## TEKTRONIX



INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Tektronix, Inc.
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Fig. 1-1. T932/T935 35 MHz Oscilloscopes.

## SPECIFICATIONS

This manual includes instructions for both the T932 and the T935 portable oscilloscopes. The T932 is a 35 MHz , dual trace oscilloscope and the T935 is a 35 MHz , dual trace oscilloscope capable of delayed sweep operation. The Vertical Amplifier provides calibrated deflection factors from 2 mV to $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$. The Time Base provides stable triggering over the full bandwidth of the Vertical Amplifier and provides calibrated sweep rates from $0.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$. A variable X1 to X10 magnifier extends the maximum sweep rate to $20 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$.

The following instrument specifications apply over an ambient temperature range of 0 to $+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise indicated. The adjustment procedures in Section 4, when performed completely, allow the T932 and the T935 to meet the electrical specifications listed in Table 1-1.

TABLE 1-1
Electrical

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |
| A. DISPLAY |  |
| Probe Adjust Output <br> Voltage $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Approximately 0.5 V . |
| Repetition Rate | Approximately 1 kHz . |
| Z-Axis Input Sensitivity | 5 volt signal causes a noticeable decrease in intensity. |
| Signal Polarity | Positive going from ground. |
| Usable Frequency Range | Dc to 5 MHz . |
| Maximum Input Voltage | 30 V (dc + peak ac) $30 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{p-p} \mathrm{at}$ 1 kHz or less. |
| Input Impedance | Approximately $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. |
| Power Source |  |
| Line Voltage <br> Ranges (ac,rms) |  |
| 120 V Range | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{HI}-108 \text { to } 132 \mathrm{~V} \text {. } \\ & \text { LO-90 to } 110 \mathrm{~V} . \end{aligned}$ |
| 240 V Range | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{HI}-216 \text { to } 250 \mathrm{~V} \text {. } \\ & \text { LO-198 to } 242 \mathrm{~V} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Line Frequency | 50 to 60 Hz . |
| Maximum Power Consumption | $36 \mathrm{~W}, 0.35 \mathrm{~A}$ at $60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 120 \mathrm{~V}$ line. |
| CRT Display |  |
| Display Area | $8 \times 10 \mathrm{~cm}$. |
| Trace Rotation Range | Adequate to align trace with horizontal center line. |
| Standard Phosophor | P31. |
| Nominal Accelerating Potential | 12,400 V. |


| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |
| B. VERTICAL AMPLIFIER |  |
| Deflection Factor Range | $2 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$ to $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$; 12 steps in a 1-2-5 sequence. |
| Accuracy $\begin{aligned} & +20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } \\ & +30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Within 3\%. |
| $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Within 4\%. |
| Uncalibrated (VAR) Range | Continuously variable between settings. Extends deflection factor to at least $25 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$ (at least 2.5:1). |
| Frequency Response <br> Bandwidth | Dc to at least 35 MHz (5 division reference signal centered vertically from a $25 \Omega$ source with VOLTS/DIV VAR control in calibrated detent). |
| Chopped Mode Repetition Rate | Approximately 250 kHz . |
| Input Resistance | Approximately $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. |
| Maximum Input Voltage <br> DC Coupled | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{dc}+\text { peak } \mathrm{ac}) . \\ & 800 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p} \mathrm{ac}) \text { at } 1 \mathrm{kHz} \text { or less. } \end{aligned}$ |
| AC Coupled | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{dc}+\text { peak } \mathrm{ac}) . \\ & 800 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p} \mathrm{ac}) \text { at } 1 \mathrm{kHz} \text { or less. } \end{aligned}$ |

## TABLE 1-1 (cont)

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |

C. TIME BASE

| Sweep Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Calibrated Range (T932) | $0.5 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$; 21 steps in a 1-2-5 sequence. Variable X 1 to X10 magnifier extends maximum sweep rate to $10 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$. |
| Calibrated Range (T935) <br> A Sweep | 0.5 s to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$; 21 steps in a 1-2-5 sequence. Variable X1 to X10 magnifier extends maximum sweep rate to $10 \mathrm{~ns} /$ div. |
| B Sweep | 50 ms to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$; 18 steps in a 1-2-5 sequence. Variable X1 to X10 magnifier extends maximum sweep rate to $10 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$. |
| Accuracy | Accuracy specification applies over center 8 divisions. Exclude first 50 ns of sweep for both magnified and unmagnified sweep rates and anything beyond the 100th magnified division. |
| $\begin{aligned} & +20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } \\ & +30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Unmagnified | Within 3\%. |
| Magnified | Within 5\%. |
| $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Unmagnified | Within 4\%. |
| Magnified | Within 6\%. |
| Variable Magnifier | 10:1 (In the X10 position, the sweep speed is one tenth of the SEC/DIV switch setting.). |
| Delay Time Position Range (T935) | 0.5 to 10 div. |
| Delay Time Jitter (T935) | One part or less in 10,000 (0.01\%) of one tenth of the SEC/DIV switch setting. |


| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |

C. TIME BASE (cont)

| X-Y Operation |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Deflection Factor |  |
| Variable Magnifier |  |
| X10 | Approximately $100 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$. |
| X1 | Approximately $1 \mathrm{~V} /$ div. |
| $X$-Axis Bandwidth | Dc to at least 2 MHz with 10 div reference signal. |
| Input <br> Resistance | Approximately $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. |
| Input Capacitance | Approximately 30 pF . |
| Triggering |  |
| Sensitivity | 0.5 div internal or 100 mV external from 2 Hz to 2 MHz , increasing to 1.5 div internal or 150 mV external at 35 MHz . |
| TV Sync | Composite sync 1 div internal or 100 mV external (approximately 2.3 div or 230 mV of composite video). |
| External Trigger Input |  |
| Maximum Input Voltage | 400 V (dc + peak ac). <br> 800 V (p-p ac) ( 1 kHz or less). |
| Input Resistance | Approximately $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. |
| Input Capacitance | Approximately 30 pF . |
| Level Range |  |
| EXT | +0.5 V to -0.5 V . |
| EXT | +5 V to -5 V . |
| 10 |  |



Fig. 1-2. T932/T935 dimensional drawing.

TABLE 1-2
Environmental

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :--- | :--- |
| Temperature <br> Storage | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| Operating | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| Altitude | To $50,000 \mathrm{ft}$. |
| Storage | To $15,000 \mathrm{ft} Maximum operating$. <br> Operating <br> ft. abovature decreases $5,000 \mathrm{ft}$. |

TABLE 1-3
Physical

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement |
| :--- | :--- |
| Weight |  |
| With Panel <br> Cover, Acces- <br> sories and Ac- <br> cessory Pouch | $15.5 \mathrm{lbs} .(7.0 \mathrm{~kg})$. |
| Without Panel <br> Cover, Acces- <br> sories and Ac- <br> cessory Pouch | $15.0 \mathrm{lbs}(6.8 \mathrm{~kg})$. |
| Overall Dimensions | Refer to Fig. 1-2. |


| 1 | Instruction Manual | $070-1983-01$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Probes | $010-6108-03$ |

## RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES

## NOTE

The following accessories have been selected from our catalog specifically for your instrument. They are listed as a convenience to help you meet your measurement needs. For detailed information and prices, refer to a Tektronix Products Catalog or contact your local Tektronix Field Representative.

## COVERS

FRONT COVER: Protects the instrument front panel during transport or storage and provides storage for small accessories (probes, cables, etc.). Made of blue plastic to match the instrument case.

Order
016-0340-00

PROTECTIVE WATERPROOF COVER: Blue vinyl cover provides protection for the entire oscilloscope during transport or storage.

Order
016-0361-00

## STAND

PORTABLE STAND: The Portable Stand sits on the floor and holds the instrument at an angle to provide easy viewing and access. Also provides storage for small accessories (probe, cables, etc.).

## Order

209

## PROBES

P6101 GENERAL PURPOSE 1X VOLTAGE PROBE: Input capacitance is 54 picofarads (plus input capacitance of oscilloscope).
Order ..... 010-6101-03

P6062A SWITCHABLE 1X-10X VOLTAGE PROBE: Provides full bandwidth capabilities of T900-series instruments. Can be compensated to match the vertical input capacitance.

Order
010-6062-13

P6009 GENERAL PURPOSE 100X VOLTAGE PROBE: Provides full bandwidth capabilities of T900-series instruments. Can be compensated to match the vertical input capacitance.

## Order

010-0264-01

P6015 GENERAL PURPOSE 1000X VOLTAGE PROBE: Provides full bandwidth capabilities of T900-series instruments. Can be compensated to match the vertical input capacitance.

## Order

010-0172-00

P6021 AC CURRENT PROBE: Provides a bandwidth from 120 Hz to the upper bandwidth of T900-series instruments. Spring-loaded slide opens (up to 0.150 inches) to allow measurement of current without breaking the circuit under test.

Order
015-0140-02

## CAMERAS

C-5A Option 3 Camera: Provides graticule illumination with xenon flash lamp powered by two AA penlight batteries. Recommended for, and molded to fit all bench version T900-series instruments. Fixed focus, fixed aperfure $f 16$ lens with 0.67 or 0.85 user adjustable magnification. Mechanical shutter with speeds of $1 / 5$ to $1 / 25 \mathrm{~s}$, plus bulb and time.

## Order

C-5A Option 3

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

## OPERATING VOLTAGE

The T932 and T935 will operate from either a 120 V or 240 V ac, 50 to 60 Hz nominal power input source. To avoid equipment damage, the power input range selector switch ( 120 V or 240 V ) and $\mathrm{HI} / \mathrm{LO}$ switch on the bottom of the instrument must be set to positions which include the value of the applied power input voltage. The POWER indicator lamp will blink when the applied power input voltage varies more than about $10 \%$ from the value for which the switches are set.

## WARNING

To avoid electric shock and equipment damage, do not attempt to replace the internal fuse or change the settings of the power input range selector switch or $\mathrm{HI} / \mathrm{LO}$ switch. This must be done by qualified service personnel only.

## FUNCTIONS OF CONTROLS, CONNECTORS, AND INDICATORS

Before you turn the instrument on, read this portion of the manual to familiarize yourself with the controls, connectors, and indicators.

## A. DISPLAY

## Front Panel (Fig. 2-1)

(1) INTENSITY-Adjusts the brightness of the crt display. Set for the lowest visible display to prolong crt life.
(2) FOCUS-Adjusts for optimum spot size and definition.

BEAM FINDER-Locates off-screen displays. Compresses the crt display to within the graticule area independently of the position control or applied signals.

To locate an off-screen display:
a. Set the vertical POSITION and INTENSITY controls to midrange and rotate the horizontal POSITION control clockwise.
b. If a display or dot still is not visible, press BEAM FINDER and hold in. A compressed display or dot should appear. If not, increase the INTENSITY until a display appears.

If a dot or vertical line appears, the sweep is not triggered. Set the trigger MODE switch to AUTO to obtain a display. Use the vertical and horizontal POSITION controls to move the display near the center of the graticule. Release the BEAM FINDER button and adjust the trigger level control for a stable display.

If a compressed display appears, adjust the VOLTS/DIV switch and the horizontal and vertical POSITION controls for a stable display.


Fig. 2-1. Display front panel controls and connectors.
(4)

PROBE ADJ-Provides a square-wave output of approximately 0.5 V (negative-going with respect to ground) at approximately 1 kHz , for compensating voltage probes.
(5)

ON-OFF-Push-push switch turns the instrument power on (button in) and off (button out). (In some versions this switch is labeled POWER.)
(6) POWER-Indicator lamp lights when ON-OFF button is depressed to ON (in) position and applied power input voltage does not vary more than about $10 \%$ from the value indicated by the $120 \mathrm{~V} / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ and HI/LO voltage selector switch settings. When applied power input voltage varies more than about $10 \%$ (either high or low) from the selected value, the lamp will blink. (In some versions this lamp is labeled ON.)
(7) Internal graticule-Eliminates parallax. Risetime, amplitude, and measurement points are indicated at the left edge of the graticule.


Operating Instructions-T932/T935

## Rear Panel (Fig. 2-2)

(8) EXT Z-AXIS IN-BNC connector for applying signals to intensity modulate the crt display. Signals must be time-related to the display for a stable display.

## Left Side of Cabinet (Fig. 2-3)

(9) ASTIG-Screwdriver adjustment used with FOCUS control to obtain a well-defined display. Requires little or no adjustment once set.
(10) TR ROT-Trace rotation screwdriver adjustment. Aligns trace with the horizontal graticule lines.

Fig. 2-2. Rear panel controls and connectors.


Fig. 2-3. Left side of cabinet.


Fig. 2-4. Bottom of cabinet.

## Bottom of Cabinet (Fig. 2-4)

(11) $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathrm{V} / \mathbf{2 4 0} \mathrm{V}$-Screwdriver actuated switch selects either 120 V or 240 V nominal power input voltage.
warning

To avoid electric shock and equipment damage, do not attempt to change the power input range selector switch, HI/LO switch, or internal fuse. This must be done by qualified service personnel only.
(12) HI/LO-Screwdriver actuated switch selects either high or low nominal line-voltage regulating range: LO selects 100 V or 220 V and HI selects 120 V or 240 V .
(13) $\mathbf{C H} 1$ DC BAL-Screwdriver adjustment. When properly adjusted, prevents trace shift when switching between adjacent positions of the CH 1 VOLTS/DIV switch.
(14) $\mathbf{C H} 2 \mathbf{D C}$ BAL-Screwdriver adjustment. When properly adjusted, prevents trace shift when switching between adjacent positions of the CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switch.

## B. VERTICAL AMPLIFIER

## Front Panel (Fig. 2-5)

(1) VOLTS/DIV-Selects the vertical deflection factor in a 1-2-5 sequence (VAR control must be in detent position to obtain the indicated deflection factors). Read the correct deflection factor for a 1X probe from the 1X position and a 10X probe from the 10X position.
(2)VAR-Provides continuously variable uncalibrated deflection factors between the calibrated steps of the VOLTS/DIV switches. Extends the maximum deflection factor to $25 \mathrm{~V} /$ div in the 10 V position. Detent position provides calibrated VOLTS/DIV deflection factors.
(3) Input Coupling-Selects the method of coupling the input signal to the vertical input signal amplifier.

AC: Signals are coupled capacitively. Any dc signal component is blocked. Low frequencies are attenuated ( 3 dB down at about 1 Hz using a 10X probe). Ac coupling causes tilting of square waves below about 1 kHz .

GND: Grounds the input of the vertical amplifier to provide a ground reference display. Connects the input signal to ground through the input coupling capacitor and a $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ resistor to allow the input coupling capacitor to be precharged by the input signal.

DC: All components of the input signal are passed to the vertical amplifier.
(4) Channel 1 or $Y$ Input-Connector for applying an external signal to the vertical deflection system. Provides the Y input in the $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}$ mode when CH 1 vertical mode button is in.
(5) Channel 2 Input-Connector for applying an exterhal signal to the vertical deflection system.
(6) $P$

POSITION-Controls the vertical position of the crt display.


Fig. 2-5. Vertical Amplifier front panel controls and connectors.
(7) Vertical Mode-Selects the vertical amplifier operating mode.

CH 1: Displays only signals applied to the CH 1 input connector. This button must be latched in for $X-Y$ operation.

CH 2: Displays only signals applied to the CH 2 input connector.

DUAL TRACE: Displays CH 1 and CH 2 input signals alternately. Chop or Alternate mode is selected automatically by the SEC/DIV switch. For SEC/DIV switch settings of 1 ms and slower, Chop is selected. For settings of .5 ms and faster, Alternate is selected. In DUAL TRACE mode, the trigger signal is derived from CH 1. When the DUAL TRACE and CH 2 buttons are locked in at the same time, the trigger signal comes from CH 2 (instead of CH 1) while DUAL TRACE signals are displayed.

## C. TIME BASE

## Front Panel (Fig. 2-6)

(1) SOURCE-Selects the source of the trigger signal.

INT: Uses a sample of the signal displayed on the crt as a trigger signal in the CH 1 or CH 2 modes. In DUAL TRACE mode, the trigger signal is obtained from CH 1. If CH 2 and DUAL TRACE buttons are both latched in, channel 2 is the trigger source.

LINE: Uses a sample of the power-line frequency as a trigger signal.

EXT: Permits triggering on signals applied to the $X$ (external trigger) input connector. External trigger signals must be time-related to the displayed signal for a stable display.

EXT $\div 10$ : External trigger signal is attenuated by a factor of 10 .
$X-Y$ : Permits $x-y$ display. $X$ (horizontal) input is through the $X$ input connector. $Y$ (vertical) input is normally through the CH 1 or Y input connector (Vertical Mode CH 1 button must be latched in). For special applications, the Y input may be obtained from the CH 2 input connector $(\mathrm{CH} 2$ button latched in), or from both CH 1 and CH 2 (DUAL TRACE button latched in).
(2) MODE-Selects the operating mode for the trigger circuit.

AUTO: With the proper LEVEL control setting, the sweep can be triggered by trigger signals with repetition rates above about 20 Hz . In the absence of an adequate trigger signal, or when the LEVEL control is misadjusted, the sweep free runs to provide a reference display.

NORM: Permits triggering on displayed signal. In the absence of an adequate trigger signal, or when the LEVEL control is misadjusted, the sweep does not run and no display is visible. Setting SOURCE to LINE position provides an adequate trigger signal.

TV: Permits triggering on television signals. Triggers on TV field when SEC/DIV switch is set at .1 ms or slower. Triggers on TV line when SEC/DIV switch is set at $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or faster. Set the SLOPE switch to +OUT for sync-positive input signals and to -IN for sync-negative input signals.
(3) SLOPE-Selects the positive- or negative-going slope of the trigger waveform.
+OUT: The sweep can be triggered from the positive-going portion of a trigger signal.
-IN: The sweep can be triggered from the negative-going portion of a trigger signal.
(4) LEVEL-Selects the amplitude point on the trigger signal at which the sweep is triggered. Usually adjusted for the desired display after trigger SOURCE and SLOPE have been selected.
(5) $X$ (External Trigger)-Provides input for external trigger signals or for $X$ axis signals in the $X-Y$ mode.


Fig. 2-6. Time Base front panel controls and connectors.
(6) A SEC/DIV AND DELAY TIME (clear plastic skirt)Selects calibrated sweep rates in a 1-2-5 sequence for the A Sweep Generator and the basic delay time for delayed sweep operation. The X1-X10 variable control must be in the X 1 detent position (fully counterclockwise) to read calibrated sweep rates directly from the A SEC/DIV knob. Knob numerals with $\mu$ underneath indicates sweep rates in microseconds/division, numerals with $m$ underneath indicate sweep rates in milliseconds/division, positions with no symbol under the numerals indicate sweep rates in seconds/division.
(7) B SEC/DIV (black inner knob, pull out and turn to unlock)-Selects calibrated sweep rates in a 1-2-5 sequence for the $B$ Sweep (delayed sweep) Generator. ( $B$ sweep runs at 50 ms in the $0.1,0.2$, and 0.5 positions of the B SEC/DIV switch.)
(8) $\mathbf{X 1}$-X10-Provides calibrated sweep rates when in X 1 (fully ccw) detent position. Increases the horizontal gain by a factor of 10 , providing at least $10 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$ sweep rate in the X10 detent position (fully cw ) with the SEC/DIV knob set to $.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
(9) POSITION-Controls the horizontal position of the crt display.
(10) dELAY TIME POSITION-Provides variable sweep delay from 0.5 to 10.0 times the setting of the $A$ SEC/DIV switch. To find the delay time, multiply the number of divisions between the start of the sweep and the start of the intensified zone times the $A$ SEC/DIV switch setting.
(11) DISPLAY MODE-Determines the mode of operation for the horizontal deflection system.

A: The Sweep Generator provides the horizontal deflection. The A SEC/DIV switch determines the sweep rate, and the B Sweep Generator is inoperative.

A INTEN BY B: The A Sweep Generator provides the horizontal deflection and the B Sweep Generator produces an intensified zone after the delay time. The DELAY TIME POSITION control determines the location of the intensified zone. The duration of the intensified zone is determined by the B SEC/DIV switch.

B (delayed): The B Sweep Generator provides the horizontal deflection and the B SEC/DIV switch determines the sweep rate. The A Sweep Generator continues to run, and the start of the B sweep is delayed by a time determined by the A SEC/DIV switch.
(12) HOLD-OFF-Varies the hold-off time between sweeps. Allows triggering on aperiodic signals (such as complex digital words). Turn the control fully counterclockwise for the shortest sweep hold-off time and fully clockwise for the longest sweep holdoff time.

## FIRST TIME OPERATION

Use this procedure when you turn the instrument on for the first time. It checks that most functions of the instrument are operational. This procedure requires a probe. (10X probes are supplied as standard accessories.) Read the descriptions of the controls and connectors to familiarize yourself with them before you turn your instrument on.

A complete performance check is given in Section 3.

Only the control settings that affect the check being performed are given. Do not move the control settings unless instructed to do so. Start at the beginning and follow the sequence of steps through to the end. If you skip a step or start in the middle of a check, you won't be able to tell whether a particular function is operational.

First, check that the Power Input Voltage Selector switch and the HI/LO Range Selector switch on the bottom of the cabinet are set for your power input voltage. In the United States the Power Input Voltage Selector switch is normally set for 120 V and the HI/LO Range Selector switch is normally set for HI at the factory. In Europe the Power Input Voltage Selector switch is normally set for 240 V and the $\mathrm{HI} /$ LO Range Selector is normally set for LO.

## CAUTION

Your instrument may be damaged if it is operated from a 240 V power input voltage source with the Power Input Voltage Selector switch set for 120 V. Only qualified service personnel should change the Power Input Voltage Selector switch to a different range.

The POWER indicator lamp will blink when the applied power input voltage varies more than about $10 \%$ (either high or low) from the value selected by the $120 \mathrm{~V} / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{HI} / \mathrm{LO}$ selector switches.

If the $120 \mathrm{~V} / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{HI} / \mathrm{LO}$ switches are properly set, connect the power cord plug to the power source and turn the instrument on. Set the trigger MODE to AUTO, and SOURCE to INT.

You should get a trace on the crt screen. If you don't, push the BEAM FINDER button and hold it in while increasing the INTENSITY (clockwise). A trace, or one or two bright dots, indicates that the instrument is operating. You may also have to adjust the FOCUS and POSITION controls.

## Vertical Positioning and Horlzontal Operation

| 1. Set: | LEVEL | Mid-range |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
| A SEC/DIV | 1 ms |  |
|  | X1-X10 | X1 (fully ccw detent) |
|  | Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
|  | DISPLAY MODE | A |

2. Check that the CH 1 POSITION control moves the trace off the top and bottom of the screen. Leave the trace between one and two divisions above the center line. If the trace does not extend across the screen, move the horizontal POSITION control until it does.
3. Set the vertical mode switch for CH 2 . Check that the CH 2 POSITION control moves the trace off the top and bottom of the screen. Leave the trace between one and two divisions below the center line.
4. Set the vertical mode switch for DUAL TRACE. You should have two traces on the crt screen-one above the center line and one below.
5. Check that there are two traces at every setting of the SEC/DIV switch from $.1 \mu$ s to .5 s .
6. Set the SEC/DIV switch to 1 ms and the Vertical Mode switch to CH 1.

## FOCUS and INTENSITY Operation

Adjust the FOCUS and the INTENSITY controls for a fine line at a comfortable brightness level.

## Trace Rotation and Vertical Input Operation

Most of the remaining checks require applying the PROBE ADJ signal to the inputs.

## NOTE

In the following steps, if you use a 1 X probe or coaxial cable, use the 1 X PROBE window for VOLTSIDIV settings. If you use a 10X probe (as supplied), use the 10X probe window.

The PROBE ADJ output is a square wave. An incorrectly compensated probe will distort the top and bottom of the signal but will not affect the checks.

If you want to compensate a probe, refer to the Probe Compensation information after this procedure.

1. Set: | $\mathrm{CH} 1 \mathrm{VOLTS} / \mathrm{DIV}$ | .2 V (10X window) |
| :--- | :--- |
| CH 1 VAR | Detent (fully cw ) |
| $\mathrm{CH} 1 \mathrm{AC}-\mathrm{GND}-\mathrm{DC}$ | GND |
2. Using the CH 1 POSITION control, align the trace with the center graticule line. If the trace is tilted, adjust the trace rotation (control marked TR ROT on the left-cabinet side) for the best alignment of the trace with the center graticule line.
3. Connect the probe to the CH 1 input and hold the probe tip against the PROBE ADJ connector. Set the CH 1 AC-GND-DC switch to DC. You should have approximately 2.5 divisions of display. The square wave will be below the center line. This display may or may not be stable.
4. Set the CH 1 AC-GND-DC switch to AC. The display should be approximately equidistant above and below the center line.

## NOTE

If you cannot obtain a display, remove the probe tip from the PROBE ADJ connector. Touch the tip to your hand. Change the VOLTS/DIV setting if necessary to get a display. The display should be a thick (vertically) trace. A thickening trace indicates that the probe is picking up the power line radiation that your body normally picks up. If this occurs, the vertical is usable but the PROBE ADJ output isn't. If the thickening does not occur, you have a defective probe or other instrument malfunction.
5. Rotate the CH 1 VAR control through its range. The display amplitude will decrease. Leave the VAR control fully clockwise (detent)-maximum display amplitude.

| 6. Set: | Vertical Mode |
| :--- | :--- |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | CH 2 |
| CH 2 VAR | D |
| CH 2 AC-GND-DC | Getent (fully cw) |
| CH 2 POSITION | To align trace |
|  | with center |
|  | graticule line |

7. Connect the probe to the CH 2 input and hold the probe tip against the PROBE ADJ connector.
8. Set the $\mathrm{CH} 2 \mathrm{AC}-G N D-D C$ switch to $D C$. The square wave will be below the center line.
9. Set the CH $2 \mathrm{AC}-G N D-D C$ switch to AC . The square wave will be approximately equidistant above and below the center line.
10. Rotate the CH 2 VAR control through its range. The display amplitude will decrease. Leave the VAR control fully clockwise (in detent).
11. Return the vertical mode switch to CH 1.

## X-Axis Operation

1. Connect the probe to the $X$ input (if a $1 X$ probe is available, use it, if a 10X probe is used, rotate the $\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{X} 10$ control fully clockwise) and hold the probe tip against the PROBE ADJ connector.
2. Set the SOURCE switch to $X-Y$, and reduce INTENSITY as necessary. Adjust the horizontal POSITION control as needed to locate the display. You should see 2 dots separated by a distance dependent on the X1-X10 control setting. Return $\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{X} 10$ to X 1 (fully counterclockwise detent).

## $X-Y$ and Dual Trace Operation

This mode is usable with SEC/DIV settings of 1 ms or slower. Set controls and connect signals as you would for independent X-Y or Dual Trace operation.

## Astigmatism Operation

1. Set: SOURCE INT
2. Connect the probe to the CH 1 input and hold the probe tip against the PROBE ADJ connector. Rotate the LEVEL control for the most stable display. Adjust the FOCUS control for a display with the sharpest edges both horizontally and vertically over the entire screen. Vertical trace thickness is typically more than the horizontal but the edges should be equally sharp. This is easier to observe at the "corners" of the signal.
3. Set the INTENSITY and FOCUS controls for the best defined display. If the display still appears out of focus, use a small screwdriver to adjust the ASTIG control (through left cabinet side) for the best defined display.
4. Rotate the INTENSITY control fully clockwise. The display will get brighter and defocus (get thicker). Return the INTENSITY control to the preferred brightness level.

## Ext Z Axis Input Operation

A positive-going signal will cause a decrease in intensity, and a negative-going signal will increase the intensity level of a low-intensity trace.

## X1-X10 and Trigger Operation

1. Note a display with several cycles of the PROBE ADJ waveform. Rotate the X1-X10 control fully clockwise to X10 and note that only one cycle is visible. Return control to X 1 .
2. Set the SEC/DIV to .1 ms . Position the start of the display (left edge) on the screen. Set the SLOPE button to the +OUT position. Rotate the LEVEL control through its range. The start of the display will move along the positive (rising) slope of the signal until the display becomes unstable.
3. Set the LEVEL control for a stable display that starts at about the middle of the slope.

Now set the SLOPE button to -IN position. Rotate the LEVEL control through its range. The start of the display will move along the negative (falling) slope of the signal until the display becomes unstable.
4. Set the LEVEL control for a stable display that starts at about the middle of the slope.
5. Set the MODE switch to NORM. The display should start on the negative slope. In the NORM mode the display will disappear if the LEVEL control is improperly adjusted.
6. Set the SLOPE button to +OUT position. The display should start on the positive slope.
7. Disconnect the probe from the instrument. Set the CH 1 AC-GND-DC switch to GND. The trace should disappear.
8. Set the SOURCE switch to LINE. If a trace doesn't appear, adjust the LEVEL control until a trace appears.

| 9. Set: | SOURCE | INT |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
|  | MODE | AUTO |
|  | $C H 1$ AC-GND-DC | AC |

## Delay Time Position and Delayed Sweep Operation

1. Set: DISPLAY MODE
A INTEN BY B DELAY TIME POSITION Fully ccw
2. The start of the intensified portion of the sweep should be within 0.5 div of the start of the sweep.
3. Rotate the DELAY TIME POSITION control until it is fully clockwise. The start of the intensified portion of the sweep will move until it is at least 10 divisions from the start of the sweep.
4. Set DISPLAY MODE to B. The display will consist of only the intensified portion or delayed (B Sweep) portion.
5. Return the DISPLAY MODE to A INTEN BY B and turn the DELAY TIME POSITION control fully counterclockwise.
6. Set the B SEC/DIV switch to $.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. The intensified portion will reduce to a dot. Rotating the DELAY TIME POSITION control will move the dot across the screen.

| 7. Set: | SOURCE | INT |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
|  | MODE | AUTO |
|  | $C H 1$ AC-GND-DC | AC |

Your instrument is now ready to operate when you apply a signal to the CH 1 input.

## PROBE COMPENSATION

An incorrectly-compensated probe is one of the greatest sources of operator error. Most attenuator probes are equipped with adjustments to ensure optimum measurement accuracy.

Some probes are compensated by using a small, insulated screwdriver through an access hole to the compensation adjustment. Other probes may have an adjustment system similar to that shown in Fig. 2-7.

Probe compensation is accomplished as follows:
Set the appropriate VOLTS/DIV switch to . 1 V , the AC-GND-DC switch to DC, and the SEC/DIV switch to 2 ms .

Connect the probe to the vertical input and touch the probe tip to the PROBE ADJ connector. Notice a display similar to those shown in Fig. 2-8. Adjust the probe for the correct compensation. The effects of incorrect probe compensation on three types of signals are illustrated in Fig. 2-8.


Fig. 2-7. Probe compensation.


Fig. 2-8. Effects of probe compensation.

## APPLICATIONS

## Peak-to-Peak Amplitude Measurements

To measure the amplitude of a signal, mulitply the vertical deflection (in divisions) by the VOLTS/DIV switch setting. (Use VOLTS/DIV window to match attenuation factor of probe used.)

## Example:

The display amplitude is three divisions (see Fig. 2-9) and the VOLTS/DIV switch is set to .5 V . Substituting the given values:

Amplitude $=3$ divisions $\times 0.5$ volt/division $=1.5 \mathrm{~V}-\mathrm{p}$

## Instantaneous Amplitude Measurement

The following procedure explains how to measure the amplitude of any point on a waveform with respect to ground.

1. Set the AC-GND-DC switch to DC.
2. Apply the signal to be measured to one of the vertical input connectors. Set the Vertical Mode switch to select the channel used.
3. Obtain a stable display, centered vertically.
4. Set the AC-GND-DC switch to GND. Adjust the trace to some reference line (see Fig. 2-10).
5. Set the AC-GND-DC switch to DC. If the waveform appears above the reference line, the voltage is positive. If the waveform appears below the reference line, the voltage is negative.


Fig. 2-9. Peak-to-peak voltage measurement.
6. Measure the vertical difference (in divisions) between the reference line and the desired point on the waveform and multiply by the VOLTS/DIV switch setting.

## Example:

The vertical difference is 5 divisions (see Fig. 2-10). The VOLTS/DIV switch is set to 10 mV . The waveform appears above the reference line.

Substituting the given values:

$$
\begin{gathered}
\begin{array}{c}
\text { Instantaneous } \\
\text { Voltage }
\end{array}=\frac{5}{\text { divisions }} \times \frac{10 \mathrm{mV}}{\text { divisions }}=50 \mathrm{mV} \\
\text { Instantaneous } \\
\text { Voltage }
\end{gathered}
$$

## Dual Trace Phase Difference Measurement

Phase comparison between two signals of the same frequency can be accomplished using the dual-trace feature. This method of phase difference measurement can be used up to the frequency limit of the vertical system. It is also more accurate and easier to use than the X-Y method. To make the comparison, use the following procedure:

1. Set the AC-GND-DC switches to $A C$.
2. Set the Vertical Mode switch to DUAL TRACE. Position both traces to the graticule horizontal centerline.
3. Connect the reference signal to the Channel 1 input connector and the comparison signal to the Channel 2 input connector. Use coaxial cables or probes which have equal time delay to connect the signals to the input connectors.


Fig. 2-10. Instantaneous voltage measurement.
4. Set the Channel 1 and Channel 2 VOLT/DIV switches and the Channel 1 and Channel 2 VAR controls so that the displays are equal and about five divisions in amplitude.
5. Set the SEC/DIV switch to a sweep rate which displays about one cycle of the reference waveform.
6. Turn the variable (X1-X10) SEC/DIV control until one cycle of the reference signal (Channel 1) occupies exactly eight divisions between the first and ninth graticule lines (see Fig. 2-11). Each division of the graticule represents $45^{\circ}$ of the cycle ( $360^{\circ} \div 8$ divisions $=$ $45^{\circ}$ /division).
7. Measure the horizontal difference between corresponding points on the waveforms.
8. Multiply the measured distance (in divisions) by $45^{\circ}$ /division (sweep rate) to obtain the exact amount of phase difference.

## Example:

Assume a horizontal difference of 0.6 division with a sweep rate of $45^{\circ} /$ division as shown in Fig. 2-11.

Substituting the given values:

$$
\begin{array}{cl}
\text { Phase } \\
\text { Difference } & =0.6 \text { division } \times 45^{\circ} / \text { division }
\end{array}
$$

Phase Difference $=27^{\circ}$


Fig. 2-11. Phase difference.

## Time Duration and Frequency Measurements

To find the time duration between two points on a waveform, multiply the horizontal distance (in divisions) between the two points by the SEC/DIV switch setting. Frequency (in hertz) is the reciprocal of the time duration of one cycle (in seconds).

## Example:

The horizontal distance measured is 8.3 divisions (see Fig. 2-12).

The SEC/DIV switch is set to 2 ms .

