

# FACTORY CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

## CONTENTS:

General	1
Equipment required	2
Factory test limits	3
Factory calibration procedure	5

## INTRODUCTION:

This is the guide for calibrating brand-new instruments, it therefore, calls out many procedures and adjustments that are rarely required for subsequent recalibration. *This procedure is company confidential.* In this procedure, all front panel control labels or Tektronix equipment names are in capital letters (VOLTS/DIV, etc.) internal adjustment labels are capitalized only (Gain Adj, etc.).

Tek form number:

0-158

October 1967

For all serial numbers.

Supersedes

July 1964



## FACTORY TEST LIMITS:

We initially calibrate the instrument to Factory Test Limits. These limits are often more stringent than advertised performance requirements. This helps insure that the instrument will meet advertised requirements after shipment, allows for inaccuracies of test equipment used, and may allow for changes in environmental conditions.

## QUALIFICATION:

Factory test limits are qualified by the conditions specified in the main body of the calibration procedure. The numbers and letters to the left of the limits correspond to the factory calibration procedure steps where the check or adjustment is made. Instruments may not meet factory test limits if calibration or check-out methods and test equipment differ substantially from those in this procedure.

## ABBREVIATIONS:

Abbreviations in this procedure will be found listed in TEKTRONIX STANDARD A-100.

## CHANGE INFORMATION:

This procedure has been prepared by Product Manufacturing Staff Engineering. For information on changes that have been made to this procedure, to make suggestions for changing this procedure, or to order additional copies: please contact PMSE, 47-261. (KM)



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## EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

The following equipment is necessary to complete this procedure:

### *a. TEKTRONIX Instruments*

- \*1 TYPE 546 OSCILLOSCOPE (Plug-in Scope)
- 1 TYPE 106 SQUARE-WAVE GENERATOR
- \*1 TYPE 191 CONSTANT AMPLITUDE SIGNAL GENERATOR

### *b. Test fixtures and accessories*

- 1 47pF INPUT TIME-CONSTANT NORMALIZER (011-0068-00)
- 1 50 $\Omega$  TERMINATION (011-0049-00)
- 2 42", 50 $\Omega$  coaxial cables, BNC connectors (012-0057-00)
- 1 UHF male to BNC female adapter (103-0015-00) or  
BNC to Banana Plug patch cord (012-0091-00)
- 1 Plug-in extension (013-0055-00)
- \*1 STANDARD AMPLITUDE CALIBRATOR (SAC) (067-0502-00)
- 1 Grid Current Tester (067-0507-00)
- 1 AC Coupler (067-0083-00)
- 1 Attenuator shield (Dwg. #1802-B)
- 1 Compensating Network and Z Checker (Dwg. #1034-A)
- 1 Terminal board (329-0124-00) with 10k $\Omega$  ( $\pm 1\%$ ) resistor
- 1 10X Attenuator checked to  $\pm 1\%$
- 1 .001 $\mu$ F capacitor, checked to  $\pm 0.1\%$
- 1 Extension Plug-in Inverter, (Dwg #1790-A)
- 1 Micro-shock hammer (Dwg # 1283-B)

### *c. Other equipment*

- 1 Multimeter 20,000 $\Omega$ /VDC

\* This equipment must be traceable to NBS for instrument certification.

Substitute test equipment may be used. The Plant Staff Engineer must approve any substitutions. All equipment listed must perform within its manufacturer's specifications, unless otherwise stated.

It is assumed that all equipment is provided with BNC connectors; if equipment used has other than BNC connectors, adapters, not listed, may be needed.

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## FACTORY TEST LIMITS

### QUALIFICATION

Factory test limits are qualified by the conditions specified in the main body of the calibration procedure. The numbers and letters to the left of the limits correspond to the factory calibration procedure steps where the check or adjustment is made. Instruments may not meet factory test limits if calibration or checkout methods and test equipment differ substantially from those in this procedure.

