

# FACTORY CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

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## INTRODUCTION:

This isn't a field recalibration procedure as is the procedure in your instruction manual. This is a guide in calibrating brand-new instruments, just assembled instruments that have never been turned on before. Therefore it calls out many procedures and adjustments that are rarely required for subsequent recalibration.

Even though we wrote this procedure primarily for our own factory test department, it's valuable to others also if used with some caution:

1. Special test equipment, if mentioned, is not available from Tektronix unless it's listed also in our current catalog. This special equipment is used in our test department to speed calibration. Usually you can either duplicate its function with standard equipment in your facility, devise alternate approaches, or build the special test equipment yourself.
2. Factory circuit specifications are not guaranteed unless they also appear as catalog or instruction manual specifications. Factory circuit specs usually are tighter than advertised specs. This helps insure the instrument will meet or exceed advertised specs after shipment and during subsequent field recalibrations over several years of use. Your instrument may not meet factory circuit specs but should meet catalog or instruction manual specs.
3. Presetting internal adjustments, if mentioned, usually is unnecessary. This is helpful for "first-time" calibration only. If internal adjustments are preset, you'll have to perform a 100% recalibration. So don't preset them unless you're certain a "start-from-scratch" policy is the best.

In this procedure, all front panel controls for the instrument under test are in capital letters (SENSITIVITY) and internal adjustments are capitalized only (Gain Adj).

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For all serial numbers

# 570



## ABBREVIATIONS:

a	amp	mid r	midrange or centered
ac	alternating current	min	minimum
approx	approximately	mm	millimeter
b	base	mpt	metalized, paper tubular (capacitor)
bulb	light, lamp, etc.	msec	millisecond
c	collector	mt	mylar, tubular (capacitor)
ccw	counterclockwise or full counterclockwise	mv	millivolt
cer	ceramic	$\mu$	micro ( $10^{-6}$ )
cm	centimeter	$\mu$ f	microfarad
comp	composition (resistor)	$\mu$ h	microhenry
cps	cycles per second	$\mu$ sec	microsecond
crt	cathode ray tube	n	nano ( $10^{-9}$ )
cw	clockwise or full clockwise	nsec	nanosecond
db	decibel	$\Omega$	ohm
dc	direct current	p	pico ( $10^{-12}$ )
div	division	pbt	paper, "bathtub" (capacitor)
e	emitter	pcc	paper covered can (capacitor)
emc	electrolytic, metal cased (capacitor)	pf	picofarad ( $\mu\mu$ f)
emt	electrolytic, metal tubular	piv	peak inverse voltage
fil	filament	pmc	paper, metal cased (capacitor)
freq	frequency	poly	polystyrene
gmV	guaranteed minimum value (capacitor)	pot	potentiometer
gnd	chassis ground	prec	precision (resistor)
h	henry	pt	paper, tubular (capacitor)
hv	high voltage	ptm	paper, tubular molded (capacitor)
inf	infinity	ptp	peak-to-peak
int	internal	sec	second
k	kilo ( $10^3$ )	sn	serial number
k	kilohm	term	terminal
m	milli ( $10^{-3}$ )	tub	tubular (capacitor)
ma	milliamp	unreg	unregulated
max	maximum	v	volt
mc	megacycle	var	variable
meg	megohm	w	watt
mh	millihenry	WW	wire wound
		x-former	transformer

## FACTORY CIRCUIT SPECIFICATIONS

### SPEC QUALIFICATION

Factory circuit specifications are qualified by the conditions specified in the main body of the calibration procedure. The numbers listed beside the specs correspond to the factory calibration procedure steps where the check or adjustment is made. Instruments may not meet factory circuit specs if calibration or check-out methods and test equipment differ substantially from those in this procedure.

### NOT INTENDED FOR INCOMING INSPECTION

We initially calibrate the instrument to factory circuit specifications. These specs usually are tighter than advertised specs, thus helping to insure the instrument will meet or be within advertised specs after shipment and during subsequent recalibrations. Instruments that have left our factory may not meet factory circuit specs but should meet catalog or instruction manual specs.