Substituting the given values:

$$
\begin{gathered}
\underset{\text { Dime }}{\text { Duration }}=\begin{array}{c}
\text { Horizontal } \\
\text { distance } \\
\text { (divisions) }
\end{array} \times \begin{array}{c}
\text { SEC/DIV } \\
\text { setting }
\end{array} \\
\text { Time } \\
\text { Duration }
\end{gathered} \begin{gathered}
8.3 \\
\text { divisions }
\end{gathered} \times \begin{gathered}
2 \mathrm{~ms} / \\
\text { division }
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
\underset{\text { Duration }}{\text { Time }}=16.6 \mathrm{~ms} \text { (milliseconds) }
$$

and
Frequency $=\frac{1}{\text { time duration }}$

$$
\text { Frequency }=\frac{1}{16.6 \mathrm{~ms}^{\mathrm{a}}}=60 \mathrm{~Hz}
$$

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 16.6 \mathrm{~ms}=.0166$ second.


Fig. 2-12. Time duration.

## Risetime Measurements

Risetime measurements are made in the same manner as time duration measurements, except the measurements are made between the $10 \%$ and $90 \%$ points of the waveform's amplitude (see percentage markings on the left edge of the graticule).

Use the following procedure to measure risetime:

1. Adjust the VOLTS/DIV and VAR controls for a display amplitude of exactly five divisions.
2. Adjust the vertical POSITION control so that the display bottom just touches the $0 \%$ graticule line and the display top just touches the 100\% graticule line (see Fig. 213).
3. Measure the horizontal distance (divisions) between the $10 \%$ and $90 \%$ points on the waveform (point A to point B, Fig. 2-13).
4. Use the following formula to find risetime:

$$
\text { Risetime }=\begin{gathered}
\text { horizontal } \\
\text { distance } \\
\text { (divisions) }
\end{gathered} \quad \times \quad \begin{gathered}
\text { SEC/DIV } \\
\text { setting }
\end{gathered}
$$

## Examples:

The horizontal distance between the $10 \%$ and $90 \%$ point on the waveform is five divisions with a SEC/DIV switch setting of $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.

Substituting the given values:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Risetime }=5 \text { divisions } \times 1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \text { division } \\
& \text { Risetime }=5 \mu \mathrm{~s}
\end{aligned}
$$



Fig. 2-13. Risetime.

## A Intensified Differential Time Measurements

1. Set the A SEC/DIV switch and the horizontal POSITION control to locate both time measurement points within the graticule area (see Fig. 2-14).
2. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to A INTEN BY B.
3. Unlock the B SEC/DIV switch and rotate clockwise to obtain the shortest usable intensified zone.
4. Use the DELAY TIME POSITION (DTP) control to move the left edge of the intensified zone to just touch the first time measurement point (see Fig. 2-14, point A). Note the number of divisions between the start of the sweep and the start of the intensified zone.
5. Use the DTP control to move the left edge of the intensified zone to just touch the second time measurement point (see Fig. 2-14, point B). Note the number of divisions between the start of the sweep and the start of the intensified zone. Also note the number of divisions between point $A$ and point $B$.
6. To find the Time Difference, multiply the number of divisions between point $A$ and point $B$ by the $A$ SEC/DIV switch setting.

## Example:

The A SEC/DIV switch was set to 2 ms and the $B$ SEC/DIV switch was set to 0.1 ms . Point $A$ is 8.4 divisions from point $B$. So the time difference is $8.4 \times 2 \mathrm{~ms}=$ 16.8 ms .


Fig. 2-14. Time duration between points on a waveform.

## Delayed Sweep Magnification

The B Delayed mode can provide higher apparent sweep rate magnification than that provided by the X1-X10 control.

Magnified Sweep Starts After Delay. To determine the apparent magnification factor, proceed as follows:

1. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to A INTEN BY B.
2. With the DELAY TIME POSITION control, move the left edge of the intensified zone to the left side of the portion of the A sweep display to be magnified.
3. Set the B SEC/DIV switch so just the portion of the $A$ sweep display to be magnified is intensified (see Fig. 215A).
4. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to B. The portion of the A sweep display that was intensified in step 3 is now displayed in magnified form (see Fig. 2-15B). The displayed sweep rate is determined by the B SEC/DIV switch. To calculate the apparent magnification factor, use the formula:

$$
\underset{\text { Magnification }}{\text { Apparent }}=\frac{\text { A SEC/DIV switch setting }}{\text { B SEC/DIV switch setting }}
$$


(A) A INTENSIFIED DISPLAY

(B) B DELAYED DISPLAY

Fig. 2-15. Delayed sweep magnification.

## PERFORMANCE CHECK

This procedure allows the basic performance specifications to be checked without removing the instrument covers. It is intended for use in incoming inspection to determine acceptability of newly purchased or recently calibrated instruments.

## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

Tolerances given are for the instrument under test and do not include test equipment error. Limits and tolerances in this check, are instrument specifications only if they are called out as performance requirements in the Specifications section.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

You will need the test equipment listed in Table 3-1, or equivalent, to perform a complete Performance Check of the T932 or T935. The Specifications given for the equipment are the minimum necessary for accurate results.

TABLE 3-1
Test Equipment

| Description | Minimum Specifications | Usage | Exampies of Applicable Test Equipment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Amplitude Calibrator | Amplitude accuracy, within $0.5 \%$; signal amplitude, 10 mV to 10 V ; output signal, 1 kHz square wave. | Vertical Gain checks, X gain check. | a. Tektronix PG 506 Calibration Generator." <br> b. Tektronix 067-0502-01 Calibration Fixture. |
| 2. Sine-Wave Generator | Frequency, 50 kHz to above 35 MHz ; output amplitude, variable from 0.5 to $5 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$; output impedance, $50 \Omega$; reference frequency, 50 kHz ; amplitude accuracy, constant within $3 \%$ of reference frequency as output frequency changes. | Vertical Amplifier bandwidth checks, X bandwidth check. Triggering checks. Z axis input check. | a. Tektronix SG 503 Leveled Sine-Wave Generator ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ (with included precision cable). <br> b. Tektronix Type 191 Constant Amplitude Signal Generator. |
| 3. Time-Mark Generator | Marker outputs, 10 ns to 0.5 s ; marker accuracy within $0.5 \%$; trigger output, 1 ms to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, time coincident with markers. | Timing checks. | a. Tektronix TG 501 TimeMark Generator. ${ }^{\text { }}$ <br> b. Tektronix 2901 Time-Mark Generator. |
| 4. Termination | Impedance, $50 \Omega$; bnc connectors. | Signal termination. | a. Tektronix Part 011-0049-01. |
| 5. Cable (3) | $50 \Omega$ impedance; bnc connectors. | Signal interconnection. | a. Tektronix Part 012-0057-01. |
| 6. Dual Input Coupler | Connectors, bnc female to 2 bnc male. | Signal interconnection. | a. Tektronix Part 067-0525-01. |

${ }^{3}$ Requires a TM $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ Series Power Module.

TABLE 3-1 (cont)

| Description | Minimum Specifications | Usage | Exampies of Appiicable <br> Test Equipment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7. T Connector | Connectors, bnc. | Signal interconnection. | a. Tektronix Part 103-0030-00. |

## PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE

Use the following steps to put your instrument into a basic operating mode before proceeding with the Performance Check. This procedure is the same for both the T932 and the T935, except where noted.

1. Check that the Power Input Voltage Selector switch and the $\mathrm{HI} /$ LO Range Selector switch on the bottom of the cabinet are set for your power input voltage. In the United States, the Power Input Voltage Selector switch is normally set for 120 V and the $\mathrm{HI} / \mathrm{LO}$ Range Selector switch is normally set for HI at the factory. In Europe, the Power Input Voltage Selector switch is normally set for 240 V and the HI/LO Range Selector switch is normally set for LO. Only qualified service personnel should change the Power Input Voltage Selector switch to a different voltage range setting.
2. If the $120 \mathrm{~V} / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{HI} / \mathrm{LO}$ switches are properly set, connect the power cord plug to the power source and turn the instrument on. Connect test equipment to an appropriate power source and turn it on. Set the trigger MODE to AUTO, and SOURCE to INT.
3. Set the controls as follows:

## Vertical Amplifier

| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| POSITION (both) | Midrange |
| VOLTS/DIV (both) | 2 mV $^{1}$ |
| VAR (both) | Detent (cw) |
| CH 1 AC-GND-DC | DC |
| CH 2 AC-GND-DC | GND |
|  |  |
|  | Time Base |
|  |  |
| SEC/DIV | .5 ms |
| X1-X10 (variable) | X1 (unmagnified- |
|  | fully ccw in detent) |
| SOURCE | INT |
| MODE | AUTO |
| POSITION | Midrange |
| SLOPE | + OUT |
| LEVEL | Midrange |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| DELAY TIME |  |
| POSITION | Fully ccw |
| DISPLAY MODE | A |

4. The POWER ON light should be on and a baseline trace should be visible on the graticule. Adjust INTENSITY, FOCUS, and ASTIG controls for low intensity, welldefined trace.

The baseline should be parallel with horizontal graticule lines. If not, adjust R472, TR ROT (trace rotation), in the left side panel until the trace aligns with the horizontal graticule lines.

This ends the preliminary procedure.

[^0]
## PERFORMANCE CHECK PROCEDURE

## 1. CH 1 and CH 2 Deflection Accuracy

a. Connect test equipment as shown in Fig. 3-1 (use appropriate POSITION control as needed to center the display within the graticule area).
b. CHECK—Deflection accuracy for CH 1 according to Table 3-2 within $3 \%\left(+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

## c. Set: CH 1 AC-GND-DC <br> GND <br> CH 2 AC-GND-DC <br> DC <br> CH 2 <br> Vertical Mode

As needed CH 2 POSITION
d. CHECK—Deflection accuracy for CH 2 according to Table 3-2 within $3 \%\left(+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
e. Set amplitude calibrator to 0.1 volt.

## 2. CH 1 and CH 2 VAR (Variable) Volts/Div Range

a. Set CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV to 20 mV .
b. CHECK-Display amplitude reduces from five divisions to less than two divisions with CH 2 VAR control turned fully counterclockwise.
c. Set: Vertical Mode
CH 1
CH 1 AC-GND-DC
DC
CH 2 AC-GND-DC

| VOLTS/DIV <br> (1X PROBE <br> WINDOW) | Amplitude <br> Calibrator <br> Output | Vertical <br> Deflection <br> (divisions) | $\pm \mathbf{3 \%}$ <br> Tolerance <br> (dlvislons) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 mV | 10 mV | 5 | 4.85 to 5.15 |
| 5 mV | 20 mV | 4 | 3.88 to 4.12 |
| 10 mV | 50 mV | 5 | 4.85 to 5.15 |
| 20 mV | .1 V | 5 | 4.85 to 5.15 |
| .2 V | 1 V | 5 | 4.85 to 5.15 |
| 2 V | 10 V | 5 | 4.85 to 5.15 |

TABLE 3-2
Deflection Accuracy


Fig. 3-1. Deflection accuracy check test setup.

## Performance Check-T932/T935

d. CHECK—Display amplitude reduces from 5 divisions to less than 2 divisions with CH 1 VAR control turned fully counterclockwise.
e. Return both VAR controls to detent position.
f. Disconnect test equipment.

## 3. Channel 1 Bandwidth

a. Connect test equipment as shown in Fig. 3-2.
b. Set: VOLTS/DIV (both) 2 mV AC-GND-DC (both) LEVEL POSITION (all) As required
d. Set generator frequency to 35 MHz .
e. CHECK—Display amplitude is at least 3.5 divisions.

## 4. Channel 2 Bandwidth

a. Set: Vertical Mode

CH 2
b. Move the sine-wave generator output (through $50 \Omega$ cable and $50 \Omega$ termination) from CH 1 input connector to CH 2 input connector.
c. Set generator frequency to 50 kHz (reference) and adjust output amplitude for a 5 division display.
d. Set generator frequency to 35 MHz .
e. CHECK-Display amplitude is at least 3.5 divisions.
f. Disconnect test equipment.


Fig. 3-2. Bandwidth check test setup.

## 5. X-Axis Gain

a. Set: Vertical Mode
CH 1
VOLTS/DIV (CH 1) . 1 V
SOURCE X-Y
X1-X10
INTENSITY
SEC/DIV
X10 (fully cw)
For visible display 0.1 ms
b. Connect test equpment as shown in Fig. 3-3 and set generator output amplitude to .5 V , and frequency to 50 kHz .
c. CHECK—Horizontal deflection between 3.5 and 6.5 divisions (set horizontal POSITION as needed to view start and end of display).
d. Disconnect test equipment.

## 6. X-Axis Bandwidth

a. Connect sine-wave generator though $50 \Omega$ cable and $50 \Omega$ termination to $X$ (EXT) input.
b. Set generator frequency to 50 kHz (reference) and adjust output amplitude for 10 divisions (about 1 volt) of horizontal deflection.
c. Set generator frequency to 2 MHz .
d. CHECK—Display amplitude is at least seven divisions.
e. Disconnect test equipment.
f. Set SOURCE to INT; MODE to NORM.

NOTE
When making trigger checks, adjust the LEVEL control, POSITION controls, and INTENSITY as needed for a stable visible display, unless instructed otherwise.


Fig. 3-3. X Gain, Triggering, and Z-axis input check test setup.

## 7. 2 MHz Internal Triggering

a. Connect test equipment as shown in Fig. 3-3.
b. Set: CH 1 VOLTS/DIV 1 V SEC/DIV $\quad .1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
X1-X10 X1 (fully ccw detent)
c. Set sine-wave generator frequency for 2 MHz and adjust output amplitude for a 0.5 -division display.
d. CHECK-Stable display can be obtained in both the + OUT and -IN positions of the SLOPE switch for both AUTO and NORM.

## 8. $2 \mathbf{~ M H z}$ External Triggering

a. Set: CH 1 VOLTS/DIV .1 V
b. Adjust sine-wave generator output amplitude for 100 mV (one division on crt).
c. Set: SOURCE EXT
d. CHECK-Stable display can be obtained in both the +OUT and -IN positions of the SLOPE switch for both AUTO and NORM.

## 9. $35 \mathbf{M H z}$ Internal Triggering

a. Set: SOURCE INT

CH 1 VOLTS/DIV 50 mV
X1-X10 (variable) $\quad$ X10 (fully cw detent)
b. Set sine-wave generator frequency for 35 MHz and output amplitude for a 3-division display; then set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to .1 V .
c. CHECK—Stable display can be obtained in both the +OUT and -IN positions of the SLOPE switch for both AUTO and NORM modes.

## 10. 35 MHz External Triggering

a. Set: SOURCE EXT
b. CHECK-Stable display can be obtained in both the +OUT and -IN positions of the SLOPE switch for both AUTO and NORM.

## 11. Z-Axis Input

| a. Set: | CH 1 VOLTS/DIV |
| :--- | :--- |
| SEC/DIV | 1 V |
| SOURCE | .1 ms |
| MODE | INT |
|  | AUTO |
|  | X1-X10 (variable) |
|  |  |
|  | X1 (fully ccw |
|  |  |

b. Set sine-wave generator frequency to 50 kHz and adjust output amplitude for a 5-division display.
c. Disconnect $50 \Omega$ cable from X (or EXT, external trigger) input, and connect it to EXT Z AXIS connector at rear of instrument.
d. CHECK-Trace modulation is noticeable at normal intensity. (Adjust LEVEL control as required to obtain stable display).
e. Disconnect test setup.

## 12. Low Frequency Triggering

| a. Set: | SEC/DIV | 10 ms |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | VOLTS/DIV (CH 1) | 2 mV |
|  | CH 1 AC-GND-DC | DC |
|  | MODE | NORM |

b. Connect 10X probe to CH 1 input.
c. Lay probe near ac line voltage source and adjust CH 1 VOLTS/DIV switch and VAR control for a 0.4division display.
d. CHECK-Stable display can be obtained in both the +OUT and -IN positions of the SLOPE switch for AUTO and NORM modes, and LINE and INT SOURCE positions.
e. Remove probe.
f. Return VAR to detent; MODE to NORM; and SOURCE to INT.

## 13. A and B Sweep Rate Accuracy

## note

For T932, use the procedure for the A sweep only.
a. Connect test setup as shown in Fig. 3-4.
b. S

| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | .2 V |
| :--- | :--- |
| SOURCE | INT |
| MODE | NORM |
| X1-X10 | X1 (fully ccw) |
| SLOPE | As needed |
| LEVEL | As needed |
| POSITION (all) | As needed |

c. CHECK-A sweep SEC/DIV accuracy according to Table 3-3; one or two time marks, as indicated, within 3\% ( 0.24 div ) over center eight divisions. Accuracy specifications apply for a temperature range of $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
d. Set: DISPLAY MODE B
e. CHECK-B sweep accuracy according to Table3-3. Display one or two time marks as indicated within 3\% (within 0.24 div ) over the center 8 divisions $\left(+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).

TABLE 3-3

## A and B Sweep Timing Accuracy

| SEC/DIV <br> Setting | Time-Mark <br> Generator <br> Output | CRT Display <br> (Markers/Divisions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.1 microsecond | $1^{2}$ |
| $.2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.1 microsecond | 2 |
| $.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.5 microsecond | 1 |
| $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 microsecond | 1 |
| $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 microsecond | 2 |
| $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 5 microseconds | 1 |
| $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 10 microseconds | 1 |
| $20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 10 microseconds | 2 |
| $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 50 microseconds | 1 |
| .1 ms | 0.1 millisecond | 1 |
| .2 ms | 0.1 millisecond | 2 |
| .5 ms | 0.5 millisecond | 1 |
| 1 ms | 1 millisecond | 1 |
| 2 ms | 1 millisecond | 2 |
| 5 ms | 5 milliseconds | 1 |
| 10 ms | 10 milliseconds | 1 |
| 20 ms | 10 milliseconds | 2 |
| 50 ms | 50 milliseconds | 1 |

A Sweep Oniy

| .1 s | 0.1 s | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .2 s | 0.1 s | 2 |
| .5 s | 0.5 s | 1 |



Fig. 3-4. Timing accuracy and deiay time check test setup.

## 14. MAGNIFIED SWEEP ACCURACY

a. Set: $\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{X} 10$

SEC/DIV DISPLAY MODE SOURCE

X10 (fully cw )
$0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
A
INT (see note)
b. Set time-mark generator to 10 ns (adjust CH 1 VOLTS/DIV as necessary for a visible display).

## NOTE

If you cannot obtain a stable display, connect the time-mark generator trigger output to the $X$ or EXT (external trigger) connector via a $50 \Omega$ cable and $50 \Omega$ termination. Set MODE to EXT and adjust LEVEL control for a stable display.
c. CHECK—Magnified sweep accuracy according to Table 3-4: One or two time marks as indicated, within 5\% ( 0.4 div) over center 8 divisions. Exclude the first 50 ns after the start of the sweep ( 5 divisions for the $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ setting; 2.5 divisions for the $0.2 \mu$ s setting; one division for
$0.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ settings), and anything beyond the 100th magnified division. Accuracy specifications apply for a temperature range of $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
d. Set: DISPLAY MODE

B
e. Repeat part $c$.
f. Return X1-X10 control to X1 (fully counterclockwise).

TABLE 3-4
Magnified Sweep Timing Accuracy

| SEC/DIV <br> Setting | Time-Mark <br> Generator <br> Output | CRT Display <br> (Markers/Division) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 10 nanosecond | 1 |
| $.2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 10 nanosecond | 2 |
| $.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 50 nanosecond | 1 |
| $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | .1 microsecond | 1 |
| .5 ms | 50 microsecond | 1 |

## 15. Delay Time Position (T935 only)

| a. Set: A SEC/DIV | .5 ms |
| :--- | :--- |
| B SEC/DIV (pull |  |
| out to separate) | $5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| VOLTS/DIV | .5 V |
| DISPLAY MODE | A INTEN BY B |
| SOURCE | INT |
| X1-X10 | X1 (fully ccw ) |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

c. Move the trace horizontally so you can see the start of the sweep at the left edge of the graticule.
d. CHECK-With the DELAY TIME POSITION control fully counterclockwsie, the intensified portion of the sweep should be less than 0.5 div from the start of the sweep. With the DELAY TIME POSITION control fully clockwise, the dot should be at least 10 div from the start of the sweep (to the right of the graticule area).

## 16. Delay Time Jitter (T935 only)

a. Position the start of the intensified portion of the sweep on the tenth time marker.
b. Set: MODE AUTO DISPLAY MODE
B
c. Adjust the Horizonal POSITION control so the display is in the center of the screen.
d. Set: INTENSITY

For well-defined display
e. CHECK-Horizontal jitter is 1 division or less.
f. Disconnect test equipment.

## 17. TV TRIGGER

## note

We recommend that you only check the TV Trigger if you are going to be using it. Any TV signal source will do for the check-such as a TV set.

The amplitude settings given in this procedure are to check both the INT and EXT trigger requirements. You can check just the INT trigger by using the VOLTS/DIV settings to attenuate the signal to 1 div of composite sync or 2.3 div of composite video.
a. Connect test setup as shown in Fig. 3-5.
b. Set: SEC/DIV

CH 1 VOLTS/DIV MODE .1 ms
. 1 V
TV
e. CHECK—Stable display is present (display triggers on TV field).
f. Set: SEC/DIV
$50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
g. CHECK—Stable display is present (display triggers on TV line).
h. Set: SOURCE EXT
i. Adjust LEVEL and SLOPE as needed to trigger display.
j. CHECK-Stable display is present (display triggers on TV line).
k. Set: SEC/DIV
.1 ms
I. CHECK—Stable display is present (display triggers on TV field).
m. Disconnect test setup.
d. Adjust LEVEL and SLOPE as needed to trigger display.

## END OF PROCEDURE



Fig. 3-5. TV trigger check test setup.

## ADJUSTMENTS

## WARNING

SERVICING INFORMATION IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS IS INTENDED FOR USE BY QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY. TO AVOID ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT REMOVE INSTRUMENT COVERS OR PERFORM ANY SERVICING UNLESS QUALIFIED TO DO SO.

## IMPORTANT—PLEASE READ BEFORE USING THIS PROCEDURE

When done properly, this procedure allows you to adjust the instrument to its original performance specifications. The Adjustment Procedure is not intended as a troubleshooting guide. Any trouble you find during the procedure should be corrected before continuing. Refer to the Service Information section for further information.

## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

Limits and tolerances are instrument specifications only if they are called out as performance requirements in the Specification section. Tolerances given are for the oscilloscope under test and do not include test equipment error.

## ADJUSTMENT INTERACTION

Some adjustments interact with others. These are identified with an INTERACTION step.

## PARTIAL PROCEDURES

You can perform part of the adjustment procedure after replacing components or just to touch up the performance between major re-adjustments. Do not change the setting
of the -8 V supply unless you intend to re-adjust the entire instrument.

To adjust only part of the instrument, set the controls according to the nearest preceding Control Settings and use the test setup given in the step you intend to perform or the setup in a preceding step. To prevent unnecessary re-adjustment only if the tolerance given for that step is not met. If it is necessary to reset an adjustment, also check any steps listed in the INTERACTION-part of the step.

## TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The test equipment listed in Table 4-1, or equivalent is required for complete calibration of the oscilloscope. Specifications given for the equipment are the minimum necessary for accurate calibration.

TABLE 4-1
Test Equipment

| Description | Minimum Specifications | Usage | Examples of Applicable Test Equipment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Digital Voltmeter | Range, 0 to 9 V dc; accuracy within 0.3\%. | Power supply adjustment. | a. Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 2. Time-Mark Generator | Markers, $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to 0.5 s ; accuracy, within $0.3 \%$. | Y -axis alignment, geometry adjustment, sweep and timing adjustments. | a. Tektronix TG 501 Time-Mark Generator. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ <br> b. Tektronix 2901 TimeMark Generator. |
| 3. Amplitude Calibrator | Signal Amplitude, 10 mV to 50 V square wave; frequency, 1 kHz ; amplitude accuracy, within 0.3\%. | Vertical gain adjustment. | a. Tektronix PG 506 Calibration Generator. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 4. Square-Wave Generator | Frequency, 1 kHz and 100 kHz; risetime, 2 ns or less. | High frequency compensation and vertical attenuator adjustments. | a. Tektronix PG 506 Calibration Generator. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ <br> b. Tektronix Type 106 Square-Wave Generator. |
| 5. Cable | Length, 42 in.; impedance, $50 \Omega$; connectors, bnc. | Signal interconnection. | a. Tektronix Part 012-0057-01. |
| 6. Termination | Impedance, $50 \Omega$; connectors bnc. | Signal termination. | a. Tektronix Part 011-0049-01. |
| 7. Low-Capacitance Alignment Tool |  | Variable capacitor adjustments. Vertical attenuator and highfrequency compensation adjustment. | a. General Cement adjustment tool G.C. 8722. |
| 8. Screwdriver | Length, 3 in. shaft; bit size, $3 / 32$ in. | Variable resistor adjustments. | a. Xcelite R-3323. |
| 9. $10 \times$ Attenuator | Ratio, 10X; impedance, $50 \Omega$; connectors, bnc. | Vertical attenuator adjustments. | a. Tektronix Part 011-0059-02. |
| 10. Probe, 10x | Attenuation, 10X; Probe can be compensated for input characteristics of T932/T935. | Vertical attenuator compensation. | a. P6108, Tektronix <br> Part 010-6108-03 <br> (Standard accessory for T932 and T935.) |
| 11. Adapter | Probe-tip-to-bnc. | Vertical attenuator. compensation. | a. Tektronix Part 013-0084-02. |

## ${ }^{2}$ Requires TM 500 Series Power Module

## PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE

## WARNING

Dangerous potentials exist at several points inside your instrument. To prevent electrical shock, do not touch exposed connections or components when the instrument is operated with the cover removed. Disconnect power cord plug from power input voltage source while disassembling or repairing this instrument.

1. Remove the cabinet from the instrument. To remove the cabinet, remove the six retaining screws (three on the top and three on the bottom) and slide the halves apart.
2. Check the $120 \mathrm{~V} / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ range selector switch, S701, and the High/Low selector switch, S705, for correct settings. Both switches are located on the bottom of the instrument. If you change the setting of the range selector switch, change the line fuse. Refer to the Replaceable Electrical Parts list for correct fuse values.
3. Connect the T932 or T935 and test equipment to an appropriate power input source. Turn them on and allow at least 20 minutes warmup before starting the adjustment procedure.

For best overall accuracy, make adjustments at an ambient temperature of $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## A. DISPLAY AND POWER SUPPLY

## Equipment Required

1. Digital Voltmeter
2. Time-Mark Generator
3. $50 \Omega$ BNC Cable

## PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS

Preset front panel controls as follows:

## note

Do not preset internal controls.

| INTENSITY | Midrange |
| :--- | :--- |
| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | $1 \mathrm{~V}(1 \mathrm{X})^{1}$ |
| VOLTS/DIV VAR (both) | Detent (cw) |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | GND |
| A \& B SEC/DIV | .1 ms |
| X1-X10 | X1 (fully ccw) |
| SOURCE | INT |
| MODE | AUTO |
| SLOPE | +OUT |
| LEVEL | Midrange |
| CH 1 POSITION | Midrange |
| Horizontal POSITION | Midrange |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| DISPLAY mode | A |

Set all other controls as desired. The oscilloscope should produce a baseline trace with the controls set as above. Adjust the INTENSITY and FOCUS controls (on front panel), and ASTIG control (left side of cabinet) as needed to maintain a well-defined display.

1. -8 V Power Supply

NOTE
Do not change the setting of the -8 V adjustment unless you intend to re-adjust the entire instrument.
a. Connect digital voltmeter between the -8 V side of R775 and ground (see Fig. 4-1). If meter does not read between -7.96 V and -8.04 V , proceed to part b .
b. ADJUST-R773, $-8 \vee \operatorname{Adj}$ (see Fig. 4-1) for -8.00 V dc.
c. Disconnect digital voltmeter.


Fig. 4-1. Power suppiy adjustment locations (on bottom of chassis).
${ }^{1}$ Refers to window on VOLTS/DIV switch knob. Use 1 X probe window unless otherwise specified in individual steps of the procedure.

## 2. Trace Rotation

a. Position trace vertically to the center horizontal graticule line.
b. ADJUST-Trace Rot, R472 (see Fig. 4-2), to align trace with center horizontal graticule line.

## 3. $\mathbf{Y}$-Axis Alignment

a. Set $\mathrm{CH} 1 \mathrm{AC}-\mathrm{GND}-\mathrm{DC}$ to DC .
b. Connect .1 ms markers from time-mark generator to CH 1 input via $50 \Omega$ BNC termination and $50 \Omega$ BNC cable.
c. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV and VAR to obtain slightly more than 8 divisions of vertical deflection and position display baseline below bottom graticule line (off screen).
d. Set SEC/DIV to obtain about one marker/division and rotate horizontal POSITION to align a marker with center graticule line.
e. ADJUST-Y-axis, R474, (see Fig. 4-2) to align center marker with center vertical graticule line.
f. INTERACTION-Position display baseline to center horizontal graticule line and check that baseline aligns with horizontal graticule line. If not, re-adjust trace rotation. Then re-check Y -Axis alignment.

## 4. Geometry

a. Move display baseline slightly below bottom graticule line.
b. ADJUST-Geom, R473 (see Fig. 4-2) for best alignment of markers with the vertical graticule lines, i.e.: minimum bowing of markers.
c. INTERACTION-Between Geom and Y-Axis. Repeat both adjustments for best alignment of markers with vertical graticule lines.
d. Disconnect time-mark generator.


Fig. 4-2. Interface board adjustment locations (on left side of crt).

## B. VERTICAL AMPLIFIER

## Equipment Required

1. Digital Voltmeter
2. Amplitude Calibrator
3. Square-Wave Generator
4. $50 \Omega \mathrm{BNC}$ Termination
5. $50 \Omega$ BNC Cable

## PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS

Preset front panel controls as follows:

| INTENSITY | Midrange (for visible <br> trace) |
| :--- | :--- |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| FOCUS | Midrange |
| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| VOLTS/DIV (both) | $2 \mathrm{mV}(1 \mathrm{X})^{1}$ |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | GND |
| VAR (both) | Detent (cw) |
| A SEC/DIV | .5 ms |
| X1-X10 | X1 (fully ccw detent) |
| SOURCE | INT |
| MODE | AUTO |
| SLOPE | +OUT |
| LEVEL | Midrange |
| POSITION (all) | Midrange |
| DISPLAY MODE | A |

Set all other controls as desired.
The oscilloscope should produce a baseline trace with the controls set as above. Adjust INTENSITY and FOCUS controls as needed to maintain a well-defined display while making adjustments.

## PROCEDURE

## 1. Vertical Preamplifier Balance

a. ADJUST-CH 1 DC BAL, R4130 (see Fig. 4-3), for no trace shift while switching CH 1 VOLTS/DIV control between 2 mV and 10 mV .
b. Set: Vertical Mode CH 2
6. Low Capacitance Alignment Tool
7. Screwdriver
8. 10X Probe
9. 10X Attenuator
10. Probe-tip-to-BNC Adapter
11. Dual Input Coupler (optional)
c. ADJUST-CH 2 DC BAL, R4232 (see Fig. 4-3), for no trace shift while switching CH 2 VOLTS/DIV control between 2 mV and 10 V .

## 2. Vertical Output Amplfier Gain

NOTE
You should not have to re-adjust the vertical output gain unless you have replaced the crt or other components, or adjustments have accidentally been altered.
a. Set VOLTS/DIV (both) to $5 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$ and Vertical Mode to CH 1 .
b. Set Gain, R126 (see Fig. 4-2), to physical midrange.
c. Connect digital voltmeter between P4-9 and P4-11 (see Fig. 4-3). Select range on meter for at least 500 mV reading.
d. Set vertical POSITION control so trace is aligned with center horizontal graticule line. Note meter reading.
e. Rotate vertical POSITION control until meter reading has changed 150 mV positive from reading in part d (trace moved toward top of screen).
f. Adjust Gain, R126 (see Fig. 4-2), so trace aligns' with third graticule line above center horizontal graticule line.
g. Disconnect digital voltmeter. procedure.


Fig. 4-3. Vertical Amplifler adjustment locatlons (bottom vlew of Instrument).

## 3. Vertical Preamplifier Gain

a. Set: VOLTS/DIV (both) $5 \mathrm{mV}^{1}$

AC-GND-DC (both) DC
Vertical Mode
CH 1
b. Connect a $1 \mathrm{kHz}, 20 \mathrm{mV}$ amplitude calibrator (standard output) signal to CH 1 input via a $50 \Omega$ unterminated cable. Set CH 1 POSITION to center the display vertically.
c. ADJUST-Gain, R4151 (see Fig. 4-3), for a 4division display.
d. Move 20 mV amplitude calibrator signal to CH 2 input and set Vertical Mode to CH 2 . Set CH 2 POSITION to center the display vertically.
e. ADJUST-Gain, R4351 (see Fig. 4-3), for 4-division display.
f. INTERACTION-If you cannot adjust CH 1 and CH 2 Preamplifier Gain for 4-division display, repeat steps 2 and 3.
g. Disconnect test equipment.
note
For convenience in the following steps, set the TIME BASE to 1 ms (SEC/DIV to 1 ms and X1-X10 to X1) while adjusting the generator for a 5-division display. Then set TIME BASE TO $50 \mu$ (SEC/DIV to $5 \mu$ and X1-X10 to X10) when observing or adjusting leading edge detail.

## 4. High Frequency Compensation

| a. Set: | VOLTS/DIV (both) |
| :---: | :--- |
|  | $2 \mathrm{mV}^{1}$ |
| Vertical Mode | CH 2 |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | DC |
| A SEC/DIV | 1 ms |

b. Connect square-wave generator (fast rise, + transition) to Channel 2 input connector via $50 \Omega$ cable, 10 X attenuator, and $50 \Omega$ termination.
c. Set square-wave generator for 100 kHz , fast rise, and amplitude for 5 -division display. Set SEC/DIV to $.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, and INTENSITY as necessary to view the display.
d. Set POSITION and LEVEL controls to position the leading edge of the signal on screen.
e. ADJUST-C4397, R4397, C4396, R4396 (see Fig. 43), C114, R114, C118 (see Fig. 4-2), for best front corner of waveform using a low-capacitance alignment tool.
'Refers to window on VOLTS/DIV switch knob. Use 1X probe window unless otherwise speclfied In indivldual steps of procedure.
f. Set: Vertical Mode

CH 1
g. Connect square-wave generator to Channel 1 input connector via $50 \Omega$ cable, 10X attenuator, and $50 \Omega$ termination.
h. ADJUST-C4154 (see Fig. 4-3), for best square front corner of waveform using low-capacitance alignment tool.
i. INTERACTION-If you cannot obtain square front corner, re-adjust C4396, R4396, C4397, R4397, C114, C 118 , and R114 for best square front corner in both CH 1 and CH 2.
j. Disconnect test equipment.