### PRELIMINARY

1. MECHANICAL INSPECTION
2. TYPE O UNIT PRESETS
3. RESISTANCE CHECKS
4. SET UP

### DISPLAY AMPLIFIER

5. OUTPUT DC LEVEL +67.5V  $\pm 2.5V$
6. DC BALANCE  
control must be centered  $\pm 90^\circ$
7. VERTICAL POSITION RANGE  
control must be centered  $\pm 90^\circ$
8. GRID CURRENT AND MICROPHONICS
  - a. Grid Current  $\leq 2\text{mm}$
  - b. Microphonics  $\leq 2\text{mm}$   
no ringing type
9. DC SHIFT  $\leq 1\text{mm}$

### 10. VERTICAL DISPLAY

### 11. GAIN

- a. GAIN ADJ Range at least + and -10%

### 12. VOLTS/CM

- \* a. Accuracy within 2%
- b. Variable VOLTS/CM range  $\geq 2.5:1$

### 13. ZERO CHECK

### 14. INPUT AND NEUTRALIZING CAPACITORS

- b. Adjust for best square-wave response Max aberrations: 2%

### 15. VOLTS/CM COMPENSATIONS

Max aberrations: 2%

### 16. HIGH FREQUENCY COMPENSATION

Max aberrations: 2.5%

17. RISE TIME  $\leq 13.5\text{ns}$   
ringing:  $\leq 1\%$

### 18. FREQUENCY RESPONSE

- \* c. Check response within 3dB at 26MHz

### OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

### 19. OUTPUT DC LEVEL

- b. OUTPUT DC LEVEL ADJ  
adjust to electrical center
- c. DC Level Range  
adjust to 0 volts

- \* 20. OPEN LOOP GAIN  $3000 \pm 500$   
(Set at 3000)

21. OUTPUT CONNECTORS, VOLTAGE  
AND CURRENT

- b. Check output voltage at least  $\pm 50V$
- c. Check output current  $\geq 5mA$

22. GRID CURRENT

- c. Check Grid current, - grid  $\leq 0.3nA$
- d. Check Grid current, + grid  $\leq 0.15nA$

23. NOISE

- b. Check noise  $\leq 0.5cm$

24.  $Z_i - Z_f$  VALUES

- b. Check  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  resistors  
must match within 2%
- c. Check  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  capacitors  
must match within 2%

25.  $Z_i - Z_f$  EQUALIZATION

- b. Select capacitors Less than 5%  
rolloff, hook, or overshoot
- \* c. Check unity gain bandwidth  
 $\leq 3dB$  down at 750kHz

26.  $Z_i - Z_f$  .001 $\mu F$  AND 10pF VALUES

27. GAIN -- BANDWIDTH PRODUCT

- \* c. Check gain-bandwidth product  $\geq 15MHz$

28. COMPENSATED BANDWIDTH

- a. Adjust compensation network
- \* b. Check bandwidth  $\leq 3dB$  down at 10MHz

29. OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

30. B AMPLIFIER: REPEAT STEPS 20  
THROUGH 29

31. CROSSTALK

- \* b. A to B amplifier  $\geq 500:1$
- \* c. B to A amplifier  $\geq 500:1$

\* Indicates measurement characteristic;  
test equipment used must be traceable  
to the NBS for instrument certification.

## 1. MECHANICAL INSPECTION

### *a. Check Assembly*

Check for unsoldered joints, rosin joints, lead dress and long leads. Check for loose hardware and protruding parts. Check controls for smooth mechanical operation, proper indexing, and knob spacing from front panel. Check for loose skirts on knobs. Correct any defects found.

### *b. Check $Z_i$ and $Z_f$ indexing*

Check both A and B  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  switches for proper indexing by setting to 1MEG and seeing that wiper mates with correct contact on wafers.

## 2. TYPE O UNIT PRESETS

VERTICAL DISPLAY	+DC
VERTICAL POSITION	mid range
VOLTS/CM	.05
VARIABLE	CALIBRATED
DC BAL	mid range
GAIN ADJ	mid range

### A and B Channels:

OUTPUT DC LEVEL ADJ	mid range
±GRID SEL	(-)
INTEGRATOR LF REJ	OFF
$Z_i$	.01 MEG
$Z_f$	EXT

Preset all internal adjustments to mid range.

## 2. (cont'd)

Leave controls and adjustments for any step as they were in the step preceding unless noted otherwise.

3. RESISTANCE CHECKS

Check interconnecting plug resistances to ground.