#### 1. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

#### 2. PRELIMINARY INSPECTION

- 2d. Crt face plate tilt:  $1/32"$ , max
- 2d. Crt face plate concavity:  $1/32"$ , max
- 2d. Crt face plate convexity:  $1/32"$ , max

#### 3. 570 PRESETS

#### 4. RESISTANCE CHECKS

- 4b. -150 27k resistance error:  $\pm 10\%$ , max.
- 4c. SERIES LOAD resistor error:  $\pm 5\%$ , max.

#### 5. POWER SUPPLIES

- 5b. +100 v at DC + jack:  $\pm 0.5\%$ , max.
- 5d. -1700:  $\pm 2\%$ , max.
- 5e., h.  
Regulation: 105 to 125 v ac

supply	error, max	ptp ripple, max
-150 v	$\pm 2\%$	5 mv
+100 v	$\pm 2\%$	5 mv
+300 v	$\pm 2\%$	30 mv

- 5h. HV regulation at max intensity: 105 to 125 v ac.

#### 6. GRID A, GRID B, -150 27K

#### 7. METER

- 7b. Meter error:  $\pm 2\%$ , max.

#### 8. RANGE DC VOLTS, +DC

- 8a. +DC operating voltage error:  
300, 200, 50, and 20:  $\pm 2\%$ , max  
100:  $\pm 0.5\%$ , max
- 8a. RANGE DC VOLTS error (read on 570 meter):  
 $\pm 2\%$ , max

#### 9. -DC

- 9a. Range: 0 to -100 v.

#### 10. ALIGN TRACE

#### 11. VERTICAL POSITIONING

- 11a. Range: off screen at crt bottom to at least 2 cm up from graticule center.

#### 12. PHASE A AND B

#### 13. GEOMETRY

- 13a. Bowing:  $5/8$  minor div, max in 6 major div.

#### 14. VERTICAL GAIN

#### 15. VERTICAL MA/DIV

- 15b. Error:  $\pm 3\%$ , max

#### 16. VOLTS/DIV BALANCE

#### 17. VOLTS/STEP ZERO ADJ

#### 18. HORIZONTAL GAIN

#### 19. VOLTS/STEP ADJ

- 20. VOLTS/DIV, VOLTS/STEP
  - 20d. VOLTS/STEP-VOLTS/DIV comparison. Difference:  $\pm 3\%$ , max.
- 21. START ADJUST
  - 21b. Range: When ccw, the first dot must be to the left of graticule center; when cw, there must be at least 7 dots to the right of graticule center.
- 22. MINIMUM NO OF CURVES
  - 2 b. STEPS/FAMILY range: 4 to 12 steps
- 23. SINGLE FAMILY
- 24. HEATER
  - 24c. Error:  $\pm 5\%$ , max.
- 25. PEAK VOLTS
- 26. PLATE SWEEP AND TRANS CURRENT BALANCE
- 27. GRID AND SCREEN TRANSFORMERS
- 28. 6U8 DISPLAY
- 29. RETRACE
- 30. ACCESSORIES
- 31. THE END

## FACTORY CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

### CALIBRATION

### NOTES

#### 1. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

##### a. Test scope

- 1 530 series Tektronix type scope
- 1 K Tektronix type type fast-rise dc  
plug-in unit
- 1 1X probe Tektronix probe

##### b. Test accessories

- 1 016-006 9 pin adapter plate
- 5 012-029 Patch cords, banana plug both  
ends
- 4 012-024 Patch cords, banana plug and  
jack combination both ends
- 1 154-033 6U8

##### c. Miscellaneous equipment

- 1 630 Triplet meter; 20,000  $\Omega$ /v dc
- or 262 Simpson meter; 20,000  $\Omega$ /v dc
- 1 -- Variable line voltage source with  
meter
- 1 special 570 MA/DIV switch checker
- 1 803 John Fluke differential voltmeter

## 2. PRELIMINARY INSPECTION

### a. General

Check for unsoldered joints, rosin joints, lead dress and long leads. Check for loose hardware and protruding parts. Check controls for smooth mechanical operation, proper indexing, and knob spacing from front panel.

