# MONOCHROME MAINFRAME \& MONITOR SERVICE ADDENDUM 

This addendum is designed to be used with the DAS 9100 Series Service Manual, Volume I (070-3625-01 and up and Volume I/ 070-3836-01 and up. The two volumes are packaged as 062-5848-01 and up). You can find your manual part number in the bottom left corner of the manual title page.

## Note

Some manuals may already have this addendum inserted into their binders. Check your manual to see if this is a duplicate.

This addendum contains service information about the upgraded monochrome monitor for the DAS 9109 Mainframe (SN B020000 and up). Both the DAS 9109 Monochrome and 9129 Color Mainframe now use the same Main Interconnect circuit board, Capacitor Bracket circuit board, and Controller circuit board. For information not found in this addendum refer to the DAS 9100 Series Service Manual 062-5845-01 and up.

## WARNING

Do not perform internal service or adjustment to this product unless you are a qualified Service person. Refer to the complete safety precations listed in the DAS 9100 Series Service Manual. In particular observe the specific cautions for CRTs.

## NOTE

Portions of this addendum were taken from the MD2000 Service Manual 1982 Motorola, Inc, by permission of Motorola, Inc.

How To Use This Addendum. This addendum is organized similarly to the DAS 9100 Series Service Manual. Although the addendum has been designed to allow incorporation of the various sections into the service manual, it is recommended that it be kept as a single piece for ease of use.

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

SPECIFICATIONS ..... 1-1
THEORY OF OPERATION ..... 4-1
General ..... 4-1
Video Amplifier Circuitry ..... 4-1
Vertical Input/Deflection Circuitry ..... 4-1
Horizontal Input/Sync Regen./Oscillator Driver Circuitry ..... 4-2
Horizontal Output Circuitry ..... 4-3
Horizontal Output Transformer and Associated Circuitry ..... 4-3
Focus Circuit ..... 4-3
Miscellaneous Components ..... 4-4
ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES ..... 5-1
Pre-Adjustment Test ..... 5-1
Adjustment Setup Procedure ..... 5-1
Brightness Adjustment ..... 5-2
Vertical Hold Adjustment ..... 5-2
Focus Adjustment ..... 5-2
Vertical Size/Linearity Adjustment ..... 5-2
Horizontal Size Adjustment ..... 5-3
Video/Raster Centering Adjustment ..... 5-3
Raster Geometry Adjustments ..... 5-5
Pincushion/Barrel Correction ..... 5-6
Trapezoidal Correction ..... 5-7
MAINTENANCE: GENERAL INFORMATION ..... 6-1
Removing the Monitor ..... 6-1
Removing the Display Board ..... 6-2
REPLACEABLE ELECTRICAL ..... PARTS
DIAGRAM
REPLACEABLE MECHANICAL PARTS

## SPECIFICATIONS

TABLE 1
DAS9109 Electrical Specifications: CRT Monochrome Display Monitor

| CHARACTERISTICS | PERFORMANCE <br> REQUIREMENTS | SUPPLEMENTAL <br> INFORMATION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Display |  | $90^{\circ}$ deflection angle <br> P4 phosphor |
| Video Performance <br> Resolution |  | 900 lines center, 650 lines <br> corner |
| Bandwidth | $3 \mathrm{~dB}, 22 \mathrm{MHz}$ typical |  |
| Synchronization <br> Horizontal |  | 15.7 kHz standard |

TABLE 1 (cont)

| CHARACTERISTICS | PERFORMANCE <br> REQUIREMENTS | SUPPLEMENTAL <br> INFORMATION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Geometry (Pin \& Barrel) |  | Sides equal less than $1.3 \%$ of <br> height. <br> Top and bottom equal less than <br> $1.3 \%$ of width |
|  |  | Character height or width will <br> not vary more than 10\% from <br> the average character size <br> Adjacent characters will not <br> vary more than 10\% |
| Controls |  | Internal brightness, focus, <br> vertical size, vertical hold, <br> vertical linearity, horizontal size, <br> horizontal video centering (all <br> controls adjustable from top of <br> unit) |

# REPLACEABLE ELECTRICAL PARTS 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## LIST OF ASSEMBLIES

A list of assemblies can be found at the beginning of the Electrical Parts List. The assemblies are listed in numerical order. When the complete component number of a part is known, this list will identify the assembly in which the part is located.

