Instruction Manual

Original

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TYPE 576
INTEGRATED CIRCUIT
ADAPTER
013-0124-00

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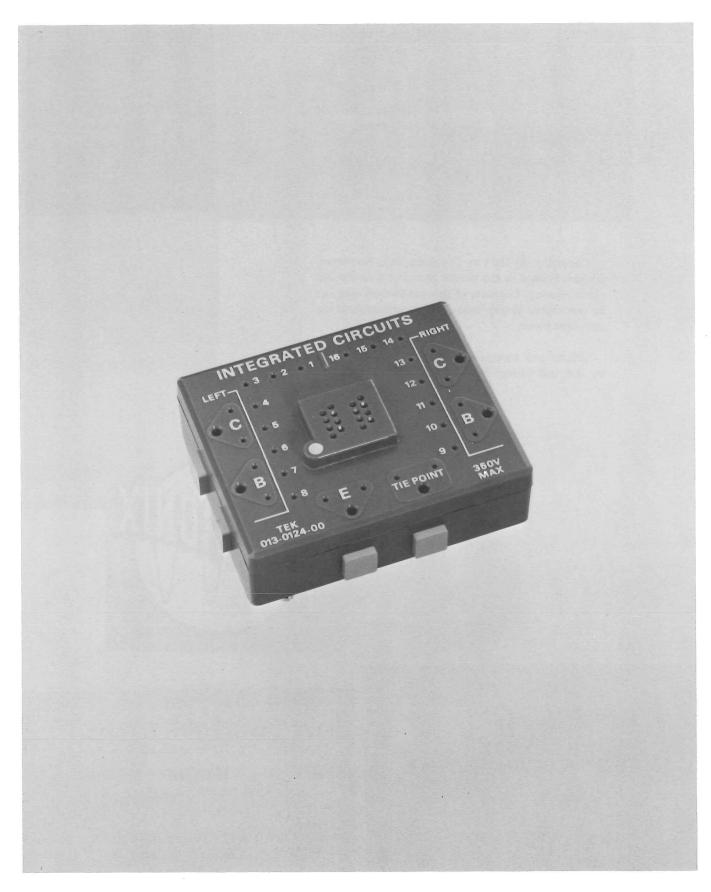


Fig. 1. Type 576 IC Adapter.

TYPE 576 INTEGRATED CIRCUIT ADAPTER

General

The Type 576 Integrated Circuit Adapter (see Fig. 1) allows the Type 576 to make DC measurements on integrated circuits with up to 16 leads. It plugs into the device testing jacks of the Type 576 standard test fixture. Four sockets are available from Tektronix, which plug into the IC adapter and allow IC's with various package designs to be tested (see Fig. 2). Table 1 gives the Tektronix part number of each socket, along with the package type which may be tested. Other kinds of sockets which are useable with the IC adapter are available from Barnes Corp. in their RD-86 Series. For information, contact:

Barnes Corporation
24 North Lansdowne Ave.
Lansdowne, Pennsylvania 19050

Limits

Measurements made with the Type 576 using the IC adpater are limited to 350 volts and 50 watts. The Type 576 MAX PEAK VOLTS switch should not be set higher than 350 and the MAX-PEAK POWER WATTS switch should not be set above 50.

Layout

Sixteen of the jacks on the IC adapter are connected to the contactors on the socket being used (see Fig. 3). These jacks are numbered 1 through 16, which corresponds to the numbering of the contactors on the sockets as shown in Fig. 2. These jacks can be connected to the other jacks on the IC adapter through small patch wires supplied with the IC adapter.

The remainder of the jacks on the IC adapter are connected to the device testing jacks on the Standard Test Fixture, and to a common tie point. The collector (C) and base (B) jacks are used to apply power to the IC under test and to make measurements. There is a collector jack and a base jack on each side of the IC adapter. The Type 576 LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch determines which set of jacks are in use. When the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch is set to OFF, both sets of jack are disconnected from the Type 576.