### b. 234 v ac wiring

Assure that the ac lead from T401 term 2 is connected to T340 term 3.

### c. Fuses

F402 117 v 50-60 cps operation  
159-006 5a 3 ag slo-blo

F402 234 v 50-60 cps operation  
159-005 3a 3 ag slo-blo

F255  
159-024 1/16a 3 ag fast-blo

F310  
159-025 1/2a 3 ag fast-blo

### d. Crt

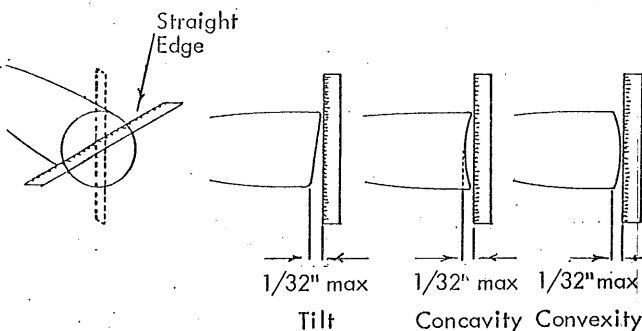
Check that crt neck pin connections are tight. Loosen crt clamp, remove graticule, push crt forward and check crt face plate tilt relative to front panel; keep black light shield in place. Push crt forward to a straight edge firmly placed against the front panel, across any diameter of the crt. Check gap within phosphor area with special crt face tilt checker: 1/32", max.

### 2a. WARNING

- (1) C505 and C506 (in power supply) normally hold a high charge for some time after instrument turn off.

### 2d. NOTE

- (1) These crt specifications are simplified. Do not reject crt without the authorization of a trained crt checker, or without reference to crt data.



Tighten crt clamp.

## e. Graticule lights

Place green filter then graticule on 570. Check that graticule lights are properly positioned.

## f. Meter

Examine meter for major cracks around mounting studs.

## 3. 570 PRESETS

## a. External controls

FOCUS	ccw
INTENSITY	ccw
ASTIGMATISM	ccw
SCALE ILLUM	ccw

## Voltmeter

RANGE DC VOLTS	140
INDICATION	+DC

## Grid-step generator

STEPS/FAMILY	mid r
STEPS/SEC	ccw, 120
START ADJUST	mid r
VOLTS/STEP	1

## Crt display

VERTICAL	PLATE
VERTICAL MA/DIV	1
HORIZONTAL	PLATE
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	1

## Plate-sweep generator

PEAK VOLTS	100
SERIES LOAD, RESISTANCE	
OHMS	10K

## Operating voltages

HEATER	6.3
VARIABLE heater	full ccw
+DC	100
VARIABLE +DC	CALIBRATED
-DC	full ccw
MAIN power	off
TEST power	ON
TEST POSITION	OFF

b. Internal adjustments

All internal adjustments mid r

c. Leave controls and adjustments, for any step as they were in the step preceding unless noted otherwise.

3b. Presetting internal adjustments

(1) Presetting internal adjustments is helpful for "first-time" calibration but is usually unnecessary for recalibration. If you preset, you'll have to perform a 100% recalibration. Don't preset them unless you're certain a "start-from-scratch" policy is the best.

3c. Control presets

(1) Any time a trouble is noted on crt or meter, check control settings.  
(2) Mis-set controls may give wrong indications of circuit problems.

4. RESISTANCE CHECKS

a. Check supply resistances to ground.

supply	check point	approx resistance
-150 v	cs below T310	9 k
+100 v	cs below T310	15 k
+300 v	V495 pin 1	25 k
+400 v	C484	25 k
-300 v	T401 term 6	100 k
+400 v floating	V505 pin 8	over 100 k
-300 v floating	T501 term 10	over 100 k
117 v ac	T401; term 1,4	inf

b. -150 27 K jack error:  $\pm 10\%$ , max

Check the -150 27 K jack on the test panel for 27 k;  $\pm 2.7$  k, max, resistance between the jack and the -150 v supply.