## CROSS INDEX-MAFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

The Mfr. Code Number to Manufacturer index for the Electrical Parts List is located immediately after this page. The Cross Index provides codes, names and addresses of manufacturers of components listed in the Electrical Parts List.

ABBREVIATIONS<br>Abbreviations conform to American National Standard Y1.1.

## COMPONENT NUMBER (column one of the Electrical Parts List)

A numbering method has been used to identify assemblies, subassemblies and parts. Examples of this numbering method and typical expansions are illustrated by the following:

Example a.
component number


Read: Resistor 1234 of Assembly 23


Read: Resistor 1234 of Subassembly 2 of Assembly 23

Only the circuit number will appear on the diagrams and circuit board illustrations. Each diagram and circuit board illustration is clearly marked with the assembly number. Assembly numbers are also marked on the mechanical exploded views located in the Mechanical Parts List. The component number is obtained by adding the assembly number prefix to the circuit number.

The Electrical Parts List is divided and arranged by assemblies in numerical sequence (e.g., assembly A1 with its subassemblies and parts, precedes assembly A2 with its subassemblies and parts).

Chassis-mounted parts have no assembly number prefix and are located at the end of the Electrical Parts List.

## TEKTRONIX PART NO. (column two of the Electrical Parts List)

Indicates part number to be used when ordering replacement part from Tektronix.

## SERIAL/MODEL NO. (columns three and four of the Electrical Parts List)

Column three (3) indicates the serial number at which the part was first used. Column four (4) indicates the serial number at which the part was removed. No serial number entered indicates part is good for all serial numbers.

## NAME \& DESCRIPTION (column five of the Electrical Parts List)

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

## MFR. CODE (column six of the Electrical Parts List)

Indicates the code number of the actual manufacturer of the part. (Code to name and address cross reference can be found immediately after this page.)

## MFR. PART NUMBER (column seven of the Electrical Parts List)

Indicates actual manufacturers part number.

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 01121 | ALLEN-BRADLEY COMPANY | 1201 2ND STREET SOUTH | MILWAUKEE, WI 53204 |
| 24546 | CORNING GLASS WORKS, ELECTRONIC | 550 HIGH STREET | BRADFORD, PA 16701 |
| 27014 | COMPONENTS DIVISION | NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP. | P 00 SEMICONDUCTOR DR. |