The emitter (E) jack on the left side of the IC adapter is normally used as a ground reference. It is connected to both emitter jacks on the Standard Test Fixture, and is not

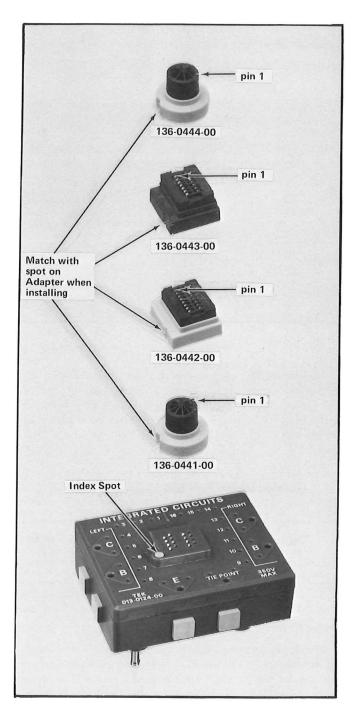


Fig. 2. Socket adapters for Type 576 IC Adapter.

affected by the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch. The emitter jack may thus be used for either position of the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch.

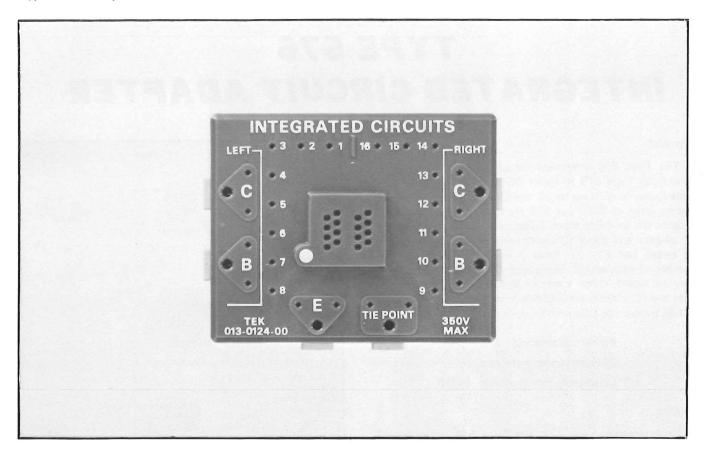


Fig. 3. Jacks on the Type 576 IC Adapter.

The TIE POINT jack is normally used as a tie point for an external power supply, which is required for some tests. The external power supply can be conveniently referenced to the Type 576 through the GROUND jack on the front of the Standard Test Fixture.

TABLE 1
Sockets for the Type 576 IC Adapter Which
Are Available From Tektronix

Tektronix	IC Packages Which May Be Tested				
Part No.	Package Type	No. of Leads			
136-0440-00	ТО	10			
136-0442-00	Dual-In-Line	16			
136-0443-00	Dual-In-Line	14			
136-0444-00	TO	8			

The Kelvin sensing jacks on the Standard Test Fixture are not useable with the IC adapter. The pushbuttons on the sides of the IC adapter allow wires, loads or small plugs to be secured in the larger holes on the top of the IC adapter.

Making Measurements

When using the Type 576 to make DC measurements on an IC, the measurements are normally made through one of

the collector jacks. The Collector Supply is used as a load. If a DC voltage is being measured, the VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY control is adjusted for the current specified for the test. If a DC current is being measured, the control is adjusted for the specified voltage.

The base jacks are normally used as DC voltage sources. The Step Generator is thus used as a DC voltage supply. The Step Generator is made into a voltage supply by setting the STEP GENERATOR AMPLITUDE switch to one of its voltage positions and pressing the SINGLE STEP FAMILY button. The OFFSET MULT control can then be used to adjust the DC voltage level when either the AID or OPPOSE OFFSET button is pressed. The Step Generator can also be used in its step mode. See step 6 at the end of this booklet for an example.

The emitter jack is normally used as a ground source. A ground is obtained on the emitter jack by setting the Terminal Selector switch to EMITTER GROUNDED, BASE TERM-STEP GEN.

¹ A base jack can also be used as a signal source by setting the Terminal Selector switch to BASE TERM OPEN (OR EXT) and applying a signal to the EXT BASE OR EMIT INPUT jack on the front of the Standard Test Fixture. The emitter jack can also be used as a signal source by setting the Terminal Selector Switch to EMITTER TERM OPEN (OR EXT).