c. SERIES LOAD resistors error:  $\pm 5\%$ , max

Measure resistance between V315 pin 3 and test panel P jack. Check as follows:

SERIES LOAD RESISTANCE OHMS	resistance error: $\pm 5\%$ , max
300	0 $\Omega$
1 K	750 $\Omega$
2 K	1750 $\Omega$
5 K	4750 $\Omega$
10 K	10 k
20 K	20 k
50 K	50 k
100 K	100 k
200 K	200 k
500 K	500 k
1 M	1 m

## 5. POWER SUPPLY

## a. Apply power

Connect 570 to variable line voltage source, set source to 117 v, and turn MAIN power ON. Note both power indicator lights are on.

b. -150 Adj (R413) +100 v at DC+ jack;  
±.5%, max

Connect Fluke meter between test panel DC+ jack and gnd. Adjust -150 Adj for +100 v; ±.5%, max.

c. -150 v error: ±2%, max

Check -150 v supply value. If error is greater than ±2% install test mod M5264.

Repeat adjustment of -150 Adj for +100 v at DC+ jack. Recheck -150 v value.

d. HV Adj -1700 v: ±2%, max

Adjust HV Adj for -1700 v at T401 term 24 or 25.

## e. Check low voltage power supply values

supply	error, max
-150 v	±3 v
+100 v	±2 v
+300 v	±6 v

supply	error, approx
+400 v unreg	±32 v
-300 v unreg	±24 v
+400 v floating unreg	±32 v
-300 v floating unreg	±24 v

## f. Elevated filaments

T401 term 12 and 13	approx +300 v
T501 term 18	approx +100 v

## g. Phase inverter input

Measure 35 v ac across T401 term 29 and 30.

## 5b. Calibration accuracy

(1) Accurate calibration of this instrument is very dependent upon the accuracy of DC+ jack +100 v.

## 5c. Mod 5264

(1) Add R537 across R536 300k. R537 will generally be some value between 10 and 22 m (higher resistance = higher -150 v). R536 is located near V540 in floating power supply.

(2) Use this mod only when needed.

## h. Ripple, regulation

Check ripple and regulation between 105 and 125 v ac as follows:

supply	ptp ripple, max
-150 v	5 mv
+100 v	5 mv
+300 v	30 mv
supply	ptp ripple, approx
+400 v unreg	4.5 v
-300 v unreg	4.5 v
-300 v floating unreg	.5 v
+400 v floating unreg	.5 v

-1700 v....Check for no trace blooming at max intensity.

## 6. GRID A, GRID B, -150 27 K

Check voltages as follows:

check point	TEST POSITION	meter reading
GRID A	OFF	-125 v*
GRID A	GRID B	-125 v*
GRID B	OFF	-125 v*
GRID B	GRID A	-125 v*
-150 27 K	OFF	-150 v

\*These readings will vary with the type of meter used. Simpson 262 reads approx -75 v and meters with 250 v range will read approx -110 v.

**7. METER****a. Meter zero**

Set TEST power to off and INDICATION to HTR. Adjust meter zero adjustment for an indicated zero.

Reset INDICATION to +DC.

**b. Meter accuracy error:  $\pm 2\%$ , max**

Connect voltmeter between test panel DC+ jack and gnd. Check 570 meter for proper dc voltage reading ( $\pm 2\%$ ) by comparing against test meter as follows:

- (1) Set VARIABLE +DC fully ccw.
- (2) Set +DC to 200
- (3) Set TEST power to ON.
- (4) Adjust VARIABLE +DC for +140v as read on test meter.
- (5) Read 570 meter: 140v,  $\pm 2\%$ , max.
- (6) Set +DC to 100 and VARIABLE +DC to CALIBRATED.
- (7) Read 570 meter: 100v,  $\pm 2\%$ , max.

8. RANGE DC VOLTS, +DC

a. RANGE DC VOLTS, +DC error:  $\pm 2\%$ , max

Check RANGE DC VOLTS accuracy as indicated on 570 meter. Check +DC accuracy on test meter at DC+ test jack.