| Component No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr <br> Code | Mfr Part Numbe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A34 | 119-1594-00 |  | DISPLAY UNIT:9 INCH CHASSIS, TTL, SYNC OR DR | 80009 | 119-1594-00 |
| A34Al | 118-2984-00 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY: DISPLAY | 80009 | 118-2984-00 |
| A34A1C101 | 118-2383-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.01,20 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2383-00 |
| A34A1C102 | 118-2393-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.15,10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2393-00 |
| A $34 \mathrm{AlC103}$ | 118-2381-00 |  | CAPACITOR: $0.1,+80-20 \%$ | 80009 | 118-2381-00 |
| A34A1C104 | 118-2392-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.1,10 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2392-00 |
| A34A1C105 | 118-2392-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.1,10 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2392-00 |
| A34A1C106 | 118-0678-00 |  | ELECTRON TUBE:P4,9.0 DIAGONAL | 80009 | 118-0678-00 |
| A34A1C108 | 118-2384-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: | 80009 | 118-2384-00 |
| A34AlCl09 | 118-2388-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001, $10 \%$, 500V | 80009 | 118-2388-00 |
| A $34 \mathrm{AlC1} 10$ | 118-0678-00 |  | ELECTRON TUBE: P4,9.0 DIAGONAL | 80009 | 118-0678-00 |
| A34A1C111 | 118-2395-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.1,10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2395-00 |
| A34AlCl12 | 118-0674-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT: 1500UF, 25V | 80009 | 118-0674-00 |
| A $34 \mathrm{AlC201}$ | 118-0672-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT:2200UF,16V | 80009 | 118-0672-00 |
| A34A1C203 | 118-2382-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: | 80009 | 118-2382-00 |
| A34A1C204 | 118-2395-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.1,10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2395-00 |
| A34A1C205 | 118-2383-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.01,20 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2383-00 |
| A34A1C206 | 118-2388-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI : $0.001,10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2388-00 |
| A34A1C207 | 118-2854-00 |  | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 2.5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2854-00 |
| A34AlC208 | 118-2383-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.01,20\%,100V | 80009 | 118-2383-00 |
| A34AlC209 | 118-2395-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.1,10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2395-00 |
| A34A1C210 | 118-2864-00 |  | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 2.5 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2864-00 |
| A 34 AlC 211 | 118-2394-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.47,10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2394-00 |
| A $34 \mathrm{AlC212}$ | 118-2855-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT: $0.047 \mathrm{UF}, 5 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2855-00 |
| A34A1C213 | 118-0675-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, PLASTIC: 10UF, 125V | 80009 | 118-0675-00 |
| A34A1C214 | 118-2389-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.001,10\%,1KV | 80009 | 118-2389-00 |
| A 34 AlC 215 | 118-2385-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.0027,10\%,100V | 80009 | 118-2385-00 |
| A34A1C216 | 118-2390-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.047,10 \%, 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2390-00 |
| A34A1C218 | 118-2856-00 |  | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: $470 \mathrm{UF}, 35 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2856-00 |
| A34A1C219 | 118-2391-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, PLASTIC: $0.01,10 \%, 600 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2391-00 |
| A $34 \mathrm{AlC220}$ | 118-2391-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, PLASTIC: $0.01,10 \%, 600 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2391-00 |
| A $34 \mathrm{AlC221}$ | 118-2386-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.005,20 \%, 1 \mathrm{KV}$ | 80009 | 118-2386-00 |
| A $34 \mathrm{AlC225}$ | 118-2857-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.1UF, $10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2857-00 |
| A34A1C226 | 118-2857-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.1UF, $10 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2857-00 |
| A $34 \mathrm{AlC227}$ | 118-2858-00 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.01UF, $20 \%, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2858-00 |
| A34AlC301 | 118-2387-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: | 80009 | 118-2387-00 |
| A 34 AlC 302 | 118-2395-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.1,10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2395-00 |
| A34A1C303 | 118-0676-00 |  | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 68UF, 100V | 80009 | 118-0676-00 |
| A 34 AlC 304 | 118-2395-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.1,10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2395-00 |
| A34A1C305 | 118-2396-00 |  | CAP., FXD, PLASTIC: $0.047,10 \%, 20 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 118-2396-00 |
| A34Ald101 | 118-2376-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: | 80009 | 118-2376-00 |
| A34AlD102 | 118-2369-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI:RECTIFIER | 80009 | 118-2369-00 |
| A34A1D201 | 118-2376-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI: | 80009 | 118-2376-00 |
| A34A1D202 | 118-2376-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: | 80009 | 118-2376-00 |
| A34A1D203 | 118-2376-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI: | 80009 | 118-2376-00 |
| A34A1D204 | 118-2368-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI:RECTIFIER | 80009 | 118-2368-00 |
| A34A1D206 | 118-2859-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: 100 V , FAST RECOVERY | 80009 | 118-2859-00 |
| A34A1D207 | 118-2377-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: | 80009 | 118-2377-00 |
| A34A1D208 | 118-2374-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC, DI: | 80009 | 118-2374-00 |
| A34A1D209 | 118-2375-00 |  | SEMICOND DVC,DI: | 80009 | 118-2375-00 |
| A34AlIC101 | 118-0697-00 |  | MICROCIRCUIT, LI:TDA, 1170 ,VERT PROCESSOR | 80009 | 118-0697-00 |
| A34Al IC201 | 156-0402-02 |  | MICROCIRCUIT, LI: TIMER, CHK | 27014 | LM555CN/A+ |
| A34Al IC202 | 156-0402-02 |  | MICROCIRCUIT, LI: TIMER, CHK | 27014 | LM555CN/A+ |
| A34AlLlA/B | 118-0677-00 |  | COIL, TBUE DEFL:YOKE | 80009 | 118-0677-00 |
| A34A1L201 | 118-2378-00 |  | COIL, LINEARITY: | 80009 | 118-2378-00 |
| A34AlL202 | 118-2366-00 |  | COIL, TUBE DEFL:WIDTH | 80009 | 118-2366-00 |
| A34AlL301 | 118-2849-00 |  | COIL, RF: FIXED,4.7UH | 80009 | 118-2849-00 |