There are three kinds of DC voltage measurements made on IC's:

- 1. Measuring a DC voltage while sinking or sourcing a specified DC current.
 - 2. Measuring a DC voltage with a specified load.
 - 3. Measuring a DC current while forcing a DC voltage.

DC voltage measurements are normally made on output pins of an IC. DC current measurements are normally made on input pins of an IC to determine forward and leakage current, on output pins to determine short circuit current, and on the V_{CC} input pin to determine the total power supply drain.

In the following examples, the Collector Supply is operated in its sweep mode. This does not mean that non-DC measurements are being made. The displays merely show the operation of the device under a wide range of DC voltages or currents.

Testing a 7400

The following example illustrates how the Type 576 with the IC adapter can be used to make DC measurements on a Type 7400 integrated circuit, which consists of four two-input positive NAND gates. Fig. 4 shows the specification published by Texas Instruments, Inc. for their SN7400. The figures which accompany this example show how the patch wires are connected to the IC adapter for each test. (In this case the device being tested is in a dualin-line package.) Below each wiring diagram is a drawing of the gate being tested showing the jack each lead is connected to when the IC is plugged into the test socket. The figures show typical Type 576 CRT displays for the various tests. The following examples, except for example 6, show the testing of only one gate. Two gates can be conveniently checked at one time, however, by using the collector and base jacks on one side of the IC adapter for one gate, and the jacks on the other side for another gate. Two tests can then be made by simply switching the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch from one side to the other.

The following Type 576 control settings remain unchanged for the following examples. As a general rule, these controls can be set to the positions given for most tests made with the Type 576 and IC adapter.

TABLE 2

Type 576 Control Settings

Control	Setting
POSITION (Vert. and Horiz.) FINE POSITION (Vert. and	Centered
Horiz.)	Centered
DISPLAY OFFSET Selector	NORM (OFF)
CENTERLINE VALUE	0.0
DISPLAY INVERT	Released
ZERO	Not Pressed
CAL	Not Pressed Not Pressed
NUMBER OF STEPS	
STEP GENERATOR	1
AMPLITUDE	1 V
CURRENT LIMIT	1 V 100 mA
OFFSET	AID
STEPS	Pressed
STEP FAMILY	SINGLE
RATE	NORM
STEP MULT .1X	Released
POLARITY INVERT	Released
MAX PEAK VOLTS	15
MODE	NORM
LOOPING COMPENSATION	As Is .
Terminal Selector	EMITTER
	GROUNDED, BASE
	TERM-STEP GEN

1. Measure Vout(1) with Vin(0)

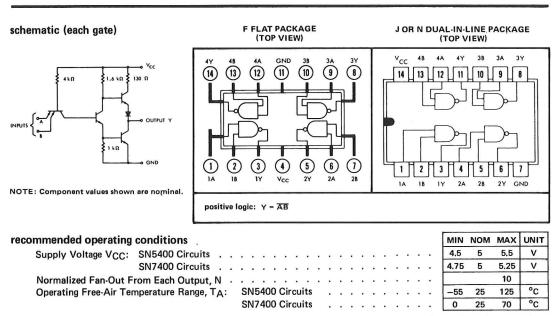
At least one input terminal of a 7400 gate must be held at a logical 0 to get a logical 1 at the output terminal of that gate. Thus, this test must be performed twice, once for each input.

a. Set the Type 576 controls not set in Table 2, as follows:

VERTICAL	.1 mA
HORIZONTAL	1 V
OFFSET MULT	0.8
SERIES RESISTORS	14 k
VARIABLE COLLECTOR	
SUPPLY	Fully Counterclockwise
COLLECTOR SUPPLY	
POLARITY	AC
LEFT-OFF-RIGHT	OFF

b. Connect the patch wires to the IC adapter as shown in Fig. 5.