## 5. Channel 1 Attenuator Compensation

a.

| a. Set: | CH 1 VOLTS/DIV |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | CH 1 AC-GND-DC |
|  | Vertical Mode |
|  | A SEC/DIV |
|  | X1-X10 |

$20 \mathrm{mV}^{1}$
DC
Vertical Mode CH 1
$\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{X} 10 \quad \mathrm{X} 10$ (fully cw )
b. Connect a $50 \Omega$ cable from the high-amplitude output of the square-wave generator, through a 10 X attenuator and a $50 \Omega$ termination to the CH 1 input connector. Set generator to 1 kHz and adjust for a 5division display.
c. ADJUST-C4114 (see Fig. 4-3) for best square front corner (see Fig. 4-4 for example).
d. Remove 10X attenuator and set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to .2 V . Set generator output for a 5-division display.
e. ADJUST-C4105 (see Fig. 4-3) for best square front corner (see Fig. 4-4 for example). Disconnect test equipment.
f. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to 10 mV and $\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{X} 10$ to X 1 (fully ccw ).
g. Connect a 10 X probe to the CH 1 input. Connect the probe tip to a probe tip-to-bnc adapter, the adapter to a $50 \Omega$ bnc termination, and the termination to a $50 \Omega$ bnc 10X attenuator attached to the square-wave generator high-amplitude output connector. Set generator for a 5division, 1 kHz display.
h. Compensate probe for best front corner of waveform.
i. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to 20 mV and set generator for a 5-divison display (remove 10X attenuator if necessary).
j. ADJUST-C4113 for flat top on square wave.
k. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to .2 V , and square-wave generator output for a 5-division display (remove 10X attenuator, and also $50 \Omega$ termination if necessary).
I. ADJUST-C4104 for a flat top on square wave.
m. Disconnect test equipment.


Fig. 4-4. Dispiay of correct attenuator compensation (idealized).

[^1]
## 6. CH 2 Attenuator Compensation

a. Set: CH 2 VOLTS/DIV $20 \mathrm{mV}^{1}$

Ch 2 AC-GND-DC DC Vertical Mode $\quad$ CH 2 A SEC/DIV $\quad 1 \mathrm{~ms}$ X1-X10 X10 (fully cw) POSITION (all) As required
b. Connect a $50 \Omega$ cable from the high-amplitude output of the square-wave generator, through a 10 X attenuator, and a $50 \Omega$ termination to the CH 2 input connector. Set generator to 1 kHz and adjust for 5 -division display.
c. ADJUST-C4214 (see Fig. 4-3) for best square front corner (see Fig. 4-4 for example).
d. Remove 10X attenuator and set CH 2 VOLTS/DIV to . 2 V . Set generator output for a 5-division display.
e. ADJUST-C4205 (see Fig. 4-3) for best square front corner (see Fig. 4-4 for example). Disconnect test equipment.
f. Set CH 2 VOLTS/DIV to 10 mV and $\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{X} 10$ to X 1 (fully Ccw ).
g. Connect a 10X probe to the CH 1 input. Connect the probe tip to a probe tip-to-bnc adapter, the adapter to a $50 \Omega$ bnc termination, and the termination to a $50 \Omega$ bnc 10X attenuator attached to the square-wave generator high-amplitude output connector. Set generator for a 5division, 1 kHz display.
h. Compensate probe for best front corner of waveform.
i. Set CH 2 VOLTS/DIV to 20 mV and set generator for a 5-division display (remove 10X attenuator if necessary).
j. ADJUST-C4213 for flat top on square wave.
k. Set CH 2 VOLTS/DIV to 2 V , and square-wave generator output for a 5-division display (remove 10X attenuator, and also $50 \Omega$ termination if necessary).
I. ADJUST-C4204 for a flat top on square wave.
m. Disconnect test equipment.

## C. TIME BASE

## Equipment Required

1. Time-Mark Generator
2. $50 \Omega$ Termination
3. $50 \Omega \mathrm{BNC}$ Cable
4. Low Capacitance Alignment Tool
(2)

## PRELIMINARY CONTROL SETTINGS

Preset front panel controls as follows:

| INTENSITY | Midrange |
| :--- | :--- |
| FOCUS | Midrange |
| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | $.5 \mathrm{~V}^{1}$ |
| CH 1 VAR | Detent |
| CH 1 AC-GND-DC | DC |
| CH 2 AC-GND-DC | GND |
| A SEC/DIV | .5 ms |
| X1-X10 | X1 (fully ccw) |
| SOURCE | INT |
| MODE | AUTO |
| SLOPE | +OUT |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| LEVEL | Midrange |
| DISPLAY MODE | A |
| POSITION (all) | Midrange |
| DELAY TIME |  |
| POSITION | Fully ccw |

Set all other controls as desired.

The oscilloscope should produce a baseline trace with the controls set as above. Adjust INTENSITY and FOCUS controls as needed to maintain a well-defined display while making adjustments.

## PROCEDURE

## 1. Horizontal Gain

a. Connect a $50 \Omega$ cable from the time-mark generator to a $50 \Omega$ termination at the CH 1 input. Set generator for .5 ms markers.
b. ADJUST-Horiz Cal, R2332 (see Fig. 4-5), and horizontal POSITION control for 1 marker per division over center 8 divisions.

## 2. A and B Sweep Timing

note
For T932, use steps 2a and 2b only.
a. Set SEC/DIV to $.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and the generator for $.5 \mu$ s time marks.
b. ADJUST-C2235 (see Fig. 4-5), and horizontal POSITION control for 1 marker per division over center 8 divisions.
c. Set: DISPLAY MODE

B
d. ADJUST-C2535 and horizontal POSITION control for 1 marker per division over center 8 divisions.
e. Disconnect test equipment.
'Refers to window on VOLTS/DIV switch knob. Use 1 X probe window unless otherwise specified in individual steps of the procedure.


Fig. 4-5. Time Base adjustment iocations (on right side of Instrument).

## SERVICE INFORMATION

The following information is provided to help you keep your T932 and T935 in good operating condition. We recommend that servicing be done by qualified service personnel only. You can, if you like, send your instrument to a Tektronix Service Center for re-adjustment and repair. Contact your local Tektronix representative for information about the Service Centers in your area.

## CABINET REMOVAL

## WARNING

Dangerous potentials exist at several points throughout the T932 and T935. When operating the instrument with the covers off, avoid touching connections and components. Some transistors have elevated cases. Disconnect the power before cleaning the instrument or replacing parts.

To remove the cover, take out the six screws (top and bottom) holding the two halves together. Pull the two halves apart.

To replace the cover, line up the slots on the cover with the front panel and the rear subpanel and slide together. Replace screws.

## PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Preventive maintenance consists of cleaning the instrument regularly and inspecting it occasionally for broken or damaged parts. Regular maintenance will improve the reliability of your instrument and prevent breakdowns.

## Cleaning

Accumulations of dirt and dust on components act as an insulating blanket preventing efficient heat dissipation. Dust on circuit boards and wires can cause arcing and short circuits, resulting in damage to components or even instrument failure. Your instrument should be cleaned before this happens!

The cabinet provides protection from dust and dirt and should be in place during normal operation of the instrument.

Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents containing benzene, toluene, xylene, acetone or similar solvents. These chemicals may damage the plastics used in this instrument. Recommended cleaning agents are isopropyl alcohol or Kelite (1 part Kelite, 20 parts water).

Exterior. Dust the cabinet with a soft cloth. Dust the front panel controls with a small soft paint brush. Dirt clinging to the surface of the cabinet may be removed with a soft cloth dampened with a mild detergent and water solution. Avoid using abrasive cleaners. They will scratch the cabinet and front panel.

Interior. Dust in the interior of the instruments should be removed before it builds up enough to cause arcing and short circuits during periods of high humidity. Dust is best removed from the interior by dry (approximately $9 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{in}^{2}$ ), low-pressure air. Dirt clinging to surfaces may be removed with a soft paint brush or cloth dampened with a mild detergent and water solution. Use a cotton-tipped applicator for cleaning in narrow spaces and on the circuit boards.

## Switch Contacts



Do not use acetone, MEK, MIBK, benzene, toluene, carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethylene, methyl alcohol, methylene chloride, sulphuric acid, or Freon TC, TE, TF, TA, 12, 22, to clean the switch contacts. Check the contents of spray coolants and cleaners before using.

## Service Information-T932/T935

Most of the switches are cam-actuated assemblies which do not require frequent maintenance. When maintenance is necessary due to accumulated dirt and dust on the contacts, observe the following precautions: Clean the switch contacts with isopropyl alcohol or a solution of one part Kelite to 20 parts water. If these are not available, petroleum ether, white kerosene, or a solution of $1 \%$ Joy detergent and $99 \%$ water may be used.

Recommended circuit coolants are dry ice and isopropyl alcohol.

The cam switch contacts are designed to operate without lubrication. They do require cleaning periodically to remove accumulations of dust and dirt. The use of lubricants, or cleaners that leave a residue, increase dust attraction and should be avoided.

## Visual Inspection

Inspect the interior occasionally for broken connections, improperly seated semiconductors, damaged or improperly installed circuit boards, heat damaged components, etc. If heat damaged components are found, care must be taken to find the cause of the excessive heat and measures must be taken to prevent recurrence of the damage.

## Lubrication

Most of the potentiometers are permanently sealed. Both the cam- and lever-type switches are installed with proper lubrication where necessary. Therefore, periodic lubrication is not recommended and only rarely should lubrication even be necessary.

## Semiconductor Checks

Periodic checks of the semiconductor devices in this instrument are not recommended. The best check of semiconductor performance is actual operation in the instrument.

## Re-adjustment

Re-adjust the instrument whenever the Performance Check indicates the instrument is not meeting specifications. The Performance Check should be performed on a regular basis; for example, every 1000 hours of operation or every six months.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

If you perform preventive maintenance on a regular basis, you should correct most problems before your instrument breaks down. Occasionally, you may have to troubleshoot. In addition to the following information, you may find information in the Circuit Description and Diagrams section useful.

## Troubleshooting Aids

Troubleshooting Chart. Use the troubleshooting chart (Fig. 5-1) to locate problem areas.

Diagrams. Complete circuit diagrams are located on the foldout pages in the Circuit Description and Diagrams section. The component number and electrical value of each component in the instrument are shown on the diagrams (see the first page of the Diagrams section for the definitions of the reference designators used to identify components). Each main circuit is assigned a series of component numbers to assist in identifying their circuit location. Important voltages and waveforms are also shown on the diagrams. Also, a heavy line encloses the portion of the circuit mounted on a circuit board.

Color Codes. The resistors used in this instrument are either brown composition or precision metal-film resistors. The resistors are color-coded with the EIA colorcode. (Some metal-film resistors may have the value printed on the body.) Refer to Fig. 5-2. For the values of the thick film resistors refer to the parts list.

The capacitance values of common disc and some small electrolytic capacitors are marked on the side of the component body. The white ceramic capacitors are colorcoded, using a modified EIA code. (See Fig. 5-2).

The cathode end of each glass-encased diode is indicated by a stripe, a series of stripes, or a dot.

Power Cord Conductor Identification

| Conductor | Color | Alternate Color |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ungrounded (Line) | Brown | Black |
| Grounded (Neutral) | Blue | White |
| Grounding (Earthing) | Green-Yellow | Green-Yellow |

Semiconductor Lead Configuration. Fig. 5-3 shows the lead configuration of the semiconductor devices used in this instrument.

Multi-Connector Holders. The multi-connector holder is keyed with two triangles, one on the holder and one on the circuit board. When a connection is made perpendicular to a circuit board surface, the orientation of the triangle and the slot numbers on the connector holder are determined by the direction of the nomenclature marking (see Fig. 5-4).

TABLE 5-1
Power Supply Tolerance

| Supply | Tolerance |
| :---: | :---: |
| -8 V | Set within $0.5 \%$ |
| +8 V | Within $3 \%$ |
| +100 V | Within $5 \%$ |

## Troubleshooting Equipment

The following equipment is useful for troubleshooting.

1. Semiconductor Tester

Description: Dynamic-type tester. Must be capable of measuring reverse breakdown voltages of at least 400 V .

Purpose: To test semiconductors.

Example: Tektronix Type 576 Curve Tracer or Tektronix 577 (D1 or D2) Curve Tracer with 177 Test Fixture.

## 2. Test Oscilloscope

Description: Frequency response, dc to at least 15 MHz . A $10 \mathrm{X}, 10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ voltage probe should be used to reduce circuit loading for voltage measurements.

Purpose: To check operating waveforms.

## 3. Multimeter

Description: Non-loading digital multimeter. Voltmeter, $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ input impedance and 0 to 150 V range; dc voltage accuracy, within $0.15 \%$; display, 4-1/2 digits. Ohmmeter, 0 to $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. ( 2 kV rating required for high voltage supply measurement.)

## 4. Variable Autotransformer

Description: Output variable from 0 to $140 \mathrm{~V}, 1.2 \mathrm{~A}$ minimum rating. Must have a three-wire power cord, plug and receptacle.

Purpose: To vary the input line voltage when troubleshooting in the power supply.

Example: General Radio W8MT3VM or W10MT3W Metered Variac Autotransformer.
5. Vertical Amplifier Extender Troubleshooting Fixture

Description: 18 inch ribbon cable with an interface connector at each end (Tektronix part 067-0773-00).

Purpose: To operate the vertical amplifier outside the instrument. Useful for troubleshooting the time base which is inaccessible with the vertical amplifier installed.

## Troubleshooting Techniques

The following checklist is arranged so that you check the simple things before you get the instrument taken apart. Start at the beginning.

1. Check the Control Settings. See the Operating Instructions for the correct control settings.
2. Check Associated Equipment and Connectors. Check to see that the signal source is properly connected and that the interconnecting cables are not defective. Also check the power cord and plug and the power source for defects.
3. Check the Performance of the instrument. If the instrument does not meet specifications, the trouble may be corrected by readjusting the instrument. See the Adjustment Procedure, Section 4, for instructions.
4. Visual Check. A visual check may reveal broken connections, damaged components, semiconductors not firmly mounted, damaged circuit boards, etc.


Fig. 5-1. Troubleshooting chart.


Fig. 5-1. Troubleshooting chart (cont).


SMALL TUBULAR CAPACITORS


METAL-FILM RESISTORS


(A)COLORS IDENTIFY SIGNIFICANT DIGITS IN TEKTRONIX PART NUMBER (EGG. BROWN, GRAY, GREEN STRIPES INDICATE PART NUMBER 152-0185-00)
(1) 2 and (3) 1ST, 2ND, AND 3RD SIGNIFICANT FIGS.
(M) MULTIPLIER (T) TOLERANCE;
(TC) TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT.


Fig. 5-2. Color code for resistors and capacitors.

$\qquad$ TRANSISTORS

$\qquad$ INTEGRATED $\qquad$ CIRCUITS

Fig. 5-3. Lead configuration for semiconductor devices.


Fig. 5-4. Multi-connector holder orientation.
5. Isolate the Trouble to a Circuit. To isolate trouble to a particular circuit, note the trouble symptom. The symptom often identifies the circuit where the trouble is located. For example, poor focus indicates that the crt circuit (including the high-voltage supply) is probably at fault. When trouble symptoms appear in more than one circuit, check affected circuits by taking voltage and waveform readings.

Incorrect operation of all circuits often indicates trouble in the power supply. Check first for correct voltage of the individual supplies. However, a defective component elsewhere in the instrument can appear as a power supply trouble and may also affect the operation of other circuits. Table 5-1 lists the tolerances of the power supplies. Voltages are measured between the power supply test points and ground. If a power supply voltage is within the listed tolerance, assume the supply is working correctly.

Use the troubleshooting chart to locate trouble. Not all problems appear on the chart. Continue with this checklist in those cases.
6. Check Voltages and Waveforms. Often a defective component can be located by checking for the correct voltages and waveforms in a circuit.

## NOTE

Voltages and waveforms given on the diagrams are not absolute and therefore may vary slightly between instruments. To obtain operating conditions similar to those used to take these readings, see the voltage and waveform setup procedures in the Diagrams section. Individual deviations should be noted on the schematics for future reference.
7. Check the individual components. Remember that the best check of semiconductors-transistors, diodes, IC's-and thick film resistors is actual operation in a circuit. If you suspect that a semiconductor is bad, substitute a new one for it. Before you start checking IC's, read the part of the Circuit Description that covers the circuit.

## WARNING

The power switch must be turned off before removing or replacing components to prevent electrical shock or circuit damage.

To check other components, resistors, capacitors, and inductors, clip one lead and lift it. You may have to add a piece of wire when you resolder the connection, however.

Resistors: Check the resistors for discoloration. Then check the resistors with an ohmmeter after disconnecting one end from the circuit. Check the Replaceable Electrical Parts list for the tolerance of the resistors used in this instrument. Resistors normally do not need to be replaced unless the measured value varies widely from the specified value.

Inductors: Check for open inductors by checking continuity with an ohmmeter. (It may be helpful to disconnect one end of the inductor when checking continuity.) Shorted or partially shorted inductors can also be found by checking the waveform response when high-frequency signals are passed through the circuit. Partial shorting often reduces high-frequency response (increases roll-off).

Capacitors: A leaky or shorted capacitor can be detected by checking resistance with an ohmmeter on the highest scale, after disconnecting one end from the circuit. Do not exceed the voltage rating of the capacitor (some ohmmeters use 30 volts as source voltage). The resistance reading should be high after inital charge of the capacitor. An open capacitor can also be detected with a capacitance meter or by checking whether the capacitor passes ac signals.

Switches: The most common cause of switch failure is dust between the contact and the pad. Check the suspected contact for continuity with an ohmmeter. If open and not obviously damaged, try cleaning (see Cam Switch Repair and Replacement).

Another frequent cause of switch failure is solder smoke residue. This can occur when replacing a component near the switch. This problem is usually indicated by reduced high-frequency response. Flushing the contact with isopropyl alcohol usually fixes this problem.

If the contact is physically damaged, replace the contact strip. Bending the contact is only a temporary repair. See Cam Switch Repair and Replacement.
8. After repairing a circuit or replacing components, check the performance of the instrument. If the Performance Check is within specifications, it is not necessary to re-adjust the instrument. If the instrument does not meet the specifications, perform the Adjustment Procedure in Section 4.

## Troubleshooting Hints

Power. SYMPTOM-No visible trace and no display when the BEAM FINDER button is pushed (Power ON lamp is lit).
a. Does beam appear on screen? If not, rotate INTENSITY control clockwise while holding BEAM FINDER button in until beam appears or control is fully clockwise. If beam does not appear, the trouble may be in the power supplies (see Power Supply schematic).
b. Check all low voltage power supplies, starting with -8 V ( -8 V is reference supply), the +8 V , and +100 V at appropriate test points.
(1) If no voltage is present, check F700.
(2) If -8 V is low (or zero), check Q772, Q774, Q776, or U742.
(3) If -8 V is correct but +8 V is low (or zero), check Q752, Q754, Q756, and U742 (U742 is used for both -8 and +8 V supplies).
c. Check high-voltage supplies (see CRT and Vertical Amplifier schematic).
(1) Check for -2 kV at pin 1, P465, or pin 2, crt base socket. Use DVM for all voltage checks in this circuit to prevent circuit loading.
(2) If no -2 kV , check for 50 kHz sine wave (approximately 200 V , peak-to-peak) at pin 5 of T460 (high-voltage transformer primary).
(3) If neither -2 kV or 50 kHz sine wave is present, check Q454, Q458, and Q446.


Do not unload the secondary of the high-voltage transformer, T460; the transformer may be damaged.

Z-Axis. SYMPTOM-No intensity or no control over intensity (BEAM FINDER button pushed).
a. Does beam come on screen? If not, and low and high-voltage supplies are correct, trouble may be in ZAxis circuit (see CRT and Vertical Amplifier schematic).
(1) Check for approximately 60 V swing between crtsocket pins 2 and 3 . If no voltage swing, trouble may be in unblanking.
(2) Check for pulse at Q416 emitter. This pulse amplitude should vary from 20 to 80 mV with change (fully cw to fully ccw ) in INTENSITY control position.
(3) Check for 0-40 V, peak-to-peak unblanking pulse (varies with INTENSITY control position) at Q426 collector.
(4) If no unblanking pulse, check Q426, Q424, Q416, or Q434.

VERTICAL: SYMPTOM 1.-No trace on crt or vertical POSITION control does not center display (see Vertical Switching and CRT and Vertical Amplifier schematics).
a. If trace is on screen, but about 2 cm above graticule center, it indicates trouble in vertical amplifier.
b. Short P4-9 to P4-11 (A8, Vertical board). If trace does not center, trouble is in output circuits. Check Q112, Q122, Q134, Q144, Q136, and Q146.
c. If trace centers with pins 9 and 11 short-circuited, trouble is ahead of P 4 .

## Service Information-T932/T935

d. Short Q4376 collector to Q4386 collector. If trace centers, trouble is ahead of delay-line drivers, Q4376Q4386.
e. Check voltage at Q4344 and Q4346 emitters. Each should read approximately +5 V above ground. If emitter voltage is okay, trouble is either in Q4344 or Q4346, or in switching circuit.

SYMPTOM 2.-With 50 mV signal ac coupled to CH 1 input and VOLTS/DIV set to 10 mV , crt display position is low and does not position above graticule center.
a. If trace does not appear on screen, rotate vertical POSITION control.
b. If trace appears, but decreases in amplitude at graticule center, suspect vertical output circuit.
c. Short Q136 collector to Q146 collector. If trace centers, short Q112 collector to Q122 collector. Trace should center. If not, suspect Q112, Q134, or Q136 and associated circuitry.

Triggering: SYMPTOM 1.-Trace free runs, does not trigger in AUTO or NORM (see Trigger schematic).
a. Set TRIGGERING MODE to AUTO. Turn LEVEL control cw and ccw to both limits. Does the trace flicker? If not, triggering signal is not reaching sweep circuit.
b. Check voltage at junction of R2151, R2152, and R2143. Does voltage vary from -2 to +3 V while turning LEVEL control throughout its range? If yes, check U2156B output. Does U2156 output level change while turning LEVEL control as above?
c. Connect a signal to CH 1. Check for trigger pulse at U2156B output. If no signal, suspect U2156A or B, or related circuits.

SYMPTOM 2.—Does not trigger in AUTO.
a. Check for trigger pulse at pin 6 of U2212B. If none, check for HI at U2212B, pin 4, while varying the LEVEL control. If pin 4 does not go HI , check for defective U2212B, U2224B, or CR2227.

A Sweep: SYMPTOM 1.-No A Sweep on crt (see A Sweep and Horizontal Amplifier schematic).
a. Push BEAM FINDER button. If trace or dot is right of center, check at R2243 (end of resistor toward board center) for a 12 V (approximately) ramp.
b. If ramp is not present, check for approximately 0.7 V at Q2274 base.
c. If voltage at Q2274 base is high (approximately 8.0 volts) check Q2274, Q2242, Q2244, or Q2246.

SYMPTOM 2.-No trace on crt.
a. Repeat sweep symptom 1, parts $a$ and $b$.
b. Check for a HI at U2234C, pin 8. If not HI, check U2234C.

B Sweep SYMPTOM 1.-No B Sweep on crt (see B Sweep schematic) but A Sweep is present.
a. Check for 12 V ramp at collector of Q2546.
b. If ramp is not present, check for LO at pin 3 of U2524B. If pin 3 is HI, check DISPLAY MODE switch S2510 and for HI at pins 1 and 2 of U2524B.
c. If pin 1 is not HI , check Q2548.
d. If pin 2 is not HI , check for a LO at pin 5 of U2524A. If pin 5 is not LO, check Q2514, Q2516, and Q2522.
e. If pin 3 of U2524B is LO, check Q2542, Q2544, and Q2546.

SYMPTOM 2.-No intensified portion of sweep in the A INTEN BY B mode.
a. Check DISPLAY MODE switch S2510.


#### Abstract

NOTE When troubleshooting the sweep or horizontal circuits, the Vertical AMPLIFIER may be removed from the instrument.

Sweep may lock up while troubleshooting. If in doubt, switch instrument power off and back on. If there are no problems, trace should free run.


Horizontal. SYMPTOM 1.-No trace on screen (see Sweep and Horizontal Amplifier schematic).
a. Check output (Q2334-Q2344 collectors) for approximately 40 V ramp. If okay, check for possibly defective crt leads.

SYMPTOM 2.-Trace on screen, but is short.
a. Check horizontal output (Q2334-Q2344 collectors) for approximately 40 V ramp.
b. If no ramp at output, check for 12 V ramp at junction of R2243-R2311, C2246-R2245.
c. If ramp is present, check Q2314, Q2326, Q2332, Q2334, or Q2344.

## CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

Corrective maintenance consists of repair and parts replacement. This section contains general information, troubleshooting information, and component replacement information.

## NOTE

Be sure you are familiar with soldering techniques and parts replacement procedures before replacing any components.

## Soldering Techniques

## WARNING

To prevent electrical shock, or damage to the instrument, always disconnect the instrument from the power source before soldering.

The T900 Series uses some single-sided circuit boards, i.e., wiring is plated on only one side. The components are located on the front of the circuit boards. The circuit designations have been silk-screened onto the component side of the circuit board next to the components. The circuit boards are mounted with the component side out to allow access to the components. If it is necessary to replace a component, the leads may be clipped and the new part soldered to the leads of the previous one. However, be careful not to loosen the connection with the etched circuit wiring on the back of the circuit board.

For soldering, use ordinary 60/40 solder and a 15-watt soldering iron. Excessive heat can cause the etched circuit wiring to separate from the board base material. Use caution if using a higher wattage-rated soldering iron on the circuit boards.

## NOTE

If the instrument does not work after replacing components by soldering to the leads of the previous one, the connection with the etched circuit wiring may be broken. To check the connections, it is necessary to remove the circuit board from the instrument. Refer to the circuit board replacement information.

## Replacement Parts

All parts for the T932 and T935 can be ordered from your local Tektronix Field Office, but many of the components are standard items that may be more readily available locally. Check the parts list for value, tolerance, ratings, and description before you replace any components.

When ordering parts from Tektronix, include the following information:
(1) Instrument type.
(2) Instrument serial number.
(3) A description of part (if electrical, include the circuit number).
(4) Tektronix part number.

## Component Replacement

## WARNING

Disconnect the instrument from the power source before replacing components.

Since the components are located on one side of the circuit boards, it is necessary to remove the circuit boards before replacing some components. Refer to the paragraphs on circuit board replacement for instructions in removal and installation of each circuit board. Also be sure you're familiar with soldering techniques used on single-sided circuit boards.

## Semiconductors

Replacement of semiconductors may affect the adjustment of this instrument. After replacing semiconductors, especially if using parts other than those listed in the parts list, check the performance of the instrument to be sure that the performance has not been degraded.

## WARNING

Handle silicone grease with care. Avoid getting silicone grease in the eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after use.

Replacement semiconductors should be of the original type or a direct replacement. Lead configuration of the semiconductors used in this instrument are shown in this section. Some plastic case transistors have lead configurations which do not agree with those shown there. If a replacement transistor is made by a different manufacturer than the original, check the manufacturer's basing diagram for correct basing. Most transistors are soldered directly onto the circuit boards. Transistors having heat radiators or those mounted on the chassis use silicone grease to increase heat transfer. Replace the silicone grease when replacing these transistors. Those transistors mounted on the chassis are held in place by a metal clip.

## NOTE

After replacing a power transistor, check that the collector is not shorted to ground before applying power.


Fig. 5-5. Pin connector replacement.

## Fuse Replacement

The line-voltage fuse, F 700 , is located next to the POWER ON switch, S700, on the Interface board. The high voltage fuse, F722, is located on the Power Supply board. Refer to the Replaceable Electrical Parts list for correct fuse values.

## Thick Film Resistor Replacement

To remove the thick film resistors, first remove the solder from the pins and then remove the resistors.

To install the thick film resistors, R444 or R118, match the pins on the resistor with the holes in the circuit board. Resolder all of the pins to the circuit board.

## Interconnecting Cable and Pin Connector Replacement

The interconnecting cable assemblies are factory assembled. They consist of machine installed pin connectors mounted in plastic holders. The plastic holders are easily replaced as individual items, but if the connectors are faulty, the entire cable should be replaced.

It is possible for the pin connectors to become dislodged from the plastic holders. If this happens, the connector can be re-installed as follows (see Fig. 5-5).


Fig. 5-6. Shaft-knob removal.

1. Bend grooved portion of holder away from cable as shown.
2. Re-insert connector into its hole in plug-in portion of holder.

## NOTE

Holder positions are numbered (number one is identified with a triangle).
3. Bend grooved part of holder so that connector is inserted into groove.

When plugging connector holders onto board pins, be sure to match triangle mark on holder with triangle mark on circuit board.

## Shaft-Knob Removal

1. Grip knob end with one hand and shaft end with other hand.
2. Pull on knob, while pushing on shaft, to free recessed portion of shaft from retainer bushing (see Fig. 56 ). Some shaft-knobs may require considerable force to remove.

The bushing and shaft may separate abruptly. To avoid damage to the potentiometer and circuit board, or personal injury, grip both pieces firmly during shaft-knob removal. It may be helpful to grip the shaft with the tip of a long-nose pliers and use a gentle rocking motion to separate the shaft from the bushing.

## Vertical Amplifier Replacement

To remove the vertical amplifier (see Fig. 5-7) from the instrument:

1. Support the vertical amplifier, while removing the retaining screws. One is between the attenuators, one is near C4307, and one is near R4373.
2. Disconnect P4 (see Fig. 5-7) from J4 on the Interface board by lifting the entire vertical amplifier. Be careful not to bend the pins.

To reinstall the vertical amplifier, reverse the above procedure.

## NOTE

The front panel, switches, delay line, and attenuators are attached to the Vertical board.


Fig. 5-7. Circuit board locations (on left side of crt).

## Attenuator Replacement

To remove the attenuator from the instrument:

1. Remove the POSITION control knob and shaft.
2. Remove the VOLTS/DIV VAR knob and shaft. To remove the shaft, loosen the set screws holding the shaft to the potentiometer and pull the shaft out (observe knob orientation for re-assembly reference).
3. Pull the VOLTS/DIV knob and shaft out of the front panel.
4. Remove the three retaining screws from the attenuator shield and the hex nut behind the front panel near the bnc connector.
5. Pull the attenuator assembly off the Vertical Amplifier board. Be careful not to bend the connector pins.
6. To remove the attenuator shield, first unsolder the leads to the bnc connector. Take care not to touch the body of the capacitor with a hot soldering iron. Then remove one retaining screw from the board side. Be careful not to remove the screws holding the cam switch against the attenuator board. Lift the shield off the attenuator.

To reinstall the attenuator:

1. Attach the attenuator shield to the board with one screw, and resolder the lead to the bnc connector. Avoid touching the capacitor with a hot soldering iron.
2. Slide the bnc connector and coupling switch into the front panel.
3. Make sure the connecting pins and holders on the bottom of the attenuator board align properly.
4. Press the attenuator board down on the Vertical Amplifier board and secure it with the three retaining screws.

## NOTE

The VOLTS/DIV shaft end is molded to form a key that fits into the cam. Attempting to force the shaft into the cam when it is not properly lined up, will damage the cam switch.
5. Line the VOLTS/DIV knob and shaft up with the cam and slide into place. When the shaft and cam are lined up, the shaft slides into the cam easily.
6. Reinstall the VOLTS/DIV VAR knob and shaft, and tighten the set screws.

## Cam Switch Repair and Replacement

A cam switch is actually an assembly consisting of a cam rotated by a front panel control and a set of contacts on an adjacent circuit board.


Repair of cam switches should be undertaken only by experienced repair personnel. Switch alignment and spring tension of the contacts must be carefully maintained for proper operation of the switch. For assistance in repair of the cam switches, contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

Cleaning. If the contact is not obviously damaged, try cleaning it before replacing. Follow the cleaning procedures in the order given; the first ones are the easiest.


When cleaning cam switch contacts:

1. Don't use cleaners, detergents, or lubricants which leave a residue. The residue can interfere with the high-frequency response of the contact. Also, the residue will attract dust and cause the contact to require frequent cleaning.
2. Don't use any cleaners which contain fluorocarbons. These will damage the cam portion of the switch. Fluorocarbons also damage the circuit board material used in some instruments.
3. Don't use anything that could snag the contact, like a cotton swab.
4. Don't scrape the pad. If the gold is removed from the pad, the pad will oxidize and cause future problems.
[^2]Use the following procedures to clean the contacts:

1. Operate the switch several times. The wiping action may clean the contacts.
2. Blow low pressure air in the area of the contact while operating the switch.
3. Flush the contact with isopropyl alcohol and blow dry with low-pressure air. Isopropyl alcohol is flammable; avoid its use near open flame or other potential sources of ignition.

If the above procedures don't work, replace the contact strip. If cleaning the switch restores continuity, check to ensure that the contact wipes across the pad. If the contact does not wipe, replace the contact strip.

Contact Replacement. Cam Switch contacts in this instrument are part of a contact strip assembly. Refer to the mechanical parts list for ordering information.

If you do not have a replacement contact strip assembly, bend the contact for a temporary repair. If you do bend the contact, make note of its location and the symptom it causes. This will speed repair if the contact fails before you can make permanent repairs.

## Delay Line Replacement

To remove the delay line from the instrument:

1. Remove the vertical amplifier. See Vertical Amplifier Replacement for instructions.
2. Remove the three cable wrap ends from the back of the vertical chassis by unfastening the three nuts.
3. Unsolder the two wires at each end of the delay line where they connect to the board. The darker colored wires go to the solder connections nearest the index marks on the board.
4. Remove the two screws holding the cable end clamps to the board.
5. To reinstall the delay line, reverse the above procedure.

## Power Supply Board Replacement

To remove the Low Voltage Power Supply from the instrument:

1. Remove the two retaining screws holding the heat sink to the rear subpanel.
2. Remove the bolts near C743 and C722 (the ones holding the Power Supply board to the crt shield). The other two bolts hold the transformer to the Power Supply board.
3. Disconnect P7 from J7 on the Interface board by lifting the Power Supply board and transformer out. (See Fig. 5-7).

To reinstall the Power Supply board, reverse the above procedure.

## Time Base Replacement

To remove the Time Base from the instrument:

1. Remove the Vertical Amplifier. See Vertical Amplifier Replacement for instructions.
2. Support the Time Base while removing the retaining screw in the upper right corner (near the POSITION control), the post by the LEVEL potentiometer, and the post in the lower right corner.
3. Carefully remove the leads from P2344 (a red on white crt lead to the - side of P2344 and a green on white crt lead to the + side of P2344).
4. Remove P2 (see Fig. 5-7) from J2 on the Interface board by pulling the entire Time Base toward the rightside of the instrument. Be careful not to bend the pins.

To reinstall the TIME BASE, reverse the above procedure.

To remove the Trigger board, unsolder the coaxial cable from the $X$ connector and unplug the board from the Horizontal board by pulling out and toward the back of the instrument.


Fig. 5-8. Circuit board locations (on right side of crt).

To remove the Timing board, first remove the SEC/DIV knob and the POSITION control knob and shaft assembly. Then unplug the Timing board from the Horizontal board and pull the SEC/DIV shaft out of the front panel. To reinstall the timing board, reverse the procedure.