<u>Use</u>	<u>Amphenol Pin#</u>	<u>Resistance (approximate)</u>	<u>Ohmmeter Range</u>
output	1	500 $\Omega$	X1k
gnd	2	0 $\Omega$	X1k
output	3	500 $\Omega$	X1k
NC	4 to 8	----	---
+75V fil	15	100 $\Omega$	X1k
+100V	10	1.5k $\Omega$	X1k
+225V	11	5k $\Omega$	X1k
-150V	9	300k $\Omega$ to 1M $\Omega$	X100k
+350V	12	400k $\Omega$ to 1M $\Omega$	X100k
6.3VAC	13	$\infty$	X100k
6.3VAC	14	$\infty$	X100k
NC	16	----	---

Check for  $\infty$  resistance between the front panel TIE POINT banana jacks and ground.

4. SET UPa. *Preset plug-in scope*

Set plug-in scope TIME/CM to 1 mSEC, triggering to EXT, AUTO.

b. *Connect TYPE 0 unit*

Use plug-in extension to connect TYPE 0 Unit to plug-in scope. Turn plug-in scope power on. Allow to warm up for 10 minutes before proceeding.

### 5. DC OUTPUT LEVEL      +67.5V $\pm 2.5V$

Adjust VERTICAL POSITION to center the display on the graticule. Use voltmeter to measure DC output levels at Amphenol pins 1 and 3 to gnd: +65 to +70 VDC.

### 6. DC BALANCE

control must be centered  $\pm 90^\circ$

Turn VARIABLE VOLTS/CM back and forth while adjusting DC BAL for no vertical trace shift. DC BAL pot must be within  $\pm 90^\circ$  of midrange after adjustment.

### 7. VERTICAL POSITION RANGE

control must be centered  $\pm 90^\circ$

Set VERTICAL POSITION to midrange and adjust Vert Pos Range R6557 to place trace at electrical center. R6557 must be within  $\pm 90^\circ$  of mid-range after adjustment.

Recheck oscilloscope for drift of electrical center periodically.

### 8. GRID CURRENT AND MICROPHONICS

#### a. *Check Grid current*      $\leq 2mm$

Set VOLTS/CM to .05 CALIBRATED, ground EXT INPUT, switch VERTICAL DISPLAY from +DC to +AC and check vertical trace shift (ignoring any shift while switching):  $\leq 2mm$ .

Set VERTICAL DISPLAY to -DC and repeat, switching from -DC to -AC.

#### b. *Check Microphonics*      $\leq 2mm$ ; *no ringing type*

Set VERTICAL DISPLAY to +DC. Place micro-shock hammer on top center of oscilloscope. Raise and drop hammer to check microphonics: no ringing type. Remove EXT INPUT ground.

9. DC SHIFT $\leq 1 \text{ mm}$ 

Change VOLTS/CM to .5, apply enough DC voltage to EXT INPUT to deflect trace 3 to 4 cm (1.5V from ohmmeter) and note trace shift after initial deflection:  $\leq 1 \text{ mm}$ .

10. VERTICAL DISPLAY*a. Set up*

TYPE 0 UNIT presets

VERTICAL DISPLAY	-DC
VOLTS/CM	.05
VARIABLE	CALIBRATED

*b. Check -DC, +DC*

Connect .1V $\sqrt{\text{V}}$  from SAC to EXT INPUT and plug-in scope TRIGGER INPUT. Position display to place top of waveform on center graticule line. Change VERTICAL DISPLAY to +DC and note that waveform inverts.

*c. Check -AC, +AC*

Change VERTICAL DISPLAY to -AC and note that waveform is centered around graticule line. Change VERTICAL DISPLAY to +AC and note that waveform inverts and is still centered. Change TRIGGER SLOPE to -INT.



11. GAIN

- a. Check GAIN ADJ range at least  
+ and - 10%

Set VERTICAL DISPLAY to +DC and SAC  
to .2V. Turn GAIN ADJ full cw and  
check for  $>4.4$ cm deflection. Turn  
GAIN ADJ full ccw and check for  $\leq 3.6$ cm  
deflection.

- b. Set GAIN ADJ

Adjust GAIN ADJ for exactly 4cm  
deflection.

12. VOLTS/CM

- a. Check VOLTS/CM accuracy Within 2%

<u>VOLTS/CM</u>	<u>SAC</u>	<u>Deflection</u>
.05	0.2V	4cm, $\pm 0.8$ mm
.1	0.5V	5cm, $\pm 1$ mm
.2	1V	5cm, $\pm 1$ mm
.5	2V	4cm, $\pm 0.8$ mm
1	5V	5cm, $\pm 1$ mm
2	10V	5cm, $\pm 1$ mm
5	20V	4cm, $\pm 0.8$ mm
10	50V	5cm, $\pm 1$ mm
20	100V	5cm, $\pm 1$ mm

- b. Check VARIABLE VOLTS/CM Range:  
 $\geq 2.5:1$

Turn VARIABLE ccw. Note deflection  
just before it reaches the detent; 2cm,  
max. Note any noise or open spots  
during rotation of VARIABLE. Return  
to CALIBRATED.