CIRCUIT TYPES SN5400, SN7400 QUADRUPLE 2-INPUT POSITIVE NAND GATES



electrical characteristics (over recommended operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST FIGURE	TEST CONDITIONS†		MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
V _{in(1)}	Logical 1 input voltage required at both input terminals to ensure	1	V _{CC} = MIN		2			v
V _{in(0)}	logical 0 level at output Logical 0 input voltage required at either input terminal to ensure logical 1 level at output	2	V _{CC} = MIN				0.8	v
V _{out(1)}	Logical 1 output voltage	2	V _{CC} = MIN, V _{in} = 0.8 \ I _{load} = -400 μA	<i>'</i> ,	2.4	3.3		v
V _{out(0)}	Logical 0 output voltage	1	V _{CC} = MIN, V _{in} = 2 V, I _{sink} = 16 mA			0.22	0.4	٧
l _{in(0)}	Logical O level input current (each input)	3	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{in} = 0.4 \	/			-1.6	mA
l _{in(1)}	Logical 1 level input current (each input)	4	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{in} = 2.4 V V _{CC} = MAX, V _{in} = 5.5 V				40 1	μA mA
los	Short-circuit output current§	5	V _{CC} = MAX	SN5400	-20		-55	mA
¹ CC(0)	Logical O level supply current	6	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{in} = 5 V	SN7400	-18	12	-55 22	mA
CC(1)	Logical 1 level supply current	6	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{in} = 0			4	8	mA

switching characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, N = 10

PARAMETER		TEST FIGURE	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
tpd0	Propagation delay time to logical 0 level	65	$C_L = 15 pF$, $R_L = 400 \Omega$		7	15	ns
tpd1	Propagation delay time to logical 1 level	65	$C_L = 15 pF$, $R_L = 400 \Omega$		11	22	ns

[†] For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions for the applicable device type.

Fig. 4. Specification for SN7400 reprinted from the "TTL Integrated Circuits Catalog" from Texas Instruments with permission from Texas Instruments, Inc.

[‡] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C. § Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

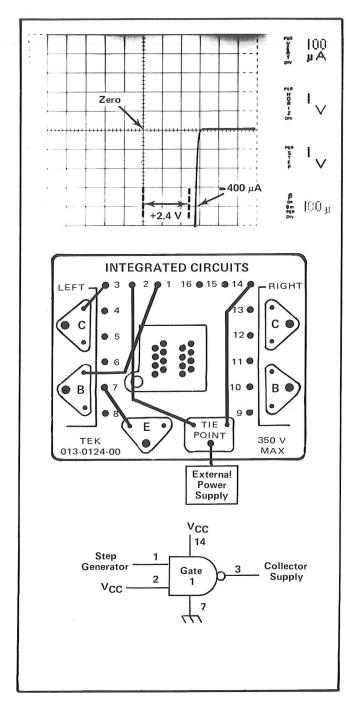


Fig. 5. Setup and Type 576 display for measuring V_{out} (1) with V_{in} (o).

- c. Connect an external power supply to the TIE POINT jack.
- d. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to LEFT and adjust the external power supply for 4.75 V.
- e. Turn the VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY control clockwise until the gate output is conducting at least $-400\ \mu\text{A}$ (see the display in Fig. 5).

- f. Check that V_{out} is at least 2.4 V at $-400 \mu A$.
- g. Increase V_{in} with the OFFSET MULT control until V_{out} is at 2.4 V at $-400~\mu\text{A}$. The reading on the OFFSET MULT dial is the maximum V_{in} on the input terminal being tested which will produce a V_{out(1)} on the output. Reset the OFFSET MULT control to 0.8 V.
- h. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to OFF. Connect jack 1 of the IC adapter (the 1A input to the gate) to the TIE POINT jack (V_{CC}) and jack 2 the 1B input) to the left base jack ($V_{in(0)}$). Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to LEFT.
 - i. Repeat parts e through g for the 1B gate input.

2. Measure Vout(0) with Vin(1)

Both input terminals of a 7400 gate must be held at a logical 1 to get a logical 0 at the output terminal of that gate.

a. Set the Type 576 controls not set in Table 2, as follows:

VERTICAL	2 mA
HORIZONTAL	.1 V
OFFSET MULT	2.0
SERIES RESISTORS	650
VARIABLE COLLECTOR	
SUPPLY	Fully Counterclockwise
COLLECTOR SUPPLY	
POLARITY	+ (NPN)
LEFT-OFF-RIGHT	OFF