## Interface Board Replacement

To remove the Interface board from the instrument:

1. Remove the Vertical Amplifier and Time Base.
2. Use a small screwdriver to remove the clip holding Q458 to the rear subpanel.
3. Remove the front-panel FOCUS and INTENSITY knobs and shafts.
4. Remove the high-voltage shield (two screws) and the two posts underneath the shield.
5. Disconnect the following plugs from the Interface board:
a. Cal Out (P24, unmarked on some boards), a brown on white wire that goes to PROBE ADJ on front panel.
b. P419 from J419 (a red on white wire from pin marked $Z$ Axis that goes to EXT $Z$ AXIS INPUT connector on back panel). Push wire through hole in board.
c. P470 from J470, (two plugs, each containing a red wire and a black wire that goes through hole in crt shield).

## NOTE

To disconnect J475, J466, and J465, lift the cable retainers with a screwdriver untilyou can remove the cable.
d. Unplug P465 from J465 (a 4-pin plug); P466 from J466 (yellow on white single wire); and P475 from J475 (a 4 -pin plug).
e. Unplug P138 from J138 (a blue on white wire); P148 from J148 (a brown on white wire); pull wires down through holes in board.

## WARNING

The crt anode and the output terminal of highvoltage multiplier U460 may retain a 10,000 volt charge after the instrument is turned off. To avoid electrical shock, ground both the output terminal of $U 460$ and the crt high-voltage anode lead to chassis ground.
f. Remove the high voltage lead from U460 (large white lead that goes the crt).
6. Remove the five retaining screws.
7. Disconnect J7 from P7 on Power Supply board by lifting the Interface board toward the top and back of the instrument so that the POWER (ON) light pipe disengages from DS796 housing, and the BEAM FINDER and OFF/ON (POWER) buttons slide back out of the front panel as J 7 and P7 separate.
8. Unsolder the power cord conductors (a blue wire and a brown wire) from the back of the board.

To replace the Interface board, reverse the above procedure.

## Cathode Ray Tube (CRT) Replacement

## WARNING

Use care when handling a crt. Protective clothing and safety glasses should be worn. Avoid striking it on any object which might cause it to crack or implode. When storing a crt, place it in a protective carton or set it face down on a smooth surface in a protective location with a soft mat under the faceplate to protect it from scratches.

To remove the crt from the instrument, disconnect power cord plug from power input source and remove cabinet halves. Turn the front of the instrument toward you, and perform the following steps.

1. Remove the two screws holding the high-voltage shield over the Interface board, and remove the shield.

## WARNING

The crt anode and the output terminal of highvoltage multiplier 4460 may retain a 10,000 volt charge after the instrument is turned off. To avoid electrical shock, ground both the output terminal of U460 and the crt high-voltage anode lead to chassis ground.
2. Grip the insulated portion of the anode lead and disconnect it from the U460 output terminal, and ground both terminals to chassis. Pull the free end of the anode lead out through the chassis holes. This lead is part of the crt and is supplied with the new crt.
3. Grip the 14-pin crt base socket, and pull it backward off the base of the crt.
4. Disconnect the four-pin plug from J470 on the Interface board. This terminates two black wires and two red wires from the trace rotation (TR ROT) and Y AXIS controls.
5. Remove the three screws holding the Vertical Amplifier to the chassis, and separate the amplifier from the Interface board by pulling downward to disconnect the P4 connector.
6. Disconnect the two connectors from the pins on the left side of the crt neck. These are the vertical deflection plate leads, the upper wire color is blue on white and the lower wire color is brown on white.
7. Disconnect the two connectors from the pins on the bottom of the crt neck. These are the Horizontal Deflection Plate leads; the left wire color is red on white and the right wire color is green on white.

## Service Information-T932/T935

8. Carefully raise the plastic crt front support ring upward and to the right to disengage the two buttons on the bottom and the two buttons on the left side from the instrument chassis.

## NOTE

Although it may be convenient, it is not necessary to remove any front panel or subpanel controls or parts. The foregoing steps will allow the front of the crt to be moved to the right of its normal position while slightly bending the plastic subpanel to allow clearance for the crt to be pulled forward out of its shield.
9. Gently press forward on the crt base, supporting the front of the crt, until the front extends far enough forward to grasp. Pull the crt the rest of the way out of its shield.
10. To install a new crt, reverse the above procedure.

## REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT

If the Tektronix instrument is to be shipped to a Tektronix Service Center for service or repair, attach a tag showing: owner (with address) and the name of an individual at your firm that can be contacted. Include complete instrument serial number and a description of the service required.

Save and re-use the package in which your instrument was shipped. If the original packaging is unfit for use or not available, repackage the instrument as follows:

Surround the instrument with polyethylene sheeting to protect the finish of the instrument. Obtain a carton of corrugated cardboard of the correct carton strength and having inside dimensions of no less than six inches more than the instrument dimensions. Cushion the instrument by tightly packing three inches of dunnage or urethane foam between carton and instrument, on all sides. Seal carton with shipping tape or industrial stapler.

The carton test strength for your instrument is 275 pounds.

# REPLACEABLE ELECTRICAL PARTS 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

ITEM NAME
In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

ABBREVIATIONS

| ACTR | ACTUATOR | PLSTC | PLASTIC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | QTZ | QUARTZ |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | RECP | RECEPTACLE |
| CER | CERAMIC | RES | RESISTOR |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | RF | RADIO FREQUENCY |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | SEL | SELECTED |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | SENS | SENSITIVE |
| ELEC | ELECTRICAL | VAR | VARIABLE |
| INCAND | INCANDESCENT | WW | WIREWOUND |
| LED | LIGHT EMITTING DIODE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| NONWIR | NON WIREWOUND | XTAL | CRYSTAL |


| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00853 | SANGAMO ELECTRIC CO., s. CAROLINA DIV. | box 128 | PICKENS, SC 29671 |
| 01121 | ALLEN-BRADLEY COMPANY | 1201 2ND STREET SOUTH | MILWAUKEE, WI 53204 |
| 01295 | texas instruments, inc., semiconductor GROUP | P O box 5012, 13500 N CENTRAL |  |
|  |  | EXPRESSWAY | DALLAS, TX 75222 |
| 02735 | RCA CORPORATION, SOLID STATE DIVISION | ROUTE 202 | SOMERVILLE, NY 08876 |
| 04222 | AVX CERAMICS, DIVISION OF AVX CORP. | P O BOX 867, 19TH AVE. SOUTH | murtle beach, SC 29577 |
| 04713 | MOTOROLA, INC., SEMICONDUCTOR PROD. DIV. | 5005 E MCDOWELL RD, PO Box 20923 | PHOENIX, Az 85036 |
| 05091 | TRI-ORDINATE CORPORATION | 343 SNYDER AVENUE | BERKELEY HEIGHTS, NJ 07922 |
| 07263 | FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR, A DIV. OF |  |  |
|  | FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP. | 464 ELLIS STREET | MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA 94042 |
| 07910 | TELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR | 12515 CHADRON AVE. | HAWTHORNE, CA 90250 |
| 08806 | GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., MINIATURE |  |  |
|  | Lamp PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT | NELA PARK | CLEVELAND, OH 44112 |
| 11237 | CTS KEENE, INC. | 3230 RIVERSIDE AVE. | PASO ROBLES, CA 93446 |
| 12697 | CLAROSTAT MFG. CO., inc. | LOWER WASHINGTON STREET | DOVER, NH 03820 |
| 14099 | SEMTECH CORP. | 652 MITCHELL RD. | NEWBURY PARK, CA 91320 |
| 15818 | TELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR | 1300 terra bella ave. | MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA 94043 |
| 19396 | IILINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC. PAKTRON DIV. | 900 FOLLIN LANE, SE | VIENNA, VA 22180 |
| 27014 | NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP. | 2900 SEMICONDUCTOR DR. | SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 |
| 27264 | MOLEX PRODUCTS CO. | 5224 KAtRINE AVE. | DOWNERS GROVE, IL 60515 |
| 50157 | N. L. INDUSTRIES, INC., ELECTRONICS |  |  |
|  | DEPT. | P. O. BOX 787 | MUSKEGON, MI 49445 |
| 55210 | GETTIG ENG. AND MFG. COMPANY | PO BOX 85, OFF ROUTE 45 | SPRING MILLS, PA 16875 |
| 56289 | Spracue electric co. |  | NORTH ADAMS, MA 01247 |
| 71400 | bussman mpg., division of mcgrawEDISON CO. | 2536 W. UNIVERSITY ST. | ST. LOUIS, MO 63107 |
| 72982 | ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, INC. | 644 W .12 TH ST. | ERIE, PA 16512 |
| 73138 | beckman instruments, inc., helipot div. | 2500 HARBOR BLVD. | FULLERTON, CA 92634 |
| 75042 | TRW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, IRC FIXED |  |  |
|  | RESISTORS, PHILADELPHIA DIVISION | 401 N. BROAD ST. | PHILADELPHIA, PA 19108 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX, INC. | P O box 500 | BEAVERTON, OR 97077 |
| 80031 | ELECTRA-MIDLAND CORP., MEPCO DIV. | 22 COLUMBIA ROAD | MORRISTOWN, NJ 07960 |
| 81483 | INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER CORP. | 9220 SUNSET BLVD. | LOS ANGELES, CA 90069 |
| 82389 | SWITCHCRAFT, INC. | 5555 N. ELSTON AVE. | CHICAGO, IL 60630 |
| 90201 | MALLORY CAPACITOR CO., DIV. OF |  |  |
|  | P. R. MALLORY AND CO., INC. | 3029 E WASHINGTON STREET P o box 372 |  |
| 91637 | DALE ELECTRONICS, INC. | P O BOX 372 P. O. BOX 609 | COLUMBUS, NE 68601 |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Dscont | Name \& Description | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{1}$ | 670-3738-00 | B010100 | B010129 | CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE | 80009 | 670-3738-00 |
| Al ${ }^{1}$ | 670-3738-01 | B010130 | B010349 | CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE | 80009 | 670-3738-01 |
| A ${ }^{1}$ | 670-3738-02 | B010350 | B011359 | CKT Board assy: Interface | 80009 | 670-3738-02 |
| Al ${ }^{1}$ | 670-3738-04 | B011360 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY: INTERFACE | 80009 | 670-3738-04 |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{2}$ | 670-3738-00 | B010100 | B010129 | CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE | 80009 | 670-3738-00 |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{2}$ | 670-3738-01 | B010130 | B010349 | CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE | 80009 | 670-3738-01 |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{2}$ | 670-3738-02 | B010350 | B011663 | CKT BOARD ASSY: INTERFACE | 80009 | 670-3738-02 |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{2}$ | 670-3738-04 | в011664 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE | 80009 | 670-3738-04 |
| A2 | 670-3980-00 |  |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:L.v. POWER SUPPLY | 80009 | 670-3980-00 |
| $\mathrm{A}^{1}{ }^{1}$ | 670-3972-00 | B010100 | B010349 | CKT board assy:attenuator Chl | 80009 | 670-3972-00 |
| ${ }_{4}{ }^{1}$ | 670-3972-01 | B010350 | B010799 | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR CHI | 80009 | 670-3972-01 |
| ${ }^{\text {A }}{ }^{1}$ | 670-3972-03 | B010800 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR CHI | 80009 | 670-3972-03 |
| ${ }^{\text {A } 6}{ }^{2}$ | 670-3972-00 | B010100 | B010349 | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR CHI | 80009 | 670-3972-00 |
| $\mathrm{A}^{6}{ }^{2}$ | 670-3972-01 | B010350 | B010949 | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR CHI | 80009 | 670-3972-01 |
| $\mathrm{A6}^{2}$ | 670-3972-03 | B010950 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR CHI | 80009 | 670-3972-03 |
| A $7^{1}$ | 670-3973-00 | B010100 | B010349 | CKT Board assy :ATtenuator Ch2 | 80009 | 670-3973-00 |
| A $7^{1}$ | 670-3973-01 | B010350 | B010799 | CKT Board assy attenuator Ch2 | 80009 | 670-3973-01 |
| A $7^{1}$ | 670-3973-03 | B010800 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR CH2 | 80009 | 670-3973-03 |
| A $7^{2}$ | 670-3973-00 | B010100 | B010349 | CKT BOARD ASSY:AtTENUATOR CH2 | 80009 | 670-3973-00 |
| A7 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3973-01 | B010350 | B010949 | CKT Board assy:AtTENUATOR CH2 | 80009 | 670-3973-01 |
| A7 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3973-03 | B010950 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR CH2 | 80009 | 670-3973-03 |
| A8 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-3736-00 | B010100 | B010415 | CKT BOARD ASSY:VERTICAL | 80009 | 670-3736-00 |
| A8 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-3736-01 | B010416 | B010724 | CKT BOARD ASSY:VERTICAL | 80009 | 670-3736-01 |
| A8 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-3736-02 | B010725 |  | CKT Board assy:VERTICAL | 80009 | 670-3736-02 |
| A8 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3736-00 | B010100 | B010431 | CKT BOARD ASSY:VERTICAL | 80009 | 670-3736-00 |
| A8 $^{2}$ | 670-3736-01 | B010432 | B010749 | CKT BOARD ASSY:VERTICAL | 80009 | 670-3736-01 |
| $A_{8}{ }^{2}$ | 670-3736-02 | B010750 |  | CKT Board assy:VERTICAL | 80009 | 670-3736-02 |
| All ${ }^{1}$ | 670-4230-00 | B010100 | B011081 | CKT Board Assy:TRIGGER | 80009 | 670-4230-00 |
| All ${ }^{1}$ | 670-4230-01 | B011082 |  | CKT Board assy:TRIGGER | 80009 | 670-4230-01 |
| All ${ }^{2}$ | 670-4230-00 | B010100 | B011303 | CKT BOARD ASSY:TRIGGER | 80009 | 670-4230-00 |
| All ${ }^{2}$ | 670-4230-01 | B011304 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:TRIGGER | 80009 | 670-4230-01 |
| Al2 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-4118-00 | B010100 | B010374 | CKT BOARD ASSY:HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 670-4118-00 |
| Al2 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-4118-01 | B010375 | B010734 | CKT BOARD ASSY:HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 670-4118-01 |
| Al2 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-4118-02 | B010735 | B011793 | CKT BOARD ASSY:HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 670-4118-02 |
| Al2 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-4118-03 | B011794 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 670-4118-03 |
| Al2 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3737-00 | B010100 | B010449 | CKT BOARD ASSY:HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 670-3737-00 |
| Al2 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3737-01 | B010450 | B010769 | CKT BOARD ASSY:HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 670-3737-01 |
| Al2 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3737-02 | B010770 | B012318 | CKT Board assx:HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 670-3737-02 |
| Al2 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3737-03 | в012319 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 670-3737-03 |
| Al3 ${ }^{1,3}$ | 672-0551-00 |  |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:TIMING W/ROTARY SW | 80009 | 672-0551-00 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Al3 } 3 \text { 2,4 } \\ & \text { Al4 } \end{aligned}$ | 672-0533-00 |  |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:TIMING W/ROTARY SW | 80009 | 672-0533-00 |
| C24 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%$, 100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R103K |
| C114 | 281-0207-00 |  |  | CAP., VAR, PLSTC: $2-18 \mathrm{PF}, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80031 | HT10EA/218 |
| Cll5 | 283-0198-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.22UF, 20\%,50V | 72982 | 8131N075 E224M |
| Cl18 | 281-0207-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR, PLSTC: $2-18 \mathrm{PF}, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80031 | HTIOEA/218 |
| Cl19 | 281-0768-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF,20\%,100V | 72982 | 314022×5P0471M |
| Cl24 | 281-0762-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: $27 \mathrm{PF}, 20 \%$, 100 V | 72982 | 390-049x5P0270M |
| C129 | 281-0768-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF,20\%,100V | 72982 | $314022 \times 5$ P0471M |
| C412 | 281-0775-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.1UF, 20\%,50V | 72982 | 8005H9AABZ5U104M |
| $\mathrm{C423}^{1}$ | 281-0627-00 | B010100 | B011561 | CAP. , FXD, CER DI: $1 \mathrm{PF},+/-0.25 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000с0к0109С |
| C423 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0661-00 | B011562 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.8PF, + /-0.1PF, 500 V | 72982 | 301-000с0к0808в |

[^3]

[^4]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C2233 | 283-0706-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, MICA D:91PF, +/-1PF,500V | 00853 | D15-5E910F0 |
| C2234 | 281-0775-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 0.1 l | 72982 | 8005H9AABZ5U104M |
| C2235 | 281-0216-00 |  |  | CAP. ,VAR, CER DI:0.8-6.8PF,400V | 80031 | 2222-801-96024 |
| C2236 | 290-0135-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT:15UF, 20\%, 20V | 56289 | 150D156x0020B2 |
| C2245 | 281-0759-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 22PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390-049X5P0220K |
| C2246 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0763-00 | B010100 | B010179X | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:47PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049X5P0470K |
| $\mathrm{C} 2246^{2}$ | 181-0763-00 | B010100 | B010179x | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI : $47 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%$,100V | 72982 | 390049X5P0470K |
| C2252A-D | 1295-0183-00 |  |  | CAP., SET, MTCHD: 1. OUF, $0.01 \mathrm{UF}, 1.0 \mathrm{UF}, 0.01 \mathrm{UF}$ | 80009 | 295-0183-00 |
| C2252A, B | 295-0179-00 |  |  | CAP., SET, MTCHD:0.01UF,1.OUF,1\% | 80009 | 295-0179-00 |
| C2274 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R103K |
| C2275 | 290-0167-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, ELCTLT : 10UF, 20\%, 15v | 56289 | 150D106x0015B2 |
| C 2276 | 281-0775-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: 0.1 l | 72982 | 8005H9AABZ5U104M |
| C2278 | 281-0758-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:15PF,20\%,100V | 72982 | 314022COGO150M |
| C2317 | 281-0775-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.1UF,20\%,50V | 72982 | 8005H9AABZ5U104M |
| C2325 | 281-0775-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: 0.1 l | 72982 | 8005H9AABZ5U104M |
| C2327 | 281-0775-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:0.1UF, 20\%,50V | 72982 | 8005H9AABZ5U104M |
| C2337 ${ }^{1}$ | 283-0129-00 | B010100 | B010449 | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.56UF,20\%,100V | 56289 | 725C7 |
| C2337 ${ }^{1}$ | 290-0480-00 | B010450 |  | CAP. ,FXD, ELCTLT: $0.5 \mathrm{UF},+50-10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 290-0480-00 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2337{ }^{2}$ | 283-0129-00 | B010100 | B010499 | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $0.56 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 725 C 7 |
| C2337 ${ }^{2}$ | 290-0480-00 | B010500 |  | CAP. ,FXD, ELCTLT: $0.5 \mathrm{UF},+50-10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 290-0480-00 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2517^{2}$ | 290-0135-00 | XB010180 |  | CAP. ,FXD, ELCTLT : 15UF, 20\%,20V | 56289 | 150D156x0020B2 |
| C2521 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0758-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: 15PF, 20\%,100V | 72982 | 314022COGO150M |
| $\mathrm{C} 2525{ }^{2}$ | 281-0763-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:47PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049x5P0470K |
| $\mathrm{C} 2533^{2}$ | 281-0759-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $22 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%$, 100V | 72982 | $390-049 \times 5 \mathrm{PO} 220 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| C2535 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0216-00 |  |  | CAP., VAR, CER DI: $0.8-6.8 \mathrm{PF}, 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80031 | 2222-801-96024 |
| C2536 ${ }^{2}$ | 283-0632-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,MICA D:87PF,1\%,100V | 00853 | Dl5le870F0 |
| C2539 ${ }^{2}$ | 290-0135-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT: 15UF,20\%,20V | 56289 | 150D156x0020B2 |
| C2544 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0759-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $22 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%$, 100 V | 72982 | 390-049x5P0220K |
| $\mathrm{C} 2546^{2}$ | 281-0763-00 | B010100 | B010179x | CAP., FXD, CER DI:47PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049x5P0470K |
| C2548 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0763-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:47PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | $390049 \times 5 \mathrm{P} 047 \mathrm{OK}$ |
| C4101 | 281-0541-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:6.8PF,10\%,500V | 72982 | 301-000COH0689D |
| C4102 | 285-1124-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, PLSTC: 0.022UF,20\%,400V | 19396 | PP721E223M |
| C4104 | 281-0207-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC: $2-18 \mathrm{PF}, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80031 | HTIOEA/218 |
| C4105 | 281-0214-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,CER DI:0.5-3PF,400V | 80031 | 2222-801-96138 |
| C4106 | 283-0213-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:300PF,5\%,100V | 72982 | $8121 \mathrm{Nl30A301J}$ |
| C4113. | 281-0207-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:2-18PF,100V | 80031 |  |
| C4114 | 281-0214-00 | B010100 | B010599 | CAP.,VAR, CER DI: 0.5-3PF, 400V | 80031 | 2222-801-96138 |
| C4114 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0220-00 | B010600 |  | CAP.,VAR, CER DI: $1-5.5 \mathrm{PF}, 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80031 | 2222-801-96139 |
| C4114 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0214-00 | B010100 | B010799 | CAP., VAR, CER DI: $0.5-3 \mathrm{PF}, 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80031 | 2222-801-96138 |
| C4114 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0220-00 | B010800 |  | CAP.,VAR,CER DI: $1-5.5 \mathrm{PF}, 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80031 | 2222-801-96139 |
| C4116 | 281-0759-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 22PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390-049X5P0220K |
| C4122 | 281-0773-00 | B010100 | B010329 | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R103K |
| C4122 | 283-0002-00 | B010330 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF,+80-20\%,500V | 72982 | 811-546E103Z |
| C4143 | 281-0763-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:47PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049X5P0470K |
| C4154 | 281-0204-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR, PLSTC: 2-22PF,100V | 80031 | COLOEA-20E |
| C4156 | 281-0546-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:330PF, 10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-1380 |
| C4158 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |
| C4166 | 283-0119-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:2200PF,5\%,200V | 72982 | 855-535B222J |
| C4168 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |
| C4177 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |
| C4182 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0759-00 | B010100 | B010724X | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: 22PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390-049X5P0220K |
| C4182 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0759-00 | B010100 | B010749x | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $22 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 390-049X5P0220K |
| C4187 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |

[^5]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr | Mr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C4196 | 281-0792-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:82PF, 10\%,100v | 72982 | 390049x5P0820K |
| C4201 | 281-0541-00 |  |  | CAP. , FXD, CER DI: $6.8 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%$, 500 V | 72982 | 301-000сОн0689D |
| C4202 | 285-1124-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, PLSTC: $0.022 \mathrm{UF}, 208$, 400 V | 19396 | PP721E223M |
| C4204 | 281-0207-00 |  |  | CAP., VAR,PLSTC:2-18PF,100V | 80031 | HT10EA/218 |
| C4205 | 281-0214-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR, CER DI: $0.5-3 \mathrm{PF}$, 400v | 80031 | 2222-801-96138 |
| C4206 | 283-0213-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $300 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%$, 100 V | 72982 | 8121N130A301J |
| C4213 | 281-0207-00 |  |  | CAP. ,VAR, PLSTC:2-18PF,100V | 80031 | HT1OEA/218 |
| C4214 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0214-00 | B010100 | B010599 | CAP.,VAR, CER DI:0.5-3PF, 400V | 80031 | 2222-801-96138 |
| C4214 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0220-00 | B010600 |  | CAP., VAR, CER DI:1-5.5PF, 400 V | 80031 | 2222-801-96139 |
| C4214 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0214-00 | B010100 | B010799 | CAP., VAR, CER DI:0.5-3PF, 400 V | 80031 | 2222-801-96138 |
| C4214 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0220-00 | B010800 |  | CAP.,VAR, CER DI:1-5.5PF, 400 V | 80031 | 2222-801-96139 |
| C4216 | 281-0759-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $22 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%$, 100 v | 72982 | 390-049x5P0220K |
| C4222 | 281-0773-00 | B010100 | B010329 | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R103K |
| C4222 | 283-0002-00 | B010330 |  | CAP. , FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-208,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| C4233 | 281-0786-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:150PF, 10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049x5P0151K |
| C4243 | 281-0763-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:47PF, 10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049x5P0470k |
| C4256 | 281-0546-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:330PF, 10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-1380 |
| C4258 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |
| C4266 | 283-0119-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: 2200 PF , 58 , 200V | 72982 | 855-535B222J |
| C4268 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:470PF, 10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |
| C4277 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,100v | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |
| C4282 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0759-00 | B010100 | B010724x | CAP. , FXD , CER DI: $22 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 390-049X5P0220K |
| C4282 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0759-00 | B010100 | B010749x | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $22 \mathrm{PF}, 108,100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 390-049x5P0220K |
| C4287 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:470PF, 10\%,100v | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |
| C4296 | 281-0792-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:82PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049x5P0820K |
| C4302 | 281-0763-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI:47PF, 108,100V | 72982 | 39004 9x5P0470K |
| C4306 | 281-0775-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.1UF, 20\%,50V | 72982 | 8005H9AABZ5U104M |
| C4307 | 281-0763-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:47PF, 10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049X5P0470K |
| C4308 | 281-0763-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:47PF, 108 , 100 V | 72982 | 39004985P0470K |
| C4312 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.01UF, 10\%, 100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R103K |
| C4315 | 281-0770-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF,20\%,100V | 72982 | 314022X5P0102M |
| C4324 | 281-0775-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.1UF,20\%,50V | 72982 | 8005H9AABZ5U104M |
| C4331 | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100v | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R103K |
| ${ }^{\text {C4332 }}$ | 281-0773-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005 H9AADW5R103K |
| C4334 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0773-00 | xB010725 |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R103K |
| C4334 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0773-00 | XB010750 |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R103K |
| C4355 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0786-00 | xB010725 |  | CAP. , FXD, CER DI:150PF, 10\%, 100 V | 72982 | $390049 \times 5 \mathrm{PO151K}$ |
| C4355 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0786-00 | xB010750 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:150PF, 10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049x5P0151K |
| C4368 | 283-0111-00 |  |  | CAP. , FXD, CER DI: 0.1 l , $20 \%$,50V | 72982 | 8121-N08825U104M |
| C4375 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 8005H9AADW5R471K |
| C4378 | 281-0762-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $27 \mathrm{PF}, \mathbf{2 0 \%}$, 100 V | 72982 | 390-049×5P0270M |
| C4385 | 281-0788-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:470pF,10\%,100v | 72982 | 8005 H9AADN5R471K |
| C4386 | 283-0111-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.1UF,20\%,50V | 72982 | 8121-N08825U104M |
| C4388 | 281-0762-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $27 \mathrm{PF}, 208,100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 390-049x5P0270M |
| C4395 | 281-0600-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $35 \mathrm{PF}, 108,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 308-000C0G0350K |
| C4396 | 281-0207-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC: $2-18 \mathrm{PF}$, 100 V | 80031 | hT10ea/218 |
| C4397 | 281-0207-00 |  |  | CAP. ,VAR, PLSTC: $2-18 \mathrm{PF}$, 100 V | 80031 | HT1OEA/218 |
| C4398 | 281-0786-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:150PF,10\%,100V | 72982 | 390049X5P0151K |
| C4410 | 283-0177-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:1UF, +80-20\%,25V | 72982 | 8131N039 E 105z |
| C4411 | 283-0111-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 0.1 l | 72982 | 8121-N08825U104M |
| C4416 | 283-0111-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.1UF,20\%,50V | 72982 | 8121-N08825U104M |
| C4417 | 283-0177-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:1UF,+80-20\%, 25v | 72982 | 8131N039 E $105 Z$ |

[^6]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | No. Dscont |  | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR26 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, 30v,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR27 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 150MA | 07910 | 1 114152 |
| CR416 | 152-0075-00 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:GE, $25 \mathrm{~V}, 40 \mathrm{MA}$ | 80009 | 152-0075-00 |
| CR418 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR437 | 152-0061-00 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,175V,100MA | 80009 | 152-0061-00 |
| CR443 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30v,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR463 | 152-0639-00 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, 10 KV , 10MA | 14099 | SEF100 |
| CR465 | 152-0639-00 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, 10 KV , 10MA | 14099 | SEF100 |
| CR721 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:RECT, SI, 400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR722 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, 400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR723 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, 400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR724 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, $400 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR732 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, 400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR734 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:RECT, SI, 400 V ,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR737 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{v}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR738 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI,400v,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR741 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:RECT, SI, 400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR742 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, 400 V ,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR743 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, 400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR744 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE: RECT, SI, 400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR758 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:RECT, SI, 400V,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR764 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR765 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR766 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR767 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR778 | 152-0066-03 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:RECT, SI, 400 V ,1A | 80009 | 152-0066-03 |
| CR2103 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2108 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2112 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30v,150MA | 07910 | 1N4 152 |
| CR2115 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2124 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2181 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, $30 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{MA}$ | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2182 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2183 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30v,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2185 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2227 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2233 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2234 ${ }^{1}$ | 152-0141-02 | B010100 | B010134 | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2234 ${ }^{1}$ | 152-0245-00 | B010135 |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, 10NA AT 5V | 80009 | 152-0245-00 |
| CR2234 ${ }^{2}$ | 152-0141-02 | B010100 | B010129 | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2234 ${ }^{2}$ | 152-0245-00 | B010130 |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,10NA AT 5v | 80009 | 152-0245-00 |
| CR2317 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON, 30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2326 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2331 | 152-0075-00 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:GE, 25v,40MA | 80009 | 152-0075-00 |
| CR2332 | 152-0075-00 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:GE, $25 \mathrm{~V}, 40 \mathrm{MA}$ | 80009 | 152-0075-00 |
| CR2334 | 152-0574-00 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,120V,0.15A | 80009 | 152-0574-00 |
| CR2342 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2356 | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2514 ${ }^{2}$ | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2516 ${ }^{2}$ | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2535 ${ }^{2}$ | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR2536 ${ }^{2}$ | 152-0141-02 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4122 | 152-0246-00 |  |  | SEMICOND | DEVICE:SILICON,400PIV, 200MA | 07910 | CD12676 |

[^7]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CR4222 | 152-0246-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,400PIV,200MA | 07910 | CD12676 |
| CR4331 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4332 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4335 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4336 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4338 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4346 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4347 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4348 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4349 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4355 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4357 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4358 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR4359 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| DL4380 | 119-0703-00 |  | DELAY LINE,ELEC:120 NS | 80009 | 119-0703-00 |
| DS463 | 150-0002-00 |  | LAMP,GLOW:0.5 MA 60/125V | 08806 | NE2T-AlAT |
| DS465 | 150-0002-00 |  | LAMP,GLOW:0.5 MA 60/125V | 08806 | NE2T-ALAT |
| DS796 | 150-0035-00 |  | LAMP, GLOW: 90V,0.3MA | 08806 | Ald-T |
| F700 | 159-0042-00 |  | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 3AG,0.75A, 250V, FAST-BLOW | 71400 | AGC 3/4 |
| $F 700^{1}$ | 159-0029-00 |  | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 3AG,0.3A, 250V,SLOW-BLOW | 71400 | MDL3/10 |
| F722 | 159-0051-00 |  | FUSE, CARTRIDGE:3AG, 0.062A, 250V,20 SEC | 71400 | MDL1-16 |
| J2 | 131-1792-00 |  | CONTACT ASSY, EL: 12 MALE CONTACT,FLAT WAFER | 27264 | 09-70-2121 |
| J4 | 131-1795-00 |  | CONNECTOR, RCPT, : 12 FEMALE CONTACT,RT-ANGLE | 27264 | 09-62-3121 |
| J7 | 131-1749-00 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT, 10 FEMALE CONTACT | 27264 | 09-52-3101 |
| J419 | 131-0955-00 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT, : BNC , FEMALE,W/HARDWARE | 05091 | 31-279 |
| J2100 | 131-1802-00 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT,:15 CONTACTS | 80009 | 131-1802-00 |
| J2110 | 131-0106-02 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT, :BNC | 80009 | 131-0106-02 |
| J2250 | 131-1801-00 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT,:9 CONTACTS | 80009 | 131-1801-00 |
|  | 131-1802-00 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT,:15 CONTACTS | 80009 | 131-1802-00 |
| $\mathrm{J} 2550^{3}$ | 131-1801-00 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT,:9 CONTACTS | 80009 | 131-1801-00 |
| J4100 | 131-0955-00 |  | CONNECTOR, RCPT, :BNC, FEMALE,W/HARDWARE | 05091 | 31-279 |
| J4200 | 131-0955-00 |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT, : BNC, FEMALE,W/HARDWARE | 05091 | 31-279 |
| L470 | 108-0819-00 |  | COIL,TUBE DEFLE:X-Y ALIGNMENT | 80009 | 108-0819-00 |
| L472 | 108-0818-00 |  | COIL, TUBE DEFLE:TRACE ROTATION | 80009 | 108-0818-00 |
| Q112 | 151-0199-00 |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON,PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q122 | 151-0199-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q134 | 151-0127-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0127-00 |
| Q136 | 151-0127-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0127-00 |
| Q144 | 151-0127-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0127-00 |
| Q146 | 151-0127-00 |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0127-00 |
| Q416 | 151-0190-06 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| 9424 | 151-0190-06 |  | TRANSISTOR:STLICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| Q426 | 151-0347-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0347-00 |
| Q434 | 151-0350-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 151-0350-00 |
| Q446 | 151-0126-00 |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON,NPN | 15818 | 2N2484 |
| Q454 | 151-0188-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q458 | 151-0423-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 01295 | TIP50 |
| Q722 | 151-0347-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0347-00 |
| Q726 | 151-0347-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0347-00 |
| Q734 | 151-0347-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0347-00 |