13. ZERO CHECK

Push ZERO CHECK and see that vertical  
signal disappears.

14. INPUT AND NEUTRALIZING CAPACITORS*a. Setup*

TYPE 106 OUTPUT---50 $\Omega$  cable---10X  
 ATTENUATOR---50 $\Omega$  TERMINATION---  
 47pF INPUT TIME CONSTANT NORMALIZER--  
 EXT INPUT, TYPE 0 UNIT.

Set Type 0 UNIT VOLTS/CM to .05 and  
 set TYPE 106 for 1 kHz signal. In-  
 stall attenuator shield on TYPE 0  
 UNIT.

*b. Adjust for best square wave response  
 maximum aberrations: 1mm*

Adjust input and neutralizing capac-  
 itors as directed below. Set TYPE  
 106 for 3.5cm deflection for each  
 adjustment. Maximum aberrations:  
 1 mm peak.

<u>VERTICAL DISPLAY</u>	<u>VARIABLE VOLTS/CM</u>	<u>Adjust</u>	<u>For</u>
+DC	Min. gain	C6521	Best flat top
-DC	Min. gain	C6541	Best response on bottom
+DC	CALIBRATED	C6574	Best flat top
-DC	CALIBRATED	C6564	Best response on bottom

Set VERTICAL DISPLAY to +DC; readjust  
 C6521 and C6574 as necessary for best  
 flat top at both extremes of the  
 VARIABLE VOLTS/CM control.

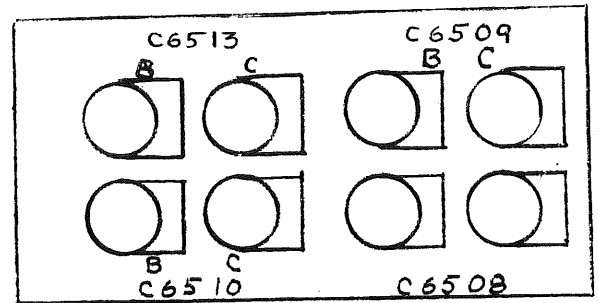
Set VERTICAL DISPLAY to -DC; readjust  
 C6541 and C6564 as necessary for best  
 square wave response on bottom at both  
 extremes of the VARIABLE VOLTS/CM con-  
 trol.

15. VOLTS/CM COMPENSATION

maximum aberrations: 0.5mm peak

Set VARIABLE VOLTS/CM to CALIBRATED, VERTICAL DISPLAY to +DC and check or adjust VOLTS/CM compensations as directed below. Readjust the TYPE 106 signal amplitude for  $\approx 3.5$ cm of signal each time the VOLTS/CM setting is changed. Remove the 10X ATTENUATOR when necessary.

<u>VOLTS/CM</u>	<u>check or adjust</u>	
	<u>for optimum front corner</u>	<u>for optimum flat top</u>
.05	check*	check*
.1	C6508C	C6508B
.2	C6509C	C6509B
.5	C6510C	C6510B
1	check*	check*
2	check*	check*
5	C6513C	C6513B
10	check*	check*
20	check*	check*



\*The flat top of the waveform must be within 0.5mm of being level. If necessary, detune positions involved (within test limits) to bring the stacked positions within test limits.

Remove TYPE 106 signal.

16. HIGH FREQUENCY COMPENSATION      Max aberration:  
2.5%

*a. Set up*

TYPE 106 FAST RISE + OUTPUT---50Ω  
cable---50Ω TERMINATION---EXT INPUT,  
TYPE 0 UNIT.

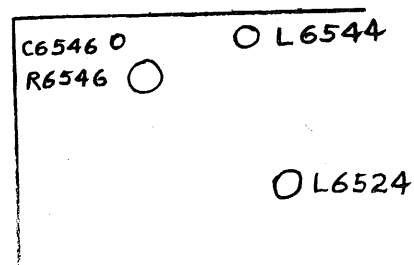
Remove plug-in extension and install  
TYPE 0 Unit in plug-in scope. Set  
VOLTS/CM to .05 and set TYPE 106 for  
3cm of 500kHz. Set plug-in scope  
TIME/CM to 1μSEC, triggering to - INT.