RANGE DC VOLTS	+DC operating voltage	570 meter indication error: $\pm 2\%$ , max
700	300; $\pm 2\%$ , max	300
350	300; $\pm 2\%$ , max	300
350	200; $\pm 2\%$ , max	200
350	100; $\pm .5\%$ , max	100
140	100; $\pm .5\%$ , max	100

140 100

Adjust VARIABLE +dc for 70v test meter reading.

70 100 70

70 50

Adjust VARIABLE +dc for 35v test meter reading.

35 50 35

35 20

Adjust VARIABLE +dc for 14v test meter reading.

14 20 14

Adjust VARIABLE +dc for 7v test meter reading.

7 20 7

Set VARIABLE +dc to CALIBRATED

140	50; $\pm 2\%$ , max
140	20; $\pm 2\%$ , max

9. -DC

a. -DC range 0 to -100v

Set INDICATION to -DC. Vary -DC thru it's range and note indication from 0v to at least -100v on test meter and 570 meter.

8a. 570 meter indicates more than  $\pm 2\%$  error

(1) Trouble may be either a bad meter or meter series resistor

8a. 7v can't be made when VARIABLE +dc full ccw

(1) Pick V525 6AN8.

(2) Change V540 12AT7

(3) Recheck DC+ for exactly +100v.

(4) Recheck -150v.

# 10. ALIGN TRACE

## a. FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM

Advance INTENSITY and position the trace to crt center. Check FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM for proper operation.

## b. Align trace

Obtain a longer horiz trace by setting HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV to .2. Adjust crt vernier adjustment to align trace with a horizontal line.

## c. SCALE ILLUM

Advance SCALE ILLUM and check for proper operation.

# 11. VERTICAL POSITIONING

## a. Range 2 cm up

Set VERTICAL POSITIONING ccw. Trace must be off screen at crt bottom.

Set VERTICAL POSITIONING cw. Trace must be at least 2 cm up from graticule center.

# 12. PHASE A AND B

## a. Setup

Obtain a vertical bar pattern by setting HORIZONTAL to GRID.

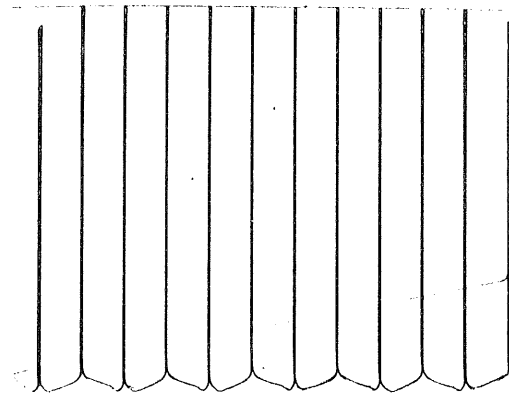
Connect P jack to K jack on test panel.

Adjust STEPS/FAMILY for 6 to 10 steps (bars).

## b. Phase A

With STEPS/SEC at 120 (ccw) position, adjust Phase A for best flatness at display bottom.

12b.



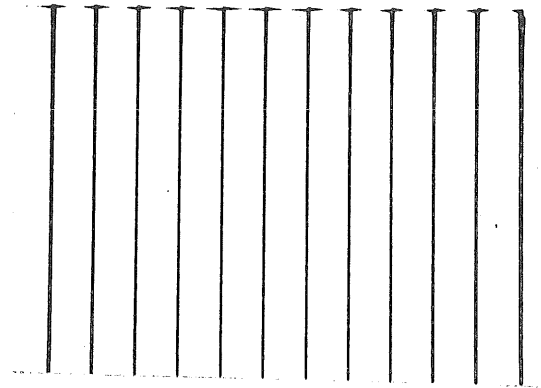
Phase A

c. Phase B

Turn STEPS/SEC to 120 (cw) position. Adjust Phase B for best flatness at display top.

Check 240 position for alternate switching.

12c.



Phase B

13. GEOMETRY

a. Geom Adj 5/8 minor div

Adjust Geom Adj for min curvature of vertical bars: 5/8 minor div bow, max.

Increase PEAK VOLTS for more vertical amplitude, if desired.

