\times 0.015 \mathrm{INCH}$ THK, | 80009 | 342-0082-00 |
| -107 | 407-2000-00 |  |  | 1 | .BRACKET,ANGLE:POWER SUPPLY,ALUMINUM .********(ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 407-2000-00 |
| -108 | 211-0008-00 |  |  | 1 | .SCREW,MACHINE: $4-40 \times 0.250$.PNH,STL,CD PL ..........(END ATTACHING PARTS)**....... | 83385 | OBD |
| -109 | 131-1782-00 | B010100 | B010100 | 1 | .CONN,RCPT,ELEC:RT ANGLE, 12 FEM, 0.045 SQ | 27264 | 09-52-3121 |
| - 110 | 131-0566-00 |  |  | 8 | .BUS CONDUCTOR:DUMMY RES,2,375,22 AWG | 57668 | JWW-0200E0 |
|  | 131-0566-00 | B020000 |  | 1 | .BUS CONDUCTOR:DUMMY RES,2,375,22 AWG | 57668 | JWW-0200E0 |
| -111 | 136-0514-00 |  |  | 1 | .SKT,PL-IN ELEC:MICROCIRCUIT, 8 DIP | 73803 | CS9002-8 |
| -112 | 344-0154-00 |  |  | 8 | .CLIP,ELECTRICAL:FUSE,CKT BD MT | 80009 | 344-0154-00 |
| -113 | 131-0608-00 |  |  | 19 | .TERMINAL, PIN:0.365 L X 0.025 PH BRZ GOLD | 22526 | 47357 |
| -114 | 131-1783-00 |  |  | 1 | .CONN,RCPT,ELEC:FD-THRU, 12 MALE,TIN PLATED | 27264 | 09-64-1123 |
| -115 | 214-0579-00 |  |  | 4 | .TERM, TEST POINT:BRS CD PL | 80009 | 214-0579-00 |
| -116 | 131-1896-00 |  |  | 1 | .LINK, TERM. CONN:8,22 AWG,1.5 L | 80009 | 131-1896-00 |
| -117 | 131-1895-00 |  |  | 1 | .LINK,TERM. CONN:8,22 AWG,1.5 L | 80009 | 131-1895-00 |
| -118 | 131-2078-00 |  |  | 1 | .TERM, FEEDTHRU:15 PIN,INSULATED, 0.045 RND | 27264 | 09-64-1151 |
|  | 334-3711-00 | B020963 |  | 1 | .MARKER,IDNET:MKD 2.0A FAST | 80009 | 334-3711-00 |
| -119 | 342-0414-00 |  |  | 1 | INSULATOR,SW:POWER | 80009 | 342-0414-00 |
| -120 | 334-3185-00 |  |  | 2 | MARKER,IDENT:MARKED DANGER UP TO 100 V | 80009 | 334-3185-00 |