[^8]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod <br> Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q736 | 151-0497-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 02735 | RCA47 |
| Q752 | 151-0302-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| Q754 | 151-0302-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| Q756 | 151-0478-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 01295 | TIP31A |
| Q772 | 151-0301-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| Q774 | 151-0301-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| Q776 | 151-0478-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 01295 | TIP31A |
| Q792 | 151-0224-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 07263 | 2N3904 |
| Q796 | 151-0347-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0347-00 |
| Q2104 | 151-1042-02 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:MATCHED PAIR FET | 80009 | 151-1042-02 |
| Q2106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q2108 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2122 | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| Q2124 | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| Q2128 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2134 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2136 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2142 | 151-0224-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3904 |
| Q2144 | 151-0224-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07263 | 2N3904 |
| Q2152 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2164 | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| Q2174 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2176 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0188-00 | B010100 | B010769 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| $22176^{1}$ | 151-0216-02 | B010770 |  | TRANS ISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0216-02 |
| Q2176 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-0188-00 | B010100 | B010734 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2176 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-0216-02 | B010735 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0216-02 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l} Q 2242 \\ Q 2244 \end{array}\right\}$ | 151-1042-02 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:MATCHED PAIR FET | 80009 | 151-1042-02 |
| Q2246 | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANS ISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| Q2274 | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| $\mathrm{Q} 2314$ | 151-0190-06 | B010100 | B010499 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| $22314{ }^{1}$ | 151-0192-00 | B010500 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN, SEL FROM MPS6521 | 80009 | 151-0192-00 |
| Q2314 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-0190-06 | B010100 | B010449 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| Q2314 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-0192-00 | B010450 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MPS6521 | 80009 | 151-0192-00 |
| Q2326 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2332 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2334 | 151-0124-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM 2N3501 | 80009 | 151-0124-00 |
| Q2344 | 151-0124-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM 2N3501 | 80009 | 151-0124-00 |
|  | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| $\text { Q2514 }{ }^{1}$ | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2516 | 151-0188-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 01295 | 2N3906 |
| Q2522 | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l} 2542 \\ 02544 \end{array}\right\}^{1}$ | 151-1042-02 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:MATCHED PAIR FET | 80009 | 151-1042-02 |
| $22546^{1}$ | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
|  | 151-0190-06 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-06 |
| $84122^{2}$ | 151-1090-01 | B010100 | B0104 15 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, DUAL, N-CHANNEL,FET | 80009 | 151-1090-01 |
| Q4122 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-1032-02 | B010416 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, DUAL, N-CHANNEL, FET | 80009 | 151-1032-02 |
| Q4122 | 151-1090-01 | B010100 | B010431 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, DUAL, N-CHANNEL,FET | 80009 | 151-1090-01 |
| $\mathrm{Q}^{4122}$ | 151-1032-02 | B010432 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,DUAL, N-CHANNEL,FET | 80009 | 151-1032-02 |
| Q4174 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q4176 | 151-0427-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0427-00 |
| Q4184 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |

[^9]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q4186 | 151-0427-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0427-00 |
| Q4194 | 151-0198-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MPS918 | 80009 | 151-0198-00 |
| Q4196 | 151-0198-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MPS918 | 80009 | 151-0198-00 |
| Q4222 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-1090-01 | B010100 | B010415 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, DUAL, N-CHANNEL, FET | 80009 | 151-1090-01 |
| $Q 4222^{1}$ | 151-1032-02 | B010416 |  | TRANS ISTOR, SILICON, DUAL, N-CHANNEL, FET | 80009 | 151-1032-02 |
| Q4222 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-1090-01 | B010100 | B010431 | TRANSISTOR,SILICON,DUAL, N-CHANNEL, FET | 80009 | 151-1090-01 |
| Q4222 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-1032-02 | B010432 |  | TRANSISTOR,SILICON, DUAL, N-CHANNEL, FET | 80009 | 151-1032-02 |
| Q4274 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q4276 | 151-0427-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0427-00 |
| Q4284 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q4286 | 151-0427-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0427-00 |
| Q4294 | 151-0198-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN,SEL FROM MPS918 | 80009 | 151-0198-00 |
| Q4296 | 151-0198-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MPS918 | 80009 | 151-0198-00 |
| Q4302 | 151-0223-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0223-00 |
| Q4336 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q4344 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q4346 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q4354 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q4356 | 151-0199-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 27014 | ST65038 |
| Q4376 | 151-0434-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 151-0434-00 |
| Q4386 | 151-0434-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0434-00 |
| R22 | 315-0134-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:130K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1345 |
| R23 | 315-0434-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:430K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4 345 |
| R24 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R25 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R26 | 321-0235-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.74K OHM,18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G27400F |
| R27 | 321-0126-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:200 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G200ROF |
| R112 | 321-0085-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:75 OHM,18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G75R00F |
| R114 | 311-1563-00 |  |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR:1K OHM, 20\%.0.50W | 73138 | 91A RlK |
| R115 | 315-0153-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:15K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1535 |
| R116 | 321-0163-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:487 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G487R0F |
| R117 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:2.7K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R118A-P | 307-0494-00 |  |  | RES,NTWK,FXD,FI:THICK FILM,VERT OUTPUT | 80009 | 307-0494-00 |
| R122 | 321-0085-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:75 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G75R00F |
| R124 | 315-0560-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:56 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5605 |
| R126 | 311-1559-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:10K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91A-10001M |
| R412 | 311-1786-00 |  |  | RES., VAR,NONWIR: 2 K OHM,20\%,2W | 12697 | 381-CM40946 |
| R413 | 315-0102-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R414 | 315-0332-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:3.3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3325 |
| R416 | 315-0302-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:3K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3025 |
| R417 | 315-0752-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:7.5K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7525 |
| R419 | 315-0203-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:10K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R423 | 315-0513-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:51K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5135 |
| R424 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R425 | 315-0751-00 |  |  | RES. .FXD, CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R426 | 315-0510-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:51 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| R432 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R433 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R434 | 315-0431-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:430 OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB4315 |
| R435 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0510-00 | B010100 | B011561 | RES., FXD, CMPSN:51 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| R435 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0360-00 | B011562 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 36 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3605 |
| R435 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0510-00 | B010100 | B012062 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:51 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1_{\text {T932 }} \\ & \mathbf{1}_{\text {T9 }} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R435 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0360-00 | B012063 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 36 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3605 |
| R437 | 315-0751-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R443 | 315-0204-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:200K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2045 |
| R444A-D | 307-0495-01 |  | RES,NTWK,FXD,FI: NETWORK,HV,NON STORAGE | 80009 | 307-0495-01 |
| R445 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM , 5\%,0.25w | 0.1121 | CB1035 |
| R446 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN: 10 K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R447 | 315-0683-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 68 K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6835 |
| R453 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R455 | 315-0512-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:5.1K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R457 | 315-0431-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 430 OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB4315 |
| R458 | 301-0510-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:51 OHM , 5\%, 0.50W | 01121 | EB5105 |
| R462 | 315-0303-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:30K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3035 |
| R463 | 315-0105-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 1 M OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1055 |
| R464 | 315-0226-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 22 M OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2265 |
| R465 | 315-0303-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 30 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3035 |
| R468 | 311-1784-00 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR: 5 M OHM, 20\%,1W | 12697 | 381-CM40944 |
| R472 | 311-1562-00 |  | RES.,VAR, NONWIR: 2 K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91A R2K |
| R473 | 311-1555-00 |  | RES., VAR,NONWIR:100K OHM, 20\% ,0.5W | 73138 | 91A R100K |
| R474 | 311-1562-00 |  | RES., VAR,NONWIR: 2 K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91A R2K |
| R475 | 315-0154-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 |
| R476 | 315-0333-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 33 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3335 |
| R477 | 311-1555-00 |  | RES. ,VAR, NONWIR:100K OHM , 20\%, 0.5W | 73138 | 91A R100k |
| R478 | 315-0471-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:470 OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R722 | 301-0473-00 |  | RES., FXD,CMPSN:47K OHM,5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB4735 |
| R726 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R732 | 321-0193-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G10000F |
| R733 | 321-0368-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:66.5K OHM, 1\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G66501F |
| R734 | 308-0574-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, WW: 10 OHM, 5\%,2W | 91637 | RS2B162K10R00J |
| R736 | 321-0385-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:100K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G10002F |
| R737 | 321-0280-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:8.06K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G80600F |
| R741 | 315-0391-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:390 OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB3915 |
| R742 | 315-0563-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 56K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5635 |
| R745 | 315-0432-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 4.3 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4 325 |
| R746 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM, 5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R747 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R752 | 321-0130-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:221 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G221R0F' |
| R753 | 321-0239-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM:3.01K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G30100F |
| R754 | 308-0755-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:0.75 OHM,5\%,2W | 75042 | BWH-R7500J |
| R756 | 321-0671-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:8.51K OHM,0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816D85100D |
| R757 | 321-0671-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:8.51K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816D85100D |
| R762 | 315-0561-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:560 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R763 | 315-0182-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:1.8K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R764 | 321-0239-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM:3.01K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G30100F |
| R765 | 321-0130-00 |  | RES., FXD,FILM:221 ОHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G221R0F |
| R766 | 301-0391-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 390 OHM,5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB3915 |
| R772 | 321-0256-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:4.53K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G45300F |
| R773 | 311-1563-00 |  | RES.,VAR, NONWIR: 1K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91A RIK |
| R774 | 321-0232-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM: 2.55 K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G25500F |
| R775 | 308-0755-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, WW: 0.75 OHM, 5\%,2W | 75042 | BWH-R7500J |
| R784 | 308-0781-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, WW: 1.34 K OHM, $2 \%, 10 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | HLWlORlZ-13400G |
| R791 | 315-0435-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 4.3 M OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4 355 |
| R792 | 321-0402-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:150K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G15002F |
| R793 | 321-0283-00 |  | RES., FXD,FILM:8.66K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G86600F |

[^10]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr <br> Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R794 | 321-0394-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:124K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFFl816G12402F |
| R795 | 321-0283-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:8.66K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFFI816G86600F |
| R796 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R797 | 315-0205-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:2M OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2055 |
| R799 | 315-0305-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 3 M OHM , 5\%, 0. 25W | 01121 | CB3055 |
| R2101 | 321-0463-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:649K OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFFl816G64 902F |
| R2102 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.5K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R2103 | 321-0439-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:365K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G36502F |
| R2104 | 315-0510-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:51 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| R2106 | 315-0510-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:51 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| R2107 | 315-0102-00 | B010100 | B010179 | RES., FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R2107 | 315-0202-00 | B010180 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 2 K OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2025 |
| R2108 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:2.7K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R2109 | 315-0201-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:200 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2015 |
| R2111 | 315-0103-00 | B010100 | B010179 | RES., FXD, CMPSN:10K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R2111 | 315-0203-00 | B010180 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:20K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2035 |
| R2112 | 315-0622-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:6.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6225 |
| R2113 | 315-0122-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: $1.2 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R2114 | 321-0251-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:4.02K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFFl816G40200F |
| R2115 | 321-0214-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.65K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G16500F |
| R2116 | 315-0182-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:1.8K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R2118 | 315-0102-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R2121 | 315-0132-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:1.3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1325 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R2122l } \\ & R 21202 \end{aligned}$ | 315-0270-00 | XB011794 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 27 OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2705 |
| R2122 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0270-00 | XB012319 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 27 OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2705 |
| R2124 | 315-0242-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:2.4K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2425 |
| R2125 | 315-0751-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R2126 | 315-0510-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:51 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| R2127 | 315-0102-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R2128 | 315-0102-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 1 K OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R2131 | 315-0221-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R2132 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2133 | 323-0346-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM 39.2 K OHM, 1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECT0-3922F |
| R2135 | 315-0510-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:51 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5 105 |
| R2136 | 315-0751-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R2137 | 315-0622-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:6.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6225 |
| R2138 | 311-1787-00 |  |  | RES. ,VAR,NONWIR:20K OHM,10\%,2W | 12697 | 470-CM40947 |
| R2142 | 321-0231-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.49K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24900F |
| R2143 | 321-0231-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.49K OHM,18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24900F |
| R2144 | 315-0821-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:820 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R2145 | 321-0231-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM:2.49K OHM, $18,0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G24900F |
| R2146 | 321-0189-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM: 909 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G909R0F |
| R2147 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2152 | 315-0911-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 910 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9115 |
| R2153 | 315-0682-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 6.8 K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6825 |
| R2154 | 315-0822-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:8.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8225 |
| R2156 | 315-0152-00 | B010100 | B010349 | RES., FXD, CMPSN:1.5K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R2156 | 315-0102-00 | B010350 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 1 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R2157 | 315-0272-00 | B010100 | B010349 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:2.7K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R2157 | 315-0222-00 | B010350 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2158 | 315-0163-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:16K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1635 |
| R2162 | 315-0221-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:220 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R2163 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |

[^11]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R2164 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2166 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:2.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2167 | 315-0203-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:20K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2035 |
| R2171 | 315-0751-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R2172 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2174 | 315-0182-00 |  |  | RES., FXD,CMPSN:1.8K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R2175 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0512-00 | B010100 | B010769 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:5.1K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R2175 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0222-00 | B010770 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2175 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0512-00 | B010100 | B010734 | RES., FXD, CMPSN:5.1K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R2175 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0222-00 | B010735 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:2.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2176 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:2.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2178 | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, $5 \%, \mathrm{n}$, 25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R2182 | 321-0236-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, FILM: 2.8 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G28000F |
| R2185 | 315-0512-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN:5.1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R2186 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 2.7 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R2188 | 315-0752-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:7.5K OHM; 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7525 |
| R2198 | 315-0510-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:51 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| R2223 | 315-0152-00 | B010100 | B010349 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.5K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R2223 | 315-0911-00 | B010350 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:910 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9115 |
| R2224 | 315-0272-00 | B010100 | B010349 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 2.7 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R2224 | 315-0242-00 | B010350 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 2.4 K OHM, 5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB2425 |
| R2226 | 315-0203-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 20 K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2035 |
| R2227 | 315-0132-00 | B010100 | B010349 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:1.3K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R2227 | 315-0102-00 | B010350 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R2233 | 315-0122-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R2235 | 315-0681-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 680 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6815 |
| R2236 | 315-0680-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:68 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6805 |
| R2237 | 315-0512-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:5.1K OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R2243 | 308-0212-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, WW:10K OHM,5\%,3W | 91637 | CW2B-B10001J |
| R2245 | 321-0326-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM: 24.3 K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24301F |
| R2246 | 315-0510-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:51 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| R2247 | 321-0312-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM: 17.4 K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G17401F |
| R2252 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES. FFXD,CMPSN:10 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R2253 | 321-0444-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:412K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G41202F |
| R2254 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0377-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES. ,FXD,FILM: 82.5 K OHM, 1\%, 0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G82501F |
| R2254 ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 321-0377-01 | B010500 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82501D |
| R2254 2 | 321-0377-00 | B010100 | B010449 | RES. ,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G82501F |
| R2254 ${ }_{1}$ | 321-0377-01 | B010450 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, 0.5\%, 0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G82501D |
|  | 321-0377-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES. ,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, $1 \%$, 0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G82501F |
| $\mathrm{R} 2255^{1}$ | 321-0377-01 | B010500 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82501D |
| $\mathrm{R} 2255_{2}^{2}$ | 321-0377-00 | B010100 | B010449 | RES.,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82501F |
| $\mathrm{R} 2255^{2}$ | 321-0377-01 | B010450 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF 1816G82501D |
|  | 321-0348-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM:41.2K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G41201F |
| R2257 | 321-0281-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES. ,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500F |
| R2257 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 321-0281-01 | B010500 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM , 0.5\%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500D |
| $\mathrm{R} 2257^{2}$ | 321-0281-00 | B010100 | B010449 | RES. FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500F |
| R2257 | 321-0281-01 | 1 B010450 |  | RES. FFXD,FILM:8.25K OHM , 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500D |
| $\mathrm{R} 2258_{1}^{1}$ | 321-0281-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES., FXD, FILM:8.25K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500F |
| $\mathrm{R} 2258_{2}^{1}$ | 321-0281-01 | 1 B010500 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G82500D |
| R2258 | 321-0281-00 | - B010100 | B010449 | RES.,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFFl816G82500F |
| R2258 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0281-01 | 1 B010450 |  | RES. FXX, FILM:8.25K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500D |
| $\mathrm{R} 22621^{1}$ | 322-0519-01 |  |  | RES., FXD,FILM: 2.49 M OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | HFFl43G24903D |
| R2263 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0473-00 | - B010100 | B010499 | RES. ,FXD,FILM:825K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82502F |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1_{\mathrm{T} 935} \\ & \mathbf{2}_{\mathrm{T} 932} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R2263 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0473-01 | B010500 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:825K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82502D |
| R2263 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0473-00 | B010100 | B010449 | RES. ,FXD,FILM:825K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82502F |
| R2263 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0473-01 | B010450 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:825K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82502D |
|  | 321-0473-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES.,FXD,FILM:825K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82502F |
| $\mathrm{R} 2264^{1}$ | 321-0473-01 | B010500 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:825K OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G82502D |
| R2264 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0473-00 | B010100 | B010449 | RES.,FXD,FILM:825K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82502F |
| R2264 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0473-01 | B010450 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:825K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82502D |
| R2271 | 315-0434-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:430K OHM , $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4345 |
| R2272 | 311-0580-00 |  |  | RES., VAR,NONWIR:50K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 11237 | 300SF-41695 |
| R2274 | 315-0512-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:5.1K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R2276 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 10 K OHM, $58,0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |
| $\mathrm{R} 2278^{1}$ | 315-0512-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:5.1K OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R2310 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0268-03 | XB010180 | B012318X | RES. ,FXD,FILM:6.04K OHM, $0.25 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816D60400C |
| R2311 | 321-0271-00 | B010100 | B010179 | RES., FXD,FILM: 6.49 K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G64900F |
| R2311 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0159-00 | B010180 | B012318 | RES.,FXD,FILM:442 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G442ROF |
| R23111 | 321-0271-00 | B012319 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:6.49K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G64900F |
| R23121 | 321-0298-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES. ,FXD,FILM: 12.4 K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF 1816G12401F |
| R2312 ${ }_{\text {R2312 }}$ | 321-0296-00 | B010500 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:11.8K OHM, 18,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G11801F |
| R2312 $R 2312$ | $321-0298-00$ $321-0296-00$ | B010100 | BO10449 | RES.,FXD,FILM: 12.4 K OHM, 18,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G12401F |
|  | 321-0296-00 | B010450 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:11.8K OHM,1\%,0.125N | 91637 | MFF1816G11801F |
| R2313 | 321-0279-00 | XB010180 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:7.87K OHM, 1\%, 0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G78700F |
| R2315 | 315-0752-00 | XB010180 | B012318X | RES.,FXD,FILM:6.04K OHM, 0. $25 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816D60400C |
| R2316 | 311-1788-00 |  |  | RES. ,VAR,NONWIR:20K OHM, 20\%,2W | 12697 | 470-CM40948 |
| R2317 | 315-0751-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R2322 | 311-1789-00 |  |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR:100K OHM,10\%,1W | 12697 | 381-CM40949 |
| R2323 | 321-0197-00 |  |  | RES. FSXD,FILM:1.1K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G11000F |
| R2324 | 315-0162-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.6K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1625 |
| R2325 | 315-0392-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:3.9K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R2326 | 315-0332-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:3.3K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3325 |
| R2327 | 315-0331-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:330 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R2328 | 315-0101-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
|  | 315-0202-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN: 2 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2025 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R} 23321 \\ & \mathrm{R} 2332 \mathrm{l} \end{aligned}$ | 311-1814-00 | B010100 | B010449 | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 2 K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91XR2K |
| R2332 ${ }^{1}$ | 311-1239-00 | B010450 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:2.5K OHM, 10\%,0.50W | 73138 | $72 \mathrm{X}-76-0252 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| R2332 ${ }^{2}$ | 311-1814-00 | B010100 | B010374 | RES.,VAR,NONWIR: 2 K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91XR2K |
| R2332 ${ }^{2}$ | 311-1239-00 | B010375 |  | RES., VAR,NONWIR:2.5K OHM, 10\%,0.50W | 73138 | 72X-76-0252K |
| R2334 | 315-0752-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:7.5K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7525 |
| R2335 | 315-0753-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 75 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB7535 |
| R2336 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 1.5 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R2337 | 308-0329-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, WW:4K OHM, 2\%,3W | 91637 | RS2B-B40000G |
| R2342 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 1.5 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R2344 | 308-0329-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, WW: 4 K OHM, 2\%, 3W | 91637 | RS2B-B40000G |
| R2345 | 315-0331-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:330 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R2347 | 315-0753-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:75K OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7535 |
| R2352 | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| R2353 | 315-0622-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:6.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6225 |
| R2354 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R2355 | 315-0202-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 2 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2025 |
| R2356 | 315-0182-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.8K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R2357 | 315-0752-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:7.5K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB7525 |
| R2392 | 301-0240-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 24 OHM, 5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB2405 |

[^12]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R25111 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R2512 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0223-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:22K OHM,5\%,0.25\% | 01121 | CB2235 |
| R2514 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0104-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:100K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1045 |
| $\mathrm{R} 2515^{1}$ | 321-0126-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM: 200 OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G200ROF |
| R2516 ${ }^{1}$ | 311-1531-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,WW:2K OHM,5\%,1.5W | 01121 | 535-9504 |
| R2517 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0102-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R25191 | 315-0752-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 7.5 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7525 |
| R25211 | 315-0563-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:56K OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5635 |
| R2523 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0562-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:5.6K OHM , 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB5625 |
| R2525 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0392-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:3.9K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R2527 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0622-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:6.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6225 |
| R2531 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0243-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 24 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2435 |
| R2532 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0512-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:5.1K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R2533 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0153-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:15K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1535 |
| R2535 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0122-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R2537 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0681-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:680 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6815 |
| R2539 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0680-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:68 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6805 |
| R2541 ${ }^{1}$ | 308-0212-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, WW: 10K OHM,5\%,3W | 91637 | CW2B-B10001J |
| R2544 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0326-00 |  |  | RES., FXD,FILM: 24.3 K OHM, 1\%,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G24301F |
| R2545 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0312-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 17.4 K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G17401F |
| R2546 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0510-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:51 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 |
| R2547 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0203-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:20K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2035 |
| R2548 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES., FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R2552 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:10 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R2553 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0444-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:412K OHM, 1\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G41202F |
| R2554 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0377-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES.,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82501F |
| R2554 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0377-01 | B010500 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G82501D |
| R2555 | 321-0377-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES.,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82501F |
| R2555 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0377-01 | B010500 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G82501D |
| R2556 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0348-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:41.2K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G4 1201F |
| R2557 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0281-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES.,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500F |
| R2557 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0281-01 | B010500 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM, O. $5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G82500D |
| R2558 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0281-00 | B010100 | B010499 | RES. ,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500F |
| R2558 | 321-0281-01 | B010500 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G82500D |
| R2590 ${ }^{1}$ | 301-0151-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:150 OHM,5\%,0.50w | 01121 | EB1515 |
| R4102 | 315-0105-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:1M OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1055 |
| R4104 | 315-0241-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN: 240 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R4105 | 321-0790-01 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:990K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | HFF1104G99002D |
| R4106 | 315-0180-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:18 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1805 |
| R4107 | 321-1289-01 |  |  | RES. FPXD,FILM: 10.1 K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G10101D |
| R4108 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 33 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3305 |
| RA114 | 321-0807-01 |  |  | RES. FXX,FILM:900K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | HFFllOF90002D |
| R4116 | 321-1389-01 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:111K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G11102D |
| R4117 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:10 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R4118 | 315-0151-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1515 |
| R4121 | 321-0481-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:1M OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G10003F |
| R4122 | 315-0474-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:470K OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB4745 |
| R4124 | 321-0030-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:20 OHM, 1\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G20R00F |
| R4125 | 321-0030-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM: 20 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G20R00F |
| R4127 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:1.5K OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R4128 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0823-00 | X8010330 | B010415x | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:82K OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB8235 |
| R4128 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0823-00 | XB010330 | B010431X | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:82K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8235 |
| R4129 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0122-00 | XB010330 | B0104 15x | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1225 |

${ }^{1}$ T935 only
2 T932 only

| Ckt No. | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R41291 | 315-0122-00 | xB010330 B010431x | RES., FXD, CMPSN:1.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R4130 | 311-1559-00 |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR:10K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91A-10001M |
| R4131 | 315-0153-00 |  | RES., FXD,CMPSN:15K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1535 |
| R4133 | 315-0151-00 |  | RES., FXD,CMPSN:150 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1515 |
| R4136 | 321-0077-00 |  | RES., FXD,FILM:61.9 ОHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G61R90F |
| R4137 | 315-0152-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.5K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R4143 | 321-0062-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:43.2 OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G43R20F |
| R4144 | 321-0114-00 |  | RES., FXD, FILM:150 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF 1816G150R0F |
| R4145 | 321-0771-01 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:50 OHM,0.5\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G50R00D |
| R4146 | 321-0771-01 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:50 ОHM,0.5\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G50R00D |
| R4147 | 321-0030-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:20 OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G20R00F |
| R4151 | 311-1563-00 |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR:1K OHM,20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91A Rlk |
| R4152 | 311-1785-00 |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR:1K OHM,5\%,2W | 12697 | 381-CM40945 |
| R4154 | 321-0078-00 |  | RES., FXD, FILM:63.4 OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF 1816G63R40F |
| R4156 | 315-0621-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:620 OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R4157 | 321-0225-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.15K ОHM, 18 , 0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G21500F |
| R4158 | 315-0751-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R4161 | 321-0154-00 |  | RES., FXD, FILM: 392 ОНM, 1\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G392ROF |
| R4162 | 321-0070-00 |  | RES., FXD,FILM:52.3 ОHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF 1816G52R30F |
| R4166 | 315-0682-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:6.8K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6825 |
| R4167 | 321-0225-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:2.15K OHM, 18,0.125 | 91637 | MFF 1816G21500F |
| R4168 | 315-0751-00 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R4171 | 321-0185-00 |  | RES.,FXD, FILM: 825 ОНM, 18,0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G825ROF |
| R4172 | 315-0132-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:1.3K ОНM, 5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R4173 | 321-0164-00 |  | RES., FXD, FILM:499 OHM, 1\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF 1816 G 499 ROF |
| R4174 | 321-0078-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:63.4 ОHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G63R40F |
| R4175 | 315-0201-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:200 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2015 |
| R4176 | 321-0173-00 |  | RES.,FXD, FILM:619 OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G619ROF |
| R4177 | 315-0821-00 |  | RES., FXD,CMPSN:820 OHM,5\%,0.25 | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R4179 | 321-0131-00 |  | RES., FXD, FILM: 226 ОНM, 1\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G226ROF |
| R4181 | 321-0185-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:825 ОHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G825R0F |
| R4182 | 315-0511-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:510 OHM,58,0.25W | 01121 | CB5115 |
| R4183 | 321-0164-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:499 OHM,1\%,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G499ROF |
| R4184 | 315-0271-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN: 270 OHM,5\%,0.25 | 01121 | CB2715 |
| R4186 | 321-0173-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:619 OHM,18,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G619ROF |
| R4187 | 315-0821-00 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:820 ОHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R4189 | 321-0131-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 226 OHM,18,0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G226ROF |
| R4193 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R4194 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:100 ОHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R4195 | 315-0431-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:430 ОHM,5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB4315 |
| R4196 | 315-0470-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:47 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R4198 | 321-0185-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:825 ОHM,1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G825ROF |
| R4199 | 321-0185-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:825 OHM, 1\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G825ROF |
| R4202 | 315-0105-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:1M OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1055 |
| R4204 | 315-0241-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R4205 | 321-0790-01 |  | RES. , FXD, FILM:990K OHM, $0.5 \%$, 0.125 W | 91637 | HFF1104G99002D |
| R4206 | 315-0180-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:18 ОHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1805 |
| R4207 | 321-1289-01 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:10.1K OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G10101D |
| R4208 | 315-0330-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:33 ОНM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R4214 | 321-0807-01 |  | RES. , FXD,FILM:900K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125W | 91637 | HFF110F90002D |
| R4216 | 321-1389-01 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:111K OHM, 0.5\%,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G11102D |
| R4217 | 315-0100-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 10 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R4218 | 315-0151-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150 OHM,5 | 01121 | CB1515 |

[^13]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R4221 | 321-0481-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM I M $\mathrm{OHM}, 18,0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G10003F |
| R4222 | 315-0474-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:470K OHM , $58,0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4745 |
| R4224 | 321-0030-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, FILM: 20 OHM, 18, 0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G20ROOF |
| R4225 | 321-0030-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:20 ОHM, 1\%,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G20ROOF |
| R4227 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES. FXX, CMPSN:1.5K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R4228 ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 315-0823-00 | XB010330 | B010415x | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:82K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8235 |
| R4228 ${ }_{1}$ | 315-0823-00 | xB010330 | B010431X | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:82K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8235 |
| R4229 ${ }_{2}$ | 315-0122-00 | xB010330 | B010415X | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R4229 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0122-00 | хB010330 | B010431x | RES., FXD, CMPSN:1.2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R4230 | 311-1559-00 |  |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR:10K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91A-10001M |
| R4231 | 315-0153-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:15K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1535 |
| R4233 | 315-0151-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1515 |
| R4236 | 321-0077-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:61.9 ОHM,18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G61R90F |
| R4237 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.5K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R4243 | 321-0062-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:43.2 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G43R20F |
| R4244 | 321-0114-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:150 ОНM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816Gl50ROF |
| R4245 | 321-0771-01 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 50 OHM, $0.5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G50ROOD |
| R4246 | 321-0771-01 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:50 ОHM, $0.58,0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G50ROOD |
| R4247 | 321-0030-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:20 OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G20R00F |
| R4251 | 311-1563-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:1K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 73138 | 91A Rlk |
| R4252 | 311-1785-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:1K OHM,5\%,2W | 12697 | 381-CM40945 |
| R4254 | 321-0078-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:63.4 OHM, 18,0.125w | 91637 | MFF1816G63R40F |
| R4256 | 315-0621-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:620 ОHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R4257 | 321-0225-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.15 K OHM, 1\%,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G21500F |
| R4258 | 315-0751-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:750 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R4261 | 321-0154-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, FILM: 392 OHM, 1\%,0.125 W | 91637 | MFF1816G392ROF |
| R4262 | 321-0070-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:52.3 OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G52R30F |
| R4266 | 315-0682-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:6.8K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6825 |
| R4267 | 321-0225-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, FILM:2.15K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G21500F |
| R4268 | 315-0751-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:750 ОHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R4271 | 321-0185-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 825 OHM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF 1816G825R0F |
| R4272 | 315-0132-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.3K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R4273 | 321-0164-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:499 ОHM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G499ROF |
| R4274 | 321-0078-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:63.4 ОНM, 18,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G63R40F |
| R4275 | 315-0201-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:200 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2015 |
| R4276 | 321-0173-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, FILM 619 OHM, $18,0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFFP1816G619ROF |
| R4277 | 315-0821-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:820 ОHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R4279 | 321-0131-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:226 OFM, $18,0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1816G226ROF |
| R4281 | 321-0185-00 |  |  |  | 91637 | MFF1816G825ROF |
| R4282 | 315-0511-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:510 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5115 |
| R4283 | 321-0164-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:499 OHM, 18,0.125w | 91637 | MFF 1816G499R0F |
| R4284 | 315-0271-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:270 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2715 |
| R4286 | 321-0173-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:619 OHM, 18,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G619ROF |
| R4287 | 315-0821-00 |  |  |  | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R4289 | 321-0131-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:226 OHM, 1\%,0.125 | 91637 | MFF1816G226ROF |
| R4293 | 315-0101-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0.25 | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R4294 | 315-0101-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, $58,0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R4295 | 315-04 31-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:430 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4315 |
| R4296 | 315-0470-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:47 ОНM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R4298 | 321-0185-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:825 ОНM, $18,0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF 1816G825ROF |
| R4299 | 321-0185-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:825 ОНM, 1\%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G825ROF |
| R4 301 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K ОHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R4302 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:10K ОHM,5\%,0.25 | 21 | CB1035 |

[^14]

| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | №. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr <br> Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S705 | 260-1776-00 |  |  | SWITCH,SLIDE: DPDT, 3A, 125VAC | 80009 | 260-1776-00 |
| S2100 | 214-2288-02 |  |  | LEVER,SWITCH:STYLE A,17.5 DEG,W/CONTACTS | 80009 | 214-2288-02 |
| 52140 | 260-1445-01 |  |  | SWITCH, PUSH: 1 BUTTON | 80009 | 260-1445-01 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{s} 2150^{1} \\ & \mathrm{~s} 2250^{1,2} \end{aligned}$ | 214-2289-02 |  |  | LEVER,SWITCH:STYLE B,W/CONTACTS | 80009 | 214-2289-02 |
| S2510 ${ }^{3}$ | 260-1268-00 |  |  | SWITCH, PUSH:3 BUTTON, 2 POLE,INTERLOCK | 80009 | 260-1268-00 |
| S2550A, ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| S4100 ${ }^{1}$ | 105-0678-00 | B010100 | B010831 | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 105-0678-00 |
| S4100 ${ }^{1}$ | 105-0678-01 | B010832 |  | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:AC-DC GND, CHANNEL 1 | 80009 | 105-0678-01 |
| $54100^{3}$ | 105-0678-00 | B010100 | B010961 | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 105-0678-00 |
| $54100{ }^{3}$ | 105-0678-01 | B010962 |  | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:AC-DC GND, CHANNEL 1 | 80009 | 105-0678-01 |
| $54200{ }^{1}$ | 105-0678-00 | B010100 | B010831 | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 105-0678-00 |
| $54200{ }^{1}$ | 105-0678-02 | B010832 |  | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 150-0678-02 |
| $54200{ }_{3}^{3}$ | 105-0678-00 | B010100 | B010961 | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 105-0678-00 |
| $54200{ }^{3}$ | 105-0678-02 | B010962 |  | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 105-0678-02 |
| S4110 | 105-0679-00 |  |  | DRUM, CAM SWITCH: | 80009 | 105-0679-00 |
| S4200 | 105-0678-00 |  |  | DRUM, CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 105-0678-00 |
| S4210 | 105-0679-00 |  |  | DRUM, CAM SWITCH: | 80009 | 105-0679-00 |
| S4320 | 260-1782-00 |  |  | SWITCH,PUSH:3 BUTTON,DPDT,10MM | 80009 | 260-1782-00 |
| T460 | 120-0996-00 |  |  | XFMR, PWR,STU:HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 120-0996-00 |
| T700 | 120-0994-00 |  |  | XFMR, PWR,STPDN: | 80009 | 120-0994-00 |
| U24 | 156-0067-10 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI: OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER | 80009 | 156-0067-10 |
| U460 | 152-0637-02 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SI,HV MULTR,6.6KV-10KV | 80009 | 152-0637-02 |
| U742A, B | 156-0158-00 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI: DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER | 80009 | 156-0158-00 |
| U2156 | 156-0080-00 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,DI:QUAD 2-INPUT NAND GATE | 80009 | 156-0180-00 |
| U2212 | 156-0080-00 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,DI:QUAD 2-INPUT NAND GATE | 80009 | 156-0080-01 |
| U2224A, B | 156-0405-01 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,DI:DUAL RETRIG ONE-SHOT | 80009 | 156-0405-01 |
| U2234 | 156-0080-00 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,DI:QUAD 2-INPUT NAND GATE | 80009 | 156-0180-00 |
| U2524 | 156-0030-00 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,DI:QUAD 2-INPUT POS NAND GATE | 01295 | SN7400N |
| U4134 | 156-0197-00 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI:5 TRANSISTOR ARRAY | 80009 | 156-0197-00 |
| U4234 | 156-0197-00 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI:5 TRANSISTOR ARRAY | 80009 | 156-0197-00 |
| U4306 | 156-0113-01 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT, DI: QUAD 2-INPUT POS NAND GATE | 80009 | 156-0113-01 |
| U4324 | 156-0388-01 |  |  | MICROCIRCUIT,DI:DUAL D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP | 80009 | 156-0388-01 |
| V470 | 154-0729-00 |  |  | ELECTRON TUBE:P31,INT SCALE, | 80009 | 154-0729-00 |
| VR412 | 152-0280-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,6.2V,5\% | 80009 | 152-0280-00 |
| VR746 | 152-0306-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,9.1V,5\% | 81483 | 1 N 960 B |
| VR762 | 152-0195-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,5.1V,5\% | 80009 | 152-0195-00 |
| VR784 | 152-0293-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE: ZENER,1W,33V,5\% | 04713 | 1N3032B |
| VR2116 | 152-0279-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,5.1V,5\% | 80009 | 152-0279-00 |
| VR2392 | 152-0279-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,5.1V,5\% | 80009 | 152-0279-00 |
| VR2590 ${ }^{3}$ | 152-0195-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,5.1V,5\% | 80009 | 152-0195-00 |
| VR4184 | 152-0195-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,5.1V,5\% | 80009 | 152-0195-00 |
| VR4284 | 152-0195-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,5.1V,5\% | 80009 | 152-0195-00 |
| VR4338 | 152-0395-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,4.3V,5\% | 04713 | 1N749A |
| VR4415 | 152-0195-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,5.1V,5\% | 80009 | 152-0195-00 |
| W2310 ${ }^{1}$ | 131-0566-00 | XB011794 |  | LINK, TERM. CONNE:0.086 DIA X 2.375 INCH L | 55210 | ERD-18T0 |
| W2310 ${ }^{3}$ | 131-0566-00 | XB012319 |  | LINK, TERM. CONNE:0.086 DIA $\times 2.375$ INCH L | 55210 | ERD-18T0 |
| $\text { W2314 }{ }^{1}$ | 131-0566-00 | XB011794 |  | LINK, TERM. CONNE:0.086 DIA X 2.375 INCH L | 55210 | ERD-18T0 |
| W2314 ${ }^{3}$ | 131-0566-00 | XB012319 |  | LINK, TERM. CONNE:0.086 DIA $\times 2.375$ INCH L | 55210 | ERD-18T0 |
| $1_{\text {T932 }}$ on <br> ${ }^{2}$ Replace <br> ${ }^{3}$ T935 on <br> $4_{\text {Replace }}$ | ly <br> able only as aly <br> able only as | part of A part of $A$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,672-0 \\ & 13 / \text { Al4 } 67 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51-00 . \\ & -0533-00 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