| Component No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A34A1Q201 | 118-2850-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN | 80009 | 118-2850-00 |
| A34A1Q202 | 118-2851-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN | 80009 | 118-2851-00 |
| A34A1Q203 | 118-2852-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN | 80009 | 118-2852-00 |
| A34A1 Q301 | 118-2866-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN | 80009 | 118-2866-00 |
| A34A1Q302 | 118-2867-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:NPN | 80009 | 118-2867-00 |
| A34AlR1 | 118-2868-00 |  | RES.,FXD,WW:HV LEADS \& BLEEDER | 80009 | 118-2868-00 |
| A34A1R101 | 315-0682-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 6.8 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6825 |
| A34A1R102 | 315-0682-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 6.8 K ОНМ, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6825 |
| A34AlR103 | 315-0222-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:2.2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2225 |
| A34A1R104 | 315-0183-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 18 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1835 |
| A34A1R105 | 315-0124-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 120 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1245 |
| A34A1R106 | 118-2372-00 |  | RESISTOR, VAR:100k ОHM | 80009 | 118-2372-00 |
| A34A1R107 | 315-0184-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 180 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1845 |
| A34A1R108 | 118-2373-00 |  | RESISTOR,VAR: 250 K OHM | 80009 | 118-2373-00 |
| A34A1R109 | 315-0624-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:620K оНм, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6245 |
| A34A1R110 | 315-0473-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:47K ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4735 |
| A34A1R111 | 118-2373-00 |  | RESISTOR,VAR: 250 K ОНM | 80009 | 118-2373-00 |
| A34AlR112 | 315-0563-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:56K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5635 |
| A34A1R113 | 315-0274-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 270 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2745 |
| A34A1R115 | 315-0562-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:5.6K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB5625 |
| A34A1R116 | 315-0182-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.8K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1825 |
| A34AlR117 | 315-0472-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:4.7K ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4725 |
| A34AlR118 | 118-2379-00 |  | RESISTOR:3.3 OHM | 80009 | 118-2379-00 |
| A34A1R119 | 118-2380-00 |  | RESISTOR:1.0 OHM 0.5 W | 80009 | 118-2380-00 |
| A34A1R201 | 315-0682-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 6.8 K О $\mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6825 |
| A34AlR203 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K оНм, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |
| A34A1R204 | 315-0562-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.6K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB5625 |
| A34Al 205 | 315-0562-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.6K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB5625 |
| A34A1R206 | 315-0101-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 ОНM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1015 |
| A34AlR207 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:100K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| A34A1r208 | 118-2371-00 |  | RESISTOR,VAR:50K OHM | 80009 | 118-2371-00 |
| A34A1R209 | 315-0103-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1035 |
| A34A1R210 | 315-0562-00 |  | RES., FXD,CMPSN:5.6K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB5625 |
| A34A1R211 | 315-0561-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 560 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB5615 |
| A34A1R212 | 322-0306-00 |  | RES., FXD,FILM:15k 0 HM, $1 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 24546 | NA60D1502F |
| A34A1R213 | 322-0335-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 30.1 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 91637 | MFF1421G30101F |
| A34A1R214 | 301-0470-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 47 OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB4705 |
| A34A1R215 | 301-0101-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0.50W | 01121 | Eb1015 |
| A34A1R216 | 315-0221-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| A34A1 R217 | 301-0102-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB1025 |
| A34A1R219 | 118-2869-00 |  | RES., FXD, WW: 10K ОНM, $5 \%, 1 \mathrm{l}$ | 80009 | 118-2869-00 |
| A34A1R220 | 315-0681-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 680 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6815 |
| A34A1R222 | 315-0104-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1045 |
| A34Al R223 | 118-2370-00 |  | RESISTOR,VAR:2M OHM | 80009 | 118-2370-00 |
| A34A1R224 | 315-0564-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:560K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5645 |
| A34Al R301 | 315-0471-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:470 ОНм, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4715 |
| A34A1R302 | 315-0470-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 47 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4705 |
| A34Al 303 | 315-0470-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 47 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4705 |
| A34A1R304 | 315-0270-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 27 О $\mathrm{OM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2705 |
| A34A1R305 | 315-0473-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:47K OHM, 5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB4735 |
| A34A1R306 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:1K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1025 |
| A34A1R307 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1025 |
| A34A1R310 | 315-0223-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 22 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2235 |
| A34A1R311 | 118-2373-00 |  | RESISTOR, VAR: 250 K OHM | 80009 | 118-2373-00 |
| A34A1R312 | 301-0104-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 100 K оНM, $5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB1045 |
| A34A1R313 | 301-0274-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 270 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | EB2745 |
| A34A1 T201 | 118-0680-00 |  | TRANSFORMER: HORIZONTAL | 80009 | 118-0680-00 |
| A34AlV1 | 118-2974-00 |  | ELECTRON TUBE: | 80009 | 118-2974-00 |