13a. NOTE

(1) These crt specifications are simplified. Do not reject crt without the authorization of a trained crt checker, or without reference to crt data.

14. VERTICAL GAIN

a. Setup

VERTICAL	SCREEN
VERTICAL MA/DIV	.1
INDICATION	+DC
HORIZONTAL	GRID
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	1
range dc volts	140

Adjust VARIABLE +dc for 570 meter indication of exactly 140 v. Take into account meter error previously noted.

b. Vert Gain

Set INDICATION to HTR and position the spot to bottom graticule line.

Set INDICATION to +DC and adjust Vert Gain for deflection of 10 major div.

Move INDICATION back and forth between +DC and HTR until all interaction has been compensated for.

## 15. VERTICAL MA/DIV

## a. Setup

Adjust VARIABLE +dc for exactly 100v on 570 meter.

Set INDICATION to HTR and VERTICAL MA/DIV to 50. Position the spot to the bottom graticule line.

Plug the special 570 MA/DIV switch checker into the DC+ and K jacks on the test panel.

b. VERTICAL MA/DIV error:  $\pm 3\%$ , max

Check VERTICAL MA/DIV accuracy as follows:

VERTICAL MA/DIV	switch checker	deflection major div
50	10	2; $\pm 3$ minor div, max
20	10	5; $\pm 7.5$ minor div, max
10	10	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max
5	5	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max
2	2	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max
1	1	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max
.5	.5	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max
.2	.2	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max
.1	.1	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max
.05	.05	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max
.02	.02	10; $\pm 1.5$ minor div, max

## 16. VOLTS/DIV BALANCE

## a. Setup

VERTICAL	SCREEN
VERTICAL MA/DIV	1
HORIZONTAL	PLATE

Connect P jack to K jack on test panel.

## b. Volts/Div Bal

Move HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV back and forth between .5 and .1 while adjusting Volts/Div Bal (scope bottom) for no horiz shifting of the spot.

Rotate HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV thru its range and note approx 1 minor div, max shift.

## 16a. Dot drift

- (1) If dot drifts after P and K jacks are connected together, check for gassy V210 or V215.



**17. VOLTS/STEP ZERO ADJ****a. Setup**

HORIZONTAL	GRID
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	1
START ADJUST	ccw

Ground V115 pin 8.

**b. Volts/Step Zero Adj**

Depress ZERO BIAS button and position the dot to graticule center.

Release ZERO BIAS button and adjust Volts/Step Zero Adj to return the dot to graticule center.

Remove V115 pin 8 ground.

**18. HORIZONTAL GAIN****a. Setup**

+DC	100
VARIABLE +dc	CALIBRATED
HORIZONTAL	PLATE
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	10
SERIES LOAD	1 M

**b. Hor Gain**

By alternately connecting the P jack on the test panel to K and DC+ the dot will switch from the left to the right edge of the graticule. Adjust Hor Gain for exactly 10 div of deflection.

**19. VOLTS/STEP ADJ****a. Setup**

HORIZONTAL	GRID
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	.1
VOLTS/STEP	.1

**b. Volts/Step Adj**

Adjust Volts/Step Adj for one dot per major graticule division.

**20. VOLTS/DIV, VOLTS/STEP****a. Setup**

VOLTS/STEP	10
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	10

**b. R227**

Adjust R227 (HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV switch) for one dot per major graticule division.

**c. Interaction**

Hor Gain, Volts/Step Adj, and R227 adjustments interact; repeat as necessary.

**d. VOLTS/STEP-VOLTS/DIV comparison**  
diff:  $\pm 3\%$ , max

Check all positions of VOLTS/STEP against HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV as follows:

VOLTS/STEP	HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	dots/div $\pm 3\%$ , max
.1	.1	1
.2	.2	1
.5	.5	1
1	1	1
2	2	1
5	5	1
10	10	1
10	20	2
10	50	5

**21. START ADJUST****a. Setup**

HORIZONTAL	GRID
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	1
START ADJUST	ccw
VOLTS/STEP	1

**b. START ADJUST** range: 7 dots

With START ADJUST full ccw, the first dot must be to the left of graticule center.