- b. Connect the patch wires to the IC adapter as shown in Fig. 6.
- c. Connect the external power supply to the IC adapter and set it to the specified V_{CC} as discussed in step 1 parts c and d.
- d. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to LEFT and turn the VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY control clockwise until the gate output conducts at least 16 mA (see the display in Fig. 6).
 - e. Check for a Vout of not more than 0.4 V at 16 mA.
- f. Reduce V_{in} with the OFFSET MULT control until V_{out} is at 0.4 V at 16 mA. The reading on the OFFSET

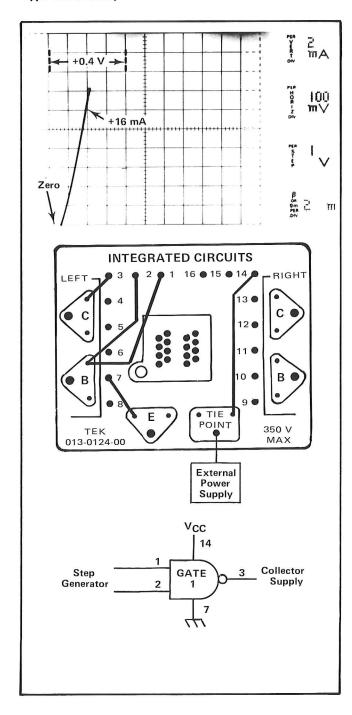


Fig. 6. Setup and Type 576 display for measuring V_{out} (o) with V_{in} (1).

MULT dial is the minimum V_{in} on both input terminals which will produce a $V_{out(0)}$ at the output.

3. Measure I_{in}(0)

This test must be performed twice, once for each gate tested, as in step 1.

a. Set the Type 576 controls not set in Table 2, as follows:

VERTICAL HORIZONTAL OFFSET MULT	.5 mA .5 V 5.25
SERIES RESISTORS	650
VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY	Fully counterclockwise
COLLECTOR SUPPLY POLARITY LEFT-OFF-RIGHT	AC OFF
EET FOLL MIGHT	011

- b. Connect the patch wires to the IC adapter as shown in Fig. $7.^2$
- c. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to LEFT and turn the VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY clockwise until the input voltage is at 0.4 V (see the display in Fig. 7).
- d. Check for I_{in} of not more than -1.6 mA at 0.4 V V_{in} .
- e. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to OFF. Connect jack 1 (1A) to the left base jack (V_{CC}) and jack 2 (1B) to the left collector jack (V_{in}).
 - f. Repeat parts c and d for the 1B gate input.

4. Measure I_{in}(1)

This test must be performed twice, once for each input, as in step 1.

a. Set the Type 576 controls not set in Table 2, as follows:

VERTICAL	1 μΑ
HORIZONTAL	1 V
OFFSET MULT	5.25
SERIES RESISTORS	14 k
VARIABLE COLLECTOR	
SUPPLY	Fully Counterclockwise
COLLECTOR SUPPLY	
POLARITY	AC
LEFT-OFF-RIGHT	OFF

b. Connect the patch wires to the IC adapter as shown in Fig. 8. $\!\!^{2}$

 $^{^2 \}mbox{Either}$ an external power supply or the step generator can be used for \mbox{V}_{CC} in this test.

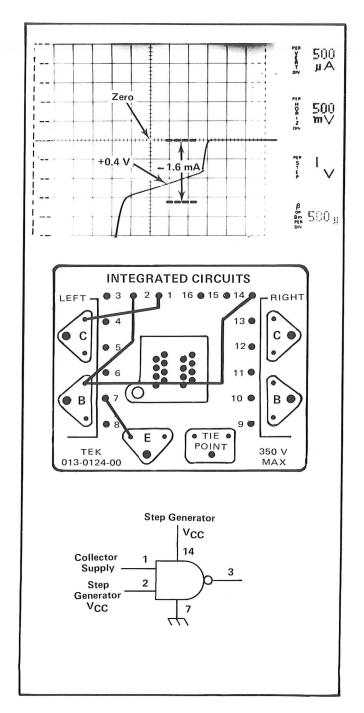


Fig. 7. Setup and Type 576 display for measuring I in (o).