## diagrams and circuit board illustrations

Symbols

Logic symbology is based on ANSI Y32.14-1973 in Ths of positive logicic. Logic symbols depicit the logic tunerion pata.
The overline on a signal name indiciates that the signal
performs its intended function when it is in the ow state.
Abbreviations are based on ANSI Y.1.-1972.
Other ANSI standards that are used in the pre, ration
of diagrams by Tektronix, Inc. are:

Assembly Numbers and Grid Coordinates




 other diagrams that the circuitry of the circuit boarc




(17) $00-1$




(12) ou $\xlongequal[2.5-7,0 \mathrm{pe} \mathrm{\rho} \mathrm{~V}]{ }$

(4) ov- $\bigwedge_{1,5 v P-\rho H}$



(21) 0 - $-4\| \|\| \|\| \|\|+\| H \mid$
(6) our $\sqrt{\text { (5) }}$ ourminnermor
 (22) $1111111111|1|$

## 



# REPLACEABLE <br> mechanical parts 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS
Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

## INDENTATION SYSTEM

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.

```
12345
Name \& Description
```

Assembly and/or Component
Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component

-     -         *             - .

Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component Attaching parts for Detail Part

- . . * - . -

Parts of Detail Part Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part

-     -         - 

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol---*---indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

ABBREVIATIONS

| " | 1 NCH | ELCTRN | ELECTRON | IN | INCH | SE | SINGLE END |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# | NUMBER SIZE | ELEC | ELECTRICAL | INCAND | INCANDESCENT | SECT | SECTION |
| ACTR | ACTUATOR | ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | INSUL | INSULATOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ADPTR | ADAPTER | ELEM | ELEMENT | INTL | INTERNAL | SHLD | SHIELD |
| ALIGN | ALIGNMENT | EPL | ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST | LPHLDR | LAMPHOLDER | SHLDR | SHOULDERED |
| AL | ALUMINUM | EQPT | EQUIPMENT | MACH | MACHINE | SKT | SOCKET |
| ASSEM | ASSEMBLED | EXT | EXTERNAL | MECH | MECHANICAL | SL | SLIDE |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | FIL | FILLISTER HEAD | MTG | MOUNTING | SLFLKG | SELF-LOCKING |
| ATTEN | ATTENUATOR | FLEX | FLEXIBLE | NIP | NIPPLE | SLVG | SLEEVING |
| AWG | AMERICAN WIRE GAGE | FLH | FLAT HEAD | NON WIRE | NOT WIRE WOUND | SPR | SPRING |
| BD | BOARD | FLTR | FILTER | OBD | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION | SQ | SQUARE |
| BRKT | BRACKET | FR | FRAME or FRONT | OD | OUTSIDE DIAMETER | SST | STAINLESS STEEL |
| BRS | BRASS | FSTNR | FASTENER | OVH | OVAL HEAD | STL | STEEL |
| BRZ | BRONZE | FT | FOOT | PH BRZ | PHOSPHOR BRONZE | SW | SWITCH |
| BSHG | BUSHING | FXD | FIXED | PL | PLAIN or PLATE | T | TUBE |
| CAB | CABINET | GSKT | GASKET | PLSTC | PLASTIC | TERM | TERMINAL |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | HDL | HANDLE | PN | PART NUMBER | THD | THREAD |
| CER | CERAMIC | HEX | HEXAGON | PNH | PAN HEAD | THK | THICK |
| CHAS | CHASSIS | HEX HD | HEXAGONAL HEAD | PWR | POWER | TNSN | TENSION |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | HEX SOC | HEXAGONAL SOCKET | RCPT | RECEPTACLE | TPG | TAPPING |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | HLCPS | HELICAL COMPRESSION | RES | RESISTOR | TRH | TRUSS HEAD |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | HLEXT | HELICAL EXTENSION | RGD | RIGID | $V$ | VOLTAGE |
| COV | COVER | HV | HIGH VOLTAGE | RLF | RELIEF | VAR | variable |
| CPLG | COUPLING | IC | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT | RTNR | RETAINER | W/ | WITH |
| CRT | CATHODE RAY TUBE | ID | INSIDE DIAMETER | SCH | SOCKET HEAD | WSHR | WASHER |
| DEG | DEGREE | IDENT | IDENTIFICATION | SCOPE | OSCILLOSCOPE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| DWR | DRAWER | IMPLR | IMPELLER | SCR | SCREW | XSTR | TRANSISTOR |