*b. Adjust R6546 and C6546*

Adjust R6546 and C6546 for optimum response  
on top with VERTICAL DISPLAY set to +DC  
and optimum response on bottom with  
VERTICAL DISPLAY set to -DC.

*c. Adjust L6524 and L6544*

Increase the inductance of L6524 and  
L6544 equally in small increments,  
observing the appropriate front  
corners of the square wave while  
switching back and forth between +DC  
and -DC.



(17a.) Preset L6524 and L6544 so  
the cores are just below the top  
of the coil form. Preset R6546  
and C6546 to midrange (silver  
area of C6546 over the arrow).

(17b.) R6546 affects the first  
250 n seconds after the leading  
edge; C6546 affects the second  
250 n seconds.

(17c.) The coils will affect  
about 1mm at the start of the  
square wave viewed at 0.2 μs/cm.  
Increase inductance for shortest  
risetime without excessive over-  
shoot in +DC or -DC.

17. RISE TIME      <13.5nsec; ringing, <1%

Change plug-in scope TIME/CM to  
.1μSEC, 10X MAG on. Check risetime:  
<13.5ns (<1.35cm). Check ringing: <1%.

Remove TYPE 106 signal.

18. FREQUENCY RESPONSE*a. Presets*

Keep VERTICAL DISPLAY at +DC and VOLTS/CM at .05. Change plug-in scope TIME/CM to .2mSEC, 10X MAG OFF.

*b. Connect TYPE 191*

TYPE 191---50 $\Omega$  cable---50 $\Omega$  TERMINATION---EXT INPUT TYPE 0 Unit.

Set TYPE 191 for exactly 4cm of 50kHz signal.

*c. Check response -3dB at 26MHz.*

Change TYPE 191 to 26mHz and check deflection: >2.8cm. Remove TYPE 191.

## OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

Perform Steps 20 through 29 for A channel, then repeat for B channel. B channel circuit numbers are in parenthesis.

19. OUTPUT DC LEVEL ADJUSTMENTS*a. TYPE 0 unit presets*

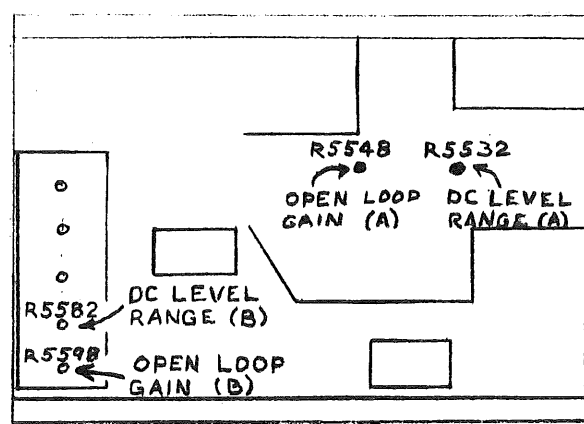
VERTICAL DISPLAY	+A (+B)
VOLTS/CM	.2
VARIABLE volts/cm	CALIBRATED

*GRID SEL	(-)
LF REJECT	OFF
Z <sub>i</sub> and Z <sub>f</sub>	1MEG

Recheck Preamp DC BAL (Step 7).

*b. OUTPUT DC LEVEL ADJ R5522 (R5572) adjust to electrical center.*

Rotate OUTPUT DC LEVEL ADJ through its full range and note amount of trace shift. Adjust DC LEVEL ADJ for center of trace shift (electrical center of DC LEVEL ADJ).



## 19. (cont'd)

- c. DC Level Range R5532 (R5582)  
Adjust to 0 volts

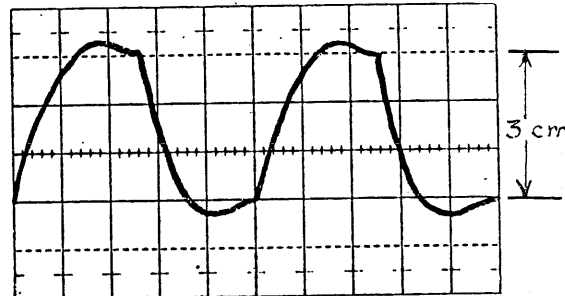
Push ZERO CHECK and use vertical POSITION to move trace to graticule center. Release ZERO CHECK, push OUTPUT DC LEVEL switch to ADJ and adjust DC Level Range R5532 (R5582) to center the trace on the graticule. Release switch.