Fig. \&


| Fig. \& Index | Tektronix | Serial/Mod | el No. | Qty $12345 \begin{aligned} & \text { a }\end{aligned}$ |  | Mfr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Part No. | Eff | Dscont |  |  | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| 1-159 | 441-1392-00 | B010100 | B021144 | 1 | CHASSIS,MONITOR:HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 441-1392-00 |
|  | 441-1392-01 | B021145 |  | 1 | CHASSIS,MONITOR:HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 441-1392-01 |
| -160 | 342-0402-00 |  |  | 1 | .INSULATOR,FILM:HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 342-0402-00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | ***********(ATTACHING PARTS) ${ }^{* * * * * * * * * ~}$ |  |  |
| -161 | 211-0008-00 |  |  | 1 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.250, \mathrm{PNH}, \mathrm{STL}, \mathrm{CD}$ PL | 83385 | OBD |
| -162 | 210-0003-00 |  |  | 1 | WASHER,LOCK:EXT, 0.123 ID $\times 0.245^{\prime \prime}$ OD, ST | 78189 | 1104-00-00-0541C |
|  | 211-0038-00 |  |  | 1 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.312, F L H, 100$ DEG | 83385 | OBD |
|  | 210-0457-00 |  |  | 1 | NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:6-32 $\times$ 0.312,STL CD PL | 83385 | OBD |
|  | 211-0538-00 |  |  | 1 | SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 $\times 0.312^{\prime \prime} 100$ DEG,FLH ST | 83385 | OBD |
| -163 | 211-0025-00 |  |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 $\times 0.375100$ DEG,FLH ST | 83385 | OBD |
| -164 | 210.0586-00 |  |  | 2 | NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:4-40 $\times$ 0.25,STL | 83385 | OBD |
|  |  |  |  |  | *********** (END ATTACHING PARTS)******** |  |  |
| -165 | 426-1441-00 |  |  | 1 | FRAME,MONITOR: | 80009 | 426-1441-00 |
|  | 198-3714-00 |  |  | 1 | WIRE SET, ELEC: | 80009 | 198-3714-00 |
| -166 | 131-0707-00 |  |  | 2 | .CONNECTOR,TERM:22-26 AWG,BRS \& CU BE GOLD | 22526 | 47439 |
|  | 131-0621-00 |  |  | 3 | .CONNECTOR,TERM:22-26 AWG,BRS \& CU BE GOLD | 22526 | 46231 |
|  | 131-0792-00 |  |  | 3 | .CONNECTOR,TERM:18-20 AWG,CU BE GOLD PL | 22526 | 46221 |
| -167 | 352-0169-00 |  |  | 1 | .HLDR,TERM CONN:2 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0169-00 |
| -168 | 352-0161-00 |  |  | 1 | .HLDR,TERM CONN: 3 WIRE,BLACK | 80009 | 352-0161-00 |
|  | 352-0198-00 |  |  | 3 | .HLDR, TERM CONN:2 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0198-00 |
| -169 | 175-0825-00 |  |  | FT | .WIRE,ELECTRICAL:2 WIRE RIBBON | 80009 | 175-0825-00 |
| -170 | 175-0826-00 |  |  | FT | .WIRE, ELECTRICAL: 3 WIRE RIBBON | 80009 | 175-0826-00 |
|  | 198-3982-00 |  |  | 1 | WIRE SET,ELEC: | 80009 | 198-3982-00 |
|  | 131-0622-00 |  |  | 1 | .CONTACT,ELEC:0.577"L, 28-32 AWG WIRE | 22526 | 46241 |
|  | 131-0792-00 |  |  | 1 | .CONNECTOR,TERM:18-20 AWG,CU BE GOLD PL | 22526 | 46221 |
|  | 131-1815-00 | B010100 | B021005 | 3 | .CONTACT,ELEC:22-30 AWG,FEMALE,BRASS | 27264 | 08-56-0110 |
|  | 131-1963-00 | B010100 | B021005 | 1 | .TERM.,QIK DISC.:FOR 0.038 DIA CRT PIN | 00779 | 42428-9 |
|  | 175-0862-00 |  |  | FT | .WIRE, ELECTRICAL: 3 WIRE RIBBON | 08261 | SS-0322-1910610C |
|  | 204-0678-00 | B010100 | B021005 | 1 | .CONN BODY,PL,EL:FOR 3 FEMALE CONTACTS | 27264 | 10-17-2032 |
|  | 352-0198-00 |  |  | 1 | .HLDR, TERM CONN: 2 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0198-00 |
|  | 198-4090-00 | B010168 |  | 1 | WIRE SET,ELEC: | 80009 | 198-4090-00 |
|  | ---------- |  |  | - | (OPTION 10 ONLY) |  |  |
|  | 334-3379-00 | B010392 |  | 1 | MARKER,IDENT:MARKED GROUND SYMBOL | 80009 | 334-3379-00 |



## ACCESSORIES

Fig. \&

| Index | Tektronix <br> No. | Serial/Model No. <br> Part No. | Eff | Dscont | Qty | 12345 | Name \& Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


[^0]:    -IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission

[^1]:    Used for calibration only; NOT used for performance check.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Used for calibration only; NOT used for performance check

[^3]:    Time-Mark Generator Controls
    Marker Output
    0.1 ms
    *For Option 26 Monitors: Remove the 50 -ohm termination from the test setup.