- 


$L$

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$1 \quad$ L_DUAL-FET__
FLAT PACK $\qquad$ $\downarrow$ $L$ -
$\qquad$


INTEGRATED
CIRCUITS $\qquad$ $\rfloor$


| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { CT } \end{array} \\ \text { NT } \end{array}$ | GRID coord | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { cKT } \\ \text { NO } \end{array}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { cKT } \\ \text { NO } \end{array}$ | GRID COORD | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { cKT } \\ \text { NO } \end{array}$ | GRID cOORD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C2123 | 31 | CR2535 | 3B | R2152 | 41 | R2332 | 4A |
| C2125 | 2 J | CR2536 | 3B | R2153 | 41 | R2334 | 5A |
| C2128 | 31 |  |  | R2154 | 41 | R2335 | 3A |
| C2132 | 2 H | J2100 | 1H | R2156 | 31 | R2336 | 3A |
| C2144 | 3H | J2250 | 6 E | R2157 | 4J | R2337 | 3A |
| C2149 | 3 F | J2260 | 3E | R2158 | 3H | R2342 | 18 |
| c2156 | 4 J | J2270 | 1 F | R2162 | 2 G | R2344 | 2A |
| c2162 | 2 G | J2510 | 2D | R2163 | 2 G | R2345 | 2B |
| C2163 | 2 G | J2550 | 3D | R2164 | 2 G | R2347 | $1 A^{2}$ |
| C2166 | 2 G |  |  | R2166 | 2 G | R2352 | 4A |
| C2171 | 2 G | P2 | 1D | R2167 | ${ }^{2 G}$ | R2353 | 4B |
| C2174 | 2 F |  |  | R2171 | 3 G | R2354 | 4A |
| C2175 | 3 E | 02122 | 21 | R2172 | ${ }^{2 G}$ | R2355 | 4A |
| C2176 | 2 F | 02124 | 3J | R2174 | 2 F | R2356 | 4A |
| C2181 | 2B | 02128 | 21 | R2175 | 3F | R2357 | 4B |
| C2212 C2226 | ${ }_{4}^{51}$ | ${ }_{0} \mathbf{0 2 1 3 4}$ | 2 $2 \mathrm{2H}$ | R2176 R2178 | ${ }_{36}^{2 F}$ | R2392 R2511 | ${ }_{3 \mathrm{~L}}^{5 \mathrm{~J}}$ |
| C2233 | 6 F | 02142 | 31 | R2182 | 4B | R2512 | 2 E |
| C2234 | 61 | 02144 | 3H | R2185 | 1H | R2514 | 2D |
| C2235 | 6 F | 02152 | 3J | R2186 | 11 | R2515 | 2D |
| C2236 | 51 | 02164 | 2 G | R2188 | 1H | R2517 | 2 D |
| C2245 | 6 G | 02174 | 2 G | R2198 | 2 G | R2519 | 3D2 |
| C2246* | 6 G | 02176 | 2 F | R2223 | 4J | R2519 | $2 \mathrm{E}^{3}$ |
| C2252A | 5 F | 02242 | 6F | R2224 | 4J | R2521 | 3D |
| C2252B | 5 F | 0224 | 6 F | R2226 | 4H | R2523 | 2D |
| C2252C | 3D | 02246 | 5G | R2227 | 5H | R2525 | 2B |
| C2252D | 3 C | 02274 | 4G | R2233 | 6H | R2527 | 2B |
| C2274 | 4 G | 02314 | 5B | R2235 | ${ }^{5} \mathrm{H}$ | R2531 | 2 E |
| C 2275 | 4G | 02326 | 5B | R2236 | 41 | R2532 | 3E |
| C2276 | 4 G | 02332 | 3A | R2237 | 5H | R2533 | 3E |
| C 2278 | 5G | 02334 | 3A | R2243 | 6G | R2535 | 3B |
| c2317 | 6B | 02344 | 2A | R2245 | 6 G | R2537 | 3B |
| C2325 | 4 B | 02354 | 4A | R2246 | 6 G | R2539 | 5C |
| C2327 | 5B | 02514 | 2D | R2247 | 6 F | R2541 | 1 C |
| c2337 | 1A | 02516 | 2 D | R2252 | 5 F | ${ }^{\text {R2544 }}$ | ${ }^{16}$ |
| C2517* | 2D | 02522 | 2D | R2253 | 5 E | R2545 | 1 C |
| C2521 ${ }^{1}$ | 3D | 02542 | 4C | R2254 | 5 F | R2546 | 1 C |
| C2525 | 2D | 02544 | 3 C | R2255 | 5 E | R2547 | 2B |
| C2533 | 2C | 02546 | 2D | R2256 | 6 E | R2548 | 2 C |
| C2535 | 3c | 02548 | 2 C | R2257 | 6 E | R2552 | 3D |
| C2536 | 3c |  |  | R2258 | 6 E | R2553 | 4C |
| C2546* | 1 C | R2116 | 11 | R2262 | 3 E | R2554 | 4D |
| C2539 | 5B | R2118 | 11 | R2263 | 3 E | R2555 | 4D |
| C2544 | 2c | R2121 | 1 J | R2264 | 2 E | R2556 | 4D |
| C2546 | 1 C | R2122* | 11 | R2271 | 4H | R2557 | 5D |
| C2548 | 3C | R2124 | 2J | R2274 | 3 G | R2558 | 5D |
|  |  | R2125 | 2J | R2276 | 3 G | R2590 | 1B |
| CR2124 | 21 | R2126 | 31 | R2278 | 5H |  |  |
| CR2181 | 4B | R2127 | 31 | R2310* | 5G | S2140 | 21 |
| CR2182 | 11 | R2128 | 31 | R2311 | 5C | S2510 | 3F |
| CR2183 | зв | R2131 | 2 H | R2312 | 5B |  |  |
| CR2185 | 1 F | R2132 | 2 H | R2313 | 6A | U2212 | 51 |
| CR2227 | 5H | R2133 | 3J | R2314* | 4 E | U2224 | 4H |
| CR2233 | 6G | R2135 | 3H | R2315 | 6B | U2234 | 6H |
| CR2234 | 6G | R2136 | 3H | R2316 | 6C | U2156 | 41 |
| CR2317 | 5B | R2137 | 3G | R2317 | 6B | U2524 | 2C |
| CR2326 | 5A | R2138 | 2 H | R2322 | 4c |  |  |
| CR2331 | 3B | R2142 | 31 | R2323 | 4B | VR2116 | 11 |
| CR2332 | 3B | R2143 | 41 | R2324 | 5A | VR2392 | 5 |
| CR2334 | 3A | R2144 | 3H | R2325 | 4B | VR2590 | 18 |
| CR2342 | 1A | R2145 | 3 H | R2326 | 6A | W2310 | 5G |
| CR2356 | 4A | R2146 | 3H | R2327 | 5A | W2314 | 4 E |
| CR2514 | ${ }^{2 \mathrm{D}}$ | R2147 | 31 | R2328 | 4C |  |  |
| CR2516 | 2D | R2151 | 4. | R2331 | 4B |  |  |

# BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION 

## VERTICAL INPUT

Signals to be displayed on the crt are applied to either the channel $1(\mathrm{Y})$ or channel 2 input connector. The input signals are amplified by the preamplifier circuits. Each preamplifier circuit includes separate input coupling, attenuators, gain switching, variable attenuators, balance, and gain adjustments.

A Trigger Pickoff circuit in each channel supplies a sample of the vertical input signal to the Trigger Input Amplifier via the Trigger Switching circuit and the SOURCE switch.

## VERTICAL SWITCHING

The Vertical Mode switch selects which channel supplies the trigger signal. The vertical signal passes through the Input Buffer Amplifier circuit which isolates the preamplifier circuits from the Delay Line Driver. The output of each Input Buffer Amplifier is connected to the Delay Line Driver through a Diode Gate circuit. The Diode Gate circuits are controlled by the Vertical Switching circuit to select the channel(s) to be displayed. An output from the Vertical Switching circuit (through the Chop Blanking Pulse Generator) is connected to the $\mathbf{Z}$ Axis Amplifier to blank switching transients in the chop mode (SEC/DIV at 1 ms or slower). A sync pulse from the sweep (via the Alternate Sync Pulse Amplifier) switches the display between channels at the end of each sweep in the alternate mode (SEC/DIV at .5 ms or faster).

## VERTICAL AMPLIFIER

The vertical input signal goes from the Delay Line Driver through the Delay Line to the Vertical Output Amplifier. The Delay Line provides approximately 120 ns delay in the vertical signal. This allows the sweep generator circuit time to initiate a sweep before the vertical signal reaches the crt vertical deflection plates. The Vertical Output Amplifier provides final amplification of the signal to drive the crt vertical deflection plates. One section of the BEAM FINDER switch, when pressed, causes the display to compress vertically to aid in locating off-screen displays. Another section affects the horizontal circuitry.

## TRIGGER

The Trigger circuit produces a logic triggering signal to trigger the sweep. Trigger signals are selected by the SOURCE switch from three sources: external trigger (via the External Trigger Input Buffer circuit), vertical amplifier input signal (internal), or the line voltage at the secondary of T700. (No trigger signal is produced during $X-Y$ operation.)

The selected trigger signal is amplified and inverted by the Trigger Input Amplifier. The trigger signal passes through coupling capacitor, C2132, to the Trigger Level Comparator, which determines the voltage level (on the trigger waveform) at which triggering occurs. The SLOPE switch determines whether the sweep triggers on the positive-going or negative-going portion of the trigger signal. For TV signals, the SLOPE switch determines whether the sweep triggers from positive or negative sync polarity. The Trigger Level comparator also supplies a signal to the TV Sync Separator circuit.

Two Schmitt Trigger circuits produce the logic trigger signal; one is for conventional trigger signals and the other is for TV signals. The MODE switch selects which Schmitt Trigger circuit is operating.

## A SWEEP AND HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER

The A Sweep circuit, when triggered by the Trigger circuit, produces a linear sawtooth output signal to the Horizontal Amplifier. The slope of the sawtooth is controlled by the SEC/DIV switch. When the sawtooth output reaches a predetermined level, the Hold-off Circuit resets the A Sweep circuit, blanks the crt (through the $Z$ Axis Amplifier) and prevents subsequent triggers from initiating another sweep until the sweep reset is completed.

The sawtooth output from the Sweep circuit is amplified by the Horizontal Output Amplifier circuit to produce horizontal deflection on the crt. When the SOURCE switch is in the $X-Y$ position, the $X$ signal, from the External Trigger Input Buffer, is applied to the Horizontal Amplifier. One section of the BEAM FINDER switch, when pressed, causes the display to compress horizontally to aid in locating off-screen displays.

## B SWEEP

The B Sweep circuit produces a linear sawtooth output signal to the Horizontal Amplifier after a delay. The length of the delay is determined by the DELAY TIME POSITION control. The output signal from the A sweep circuit triggers the $B$ sweep circuit. The DISPLAY MODE switch selects A, A INTEN BY B, or B (delayed) modes. In the A INTEN BY B mode, the B sweep intensifies a portion of the A sweep.

## CRT CIRCUIT

The $\mathbf{Z}$ Axis Amplifer determines the crt intensity and blanking. The $Z$ Axis Amplifier sums the current inputs from several sources: INTENSITY control, X-Y intensity limit, unblanking signal from sweep circuit, chop blanking
signal from the Vertical Switching circuit, and EXT Z AXIS INPUT connector, J419.

Output of the $Z$ Axis circuit controls the trace intensity through the HV circuit. The HV circuit provides the voltages (greater than 100 V ) necessary for operation of the crt.

The Probe Adjust Generator provides a square-wave voltage output for checking voltage probes.

## POWER SUPPLY

The Power Supply circuits provide the low-voltage power necessary for operation of the instrument.

## HIGH-VOLTAGE REGULATOR

Transistors Q446-Q454 and associated circuitry control the output voltage of the High Voltage supply. Components R443 and C443 provide a slow start up for the high-voltage oscillator. When the instrument is turned on, the +100 V supply charges C443 through R443. The voltage increases until it is sufficient to forward bias CR443, holding the voltage at slightly above +8 volts. This forms the reference for the high-voltage regulator.

The resulting current in R444A ( $100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ ) turns on Q446 and Q454, providing base current for Q458. This starts the high voltage oscillator, causing a negative voltage to develop at the crt cathode.

Resistors R444B, C, D, and R468 sample the cathode voltage. The high voltage increases until the cathode voltage is -2000 V , At this point the current in R444B is approximately the same as the current in R444A with Q446 barely conducting.

Any change in the level at the base of Q446 produces an error signal at the collector of Q446, which is amplified by Q454 and applied to the base of Q458 through the feedback winding of T460. Regulation occurs as follows:

If the cathode voltage at the -2000 V point starts to go positive (less negative), this positive-going change is applied to the base of Q446. Q446 conducts harder, which in turn causes Q454 to conduct harder. This results in greater bias current to the base of Q458 through the feedback winding of T460. Now Q458 is biased closer to its conduction level so that it comes into conduction sooner to produce a larger induced voltage in the secondary of T460. This increased voltage appears as a more negative voltage at the crt cathode to correct the original positivegoing change. By sampling the output from the crt cathode supply in this manner, the total output of the highvoltage supply is held relatively constant.

Components, R445 and C445, damp the response of the regulator against fast changes in the load such as when the crt is unblanked at the beginning of the sweep.

Resistors, R446, R453, and R457, help prevent instabilities in the high-voltage oscillator.

## HIGH-VOLTAGE RECTIFIERS AND OUTPUT

The high-voltage transformer, T460, has 3 output windings. One winding provides about 6.3 V for the crt filament. The crt filament is referenced to the cathode voltage $(\approx-2 \mathrm{kV})$, preventing cathode-to-filament breakdown. A second winding provides high ac voltage to the multiplier, U460, to produce a 10 kV crt anode accelerating voltage. The same winding is tapped and rectified by CR465 to produce the dc voltage for the crt cathode. Components C465, R465, and C466 filter the dc voltage.

The third winding is used to control the crt intensity. Components CR463, C462, C463, C464, R462, and R463 rectify and filter the secondary voltage to provide approximately -2100 V which is applied to the crt grid. The entire winding is referenced to the output of the $Z$ axis amplifier whose output voltage variations are used to control the crt intensity by varying the grid to cathode voltage. The dc path for the $Z$ axis signal to the grid is through R462, CR463, R463 and the transformer winding. Resistor R462 isolates the transformer capacitance from the $Z$ axis Amplifier. Capacitors C463 and C464 provide a path for fast changes in the $Z$ axis output to the crt grid. Resistor R464 provides a discharge path for C462, C463, and C464. Glow lamps DS463 and DS465 prevent the grid-to-cathode voltage from rising high enough to cause breakdown within the crt during turn-on or when the cathode or grid is shorted to ground.

## CRT CONTROL CIRCUITS

Crt display focus is controlled by FOCUS control R468. ASTIG adjustment R477, which is used in conjunction with the FOCUS control to provide a well-defined display, varies the voltage on the astigmatism grid. Geometry adjustment, R473, varies the voltage on the horizontal deflection plate shields to control the overall geometry of the display.

Two adjustments control the trace alignment by varying the magnetic field around the crt. Y axis adjustment, R474, controls the current through L470, which affects the crt beam after vertical deflection but before horizontal deflection. Therefore, it affects only the vertical (Y) components of the display. Trace Rotation (TR ROT) adjustment, R472, controls the current through L472 and affects both vertical and horizontal rotation of the beam.

R475 and R476 provide the proper voltage for the vertical plate shield and R478 and C478 decouple the first accelerator electrode from the +33 V supply.

## II. 3

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

Voltages shown on this diagram were measured with a Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter: Voltage measurements can vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$. No signals were applied to the vertical inputs or to the $X$ (external trigger) input. Refer to Waveform Conditions for T932 or T935 control settings. In the crt circuit, set the INTENSITY control for a voltage measurement of +22 volts at the collector of Q426 and of Q434 before attempting to measure voltages in the rest of the circuit.

## WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

Waveforms below were monitored with a Tektronix 7704A Oscilloscope, 7B71 Time Base, 7A15A Amplifier, and 10X probe. The oscilloscope input coupling was set to ac. Waveforms vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$.

A $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{mV}$ sine wave was applied to the CH 1 input and a $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 2 \mathrm{~V}$ square wave was applied to the CH 2 input. A Tektronix FG 501 Function Generator provides either of the input waveforms.

The T932 or T935 controls were set as follows:

| SOURCE | INT |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE | AUTO |
| Vertical Mode | DUAL TRACE |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 50 mV |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | 1 V |
| VAR (both) | Detent |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | DC |
| DISPLAY MODE | A |
| A \& B SEC/DIV | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 1X-10X | 1 X |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| LEVEL | For triggered display |

The other controls were set as necessary to obtain the desired display.





# POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION 

## POWER INPUT

AC power is applied to the primary of T700 though line fuse F700, POWER switch S700, Line Selector switch S701, and Range Selector switch S705.

The Line Selection switch, S701, connects the split primary windings of T700 in parallel for 120 V operation or in series for 240 V . When changing the nominal line voltage, also change the line fuse. See parts list for correct fuse values.

The Range Selector switch, S705, selects either LO ( 100 or 220 V ) or HI ( 120 or 240 V ) nominal line-voltage range.

## SECONDARY CIRCUITS

The secondary circuit supplies four regulated voltages: $-8 \mathrm{~V},+8 \mathrm{~V},+33 \mathrm{~V}$, and +100 V .

Operational amplifiers U742A (+8 V supply) and U742B ( -8 V supply) have differential inputs that monitor output voltage variations and provide correction signals to the series-regulating transistors. For example, suppose the +8 volt supply drops. This negative change is coupled to the inverting input of U742A through sense resistor R756, causing pin 7 to go positive. Since the voltage across VR746 remains essentially constant, Q754 and Q756 follow this change and raise the output voltage back to +8 volts. In the +100 volt supply, Q726 acts as the feedback amplifier with its base being the inverting input. The regulating action is the same as in the +8 and -8 volt supplies. Zener diode, VR762, provides a 5 volt reference for the -8 V supply, which in turn provides the reference for the +8 and +100 volt supplies. The series regulating elements in the +100 V and +8 V supplies are transistors Q734-Q736 and Q754-Q756. The series regulating element in the -8 V supply is a modified Darlington configuration consisting of Q774 and Q776. Current limiting circuits provide short-circuit protection for each regulated supply. The following describes the +8 V current-limiting circuit. The other current-limiting circuits operate similarly.

In the +8 V supply, Q752 is normally biased off. Under normal conditions, the base of Q 752 is set at about +8 V . As the supply current increases, the voltage drop across R754 increases. Since the Q756 emitter-base diode voltage difference remains constant, the increasing voltage on Q756 emitter due to the R754 voltage drop causes a corresponding increase at the base of Q756. This voltage is applied to voltage divider R752 and R753, causing the base of Q752 to go more positive. When the supply current increases sufficiently beyond the normal
operating current, Q752 turns on. The collector of Q752 moves in the negative direction, which begins turning off Q754-Q756 and creates a foldback condition, (see Fig. 73). Transistor, Q756, continues to conduct some current when the supply is limited, dropping enough voltage across R754 to keep Q752 biased on.

Regulated +33 V is provided by Zener diode VR784 from the +100 V supply. Current divider, R741, R742, R2102 (see diagram 5) provides a sample of the line voltage for line triggering.

## POWER-ON LAMP CIRCUIT

The POWER (ON) lamp, DS796, remains on as long as the line voltage does not vary more than approximately $10 \%$ from the nominal selected line voltage ( $100,120,220$, or 240 V ). When the line voltage is not within the $10 \%$ limit, the ON lamp blinks.

As long as Q796 is conducting, DS796 remains on. If Q796 is biased off, DS796 goes out, allowing C796 to charge through R796 and R797. When C796 reaches about 80 V , it discharges through DS796 causing it to turn on momentarily. Capacitor, C796, again is charged through R796-R797 and discharged through DS796. This cycle repeats, causing the ON lamp to blink until the line voltage is within the $10 \%$ limit and Q796 conducts.

When the 100 V unregulated supply at voltage divider R791-R792 and R793 increases to more than about 10\% above the nominal value, Q792 turns on and Q796 turns off, causing DS796 to blink. When the 100 V unregulated supply at voltage divider R794-R799 and R795 decreases to less than about 10\% below the nominal value, Q796 turns off, causing DS796 to blink.


Fig. 7-3. Foldback circuit action.


## VERT INPUT CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Since Channel 1 and Channel 2 vertical input circuits are identical, only Channel 1 is discussed in detail. The 4100 series circuit numbers identify the Channel 1 components and 4200 series numbers identify the Channel 2 components.

## INPUT COUPLING SWITCH

Vertical input signal is ac-coupled, dc-coupled, or grounded by S4100. In the DC position, the input signal is coupled directly to the VOLTS/DIV switch attenuator. In the AC position, the input signal passes through C4102 to the attenuator. In the GND position, the signal path from the input connector to the attenuator is grounded though C4102-R4102. This provides a ground reference without disconnecting the signal from the input connector. In the GND position, C4102 is charged to the average signal level through R4102 so that the trace remains on screen when S4100 is changed to the AC position.

## VOLTS/DIV SWITCH

The VOLTS/DIV switch selects attenuator ratio and preamplifier gain to determine the deflection factor. The basic 1X deflection factor of the vertical deflection system is $2 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{division}$. At this setting, no attenuators are switched in and the gain switching circuit sets the preamplifier gain to maximum. To provide the complete range of deflection factors indicated on the front panel, precision attenuators are switched in and out of the attenuator and gain switching circuit.

The attenuators are frequency compensated voltage dividers that provide constant attenuation at all frequencies within the bandwidth of the instrument. The input RC characteristics (approximately $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ times approximately 30 pF ) are maintained for each setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch. The attenuator circuit consists of a 10X and a 100X attenuator. 1000X is obtained when the 10X and 100X attenuators are cascaded.

The gain switching circuit consists of R4143 through R4147 and three VOLTS/DIV switch contacts. Three preamplifier gains are selected: 1X (maximum), 2.5X reduction, and 5 X reduction. Refer to Table 7-1 for the attenuator and gain switching sequence.

## PREAMPLIFIER

The signal from the input attenuator is connected to source follower Q4122A via C4122 and R4122. Resistor R4121 determines the $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ input resistance, and R4122 limits current drive to the gate of Q4122A. Diode CR4122 protects the circuit from high negative-going input signals by limiting the voltage at the gate of Q4122A to about -8 volts. The Q4122A gate-drain junction provides protection from high positive-going signals by limiting the gate voltage to about +8 volts. FET Q4122B provides a constant-current source for Q4122A. For some serial numbers, Q4122 substrate (pin 8) is provided with a bias to
compensate for possible substrate leakage. This bias is derived by the voltage divider action of R4128 and R4129 between +8 volts and ground.

Integrated circuits U4134B and U4134C are emitter followers. The signal at the emitter of U4134B follows the signal at the gate of Q4122A. Divider network R4143 through R4147 attenuates the signal from U4134B which drives the base of U4134D. DC BAL, R4130 adjusts for minimum trace shift when switching between adjacent positions of the VOLTS/DIV switch.

## First Cascode Amplifier

Paraphase amplifier stage, U4134A, U4134D, and associated circuitry, converts the single-ended signal at the base of U4134D to a push-pull current signal. Capacitors C4158 and C4168 minimize the Miller effect through U4134D and U4134A. Components C4154, C4156, R4156, R4166 and C4166, connected between U4134A and U4134D emitters, compensate for highfrequency losses in the preamplifier. Gain adjustment R4151 determines the gain of the preamplifier. The VAR control, R4152, provides uncalibrated deflection factors between VOLTS/DIV switch settings by attenuating the signal to the base of U4134D. When R4152 is rotated clockwise, its full resistance is in series with R4162, and the deflection factors are calibrated.

Transistors Q4174 and Q4184 and associated circuitry make up a common base amplifier stage.

TABLE 7-1
Attenuator and Gain Switching Sequence

| VOLTS/DIV <br> Setting | Attenuator <br> (signal attenuation) | Gain Switch <br> (preamp gain <br> reduction) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 mV | 1 X | 1 X |
| 5 mV | 1 X | 2.5 X |
| 10 mV | 1 X | 5 X |
| 20 mV | 10 X | 1 X |
| 50 mV | 10 X | 2.5 X |
| .1 V | 10 X | 5 X |
| .2 V | 100 X | 1 X |
| .5 V | 100 X | 2.5 X |
| 1 V | 100 X | 5 X |
| 2 V | 1000 X | 1 X |
| 5 V | 1000 X | 2.5 X |
| 10 V | 1000 X | 5 X |

## Second Cascode Amplifier

Transistors Q4176-Q4186 and Q4344-Q4346 (on diagram 4) comprise the second cascode amplifier. Capacitors C4177 and C4187 minimize the Miller effect through Q4176 and Q4186. The value of thermal resistor RT4175 (connected between emitters of Q4176 and Q4186) changes with temperature to counteract any gain change in the amplifier due to thermal variations. This holds the gain of the entire vertical amplifier constant over the operating temperature range of the instrument.

A sample of the vertical voltage signal from the emitters of Q4176 and Q4186 is applied to Q4194 and Q4196 where it is converted to a current signal. This current signal is applied to the trigger input amplifier (see diagram 5) via diode switching circuitry (see diagram 4). See circuit descriptions for diagrams 4 and 5 for further details.

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

Voltages shown on this diagram were measured with a Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter. Voltage measurements can vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$. No signals were applied to the vertical inputs or to the $X$ (external trigger) input. Refer to Waveform Conditions for T932 or T935 control settings.

## WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

Waveforms below were monitored with a Tektronix 7704A Oscilloscope, 7B71 Time Base, 7A15A Amplifier, and 10X probe (unless otherwise stated). The oscilloscope input coupling was set to ac. Waveforms vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$.

A $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{mV}$ sine wave was applied to the CH 1 input and a $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 2 \mathrm{~V}$ square wave was applied to the CH 2 input . A Tektronix FG 501 Function Generator provides either of the input waveforms.

The T932 or T935 controls were set as follows:

| SOURCE | INT |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE | AUTO |
| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 50 mV |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | 1 V |
| VAR (both) | Detent |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | DC |
| DISPLAY MODE | A |
| A \& B SEC/DIV | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 1X-10X | 1 X |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| LEVEL | For triggered display |

The other controls were set as necessary to obtain the desired display.


USE 1X PROBE

2

(3)




## VERT SWITCHING CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Since Channel 1 and Channel 2 vertical circuits are identical, only Channel 1 is discussed in detail.
Digital logic devices are used to perform some of the functions in this instrument. LO and HI designations are used in this circuit description to indicate the state of the digital circuit. HI indicates the more positive of the two levels. The specific voltages that constitute a LO and HI logic state, may vary between individual devices.

## POSITION CONTROL

POSITION control R4346 varies the dc voltage at the bases of Q4386 and Q4376 to vertically position the trace on the crt.

## DELAY LINE DRIVER

The delay line driver is a push-pull feedback amplifier stage composed of Q4386, Q4376, and associated circuitry. A sample of the output of Q4386 and Q4376 is fed back through R4383 and R4373 to the bases of Q4386 and Q4376. Due to this feedback, this stage forms an inverting operational amplifier with a virtual ground at the bases of Q4386 and Q4376. Any current into these virtual ground null points causes an output voltage that is proportional to the feedback resistance.

Components C4396, R4396, C4397, C4395, R4397, C4398, R4398 provide compensation (peaking) to correct for delay line losses.

## DELAY LINE

The delay line, DL4380 provides approximately 120 ns delay in the vertical signal. This allows the sweep generator circuit time to initiate a sweep before the vertical signal reaches the crt vertical deflection plates.

## VERTICAL SWITCHING

The vertical switching circuit determines whether CH 1 or CH 2 is connected to the vertical output amplifier in the DUAL TRACE alternate or chopped modes. Both channels are alternately displayed on a time shared basis.

The diode gates, consisting of four diodes each, act as switches that allow either of the vertical preamplifier signals to be coupled to the delay line driver. Diodes CR4346, CR4347, CR4348, and CR4349 control the CH 1 output; CR4356, CR4357, CR4358, and CR4359 control the CH 2 output. These diodes are controlled by flip-flop U4324A, which in turn is controlled by Vertical Mode switch, 54320.

When the Vertical Mode switch is in the CH 1 position, pin 4 of U4324A is held LO, causing pin 5 to go HI . A HI at pin 5 (a voltage higher than at the bases of Q4386 and Q4376) reverse biases CR4347 and CR4348 and forward biases CR4346 and CR4349. This allows the CH 1 signal to pass to the delay line driver. When pin 5 is HI , pin 6 is LO, causing the cathodes of CR4357 and CR4358 to be connected to a voltage much lower than on the bases of Q4386 and Q4376. Diodes CR4357 and CR4358 are now forward biased and diodes CR4356 and CR4359 are reverse biased, preventing the CH 2 signal from passing to the delay line driver.

In the CH 2 mode, the above conditions are reversed. Diodes CR4357 and CR4358 are reverse biased, passing the CH 2 signal and blocking the CH 1 signal.

In the DUAL TRACE Vertical Mode, CH 1 and CH 2 are alternately connected to the delay line driver. There are two dual trace modes: chopped and alternate. These modes are determined by the SEC/DIV switch setting. Chopped mode is obtained for sweep speeds of 1 ms and slower; alternate is obtained for sweep speeds of 0.5 ms and faster.

In the chopped mode pin 2 of U4306A is ungrounded, allowing the multivibrator, U4306A and U4306D, to free run at about 250 kHz . The output at pin 8 of U4306C serves as a clock pulse for U4324A, which in turn switches the diode gates at the 250 kHz rate. The clock pulse is also fed to U4324B, which provides an output pulse to the Z Axis amplifier to blank out the transition between CH 1 and CH 2 traces. If pin 13 of U4324B goes LO, the output pin 9 is set LO, causing pin 6 of U4306B to go HI. This causes pin 13 of U4324A to go HI after being delayed by C4315 charging through R4315.

The clock pulse applied to pin 11 of U4324B causes pin 9 to go HI , which in turn, after passing through the inverter and after some delay, sets pin 13 LO again. This causes pin 9 to go LO again. The positive-going voltage pulse (whose width is determined by R4315 and C4315) is converted to current by R4318 and sent to the Z Axis Amplifier to blank switching transients.

In the alternate mode, pin 2 of U4306A is grounded (via SEC/DIV), preventing multivibrator operation, thus keeping pin 10 of U4306C HI. At the end of each sweep, the base of Q4302 receives a current pulse driving it into saturation. The resulting negative-going pulse at the collector is fed through C4302 to pin 9 of U4306C causing pin 8 to go HI. This in turn, switches U4324A to pass either CH 1 or CH 2 to the delay line driver at the end of each sweep. Pin 12 of U4324B is grounded through the SEC/DIV switch and prevents an output at pin 9.

The Vertical Mode switch also selects the appropriate internal triggering source for CH 1 and CH 2 . With the Vertical Mode switch set to CH 1 and DUAL TRACE, CR4335 is forward biased and the signal from the CH 1 trigger pickoff goes to the sweep circuit. In these modes, CR4331 is connected to the +8 volts, thus reverse biasing CR4336, preventing the CH 2 trigger signal from entering the trigger input amplifier. With the Vertical Mode switch set to CH 2, CR4336 becomes forward biased while CR4335 is reverse biased because CR4332 is now connected to +8 volts.

## TRIGGER PICKOFF

Transistors Q4196 and Q4194 (diagram 3) convert a sample of the vertical signal to a single-ended current signal to drive the trigger input amplifier. When the TRIGGERING SOURCE switch is set to INT, approximately -4 volts from the trigger input amplifier is applied to the collector of Q4336, reverse biasing CR4338 (diagram 4), and allowing the internal trigger signal (selected by diode switching circuit) to be applied to the trigger input amplifier. When the SOURCE switch is set to LINE, EXT, EXT $\div 10$, or $X-Y$, the internal trigger signal is disconnected from the trigger input amplifier, forward biasing CR4338, and setting the collector of Q4336 at about -3 volts. The resultant Q4336 load maintains conduction of Q4196 and Q4194, thus presenting a constant load for Q4176 and Q4186 (see diagram 3) to prevent distortion of the main vertical signal.

## V. 3 <br> vOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

Voltages shown on this diagram were measured with a Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter. Voltage measurements can vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$. No signals were applied to the vertical inputs or to the $X$ (external trigger) input. Refer to Waveform Conditions for T932 or T935 control settings.

## WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

Waveforms below were monitored with a Tektronix 7704A Oscilloscope, 7B71 Time Base, 7A15A Amplifier, and 10X probe. The oscilloscope input coupling was set to ac. Waveforms vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$.

A $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{mV}$ sine wave was applied to the CH 1 input and a $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 2 \mathrm{~V}$ square wave was applied to the CH 2 input . A Tektronix FG 501 Function Generator provides either of the input waveforms.