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20. OPEN LOOP GAIN                      3000±5000  
(adjust to 3000)

Change TIME/CM to .2mSEC, VOLTS/CM to 1,  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  to EXT. Apply 1mV of SAC signal to -GRID banana jack. Readjust R5532 (R5582) to obtain trace if necessary. Turn Open Loop Gain R5548 (R5598) cw for 3.5cm of display amplitude and check for no oscillation; then adjust for exactly 3.0cm of deflection.

Because open loop gain is quite high, set the unused channels  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  to settings other than EXT, otherwise stray signals may deflect the display offscreen.




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21. VOLTAGE AND CURRENT AT OUTPUT CONNECTORS

a. Setup

Change setup to: SAC---50Ω cable--AC  
Coupler--EXT INPUT, TYPE O UNIT.

Change  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  to 1MEG, VERTICAL DISPLAY to +DC and VOLTS/CM to 20. Set SAC to 100V. Set VARIABLE VOLTS/CM for 4cm deflection.

## 21. (cont'd)

*b. Check output voltage at least  $\pm 50V$*

Change AC Coupler and 100V SAC signal to A (B) INPUT and use a jumper to connect A (B) OUTPUT banana jack to EXT INPUT. Check for a display amplitude of 4cm or greater.

Remove the jumper.

*c. Check output current  $\geq 5ma$*

Connect a coax cable between A (B) OUTPUT coax connector and EXT INPUT. Connect a 10k  $\pm 1\%$  resistor, mounted on a 329-0124-00 board, between the A (B) OUTPUT banana jack and GND. Check for display amplitude of 4cm or greater.

Remove resistor, jumper and SAC signal.

## 22. GRID CURRENT

*a. TYPE O UNIT presets:*

VERTICAL DISPLAY	+A (+B)
VOETS/CM	.5
VARIABLE VOLTS/CM	CALIBRATED
$\pm$ GRID SEL	+
LF REJECT	OFF
Z <sub>i</sub>	EXT
Z <sub>f</sub>	EXT

*b. Connect Grid Current Tester*

Change plug-in scope TIME/CM to 1 sec. Plug Grid Current Tester into the six amplifier banana jacks. Check that + GRID neon lights.

22. (cont'd)

c. Adjust grid current, -grid:  
 $\leq 0.3nA$

Push in on Tester's -grid button. Adjust Grid Current A R5535 (B R5585) for minimum vertical deflection ( $\leq 3cm$  for every 5cm horizontal deflection).

d. Check grid current, +grid:  
 $\leq 0.15nA$

Push in on Tester's +grid button. Check for  $\leq 1.5cm$  vertical deflection for every 5cm of horizontal deflection. Readjust Grid Current A R5535 (B R5585), if necessary. Recheck -grid current if readjustment is made and adjust R5535 (R5585) for best compromise.

Remove tester; set +GRID SEL switch to (-).

Repeat Step 19, Output DC Level Adj and Step 20, Open Loop Gain Adj.

c. Calculating grid current of Operational Amplifier:

$$Q = CE, I_g = \frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{dCE}{dt}$$

where Q = charge  
 C = capacity  
 E = voltage  
 $I_g$  = grid current  
 t = time

is constant

$$\text{therefore } I_g = C \frac{dE}{dt} \text{ so } I \approx C \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t}$$

Using Grid Current Tester,  
 $C = .001\mu F$ .

$$\text{Therefore } I_g = (.001 \times 10^{-6}) \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t} = \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t} 10^{-9} \text{ amperes.}$$

If scope is set for 1 second/cm sweep rate and a deflection factor of 0.5 volts/cm, then 1cm of vertical movement in 5cm of horizontal sweep = 0.1nA; 3cm of vertical deflection = 0.3nA; 1.5cm = 0.15nA, etc.