- c. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to LEFT and turn the VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY control clockwise until the input voltage is at +5.25 V (see the display in Fig. 8).
 - d. Check for $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize in}}$ of not more than 40 $\mu\mbox{\scriptsize A}$ at +2.4 V $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize in}}.$
 - e. Check for I_{in} of not more than 1 mA at +5.25 V V_{in} .

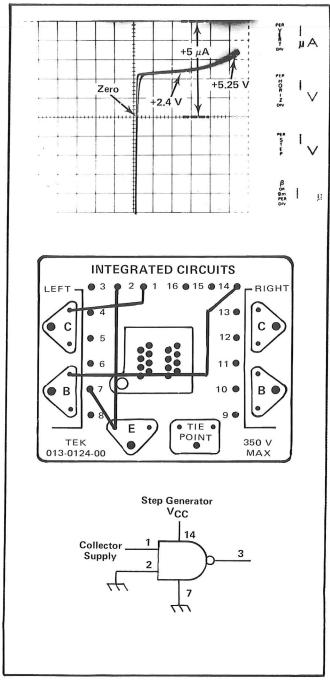


Fig. 8. Setup and Type 576 display for measuring I in (1).

- f. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to OFF. Connect jack 1 (1A) to the emitter jack (ground) and the jack 2 (1B) to the collector jack (V_{in}).
 - g. Repeat parts c through e for the IB gate input.

5. Measure IOS

a. Set the Type 576 controls not set in Table 2, as follows:

Type 576 IC Adapter-013-0124-00

VERTICAL	10 mA
HORIZONTAL	.2 V
OFFSET MULT	5.25
SERIES RESISTORS	30
VARIABLE COLLECTOR	
SUPPLY	Fully counterclockwise
COLLECTOR SUPPLY	
POLARITY	AC
LEFT-OFF-RIGHT	OFF

b. Connect the patch wires to the IC adapter as shown in Fig. $9.^{2}$

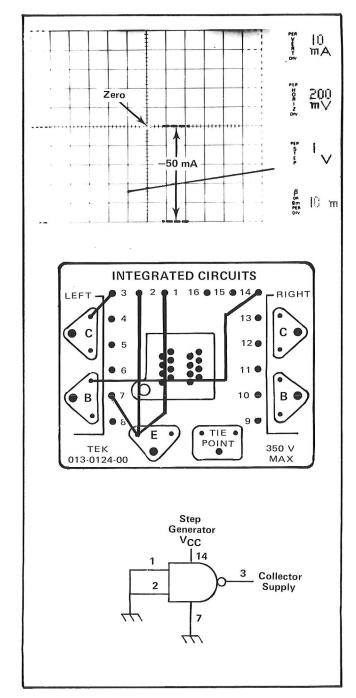


Fig. 9. Setup and Type 576 display for measuring \mathbf{I}_{OS} .

- c. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to LEFT and turn the VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY control clockwise until V_{out} is 0 volts (see the display in Fig. 9).
- d. Check that the output current is between $-18\ \text{mA}$ and $-55\ \text{mA}.$

6. Measure ICC(0) and ICC(1)

a. Set the Type 576 controls not shown in table 2, as follows:

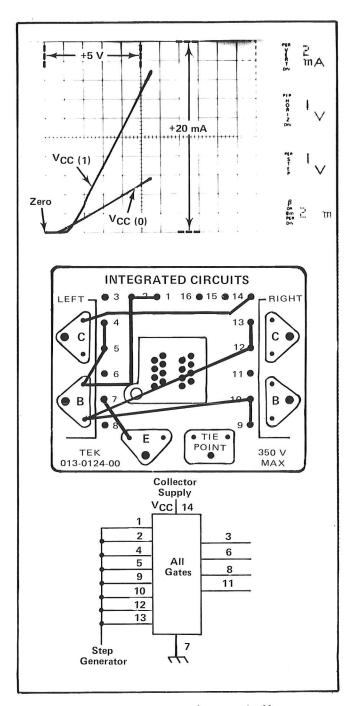


Fig. 10. Setup and Type 576 display for measuring $V_{CC\ max}$.