With START ADJUST full cw, there must be at least 6 steps (7 dots) to the right of graticule center.

Adjust the START ADJUST knob so it's index points to "0" on the front panel when the first dot is at graticule center.

**22. MINIMUM NUMBER OF CURVES****a. Setup**

HORIZONTAL	GRID
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	10
VERTICAL	PLATE
VERTICAL MA/DIV	1

**b. Min No. Curves** range: 4 to 12 steps

Turn STEPS/FAMILY full ccw. Adjust Min No. Curves for four steps (5 dots).

Turn STEPS/FAMILY full cw. Note at least 12 steps (13 dots) on crt before the generator drops out.

**23. SINGLE FAMILY****a. Single display**

Set STEPS/FAMILY full cw. Depress SINGLE FAMILY button and note a single display of at least 13 dots.

## 24. HEATER

## a. Setup

HORIZONTAL	PLATE
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	1
INDICATION	HTR
HEATER	6.3

## b. R350

Connect P jack to K jack on test panel. Position the spot to the left hand graticule line.

Connect the P jack to a HTR jack and observe a horizontal deflection.

Adjust VARIABLE heater for exactly 8.9 major div deflection.

Adjust R350 (INDICATION switch) for a reading of 100% on the meter.

c. HEATER error:  $\pm 5\%$ , max

Check HEATER ranges (keep VARIABLE heater at 100%,  $\pm 5\%$ ) as follows:

HEATER	HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	deflection; approx max error
1.25	.2	8.8; $\pm 2.2$ minor div
1.4	.2	9.9; $\pm 2.5$ minor div
2.0	.5	5.6; $\pm 1.4$ minor div
2.35	.5	6.6; $\pm 1.7$ minor div
2.5	.5	7.0; $\pm 1.8$ minor div
3.15	.5	8.9; $\pm 2.2$ minor div
4.2	1	5.9; $\pm 3.0$ minor div
4.7	1	6.6; $\pm 1.7$ minor div
5.0	1	7.0; $\pm 1.8$ minor div
6.3	1	8.9; $\pm 2.2$ minor div
7.5	2	5.3; $\pm 1.3$ minor div
12.6	2	8.9; $\pm 2.2$ minor div
18.9	5	5.3; $\pm 1.3$ minor div
25	5	7.0; $\pm 1.9$ minor div
35	5	9.9; $\pm 2.5$ minor div
50	10	7.0; $\pm 1.9$ minor div
117	20	8.3; $\pm 2.0$ minor div

Return HEATER to 6.3 and set VARIABLE heater to 100%. Remove jumper between P and HTR jacks.

25. PEAK VOLTS

HORIZONTAL	PLATE
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	.5
SERIES LOAD	300
PEAK VOLTS	5

b. PEAK VOLTS

Check PEAK VOLTS as follows:

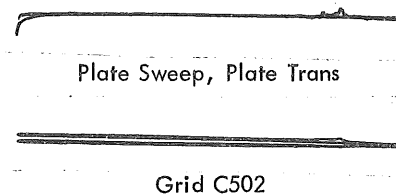
PEAK VOLTS	VOLTS/DIV	deflection major div approx
5	.5	10
10	1	10
20	2	10
50	5	10
100	10	10
200	20	10
300	50	6
500	50	10

25b. C315 location

(1) Underneath scope at right front.

25b. Temporary connections

(1) Use insulated alligator clips to make temporary connections. Adjust caps and make final location selections.



26. PLATE SWEEP AND TRANS CURRENT BALANCE

a. Setup

STEPS/FAMILY	full cw
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	50
VERTICAL	PLATE
VERTICAL MA/DIV	.02
PEAK VOLTS	500
SERIES LOAD	1M

26a.



b. C315, C316, Plate Sweep C311, Plate Trans C315

Try all the following combinations and adjustments to find minimum trace width:

Connect ungrounded side of C315 of either terminal 5 or 7 of T310. Ceramic capacitor C316 may be connected from gnd to either terminal 5 or 7 of T310 or removed.