23. NOISE and MICROPHONICS

a. TYPE O UNIT presets

VERTICAL DISPLAY	+A (B)
VOLTS/CM	.05
VARIABLE VOLTS/CM	CALIBRATED

+GRID SEL	-
LF REJECT	OFF
$Z_i$	.01 MEG
$Z_f$	1 MEG

b. Check Noise:  $\leq 0.5cm$

Set plug-in scope TIME/CM to .2mSEC. Ground A INPUT (B INPUT) and check noise: 0.5cm, max. Readjust OUTPUT DC LEVEL to bring trace on screen, if necessary.

b. If it is necessary to change the setting of the OUTPUT DC LEVEL, repeat Step 20 when Step 24 is completed.



## 23. (cont'd)

c. Check microphonics:  $\leq 0.5\text{cm}$

Change sweep rate to 0.5 mSEC/CM and check for  $\leq 0.5\text{cm}$  microphonics by rapping lightly on the front panel of the TYPE 0. (Ignore the random noise observed in Step 24b).

24.  $Z_i$  AND  $Z_f$  MATCHING

a. Set up

TYPE 106 OUTPUT -- 50 $\Omega$  cable -- 50 $\Omega$  TERMINATION -- EXT INPUT, TYPE 0 UNIT.

Change VERTICAL DISPLAY to +DC and VOLTS/CM to .05. Set TYPE 106 for exactly 4cm of 1kHz.

b. Check  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  resistors:  
*must match within 2%*

Change TYPE 106 signal to A(B) INPUT and VERTICAL DISPLAY to A+ (B+) and LF REJECT to 1 CPS. Check  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  as follows:

$Z_i$	$Z_f$	deflection ( $\pm 2\%$ )
.01 MEG.	.01 MEG.	4cm
.1 MEG.	.1 MEG.	4cm
.2 MEG.	.2 MEG.	4cm
.5 MEG.	.5 MEG.	4cm
1 MEG.	1 MEG.	4cm
1 MEG.	.5 MEG.	2cm
.5 MEG.	.2 MEG.	1.6cm
.2 MEG.	.1 MEG.	2cm
.1 MEG.	.01 MEG.	0.4cm

The main purpose of Step 24 is to check for assembly errors. The tolerances of the components are tighter than the performance requirements and carry a high confidence level. If the display deflection varies by more than 2% from that given in the tables the most probable cause is a switch wiring error or a damaged component in the  $Z_i - Z_f$  network.

## 24. (cont'd)

c. Check  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  capacitors  
must match within 2%

$Z_i$	$Z_f$	Deflection
1 $\mu$ f	1 $\mu$ f	4cm
.1 $\mu$ f	.1 $\mu$ f	4cm
.01 $\mu$ f	.01 $\mu$ f	4cm
.001 $\mu$ f	.001 $\mu$ f	4cm
.001 $\mu$ f	.01 $\mu$ f	0.4cm
.01 $\mu$ f	.1 $\mu$ f	0.4cm
.1 $\mu$ f	1 $\mu$ f	0.4cm

25.  $Z_i - Z_f$  EQUALIZATION

## a. Preliminary

Connect the plug-in extension between the oscilloscope and the TYPE O Unit. Set the following controls:

VERTICAL DISPLAY	A - (B-)
$Z_i, Z_f$	1 MEG
LF REJECT	OFF
Sweep Triggering	AUTO
Type 106 signal	4cm of 10kHz

Dress A (B) operational amplifier input, grid and output leads for best square-wave.

b. Select equalization capacitors  
 $\leq 5\%$  rolloff, hook, or overshoot

Compensate the stray capacitance of the resistors used for  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$ . Do this by selecting and installing a capacitor in parallel with the resistors. Use either 0.68pF, 2pF, or no capacitor. Select them for less than 5% rolloff, hook or overshoot as follows:

Wire dress and placement and value of the equalization capacitors affect square-wave response (Step 25b) and bandwidth (Step 25c). It will probably be necessary to repeat all of Step 25 several times to obtain good square wave response and 750kHz unity gain bandwidth.

25b. (cont'd)

$Z_i$ and $Z_f$ R MEG.	$Z_i$ capacitor increase pF to spike	$Z_f$ capacitor increase pF to rolloff
1	C5509A(C4449A)	-- --
.5	C5509B(C5559B)	-- --
.2	C5509C(C5559C)	C551C(C5561C)
.1	C5509D(D5559D)	C551D(C5561D)
.01	(Check)	

c. Check Unity Gain Bandwidth  
 $<3\text{dB down at } 750\text{ kHz for all}$   
 $\bar{R}(\text{MEG})$  positions of  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$ .