The T932 or T935 controls were set as follows:

| SOURCE | INT |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE | AUTO |
| Vertical Mode | DUAL TRACE |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 50 mV |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | 1 V |
| VAR (both) | Detent |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | DC |
| DISPLAY MODE | A |
| A \& B SEC/DIV | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}^{*}$ |
| 1X-10X | 1 X |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| LEVEL | For triggered display |

The other controls were set as necessary to obtain the desired display. For waveforms 1,2,5, and 6, adjust CH 1 and CH 2 POSITION controls as necessary for the desired display.



## TRIGGER CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Digital logic devices àre used to perform some of the functions in this instrument. LO and HI designations are used in this circuit decription to indicate the state of the digital circuit. HI indicates the more positive of the two levels. The specific voltages that constitute a LO and HI logic state may vary between individual devices.

## INPUT AND SWITCHING

## SOURCE Switch

The SOURCE switch, S2100, selects trigger signals from INT, LINE, EXT, EXT $\div 10$, and $X-Y$ sources.

INT. Signal from the trigger pickoff circuit in the vertical amplifier is connected to the trigger input amplifier Q2122. (See diagrams 3 and 4.)

LINE. A sample of the line voltage, obtained from the power transformer, is connected to the trigger input amplifier Q2122.

EXT. Externally applied signals pass through buffer amplifier Q2104-Q2106. FET Q2104 is a source follower and Q2106 is a current source. Transistor Q2108 and R2107 convert the voltage signal at the buffer output to a current for application to the trigger input amplifier. When EXT is selected, the collector of Q2108 is connected to the trigger input amplifier (Q2122) by SOURCE switch S2100.

EXT
10. The output of buffer amplifier Q2104-Q2106 is connected to R2111. Resistor R2111 converts the buffer output voltage to a current which is connected to the trigger input amplifier via S2100.

X-Y. Signals from the $X$ (EXT) input are routed to the horizontal amplifier via CR2183. The SOURCE switch connects +8 volts to R2182, forward biasing CR2183 and providing current to the horizontal amplifier to center the crt display. Further, +8 volts is applied to CR2182 and R2185 to electrically place the sweep in the NORM mode and to disable the trigger circuit.

## MODE Switch

The MODE switch (S2150) selects three triggering modes: AUTO, NORM, and TV.

AUTO. Allows the sweep to free run in the absence of a triggering signal. See sweep circuit description for details.

NORM. Connects +8 volts to R2223 in the sweep generator circuit. Allows the sweep to run only when a suitable triggering signal is present.

TV. The trigger signal is applied to the TV sync separator circuit (Q2164, Q2174, Q2176) and the normal trigger generator circuit is disabled. In this mode, the SLOPE switch is used to supply the sync separator with a signal of the proper polarity. For SEC/DIV settings of $.1 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{div}$ or slower, the sweep is triggered by vertical sync pulses which occur at a field rate. For SEC/DIV settings of $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and faster, the sweep is triggered by the TV horizontal line signals.

## TRIGGER INPUT AMPLIFIER

The trigger input amplifier consists of Q2122, Q2124, Q2128, and associated circuitry. Resistors R2127 and R2128 set the amplifier input at -4 volts. The inverting configuration and feedback from the emitter of Q2128 form an inverting operational amplifier with a null point at the base of Q2122. Any current into the null point produces a voltage at the output proportional to the feedback resistor R2116. Diode CR2124 prevents the emitter of Q2128 from going below ground and reversing the voltage across C2132.

## TRIGGER LEVEL COMPARATOR

Differential amplifier Q2134-Q2136 functions as a comparator. The LEVEL control R2138 selects the point on the waveform that starts a sweep. Capacitor C2132 ac couples the trigger signal to the comparator. As the trigger signal at the base of Q2134 passes through the same voltage level as the base of Q2136 (set by LEVEL control), the signal at the emitter of Q2152 passes through the threshold (about 1 volt) of Schmitt trigger U2156AU2156B producing a logic trigger signal. The trigger signals at the collectors of Q2134 and Q2136 are of opposite-polarity. This allows the SLOPE switch S2140 to invert the signals applied to the TV trigger input amplifier Q2164 and the normal trigger input amplifier Q2142, Q2144, and Q2152. When the SLOPE switch is in the +OUT position, the output at the collector of Q2142 is in phase with the trigger source signal. Transistors Q2142, Q2144 and Q2152 convert the current signal from the collectors of Q2134 or Q2136 to a voltage signal for triggering the Schmitt trigger.

## TV TRIGGER CIRCUIT

Active devices Q2164, Q2174, Q2176, U2156B, C, D, and associated circuitry comprise the TV trigger circuit. When the MODE switch is in TV, R2186 is disconnected from +8 volts which allows trigger signals from the collectors of Q2134 and Q2136 to pass through the TV trigger circuit. (In AUTO and NORM, the +8 volts applied to R2186 biases Q2164 to saturation.)

Transistor Q2164 is a high gain feedback amplifier. To achieve stable triggering on TV signals, the LEVEL control must be set at a point that will allow the sync pulses to appear within the dynamic range of the amplifier.

The sync separator circuit consists of Q2174 and associated circuitry. It processes sync-positive pulses when the SLOPE switch is in the +OUT position and syncnegative pulses in the -IN position. Transistor Q2174 produces large positive-going pulses from negative-going sync signals at the collector of Q2164.

In the TV field mode (SEC/DIV switch set for . 1 ms or slower), Q2176 is saturated (since base is grounded), and the integrator (composed of C2174, C2176, R2174, and R2176) is switched into the circuit (effectively connected to +8 volts through saturated Q2176). The integrator filters out the horizontal sync pulses, leaving only the integrated vertical sync pulses, which trigger the TV Schmitt trigger U2156B and U2156C.

In the TV line mode (SEC/DIV switch set for $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or faster), Q2176 is turned off (base open), disconnecting C 2174 and C2176 from +8 volts. Capacitors C2174 and C 2176 no longer integrate the pulses, thus allowing both the horizontal and vertical sync pulses to pass through to the TV Schmitt trigger.

## SCHMITT TRIGGERS

The Schmitt trigger for the NORM and AUTO triggering modes consists of U2156A, U2156B, and associated circuitry. Hysteresis of this trigger circuit is determined by R2152, R2153, and R2151.

The Schmitt trigger for the TV triggering mode is U2156B, U2156C, U2156D, and associated circuitry. Resistors R2154 and R2178 determine the sensitivity.

When the MODE switch 22150 is in AUTO or NORM, +8 volts is applied to R2156 which causes pin 1 of U2156A to go HI enabling Schmitt trigger U2156A-U2156B. At the same time, pins 12 and 13 of U2156D are also HI disabling Schmitt trigger U2156C-U2156B. A trigger signal from Q2152 triggers Schmitt trigger U2156A-U2156B to produce a logic trigger signal at pin 6 of U2156B.

When the MODE switch S2150 is in TV, +8 volts is removed from R2156 and pin 1 of U2156A is LO, disabling Schmitt trigger U2156A-U2156B. Pins 12 and 13 of U2156D are LO, enabling Schmitt trigger U2156BU2156C. The trigger signal from the TV sync separator triggers Schmitt trigger U2156B-U2156C to produce a logic trigger signal at pin 6 of U2156B.

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

Voltages shown on this diagram were measured with a Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter. Voltage measurements can vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$. No signals were applied to the vertical inputs or to the $X$ (external trigger) input. Refer to Waveform Conditions for T932 or T935 control settings.

## WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

Waveforms below were monitored with a Tektronix 7704A Oscilloscope, 7B71 Time Base, 7A15A Amplifier, and 10X probe. The oscilloscope input coupling was set to ac. Waveforms vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$.

A $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{mV}$ sine wave was applied to the CH 1 input and a $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 2 \mathrm{~V}$ square wave was applied to the CH 2 input . A Tektronix FG 501 Function Generator provides either of the input waveforms.

The T932 or T935 controls were set as follows:

| SOURCE | INT |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE | AUTO* |
| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 50 mV |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | 1 V |
| VAR (both) | Detent |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | DC |
| DISPLAY MODE | A |
| A \& B SEC/DIV | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 1X-10X | 1 X |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| LEVEL | For triggered display |

The other controls were set as necessary to obtain the desired display.

## *For waveforms 5 and 6, the MODE switch was set to TV.



4





## T932 SWEEP AND HORIZ AMPL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Digital logic devices are used to perform some of the functions in this instrument. LO and HI designations are used in this circuit description to indicate the state of the digital circuit. HI indicates the more positive of the two levels. The specific voltages which constitute a LO and HI logic state may vary between individual devices.

## SWEEP

The sweep is produced by a Miller Integrator circuit consisting of Q2242, Q2244, and Q2246. A sweep ramp is initiated at the collector of Q2246 when pin 3 of U2234A goes LO, and is terminated when pin 3 goes HI (see Timing diagram, Fig. 7-4).

In the NORM triggering mode, pin 2 of U2212A is HI allowing a positive-going trigger signal at pin 1 of U2212A to cause pin 3 of U2234A to go LO (via U2212D and U2234C). This reverse biases CR2233 and CR2234, and allows the timing capacitor (selected by the SEC/DIV switch, S2250) to charge, producing a sweep ramp at the collector of Q2246. When the sweep ramp reaches about 12 volts, Q2274 turns on. This causes pin 7 of U2224A to go LO, pin 8 of U2234C to go LO, and pin 3 of U2234A to go HI. When pin 3 of U2234A goes HI, CR2233 and CR2234 are forward biased, terminating the sweep. Pin 7 of U2224A remains LO for a length of time (hold-off time) determined by C2275, C2274, R2271, R2274, and the HOLD-OFF control, R2272. Three hold-off times are selected by the SEC/DIV switch S2250 and varied by R2272. After the selected hold-off time, U2224A pin 7 goes HI. This allows the next trigger signal to switch pin 3 of U2234A LO and again start the sweep.

In the AUTO triggering mode, when no trigger signal occurs at pin 11 of U2224B for about 50 ms , pin 10 of U2224B goes LO, causing the sweep to start after the holdoff time ends. This allows the sweep to free run and provide a reference display. When a trigger signal is present, pin 11 of U2224B goes HI, then LO (when trigger signal ends), and the time constant of C2226 and R2226 prevents pin 10 from going LO as long as the repetition rate of the trigger signal is higher than about 20 Hz .


Fig. 7-4. Timing Diagram: sweep generator and sweep gate.

When pin 3 of U2234A goes HI, the current set by R2236, R2235, and R2237 is sent to the Z Axis Amplifier Q416 (see diagram 1) to blank the crt during hold-off.

## HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER

The horizontal amplifier converts the single-ended signal to a push-pull signal, which drives the crt horizontal deflection plates. The input of the horizontal amplifier comes from either the sweep generator or the $X$ (external trigger) input connector. In the X-Y mode, the trace is shifted to the center of the screen by the current through R2182. In the AUTO and NORM modes, the input to the horizontal amplifier is a linear ramp from the sweep generator.

Transistors, Q2314, Q2326, and associated circuitry, form an operational amplifier with a variable gain range of over 10 to 1 . The gain is set by feedback elements R2312, R2323, and X1-X10 control, R2322. The horizontal POSITION control, R2316, positions the crt display horizontally by varying the current into the base of Q2314. The cascode configuration of Q2314 and Q2326 improves the high frequency response.

When the BEAM FINDER switch, section S100B, is pressed, the dynamic range of Q2326 is decreased. This limits the horizontal deflection to the crt screen area. The BEAM FINDER switch (section S100A) also limits the vertical deflection to the crt screen area.

Transistors Q2332, Q2334. Q2344, and associated circuitry form a paraphase amplifier. Transistor Q2332 is a low-impedance input for Q2334. Horiz Cal adjustment R2332, sets the gain of the paraphase amplifier. When the current through the collector of Q2334 increases, the current through the collector of Q2344 decreases and is $180^{\circ}$ out of phase with the current at the collector of Q2334. The resulting signal to the crt deflection plates is a push-pull signal. Diode CR2334 prevents Q2334 from saturating when R2322 is in the X 10 position.

Since Q2334 is a shunt feedback amplifier and Q2344 is a common base amplifier, any noise in the 100 V power supply will appear as a part of the output. To prevent the noise from appearing on the crt screen, an operational amplifier, consisting of Q2354 and associated circuitry, supplies an inverted sample of the power supply noise to the output. Now, any noise in the 100 volt power supply appears common mode to the horizontal deflection plates, preventing horizontal deflection of the noise signal. Resistor R2354 provides feedback for the operational amplifier.

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

Voltages shown on this diagram were measured with a Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter. Voltage measurements can vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$. No signals were applied to the vertical inputs or to the $X$ (external trigger) input. Refer to Waveform Conditions for T932 or T935 control settings.

## WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

Waveforms below were monitored with a Tektronix 7704A Oscilloscope, 7B71 Time Base, 7A15A Amplifier, and 10X probe. The oscilloscope input coupling was set to ac. Waveforms vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$.

A $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{mV}$ sine wave was applied to the CH 1 input and a $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 2 \mathrm{~V}$ square wave was applied to the CH 2 input . A Tektronix FG 501 Function Generator provides either of the input waveforms.

The T932 controls were set as follows:

| SOURCE | INT |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE | AUTO |
| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 50 mV |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | 1 V |
| VAR (both) | Detent |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | DC |
| SEC/DIV | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 1X-10X | 1 X |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| LEVEL | For triggered display |

The other controls were set as necessary to obtain the desired display.




## T935 A SWEEP AND HORIZ AMPL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

## A SWEEP GENERATOR

Digital logic devices are used to perform some of the functions in this instrument. LO and HI designations are used in this circuit description to indicate the state of the digital circuit. HI indicates the more positive of the two levels. The specific voltages which constitute a LO and HI logic state may vary between individual devices.

The A sweep is produced by a Miller Integrator circuit consisting of Q2242, Q2244, and Q2246. A sweep ramp is initiated at the collector of Q2246 when pin 3 of U2234A goes LO, and is terminated when pin 3 goes HI (see Timing diagram, Fig. 7-5).

In the NORM triggering mode, pin 2 of U2212A is HI allowing a positive-going trigger signal at pin 1 of U2212A to cause pin 3 of U2234A to go LO (via U2212D and U2234C). This reverse biases CR2233 and CR2234, and allows the timing capacitor (selected by the A SEC/DIV switch, S2250A) to charge, producing a sweep ramp at the collector of Q2246. When the sweep ramp reaches about 12 volts, Q2274 turns on. This causes pin 7 of U2224A to go LO, pin 8 of U2234C to go LO, and pin 3 of U2234A to go HI. When pin 3 of U2234A goes HI, CR2233 and CR2234 are forward biased, terminating the sweep. Pin 7 of U2224A remains LO for a length of time (hold-off time) determined by C2275, C2274, R2271, R2274, and the HOLD-OFF control, R2272. Three hold-off times are selected by the SEC/DIV switch S2250A and varied by R2272. After the selected hold-off time, U2224A pin 7 goes HI. This allows the next trigger signal to switch pin 3 of U2234A LO and again start the sweep.


Fig. 7-5. Timing Diagram: sweep generator and sweep gate.

In the AUTO triggering mode, when no trigger signal occurs at pin 11 of U2224B for about 50 ms , pin 10 of U2224B goes LO, causing the sweep to start after the holdoff time ends. This allows the sweep to free run and provide a reference display. When a trigger signal is present, pin 11 of U2224B goes HI , then LO (when trigger signal ends), and the time constant of C2226 and R2226 prevents pin 10 from going LO as long as the repetition rate of the trigger signal is higher than about 20 Hz .

When the DISPLAY MODE switch S2510 (see diagram 7) is in the A or B modes, a signal is applied to Q416 in the $Z$ Axis amplifier (see diagram 1) to blank the crt during holdoff time and unblank the crt during sweep time. In the A mode, when pin 3 of U2234A goes HI, R2236, R2235, and R2237 convert the voltage to a current for blanking and unblanking. Refer to T935 B Sweep circuit description for blanking and unblanking operation when S 2510 is in B or A INTEN BY B modes.

## HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER

The horizontal amplifier converts the single-ended signal to a push-pull signal, which drives the crthorizontal deflection plates. The input of the horizontal amplifier comes from either the sweep generator or the $X$ (external trigger) input connector. In the $X-Y$ mode, the trace is shifted to the center of the screen by the current through R2182. In the AUTO and NORM modes, the input to the horizontal amplifier is a linear ramp from the sweep generator.

Transistors, Q2314, Q2326, and associated circuitry, form an operational amplifier with a variable gain range of over 10 to 1 . The gain is set by feedback elements R2312, R2323, and X1-X10 control, R2322. The horizontal POSITION control, R2316, positions the crt display horizontally by varying the current into the base of Q2314. The cascode configuration of Q2314 and Q2326 improves the high frequency response.

When the BEAM FINDER switch, section S100B, is pressed, the dynamic range of Q2326 is decreased. This limits the horizontal deflection to the crt screen area. The BEAM FINDER switch (section S100A) also limits the vertical deflection to the crt screen area.

Transistors Q2332, Q2334. Q2344, and associated circuitry form a paraphase amplifier. Transistor Q2332 is a low-impedance input for Q2334. Horiz Cal adjustment R2332, sets the gain of the paraphase amplifier. When the current through the collector of Q2334 increases, the current through the collector of Q2344 decreases and is

## VIII. 2

$180^{\circ}$ out of phase with the current at the collector of Q2334. The resulting signal to the crt deflection plates is a push-pull signal. Diode CR2334 prevents Q2334 from saturating when R2322 is in the X 10 position.

Since Q2334 is a shunt feedback amplifier and Q2344 is a common base amplifier, any noise in the 100 V power supply will appear as a part of the output. To prevent the
noise from appearing on the crt screen, an operational amplifier, consisting of Q2354 and associated circuitry, supplies an inverted sample of the power supply noise to the output. Now, any noise in the 100 volt power supply appears common mode to the horizontal deflection plates, preventing horizontal deflection of the noise signal. Resistor R2354 provides feedback for the operational amplifier.

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

Voltages shown on this diagram were measured with a Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter. Voltage measurements can vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$. No signals were applied to the vertical inputs or to the $X$ (external trigger) input. Refer to Waveform Conditions for T935 control settings.

## WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

Waveforms below were monitored with a Tektronix 7704A Oscilloscope, 7B71 Time Base, 7A15A Amplifier, and 10X probe. The oscilloscope input coupling was set to ac. Waveforms vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$.

A $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{mV}$ sine wave was applied to the CH 1 input and a $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 2 \mathrm{~V}$ square wave was applied to the CH 2 input. A Tektronix FG 501 Function Generator provides either of the input waveforms.

The T935 controls were set as follows:

| SOURCE | INT |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE | AUTO |
| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 50 mV |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | 1 V |
| VAR (both) | Detent |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | DC |
| DISPLAY MODE | A |
| A \& B SEC/DIV | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 1X-10X | 1 X |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| LEVEL | For triggered display |

The other controls were set as necessary to obtain the desired display.


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## T935 B SWEEP CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Digital logic devices are used to perform some of the functions in this instrument. LO and HI designations are used in this circuit description to indicate the state of the digital circuit. HI indicates the more positive of the two levels. The specific voltages which constitute a LO and HI logic state may vary between individual devices.

The DISPLAY MODE switch S2510 selects A, B, or A INTEN BY $B$. In the $A$ position, the $B$ sweep is disconnected from the Horizontal Output Amplifier. In the B position, the A sweep is disconnected from the Horizontal Output Amplifier and the B sweep starts after the delay. In the A INTEN BY B position, the A sweep is connected to the Horizontal Output Amplifier. In this mode, the A sweep starts and then after the delay, the $B$ sweep runs and intensifies a portion of the A sweep.

With the B mode selected, when pin 3 of U2524B goes HI, R2539, R2537, and R2532 convert the voltage at pin 3 to a current signal. This signal is applied to Q416 in the ZAxis amplifier (see diagram 1) to blank the crt during holdoff and unblank the crt during B sweep time. With S2510 in the A INTEN BY B mode, R2539, R2537, R2533 and R2531 provide the $B$ sweep current source for Q416. This current signal is combined with the A sweep blanking and unblanking current signal from R2237 (see diagram 6B), allowing the $A$ sweep to be intensified by the B sweep.

A Miller Integrator circuit consisting of Q2542, Q2544, Q2546, and associated circuitry, produces B sweep. The sweep ramp is initiated at the collector of Q2546 when pin 3 of U2524B goes LO, and is terminated when pin 3 of U2524B goes HI.

When pin 3 of U2524B goes LO, CR2535 and CR2536 are reverse biased. This allows the timing capacitor (selected by the B SEC/DIV switch S2550B) to charge, producing a sweep ramp at the collector of Q2546. When the sweep ramp reaches about 12 V , Q2548 turns on, causing pin 3 of U2524B to go HI. The HI at pin 3 of U2524B forward biases CR2535 and CR2536, ending the B sweep. If the A sweep ends before Q2548 turns on (before the B sweep ends), the Hold-off signal from pin 7 of U2224A causes pin 1 of U2524B to go LO. This in turn, causes pin 3 of U2524B to go HI, ending the B sweep. Pin 3 of U2524B will remain HI until pin 5 of U2524A goes LO again.

Transistors Q2514 and Q2516 make up a voltage comparator. The DELAY TIME POSITION control, R2516, sets the voltage at the base of Q2516. Initially, Q2514 is turned on, and Q2516 and Q2522 are turned off. The A sweep ramp from the collector of Q2246 increases the
voltage at the base of Q2514. When the base of Q2514 is at the same voltage as the base of Q2516, Q2514 turns off, and Q2516 and Q2522 turn on. Components C2521 and R2521 provide feedback for a fast switch of Q2522, causing a sharp negative pulse through C2525. This pulse produces a LO at pin 5 of U2524A. The LO at pin 5 of U2524A produces a LO at pin 3 of U2524B which starts the B sweep. CR2514 and CR2516 are protection diodes. When S2510 is in the A position, the base of Q2522 is grounded, preventing the B sweep from starting.

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

## VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

Voltages shown on this diagram were measured with a Tektronix DM 501 Digital Multimeter. Voltage measurements can vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$. No signals were applied to the vertical inputs or to the $X$ (external trigger) input. Refer to Waveform Conditions for T935 control settings.

## WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

Waveforms below were monitored with a Tektronix 7704A Oscilloscope, 7B71 Time Base, 7A15A Amplifier, and 10X probe. The oscilloscope input coupling was set to ac. Waveforms vary as much as $\pm 20 \%$.

A $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{mV}$ sine wave was applied to the CH 1 input and a $50 \mathrm{kHz}, 2 \mathrm{~V}$ square wave was applied to the CH 2 input. A Tektronix FG 501 Function Generator provides either of the input waveforms.

The T932 or T935 controls were set as follows:

| SOURCE | INT |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE | AUTO |
| Vertical Mode | CH 1 |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 50 mV |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | 1 V |
| VAR (both) | Detent |
| AC-GND-DC (both) | DC |
| DISPLAY MODE | B |
| A \& B SEC/DIV | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 1X-10X | 1 X |
| HOLD-OFF | Fully ccw |
| DELAY TIME POSITION | Midrange |
| LEVEL | For triggered display |

The other controls were set as necessary to obtain the desired display.




# REPLACEABLE <br> MECHANICAL PARTS 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

## FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS

Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

## INDENTATION SYSTEM

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.

12345
Name \& Description
Assembly and/or Component
Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component
-- - *- -
Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component
Attaching parts for Detail Part
-- - *--
Parts of Detail Part
Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part
... *-. -

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol-- * - - indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separateiy, uniess otherwise specified.

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

| ABBREVIATONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | INCH | ELCTRN | ELECTRON | IN | INCH | SE | SINGLE END |
| \# | NUMBER SIZE | ELEC | ELECTRICAL | INCAND | INCANDESCENT | SECT | SECTION |
| ACTR | ACTUATOR | ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | INSUL | INSULATOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ADPTR | ADAPTER | ELEM | ELEMENT | INTL | INTERNAL | SHLD | SHIELD |
| ALIGN | ALIGNMENT | EPL | ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST | LPHLDR | LAMPHOLDER | SHLDR | SHOULDERED |
| AL | ALUMINUM | EQPT | EQUIPMENT | MACH | MACHINE | SKT | SOCKET |
| ASSEM | ASSEMBLED | EXT | EXTERNAL | MECH | MECHANICAL | SL | SLIDE |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | FIL | FILLISTER HEAD | MTG | MOUNTING | SLFLKG | SELF-LOCKING |
| ATTEN | ATTENUATOR | FLEX | FLEXIBLE | NIP | NIPPLE | SLVG | SLEEVING |
| AWG | AMERICAN WIRE GAGE | FLH | FLAT HEAD | NON WIRE | NOT WIRE WOUND | SPR | SPRING |
| BD | BOARD | FLTR | FILTER | OBD | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION | SQ | SQUARE |
| BRKT | BRACKET | FR | FRAME or FRONT | OD | OUTSIDE DIAMETER | SST | STAINLESS STEEL |
| BRS | BRASS | FSTNR | FASTENER | OVH | OVAL HEAD | STL | STEEL |
| BRZ | BRONZE | FT | FOOT | PH BRZ | PHOSPHOR BRONZE | SW | SWITCH |
| BSHG | BUSHING | FXD | FIXED | PL | PLAIN or PLATE | T | TUBE |
| CAB | CABINET | GSKT | GASKET | PLSTC | PLASTIC | TERM | TERMINAL |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | HDL | HANDLE | PN | PART NUMBER | THD | THREAD |
| CER | CERAMIC | HEX | HEXAGON | PNH | PAN HEAD | THK | THICK |
| CHAS | CHASSIS | HEX HD | HEXAGONAL HEAD | PWR | POWER | TNSN | TENSION |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | HEX SOC | HEXAGONAL SOCKET | RCPT | RECEPTACLE | TPG | TAPPING |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | HLCPS | HELICAL COMPRESSION | RES | RESISTOR | TRH | TRUSS HEAD |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | HLEXT | HELICAL EXTENSION | RGD | RIGID | $\checkmark$ | VOLTAGE |
| COV | COVER | HV | HIGH VOLTAGE | RLF | RELIEF | VAR | VARIABLE |
| CPLG | COUPLING | IC | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT | RTNR | RETAINER | W/ | WITH |
| CRT | CATHODE RAY TUBE | ID | INSIDE DIAMETER | SCH | SOCKET HEAD | WSHR | WASHER |
| DEG | DEGREE | IDENT | IDENTIFICATION | SCOPE | OSCILLOSCOPE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| DWR | DRAWER | IMPLR | IMPELLER | SCR | SCREW | XSTR | TRANSISTOR |

## CROSS INDEX—MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $00779$ | AMP, INC. | P O Box 3608 | HARRISBURG, PA 17105 |
| 01295 | texas instruments, inc., SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP | P O box 5012, 13500 N CENTRAL |  |
|  |  | EXPRESSWAY | DALLAS, TX 75222 |
| 05091 | TRI-ORDINATE CORPORATION | 343 SNYDER AVENUE | BERKELEY HEIGHTS, NJ 07922 |
| 11897 | PLASTIGLIDE MFG. CORPORATION | P O Box 867, 1757 STANFORD St. | SANTA MONICA, CA 90406 |
| 12697 | CLAROSTAT MFG. CO., inc. | LOWER WASHINGTON STREET | DOVER, NH 03820 |
| 22526 | BERG ELECTRONICS, INC. | YOUK EXPRESSWAY | NEW CUMBERLAND, PA 17070 |
| 27264 | MOLEX PRODUCTS CO. | 5224 KATRINE AVE. | DOWNERS GROVE, IL 60515 |
| 28520 | heyman mfg. CO. | 147 N. MICHIGAN AVE. | KENILWORTH, NJ 07033 |
| 55210 | GETTIG ENG. AND MFG. COMPANY | PO box 85, OfF ROUTE 45 | SPRING MILLS, PA 16875 |
| 59730 | THOMAS AND BETTS COMPANY | 36 BUTLER ST. | ELIZABETH, NJ 07207 |
| 70485 | ATLANTIC INDIA RUBBER WORKS, INC. | 571 W. POLK St. | CHICAGO, IL 60607 |
| 71279 | CAMbridge thermionic corp. | 445 CONCORD AVE. | CAMBRIDGE, MA 02138 |
| 71590 | CENTRALAB ELECTRONICS, DIV. OF GLOBE-UNION, INC. | P O box 858 | FORT DODGE, IA 50501 |
| 72228 | CONTINENTAL SCREW CO., dIV. OF |  |  |
|  | AMTEL, INC. | 459 mt. PLeasant | NEW BEDFORD, MA 02742 |
| 73743 | FISCHER SPECIAL MFG. CO. | 446 morgan st. | CINCINNATI, OH 45206 |
| 74445 | HOLO-KROME CO. | 31 brook St. West | HARTFORD, CT 06110 |
| 77250 | PHEOLL MANUFACTURING CO., DIVISION |  |  |
|  | OF ALLIED PRODUCTS CORP. | 5700 W. ROOSEVELT RD. | CHICAGO, IL 60650 |
| 78189 | ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC. |  |  |
|  | SHAKEPROOF DIVISION | St. Charles road | ELGIN, IL 60120 |
| 78471 | TILLEY MFG. CO. | 900 INDUSTRIAL RD. | SAN CARLOS, CA 94070 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX, INC. | P O box 500 | BEAVERTON, OR 97077 |
| 83385 | Central screw co. | 2530 CRESCENT DR. | BROADVIEW, IL 60153 |
| 98159 | RUBBER TECK, INC. | 19115 hamilton ave., P о box 389 | GARDENA, CA 90247 |
| 99742 | PERMACEL DIV. OF JOhnson and johnson | U. S. highway 1 | NEW BRUNSWICK, NJ 08901 |

Fig. \&

| Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. <br> Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-1 | 348-0443-00 |  | 1 | STAND,ELEC EQUIP:0.156" DIA,SST,PASSIVATE | 80009 | 348-0443-00 |
| -2 | 437-0200-00 |  | 1 | CABINET, SCOPE:ASSEMBLY | 80009 | 437-0200-00 |
|  |  |  |  | (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| -3 | 211-0648-00 |  | 6 | SCR,ASSEM WSHR:6-32 $\times 0.625$ INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -4 | 210-0408-00 |  | 6 | NUT, PLAIN, HEX. $: 6$-32 X 0.312 INCH,BRS | 73743 | 3040-402 |
|  |  |  | - | - CABINET ASSY INCLUDES: |  |  |
| -5 | 348-0441-00 |  | 4 | - FOOT, CABINET: POLYURETHANE,BLACK | 80009 | 348-0441-00 |
| -6 | 348-0447-01 |  | 2 | - FOOT,CABINET:FRONT,BLACK PLASTIC | 80009 | 348-0447-01 |
|  | 348-0447-00 |  | 2 | - FOOT,CABINET: REAR,BLACK PLASTIC <br> (ATTACHING PARTS FOR EACH) | 80009 | 348-0447-00 |
| -7 | 213-0731-00 |  | 1 | . SCR,TPG,THD FOR:6-19 X 0.5 INCCH,PNH STL | 72228 | OBD |
| -8 | 334-2682-00 |  | 2 | - PLATE,IDENT:2.50" LONG--TEKTRONIX | 80009 | 334-2682-00 |
| -9 | 334-2624-00 |  | 1 | - PLATE,IDENT:MARKED--DC BAL,CH1 AND CH2 | 80009 | 334-2624-00 |
|  | 351-0458-00 |  | 1 | - GUIDE,LINE ADJ:HI-LO | 80009 | 351-0458-00 |
|  | 351-0458-01 |  | 1 | - GUIDE,LINE ADJ:115V-230V | 80009 | 351-0458-01 |
| -10 | 384-1371-01 |  | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:5.2" LONG W/KNOB | 80009 | 384-1371-01 |
| -11 | 384-1371-03 |  | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:10.7" LONG W/KNOB | 80009 | 384-1371-03 |
| -12 | 366-1559-00 |  | 2 | PUSH BUTTON:GRAY | 80009 | 366-1559-00 |
| -13 | 214-2309-00 |  | 1 | CONDUCTOR,LIGHT:5.265" LONG | 80009 | 214-2309-00 |
| -14 | 358-0550-00 |  | 2 | BUSHING,SHAFT:0.15 ID X 0.3INCH OD,PLSTC | 80009 | 358-0550-00 |
| -15 | 426-1072-00 |  |  | FRAME, PUSH BTN:PLASTIC | 80009 | 426-1072-00 |
| -16 | 333-2078-00 |  | 1 | PANEL, FRONT: | 80009 | 333-2078-00 |
| -17 | 337-2185-00 |  | 1 | SHLD, IMPLOSION:BLUE | 80009 | 337-2185-00 |
| -18 | 136-0387-01 |  | 1 | JACK,TIP:BLACK | 71279 | 450-4352-01-0310 |
| -19 | 386-3287-00 |  | 1 | SUBPANEL,FRONT:CRT,PLASTIC <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 386-3287-00 |
| -20 | 213-0146-00 |  | 1 | SCR,TPG,THD FOR:6-20 X 0.313 INCH,PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -21 | 384-1370-00 |  | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:4.68" L,MOLDED PLSTC | 80009 | 384-1370-00 |
| -22 | 384-1364-00 |  | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:10.818" L,NYLON,BLK | 80009 | 384-1364-00 |
| -23 | 351-0456-00 |  | 2 | GUIDE, RES ADJ:PLASTIC | 80009 | 351-0456-00 |
| -24 | 352-0425-00 |  | 1 | FUSEHOLDER:PLASTIC | 80009 | 352-0425-00 |
| -25 | 352-0331-00 |  | 1 | LAMPHOLDER: | 80009 | 352-0331-00 |
| -26 | 337-2227-00 |  | 1 | SHIELD,ELEC: HIGH VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 337-2227-00 |
| -27 | 211-0007-00 |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 X 0.188 INCH,PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -28 | 342-0293-00 |  | 1 | INSULATOR,SHLD: HIGH VOLTAGE | 80009 | 342-0293-00 |
| -29 | 343-0213-00 |  | 2 | CLAMP,LOOP:PRESS MT,PLASTIC | 80009 | 343-0213-00 |
| -30 | ---------- |  | 1 | TRANSISTOR:CHASSIS MTG (SEE Q458 EPL) (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| -31 | 344-0236-01 |  | 1 | CLIP,SPR TNSN: TRANSISTOR MOUNTING,COPPER | 80009 | 344-0236-01 |
|  | 342-0202-00 |  | 1 | INSULATOR,PLATE:TRANSISTOR | 01295 | 10-21-023-106 |
| -32 | 253-0202-00 |  | FT | INSUL TAPE,ELEC: POLYMIDE,0.875" W x 1.0" | 99742 | 221 |
| -33 | ----- ----- |  | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE (SEE Al EPL) <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| -34 | 211-0008-00 |  | 6 | SCREW, MACHINE:4-40 X 0.25 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -35 | 361-0750-00 |  | 2 | SPACER,POST:0.188 HEX X 0.970"L,STL,W/STUD | 80009 | 361-0750-00 |
|  | ---------0 | B010100 B011081x | 1 | . CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES: . LINK, TERM. CONNE:0.086 DIA X 2.375 INCH L | 55210 | ERD-18T0 |
|  | 131-0566-00 | Bol0100 B011303x | 1 | . LINK, TERM. CONNE:0.086 DIA X 2.375 INCH L | 55210 | ERD-18T0 |
| -36 | 131-1817-00 | B010100 B011081 | 34 | . LINK, TERM CONNE:22 AWG,2.25" LONG | 80009 | 131-1817-00 |
|  | 131-1817-00 | B010100 B011303 | 34 | . LINK,TERM CONNE:22 AWG,2.25" LONG | 80009 | 131-1817-00 |
|  | 131-1817-00 | B011082 | 35 | . LINK, TERM CONNE:22 AWG,2.25" LONG | 80009 | 131-1817-00 |
|  | 131-1817-00 | B011304 | 35 | . LINK,TERM CONNE:22 AWG,2.25" LONG | 80009 | 131-1817-00 |
| -37 | 131-0608-00 |  | 17 | . CONTACT,ELEC:0.365 INCH LONG | 22526 | 47357 |
| -38 | 131-1749-00 |  | 1 | - CONNECTOR,RCPT,: 10 FEMALE CONTACT | 27264 | 09-52-3101 |
|  | 131-1795-00 |  | 1 | - CONNECTOR,RCPT,:12 FEMALE CONTACT,RT-ANGLE | 27264 | 09-62-3121 |
| -39 | 131-1792-00 |  | 1 | - CONTACT ASSY,EL:12 MALE CONTACT,FLAT WAFER | 27264 | 09-70-2121 |