Adjust Plate Sweep C311 and Plate Trans C315 for minimum trace width.

**27. GRID AND SCREEN TRANSFORMERS****a. Grid C502, Screen C509**

Set VERTICAL to GRID for C502 and SCREEN for C509.

Connect C502 to either terminal 14 or 16 of T501.

Connect C509 to either terminal 7 or 9 of T501.

Locate transformer terminals at which C502 and C509, when adjusted, give minimum trace width in SCREEN and GRID positions of VERTICAL switch. These adjustments interact, repeat as necessary.

**28. 6U8 DISPLAY****a. Presets**

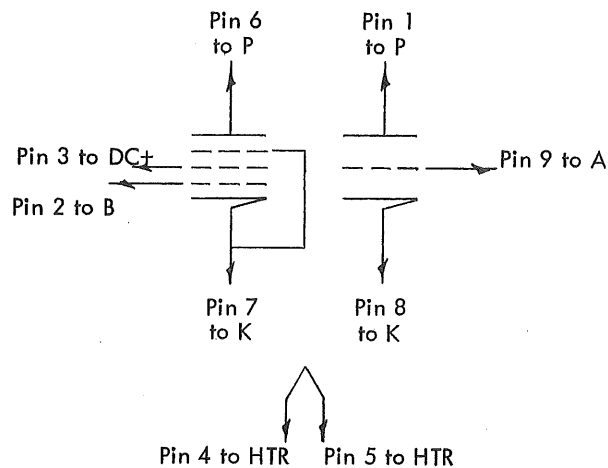
TEST power	off
PEAK VOLTS	200
SERIES LOAD	10 K
+DC	100
VERTICAL	PLATE
VERTICAL MA/DIV	1
HORIZONTAL	PLATE
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV	20
VOLTS/STEP	.5
STEPS/SEC	240
INDICATION	HTR
HEATER	6.3
VARIABLE heater	100%

b. Connections

Place a 9 pin test plate in the test panel. Insure that the plate seats properly without shorting to any solder lug under the test plate.

Insert a 6U8 into the test socket.

Make the following connections between the test plate pin jacks and the test panel.

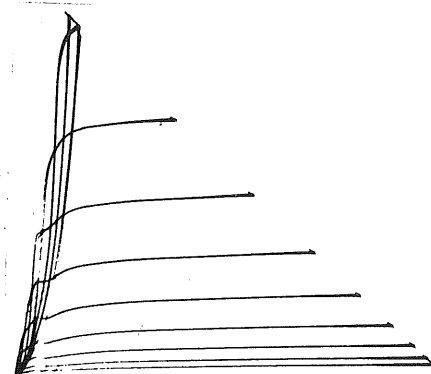


c. Display of curves

28c.

Set TEST power to ON. When tube is sufficiently warmed, set TEST POSITION to GRID A and GRID B and note the display of curves.

Set TEST power to off, move plate to other side of test panel, reset TEST power to ON, and recheck for displays.



6U8 in GRID B  
HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV at 20

29. RETRACE

a. C205

With a display of GRID A curves from previous step, set HORIZONTAL VOLTS/DIV to 20 and 50 while adjusting C205 for best min retrace in both positions.

Recheck operation of SINGLE FAMILY button with STEPS/FAMILY full cw.

**30. ACCESSORIES**

Check accessories package for:

2	016-004	7 pin adapter plates
2	016-005	8 pin adapter plates
2	016-006	9 pin adapter plates
2	016-007	Blank adapter plates
5	012-023	Black patch cords, banana plug and jack combination both ends.
5	012-024	Red patch cords, banana plug and jack combination both ends.
2	012-025	100 $\Omega$ suppressor cord, banana plug both ends.
2	012-026	300 $\Omega$ suppressor cord, banana plug both ends.
2	012-027	1 k suppressor cord, banana plug both ends.
5	012-028	Black patch cords, banana plug both ends.
5	012-029	Red patch cords, banana plug both ends.
5	159-024	Fuse, 1/16 a 3 ag fast-blo
5	159-025	Fuse, 1/2 a 3 ag fast-blo

**31. THE END**