Connect the TYPE 191 to the plug-in's  
A (B) INPUT.

Set  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  to 1 MEG. Set TYPE 191  
for 4cm of 50kHz signal. Change Type  
191 to 750kHz and check for a display  
amplitude of  $\geq 2.8\text{cm}$ .

Repeat the same procedure for each  
R MEG. position of  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$ .

## 26. $Z_i - Z_f$ 001 $\mu\text{F}$ AND 10PF VALUES

a. TYPE 0 UNIT presets

VERTICAL DISPLAY	A - (B-)
VOLTS/CM	.2
VARIABLE VOLTS/CM	CALIBRATED
$\pm$ GRID SEL	-
LF REJECT	1 CPS
$Z_i$	EXT
$Z_f$	.001 $\mu\text{f}$

Whenever  $Z_i$  is set to EXT, insert  
the special 0.001mF capacitor be-  
tween the INPUT and -GRID banana  
jacks.

b. Connect TYPE 106

TYPE 106 OUTPUT -- 50 $\Omega$  cable -- Special  
10X Attenuator -- 50 $\Omega$  TERMINATION --  
EXT INPUT, TYPE 0 UNIT.

Set scope sweep rate to 20 $\mu\text{s/cm}$ . Set  
TYPE 106 for 4cm (peak to valley) of  
10kHz.

All adjustments of the TYPE 0 and  
TYPE 106 should be measured peak-  
to-valley.

26. (cont'd)

c. Adjust .0001  $\mu$ F and 1 pF positions of  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  switches as follows:

$Z_i$	$Z_f$ Spec. 10X Attenuator	Adjust for 4cm
EXT.*	.0001 Install	C5512F(C5562F)
.0001	.0001 Remove	C5512B(C5562B)
.0001	10pF Install	C5512G(C5562G)
10pF	10pF Remove	C5512C(C5562C)

\*When  $Z_i$  is in EXT., the special 0.001 mF capacitor is inserted between the INPUT and -GRID banana jacks.

d. Check 1KC LF REJECT

Set  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  to .001 and change LF REJECT to 1KC. Check for approximately 4cm display amplitude.

27. GAIN -- BANDWIDTH PRODUCT  $\geq 15\text{mHz}$

a. TYPE 0 UNIT presets

VERTICAL DISPLAY	EXT DC+
VOLTS/CM	.5
VARIABLE VOLTS/CM	CALIBRATED
$\pm$ GRID SEL	-
LF REJECT	1 CPS
$Z_i$	1 $\mu$ F
$Z_f$	10pF

b. Setup TYPE

Remove the plug-in extension, plug the TYPE 0 Unit directly into the plug-in compartment, and connect the TYPE 191 as follows:

TYPE 191 -- 50 $\Omega$  cable -- 50 $\Omega$  TERMINATION -- TYPE 0 UNIT EXT INPUT.

c. Check gain -- bandwidth product  $\geq 15\text{mHz}$

Set plug-in scope TIME/CM to .2mSEC and set TYPE 191 for 2cm of 50kHz. Change TYPE 191 to A (B) INPUT and change VERTICAL DISPLAY to A- (B-). Increase TYPE 191 frequency until you get 2cm deflection. This frequency should be 15mHz or greater.

28. COMPENSATED BANDWIDTH*a. Adjust Compensation Network*

Change  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  to 1 MEG and LF REJECT to OFF. Install special Comp. Network and Z Checker into the  $Z_i$  and  $Z_f$  banana jacks. Apply 1 volt SAC signal to A (B) INPUT connector and adjust Comp Network compensation for best square-wave. Remove SAC signal.

*b. Check bandwidth  $\leq 3\text{dB}$  down at 10mHz*

Connect TYPE 191 to A (B) INPUT and set for 4cm of 50kHz. Change TYPE 191 to 10mHz and check deflection:  $\geq 2.8\text{cm}$ .

29. OUTPUT IMPEDANCE  $\leq 35\Omega$ 

Change TYPE 191 frequency to 1mHz and set amplitude for 2 cm. Push button on Comp. Network and Z Checker to connect a  $30\Omega$  1% resistor from output connector to ground and check deflection:  $\geq 0.9\text{cm}$ . Remove TYPE 191 and Comp. Network and Z Checker.

30. B AMPLIFIER REPEAT

Repeat steps 20 through 29 for B channel. B channel circuit numbers are in parenthesis.