Fig. \&


| Fig. \& Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-82 | ----- --- |  | 3 | TRANSISTOR:CHAS MTG (SEE Q736, $0756, \mathrm{Q} 776$ EPL) (ATTACHING PARTS FOR EACH) |  |  |
| -83 | 344-0236-01 |  | 1 | CLIP,SPR TNSN:TRANSISTOR MOUNTING,COPPER | 80009 | 344-0236-01 |
|  | 342-0202-00 |  | 3 | INSULATOR, PLATE:TRANSISTOR | 01295 | 10-21-023-106 |
| -84 | 253-0202-00 |  | FT | INSUL TAPE, ELEC: POLYMIDE, 0.875, ID $\times 3.50$ LONG | 99742 |  |
| -85 | 214-2265-00 |  | 1 | HEAT SINK, XSTR:6.0" L X 0.72" H,AL (Attaching parts) | 80009 | 214-2265-00 |
| -86 | 211-0507-00 |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 $\times 0.312$ INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -87 | 211-0008-00 |  | 2 | SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 x 0.25 INCH,PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -88 | 210-0586-00 |  | 2 | NUT, PLAIN, EXT W:4-40 x 0.25 INCH,STL | 78189 | OBD |
| -89 | 352-0425-00 |  | 1 | FUSEHOLDER:PLASTIC | 80009 | 352-0425-00 |
|  | 337-2302-00 | XB010135 | 1 | SHIELD, ELEC:LV POWER CARD | 80009 | 337-2302-00 |
|  | 337-2302-00 | XB010155 | 1 | SHIELD, ELEC:LV POWER CARD | 80009 | 337-2302-00 |
| -90 | ----- ----- |  | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:L.V. POWER SUPPLY (SEE A2 EPL) (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| -91 | 212-0516-00 |  | 4 | SCREW, MACHINE: $10-32 \times 2$ INCH, HEX HD STL | 77250 | OBD |
| -92 | 166-0432-00 |  | 4 | InSUL SLVG,ELEC:BOLT INSULATING | 80009 | 166-0432-00 |
| -93 | 361-0741-00 |  | 4 | SPACER, SLEEVE: $0.245^{\prime \prime}$ ID X $0.75{ }^{\prime \prime}$ L,AL | 80009 | 361-0741-00 |
| -94 | 220-0572-00 |  | 2 | NUT,PLAIN, HEX. :10-32 x 0.25 INCH,PL BRS <br> - - - * - - | 73743 | OBD |
|  |  |  | - | - CKT board assy includes: |  |  |
| -95 | 131-1817-00 |  | 10 | - LINK,TERM CONNE:22 AWG,2.25" LONG | 80009 | 131-1817-00 |
| -96 | 131-1750-00 |  | 1 | . TERM.,FEED THRU:10 PIN INSULATED | 27264 | 09-64-1103 |
| -97 | 344-0154-00 |  | 2 | - CLIP, ELECTRICAL:FOR 0.25 InCH DIA fuSE | 80009 | 344-0154-00 |
| -98 | 346-0032-00 |  | 1 | . STRAP, RETAINING: | 98159 | 2829-75-4 |
| -99 | ----- ----- |  | 2 | . SW,SLIDE:LINE VOLT/SELECT (SEE S701,S705 EPL) |  |  |
| -100 | ---------- |  | 1 | TRANSFORMER:POWER (SEE T700 EPL) |  |  |
| -101 | 343-0213-00 |  | 2 | CLAMP, LOOP:PRESS MT, PLASTIC | 80009 | 343-0213-00 |
| -102 | 366-1031-02 |  | 1 | KNOB : RED-VAR | 80009 | 366-1031-02 |
|  | 213-0153-00 |  | 1 | . SETSCREW:5-40 x 0.125 INCH,HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| -103 | 366-1646-00 |  | 1 | KNOB : GRAY, W/SHAFT | 80009 | 366-1646-00 |
| -104 | 366-1559-00 |  | 3 | PUSH BUTTON:GRAY | 80009 | 366-1559-00 |
| -105 | 384-1371-02 |  | 2 | EXTENSION SHAFT:6.8" LONG,W/KNOB | 80009 | 384-1371-02 |
| -106 | 366-1031-02 |  | 1 | KNOB : RED-VAR | 80009 | 366-1031-02 |
|  | 213-0153-00 |  | 1 | . SETSCREW:5-40 x 0.125 INCH,HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| -107 | 366-1646-00 |  | 1 | KNOB: GRAY,W/SHAFT | 80009 | 366-1646-00 |
| -108 | 426-1072-00 |  | 3 | FRAME, PUSH BTN:PLASTIC | 80009 | 426-1072-00 |
| -109 | 358-0550-00 |  | 2 | BUSHING,SHAFT:0.15 ID x O.3INCH OD,PLSTC | 80009 | 358-0550-00 |
| -110 | 333-2040-00 |  | 1 | PANEL, FRONT:VERTICAL | 80009 | 333-2040-00 |
| -111 | 384-1393-00 |  | 2 | EXTENSION SHAFT:0.123 DIA $\times 6.3$ " L, PLSTC | 80009 | 384-1393-00 |
| -112 | 376-0051-00 |  | 2 | CPLG,SHAFT,FLEX:FOR 0.125 INCH DIA SHAFTS | 80009 | 376-0051-00 |
|  | ----- ---- |  | - | - EACH COUPLER INCludes: |  |  |
|  | 213-0022-00 |  | 4 | - SETSCREW:4-40 X 0.188 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| -113 | 351-0456-00 |  | 2 | GUIDE, RES ADJ:PLASTIC | 80009 | 351-0456-00 |
|  | 672-0518-00 | B010100 B010349 | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTEN,CH1 W/CAM SW | 80009 | 672-0518-00 |
|  | 672-0518-01 | B010350 | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTEN, CHI W/CAM SW | 80009 | 672-0518-01 |
|  | 672-0519-00 | B010100 B010349 | 1 | CKT Board assy : ATten, CH2 W/CAM SW | 80009 | 672-0519-00 |
|  | 672-0519-01 | в010350 | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTEN,CH2 W/CAM SW <br> (ATTACHING PARTS FOR EACH) | 80009 | 672-0519-01 |
| -114 | 211-0144-00 |  | 2 | SCREW, MACHINE:4-40 $\times 1.312$ INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -115 | 211-0018-00 |  | 1 | SCREW, MACHINE:4-40 x 0.875 PNH,STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -116 | 210-0586-00 |  | 1 | NUT,PLAIN,EXT W:4-40 x 0.25 INCH,STL | 78189 | OBD |
|  | ----- ----- |  | - | . each atten assy includes: |  |  |
| -117 | 337-2214-00 |  | 1 | . Shield, elec:Attenuator left,Chl | 80009 | 337-2214-00 |
|  | 337-2215-00 |  | 1 | - SHIELD, ELEC: ATTENUATOR, RIGHT, CH2 | 80009 | 337-2215-00 |
|  |  |  |  | (ATTACHING PARTS) SCR, ASSEM WSHR $4-40 \times 0.312$ INCH, PNH BRS |  |  |
| -118 | $\begin{aligned} & 211-0116-00^{1} \\ & 211-0244-00^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $1{ }^{1}$ B010100 B010439 | 1 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.312 INCH,PNH BRS <br> . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.312 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 78189 | OBD |
|  | 211-0116-00 ${ }^{2}$ | 2 b010100 b010444 | 1 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 $\times 0.312$ INCH, PNH BRS | 83385 | OBD |
|  | 211-0244-00 ${ }^{2}$ | B010445 | 1 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.312 INCH,PNH STL | . 78189 | OBD |

[^15]Fig. \&

| Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-119 | 131-0955-00 |  | 1 | . CONNECTOR,RCPT,:BNC, FEMALE,W/HARDWARE (ATTACHING PARTS) | 05091 | 31-279 |
| -120 | 210-1000-00 |  | 1 | - WASHER, FLAT: 0.384 ID x 0.50 lod , AL | 80009 | 210-1000-00 |
| -121 | 105-0678-00 ${ }^{1}$ | 1 b010100 в010831 | 1 | . DRUM,CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 105-0678-00 |
|  | 105-0678-01 | в010832 | 1 | . DRUM, CAM Switch : AC -dC GND, Channel 1 | 80009 | 105-0678-01 |
|  | 105-0678-02 | B010832 | 1 | - actuator, cam sw:ac-dC gnd, channel 2 | 80009 | 105-0678-02 |
|  | 105-0678-00 ${ }^{2}$ | 2 B010100 8010961 | 1 | - DRUM, CAM SWITCH:W/LEVER | 80009 | 105-0678-00 |
|  | 105-0678-01 ${ }^{2}$ | B010962 | 1 | - DRUM, CAM SWITCH:AC-DC GND, CHANNEL 1 | 80009 | 105-0678-01 |
|  | 105-0678-02 ${ }^{2}$ | в010962 | 1 | ACTUATOR, CAM SW:AC-dC GND, CHANNEL 2 | 80009 | 105-0678-02 |
| -122 | 214-1126-01 |  | 4 | SPRing,Fiat: Green colored | 80009 | 214-1126-01 |
| -123 | 214-1752-00 |  | 4 | Roller, detent: | 80009 | 214-1752-00 |
| -124 | 401-0338-00 |  | 1 | bearing, Cam Sw:pront | 80009 | 401-0338-00 |
| -125 | (ATtaching parts) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 211-0244-00 ${ }^{1}$ | 1 B010440 | 2 | . SCR, ASSEM WSHR: $4-40 \times 0.312$ INCH, PNH STL | 78189 | OBD |
|  | 211-0116-00 ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{2}$ B010100 B010444 | 2 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.312 INCH,PNH BRS | 83385 | obd |
|  | 211-0244-00 ${ }^{2}$ | в010445 | 2 | . SCR, ASSEM WSHR: $4-40 \times 0.312$ INCH,PNH STL | 78189 | OBD |
| -126 | 210-0406-00 |  | 2 | - NUT,PLAIN, HEX. $04-40 \times 0.188$ INCH,BRS | 73743 | 2x12161-402 |
| -127 | 376-0174-00 |  | 1 | . CPLG,Shaft,RGD:0.19 id x 0.325 OD x $0.2{ }^{\text {\% }}$ H | 80009 | 376-0174-00 |
| $\begin{aligned} & -128 \\ & -129 \end{aligned}$ | 105-0679-00 |  | 1 | - DRUM, Cam switch: | 80009 | 105-0679-00 |
|  | 343-0564-00 |  | 1 | . RTNR BAR, Cont:ATtenuator, left chl | 80009 | 343-0564-00 |
|  | 343-0565-00 |  | 1 | - RTNR BAR,CONT:ATTENUATOR,RIGHT CH2 (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 343-0565-00 |
| -130 | 211-0116-00 ${ }^{1}$ | 1 b010100 b010439 | 1 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR: 4 -40 $\mathrm{x} 0.312 \mathrm{INCH}, \mathrm{PNH}$ BRS | 83385 | OBD |
|  | 211-0244-00 | B010440 |  | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.312 INCH, PNH STL | 78189 | obd |
|  | 211-0116-00 ${ }^{2}$ | 2 b010100 в010444 | 1 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.312 INCH,PNH BRS | 83385 | obd |
|  | ${ }_{211}^{211-02444-00^{2}}$ | 2 ${ }^{\text {b010445 }}$ | 1 | - SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 $\times 0.312$ INCH, PNH STL | 78189 | OBD |
| -131 | 211-0152-00 | b010100 b010439 | 1 | - SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 $\times 0.625$ INCH, PNH BRS | 83385 | OBD |
|  | 211-0246-00 ${ }^{1}$ | 1 B010440 | 1 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.625 INCH,PNH,STL | 78189 | ObD |
|  | 211-0152-00 ${ }^{2}$ | 2 bo10100 в010444 | 1 | . SCR, ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.625 INCH, PNH BRS | 83385 | OBD |
|  | 211-0246-00 ${ }^{2}$ | в010445 | 1 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.625 INCH,PNH,STL | 78189 | OBD |
| -132 | 210-0406-00 |  | 1 | . NUT, PLAIN, HEX. $: 4-40 \times 0.188$ InCH, BRS | 73743 | 2x12161-402 |
| -133 | 131-1779-03 |  | 1 | . COnt ASSY, elec :cam sw, 1 Contact, Left,chl | 80009 | 131-1779-03 |
|  | 131-1779-04 |  | 1 | . CONT ASSY,ELEC:CAM SW,1 CONTACT,RIGHT,CH2 | 80009 | 131-1779-04 |
| -134 | 131-1779-01 |  | 1 | - Cont Assy, elec: cam sw, 13 Contact, Left, Chl | 80009 | 131-1779-01 |
|  | 131-1779-02 |  | 1 | - CONT ASSY,ELEC:CAM SW,13 CONTACT,RIGHT,CH2 | 80009 | 131-1779-02 |
| -135 |  |  | 1 | . CKT Board assy:CH1 OR CH2 (SEE A6,17 EPL) |  |  |
| -136 | 136-0263-04 |  | 5 | . . SOCKET,PIN TERM:FOR 0.025 Inch square pin | 22526 | 75377-001 |
| -138-139 | 361-0735-00 |  | 2 | SPACER, CKT BD $0.0 .25 "$ OD X 0.0.093" H,PLSTC | 80009 | 361-0735-00 |
|  | 384-1136-00 |  | 3 | Extension shaft:0.95 inch long | 80009 | 384-1136-00 |
|  | 1 CKT BOARD ASSY:VERTICAL(SEE A8 EPL) (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |  |  |  |
| -140 | $211-0014-00$$211-0008-00$ |  | 3 | SCREw, MAChine:4-40 0.50 Inch,Pnh STL | 83385 | obd |
|  |  |  | 1 | SCREW, MACHINE:4-40 x $0.25 \mathrm{INCH}, \mathrm{PNH}$ STL | 83385 | OBD |
|  |  |  |  | CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES: |  |  |
| -141 | 131-0589-00 |  | 10 | - Contact, elec:0.46 inch long | 22526 | 47350 |
| -142 | 131-1792-00 |  | 1 | . Contact assy, el: 12 male contact,flat wafer | 27264 | 09-70-2121 |
| -143 |  |  | 1 | - SWITCH, PUSH:CH1, CH2 (SEE S4320 EPL) |  |  |
| -144 | 361-0542-00 |  | 4 | - SPACER, SWITCH: PLAASTIC | 71590 | J-64281 |
| -145 | --------- |  | 2 | - RES., VAR:CH1, Ch2 VAR GAIN(SEE R4152,R4252 EPL) |  |  |
| -146 |  |  | 2 | - RES., VAR:CH1, CH2 POSItITON(SEE R4346,R4356 EPL) |  |  |
| -147 | DELAY LINE:W/HDWR (SEE DLA 380 EPL) (ATtaching parys) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 211-0007-00 |  | 2 | SCREw, MACHINE:4-40 x 0.188 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | obd |
| -149 | 210-0586-00 |  | 2 | NUT, PLAIN, EXT W:4-40 x $0.25 \mathrm{TNCH}, \mathrm{STL}$ | 78189 | OBD |
| -150 | 210-0458-00 |  | 3 | NUT, PLAAN, EXT W:8-32 x 0.344 INCH,STL | 83385 | obd |
|  | ----- |  | - | deiay line includes: |  |  |
| -151 | 131-1798-00 |  | 2 | contact,elec: delay line | 800 | 131-1798-0 |

$1_{\text {T932 }}$
${ }^{2}$ T935

Fig. \&

| Index No. | Tektronix Serial/Model No. Part No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-152 | 346-0121-00 | 3 | - STRAP,ELEC COMP:TIE DOWN,5.0 LONG | 59730 | T4-34M |
| -153 | 386-3292-00 | 1 | SUBPANEL, FRONT:VERTICAL | 80009 | 386-3292-00 |
| -154 | 129-0577-00 | 1 | SPACER,POST: 0.188 HEX X 1.442"L, BRS | 80009 | 129-0577-00 |
| -155 | 334-2608-00 | 1 | PLATE, IDENT: MARKED T932 | 80009 | 334-2608-00 |
|  | 334-2537-00 | 1 | PLATE,IDENT:MARKED T935 | 80009 | 334-2537-00 |
| -156 | 124-0315-00 | 1 | STRIP,TRIM:FRONT, PLASTIC | 80009 | 124-0315-00* |
| -157 | 366-1660-00 | 1 | KNOB : GRAY | 80009 | 366-1660-00 |
|  | 213-0153-00 | 1 | . SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| -158 | 131-0106-02 | 1 | CONNECTOR,RCPT, :BNC <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 131-0106-02 |
| -159 | $210-0255-00^{1}$ | 1 | (ATTACHING PARTS) <br> TERMINAL,LUG:0.391" ID INT TOOTH | 80009 | 210-0255-00 |
|  | $210-0255-00_{,}^{2} \text { B010100 B010449 }$ | 1 | TERMINAL,LUG:0.391" ID INT TOOTH | 80009 | $210-0255-00$ |
|  | 210-0207-00 ${ }^{2}$ B010450 | 1 | TERMINAL,LUG:0.375 INCH DIAMETER | $12697$ | $01136902$ |
|  | $210-0978-00{ }_{2}^{1} \mathrm{XB} 010375$ | 1 | WASHER, FLAT: 0.375 ID X 0.50 INCH OD,STL | $78471$ | OBD |
|  | 210-0978-00 ${ }^{2}$ XB010450 |  | WASHER,FLAT: 0.375 ID X 0.50 INCH OD,STL | 78471 | OBD |
| -160 |  | 1 | PUSH BUTTON:GRAY | 80009 |  |
| -161 | $384-1371-00^{2}$ | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:2.0" LONG,W/KNOB, PLASTIC | 80009 | 384-1371-00 |
| -162 | 366-1660-00 | 1 | KNOB: GRAY | 80009 | 366-1660-00 |
|  | 213-0153-00 | 1 | - SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125 INCH,HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| -163 | 366-1559-00 ${ }^{2}$ | 3 | PUSH BUTTON:GRAY | 80009 | 366-1559-00 |
| -164 | $366-1667-00^{2}$ | 1 | KNOB:RED, 0.127 INCH ID | $80009$ | $366-1667-00$ |
|  | 213-0153-00 ${ }^{2}$ |  | . SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | $74445$ | OBD |
| -165 | $366-1661-00^{2}$ | 1 | KNOB: GRAY, TIM/DIV,0.127 INCH ID | 80009 | $366-1661-00$ |
| -166 | $\begin{aligned} & 213-0153-00 \\ & 366-1662-00^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | - SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| -166 | $366-1662-00$ $213-0153-00$ |  | KNOB:CLEAR,FCTN TIMING,0.252 INCH ID | 800097 | 366-1662-00 |
| -167 | 366-1647-00 ${ }^{1}$ | 1 | KNOB:0.127" ID X 0.5" OD X 0.531" | 80009 | 366-1647-00 |
|  |  | 1 | . SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| -168 | $366-1281-011$ | 1 | KNOB:GRAY, 0.252 INCH ID | 80009 | 366-1281-01 |
|  | 213-0153-00 | 2 | . SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| -169 | 358-0216-00 | 1 | BUSHING,PLASTIC:0.257 ID X 0.412 INCH OD | 80009 | 358-0216-00 |
| -170 | 384-1371-02 | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:6.8" LONG,W/KNOB | 80009 | 384-1371-02 |
| -171 | $358-0550-00$ | 2 | BUSHING,SHAFT:0.15 ID X 0.3INCH OD,PLSTC | 80009 | 358-0550-00 |
| -172 | 426-1072-00 ${ }^{2}$ | 4 | FRAME, PUSH BTN:PLASTIC | 80009 | 426-1072-00 |
|  | $426-1072-00^{1}$ $333-2093-00$ | 1 | FRAME, PUSH BTN:PLASTIC | 80009 | 426-1072-00 |
| -173 | $\begin{aligned} & 333-2093-00^{2} \\ & 333-2092-00^{1} \end{aligned}$ | 1 | PANEL, FRONT: HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 333-2093-00 |
| -174 | 333-2092-00 ${ }^{1}$ | 1 | PANEL,FRONT:HORIZONTAL <br> RES., VAR:HOLD-OFF,POSITION(SEE R2272 EPL) <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 333-2092-00 |
| -175 | 210-0583-00 | 1 | NUT, PLAIN, HEX. $0.025-32 \mathrm{X} 0.312 \mathrm{INCH}, \mathrm{BRS}$ | 73743 | 2X20224-402 |
| -176 | 210-0046-00 | 1 | WASHER,LOCK: INTL, 0.26 ID X 0.40 O OD,STL | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C |
| -177 | 210-0465-00 | 1 | NUT, PLAIN, HEX.: 0.25-32 X 0.375 INCH BRS | 73743 | 3095-402 |
|  | 672-0549-00 | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:TRIGGER,W/LEVER SWITCH | 80009 | 672-0549-00 |
|  | ----- ---- | - | . CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES: |  |  |
| -178 | ------ ----- | 1 | - LEVER,SWITCH:MODE (SEE S2150 EPL) |  |  |
| -179 | 211-0152-00 |  | - LEVER,SWITCH:SOURCE (SEE S2100 EPL) <br> (ATTACHING PARTS FOR EACH) |  |  |
| -180 | 211-0152-001 BOl0100 B010439 | 1 | - SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 $\times 0.625$ INCH, PNH BRS | 83385 | OBD |
|  | 211-0540-001 B010440 | 1 | - SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 X 0.50 INCH,TRH STL | $83385$ | OBD |
|  | $211-0152-00^{2} \text { B010100 B010444 }$ | 1 | - SCR,ASSEM WSHR:4-40 x 0.625 INCH,PNH BRS | $83385$ | OBD |
|  | 211-0540-00 ${ }^{2}$ Bol0445 | 1 | . SCREW, MACHINE:6-32 X 0.50 INCH,TRH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -181 | 210-0551-00 | 1 | - NUT, PLAIN, HEX. 4 -40 X 0.25 INCH,STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -182 | 351-0448-01 | 2 | - GUIDE ,SWITCH:W/SPRING AND ROLLER | 80009 | 351-0448-01 |
| -183 | ----- -----2 | 1 | - CKT BOARD ASSY:TRIGGER SWITCH (SEE All EPL) |  |  |
| -184 | ----------2 |  | RES. , VAR:DELAY TIME (SEE S2516 EPL) |  |  |
| -185 | 210-0583-00 ${ }^{2}$ |  | (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| -186 | 210-0046-00 ${ }^{2}$ | 1 | NUT, PLAIN,HEX.:0.25-32 X $0.312 \mathrm{INCH}, \mathrm{BRS}$ WASHER,LOCK:INTL,0.26 ID X 0.40 OD OTL | 73743 78189 | 2X20224-402 |
| -187 | 210-0465-00 ${ }^{2}$ | 1 | NUT,PLAIN, HEX.:0.25-32 $\times 0.375$ INCH BRS | 78189 73743 | 1214-05-00-0541C |

Fig. \&


[^16]Fig. \&

| Index | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. |  |  |  | Mfr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Part No. | Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 | Name \& Description | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| 070-1983-01$010-6108-03$ |  |  | 1 MANUAL:INSTRUCTION |  |  | 80009 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 070-1983-01 } \\ & 010-6108-03 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | 2 | PROBE, VOLT | METERS, W/ACCESSORIES | 80009 |  |

## MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages.

A single change may affect several sections. Since the change information sheets are carried in the manual until all changes are permanently entered, some duplication may occur. If no such change pages appear following this page, your manual is correct as printed.

## SERVICE NOTE

Because of the universal parts procurement problem, some electrical parts in your instrument may be different from those described in the Replaceable Electrical Parts List. The parts used will in no way alter or compromise the performance or reliability of this instrument. They are installed when necessary to ensure prompt delivery to the customer. Order replacement parts from the Replaceable Electrical Parts List.

## CALIBRATION TEST EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

## Calibration Test Equipment Chart

This chart compares TM 500 product performance to that of older Tektronix equipment. Only those characteristics where significant specification differences occur, are listed. In some cases the new instrument may not be a total functional replacement. Additional support instrumentation may be needed or a change in calibration procedure may be necessary.

Comparison of Main Characteristics

| DM 501 replaces 7D13 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { PG } 501 \text { replaces } 107 \\ 108 \\ 111 \\ \\ 114 \\ 115 \end{array}$ | PG 501 - Risetime less than 3.5 ns into $50 \Omega$. <br> PG 501-5 V output pulse; 3.5 ns Risetime. <br> PG 501-Risetime less than $3.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 8 \mathrm{~ns}$ Pretrigger pulse delay. <br> PG 501- $\pm 5$ V output. <br> PG 501 - Does not have Paired, Burst, Gated, or Delayed pulse mode; $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ dc Offset. Has $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output. | 107 - Risetime less than 3.0 ns into $50 \Omega$. <br> 108-10 V output pulse; 1 ns Risetime. <br> 111 - Risetime $0.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 30$ to 250 ns Pretrigger Pulse delay. <br> $114- \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ output. Short proof output. <br> 115 - Paired, Burst, Gated, and Delayed pulse mode; $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ output. Short-proof output. |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { PG } 502 \text { replaces } 107 \\ 108 \\ 111 \\ \\ 114 \\ 115 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$ | PG 502-5 V output <br> PG 502 - Risetime less than $1 \mathrm{~ns} ; 10 \mathrm{~ns}$ Pretrigger pulse delay. <br> PG 502- $\pm 5$ V output <br> PG 502 - Does not have Paired, Burst, Gated, Delayed \& Undelayed pulse mode; Has $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output. <br> PG 502 - Does not have Paired or Delayed pulse. Has $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output. | 108-10 V output. <br> 111 - Risetime $0.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 30$ to 250 ns Pretrigger pulse delay. <br> $114- \pm 10$ V output. Short proof output. <br> 115 - Paired, Burst, Gated, Delayed \& Undelayed pulse mode; $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ output. Short-proof output. <br> 2101 - Paired and Delayed pulse; 10 V output. |
| PG 506 replaces 106 067-0502-01 | PG 506 - Positive-going trigger output signal at least 1 V ; High Amplitude output, 60 V . <br> PG 506 - Does not have chopped feature. | 106 - Positive and Negative-going trigger output signal, 50 ns and 1 V ; High Amplitude output, 100 V . <br> 0502-01 - Comparator output can be alternately chopped to a reference voltage. |
| $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { SG } 503 \text { replaces 190, } \\ 190 \mathrm{~A}, 190 \mathrm{~B} \\ 191 \\ 067-0532-01 \end{array}$ | SG 503 - Amplitude range 5 mV to 5.5 V p-p. <br> SG 503 - Frequency range 250 kHz to 250 MHz . <br> SG 503 - Frequency range 250 kHz to 250 MHz . | 190B - Amplitude range 40 mV to 10 V p-p. <br> 191 - Frequency range 350 kHz to 100 MHz . <br> 0532-01 - Frequency range 65 MHz to 500 MHz . |
| TG 501 replaces 180, 180 A <br> 181 <br> 184 <br> 2901 | TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns. Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-mark can be generated at a time. <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-mark can be generated at a time. <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns. Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-mark can be generated at a time. | 180A - Marker outputs, 5 sec to $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. <br> Sinewave available at 20,10, and 2 ns . Trigger pulses 1, 10, $100 \mathrm{~Hz} ; 1,10$, and 100 kHz . <br> Multiple time-marks can be generated simultaneously. <br> 181 - Marker outputs, 1, 10, 100, 1000, and $10,000 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, plus 10 ns sinewave. <br> 184 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 2 ns . Sinewave available at $50,20,10,5$, and 2 ns. Separate trigger pulses of 1 and $.1 \mathrm{sec} ; 10,1$, and .1 ms ; 10 and $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Marker amplifier provides positive or negative time marks of 25 V min. Marker intervals of 1 and $.1 \mathrm{sec} ; 10,1$, and $.1 \mathrm{~ms} ; 10$ and $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. <br> 2901 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Sinewave available to 50,10 , and 5 ns . Separate trigger pulses, from 5 sec to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Multiple time-marks can be generated simultaneously. |

NOTE: All TM $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ generator outputs are short-proof. All TM $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ plug-in instruments require TM $\mathbf{5 0 0 - S e r i e s ~ P o w e r ~ M o d u l e . ~}$

| $\Gamma_{k}(\mathbb{y}$ | MANUAL CI | SEINFORMATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 二14F | PRODUCT T932/T935 | CHANGE REFERENCE M31736 |
| committ | 070-1983-01 | DATE 9-21-77 |
| CHANGE: | DESCRIPTION |  |

EFF SN: T932 B011997

T935 B012743

ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST AND SCHEMATIC CHANGES

CHANGE TO:

| $A_{6}{ }^{1}$ | 670-3972-05 | CKT BOARD | ASSY:CH | 1 | ATTENUATOR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3972-05 | CKT BOARD | ASSY:CH | 1 | ATTENUATOR |
| $\mathrm{A}_{7}{ }^{1}$ | 670-3973-05 | CKT BOARD | ASSY: CH | 2 | ATTENUATOR |
| A7 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-3973-05 | CKT BOARD | ASSY:CH | 2 | ATTENUATOR |

ADD :

| R4103 | $317-0150-00$ | RES.,FXD, CMPSN : 15 OHM, $5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R4203 | $317-0150-00$ | RES., FXD, CMPSN $: 150 H M, 5 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ |

R4103 is added to the A6 CH 1 ATTENUATOR board in series between J4110 CH 1 INPUT connector and the junction of C4101-C4102-S4100.

R4203 is added to the A7 CH 2 ATTENUATOR board in series between J4210 CH 2 INPUT connector and the junction of C4201-C4202-S4200. Affected parts are shown on VERT INPUT diagram 3.


MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION
TEKTRONIX
committed to
technical excellence

CHANGE REFERENCE M32883
DATE 12-21-77

CHANGE:

## DESCRIPTION

$$
\text { Affects Manuals: } \begin{aligned}
& 070-1981-01 \\
& 070-1982-01 \\
& 070-1983-01 \\
& 070-2492-00
\end{aligned}
$$

Oscilloscope Light Filter and Graticule Illumination Photography Effects Some oscilloscopes contain a factory installed colored (usually blue or green) plastic light filter in front of the crt faceplate to improve general purpose viewing contrast in ambient lighting conditions (in some applications this device also functions as an implosion safety shield).

In order for the oscilloscope graticule to be photographed along with a crt display, oscilloscopes that do not provide internal graticule (scale) illumination must be used with a camera such as the C5A or C5A Option 3, which provide external flash illumination of the graticule. An exception to this is some storage oscilloscopes operated in the store mode, where the target illumination may also illuminate the graticule lines.

Effectiveness of the graticule illumination flash is severly degraded when used with most colored crt light filters. If a clear light filter was provided as an accessory with your oscilloscope, the colored filter should be removed and the clear filter installed in its place when taking oscilloscope display photographs. The clear filter may also provide improved photograph definition and contrast with reduced oscilloscope display intensity settings (some colored filters reduce effective display intensity as much as 75\%). Under no circumstances should the oscilloscope be operated without either a clear or colored light filter when no other implosion shield is provided (optional accessory mesh filters are not intended for implosion protection and must be removed when using an oscilloscope camera).

If your oscilloscope was not provided with a clear light filter accessory, contact your local Tektronix Field Office for ordering information.

For all T900-series, bench-version oscilloscopes, the instrument cabinet must be removed in order to replace the crt light filter. Only qualified service personnel should remove the instrument cabinet. Cabinet removal instructions are provided in the Service portion of T900-series manuals. The part number for the clear light filter to fit T900-series, bench-version oscilloscopes is 337-2185-03. PAGE 1 of 1

## K4XL's BAMA

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Uniess otherwise stated, use the 1X PROBE window for VOLTS/DIV settings throughout the Performance Check Procedure.

[^1]:    'Refers to window on VOLTS/DIV switch knob. Use 1X probe window unless otherwise specifled in individual steps of the procedure.

[^2]:    5. Don't bend the contacts. This may temporarily fix the problem. However, bending the contact damages its self-cleaning action and causes problems in the future.
[^3]:    $1_{\text {T932 }}$ only
    ${ }^{2}$ T935 only
    $3^{\text {Furnished }}$ as a unit with s2250
    4 Furnished as a unit with s2550A, B

[^4]:    $1_{\text {T935 only }}$

[^5]:    ${ }_{2}$ T932 only
    2m935 only

[^6]:    $1_{\text {T935 only }}$
    $2_{\text {T932 }}$ only

[^7]:    $1_{\text {T932 }}$ only
    $2_{\text {T9 }} 35$ only

[^8]:    $\mathrm{l}_{\text {For }} 100$ to 120 volt operation
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ For 220 to 240 volt operation
    ${ }^{3}$ T935 only

[^9]:    ${ }^{1_{\text {T935 }}}$ only
    ${ }^{2}$ T932 only

[^10]:    $1_{\text {T935 only }}$

[^11]:    $1_{\text {T932 }}$ only
    ${ }^{2}$ T935 only

[^12]:    $1_{\text {T932 }}$ only
    2 T 935 only

[^13]:    $1_{\text {T935 only }}$

[^14]:    $1_{\text {T932 }}$ only
    2 T 935 only

[^15]:    $1_{\text {T932 }}$ only
    $2_{\text {T935 only }}$

[^16]:    $1_{\text {T935 only }}$
    ${ }^{2}$ T932 only