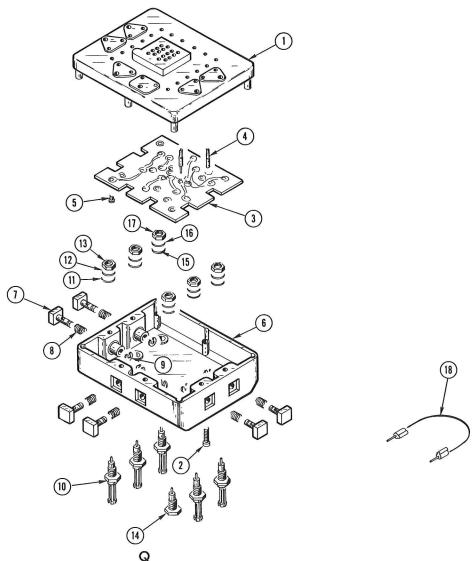
VERTICAL HORIZONTAL	2 mA 1 V	d. Check for $I_{CC(0)}$ of between 12 mA and 22 mA.
OFFSET MULT SERIES RESISTORS VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY	5.0 650 Fully counterclockwise	e. Press the ZERO OFFSET button and readjust the VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY control if necessary.
COLLECTOR SUPPLY POLARITY LEFT-OFF-RIGHT	+ (NPN) OFF	f. Check for ICC(1) of between 4 mA and 8 mA.

- b. Connect the patch wires to the IC adapter as shown in Fig. 10.2
- c. Set the LEFT-OFF-RIGHT switch to LEFT and turn the VARIABLE COLLECTOR SUPPLY control until V_{CCmax} is obtained, 5.25 V (see the display in Fig. 10).

NOTE

I_{CC(0)} and I_{CC(1)} can be measured at the same time by setting the NUMBER OF STEPS switch to 5 and pressing the ZERO OFFSET and STEP FAMILY REP buttons.

REPLACEMENT PARTS



	Tektronix	Serial/Model No.	Q †	Description
No.	Part No.	Eff Disc	У	1 2 3 4 5
	013-0124-01		1	TEST ADAPTER, IC, 576, w/test leads
			-	test adapter includes:
	013-0124-00		1	TEST ADAPTER, w/o test leads
			-	test adapter includes:
1	200-1198-01		1	COVER, test adapter
			-	mounting hardware: (not included w/cover)
2	213-0214-00		6	SCREW, 2-56 \times 0.375 inch, cap HS
3	670-1425-00		1	CIRCUIT BOARD ASSEMBLY
			-	circuit board assembly includes:
	388-1980-00		1	CIRCUIT BOARD
4	131-1079-00		44	CONTACT, electrical
5	136-0261-00		6	SOCKET, connector pin, 0.145 inch long
6	202-0177-01		1	BOX, test adapter

TYPE 576 I C ADAPTER-013-0124-00

REPLACEMENT PARTS (cont)

Fig. &			Q	
Index	Tektronix	Serial/Model No.	t	Description
No.	Part No.	Eff Disc	y 1	2 3 4 5
7	366-1100-00		6	KNOB, pushbutton
			-	mounting hardware for each: (not include w/knob)
8	214-1160-00		1	SPRING, helical, 0.24 inch long
9	354-0350-00		1	RING, retaining
10	134-0108-00		5	PLUG, tip, threaded 6-32
				mounting hardware for each: (not included w/plug)
11	210-0006-00		1	WASHER, lock, internal, 0.146 ID x 0.283 inch OD
12	210-0802-00		1	WASHER, flat, 0.15 ID x 0.312 inch OD
13	210-0407-00		1	NUT, hex., $6-32 \times 0.25$ inch
14	134-0133-00		1	PLUG, tip, dummy
			-	mounting hardware: (not included w/plug)
15	210-0006-00		1	WASHER, lock, internal, 0.146 ID x 0.283 inch OD
16	210-0802-00		1	WASHER, flat, 0.15 ID x 0.312 inch OD
17	210-0407-00		1	NUT, hex., 6-32 x 0.25 inch
	210 0 107 00		-	nor, none, o or n over mon
18	012-0310-00		8	LEAD, test, yellow, 4 inches long
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		ELECTRICAT	L PARTS	
	120-0407-00		6	TRANSFORMER, toroid, 5 turns
	276 -0 621 - 00		16	CORE, ferrite

	3				