## CROSS INDEX—MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 77250 | Pheoll manufacturing co., division |  |  |
|  | OF ALLIED PRODUCTS CORP. | 5700 W. ROOSEVELT RD. | CHICAGO, IL 60650 |
| 78189 | ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC. |  |  |
|  | SHAKEPROOF DIVISION | ST. Charles road | ELGIN, IL 60120 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX, inc. | P O BOX 500 | beaverton, OR 97077 |
| 83385 | CENTRAL SCREW CO. | 2530 CRESCENT DR. | BROADVIEW, IL 60153 |

Fig. \&

| Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-1 | 386-4971-00 |  | 2 | SUPPORT,CRT:CORNER, PLASTIC <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 386-4971-00 |
| -2 | 211-0511-00 |  | 2 | SCREW, MACHINE:6-32 X 0.500, PNH, STL, CD PL | 83385 | OBD |
| -3 | 210-0006-00 |  | 2 | WASHER,LOCK:非 INTL,0.018THK,STL CD PL | 78189 | 1206-00-00-0541C |
| -4 | 118-2861-00 |  | 2 | BRACKET,SILL: RIGHT <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 118-2861-00 |
| -5 | 211-0507-00 |  | 4 | SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 X 0.312 INCH,PNH STL - - * - - - | 83385 | OBD |
| -6 | 118-2860-00 |  | 1 | BRACKET,MTG:CRT <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 118-2860-00 |
| -7 | 212-0507-00 |  | 2 | SCREW, MACHINE : $10-32 \times 0.375$ INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -8 | 210-0010-00 |  | 2 | WASHER,LOCK : INT, 0.20 ID X0.376" OD, STL | 78189 | 1210-00-00-0541C |
| -9 | 211-0504-00 |  | 2 | SCREW, MACHINE: 6-32 X 0.25 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -10 | 118-2862-00 |  | 1 | BRACKET,SIDE:LEFT <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 118-2862-00 |
| -11 | 212-0507-00 |  | 2 | SCREW, MACHINE: 10-32 X 0.375 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -12 | 210-0010-00 |  | 2 | WASHER,LOCK:INT, 0.20 ID X0.376" OD, STL | 78189 | 1210-00-00-0541C |
| -13 | 211-0504-00 |  | 2 | SCREW, MACHINE:6-32 X 0.25 INCH, PNH STL - - - * - - | 83385 | OBD |
| -14 | 200-2825-00 |  | 1 | COVER,CRT SHLD: <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 200-2825-00 |
| -15 | 211-0504-00 |  | 6 | SCREW, MACHINE: 6-32 X 0.25 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -16 | 337-3071-00 |  | 1 | SHIELD, CRT: | 80009 | 337-3071-00 |
| -17 |  |  | 1 | DISPLAY ASSY: (SEE A34 REPL) |  |  |
| -18 | ---------- |  | 1 | . CKT BOARD SSSY:DISPLAY(SEE A34Al REPL) (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| -19 | 211-0658-00 |  | 4 | . SCR,ASSEM WSHR:6-32 X $0.312 \mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{PNH}, \mathrm{STL}$ - - - * - - | 78189 | OBD |
| -20 | ---------------- |  | 1 | . CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES: <br> . . TRANSISTOR: (SEE A34AlQ203 REPL) <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| -21 | 210-0586-00 |  | 1 | . . NUT, PL, ASSEM WA:4-40 X 0.25, STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -22 | 211-0097-00 |  | 1 | . . SCREW, MACHINE:4-40 X 0.312 INCH,PNH STL - - - * - - | 83385 | OBD |
| -23 | 118-0699-00 |  | 1 | . . HEAT SINK, ELEC: | 80009 | 118-0699-00 |
| -24 | 118-0694-00 |  | 1 | SPRING, CONN: | 80009 | 118-0694-00 |
| -25 | 118-2363-00 |  | 1 | MICROCIRCUIT, DI: | 80009 | 118-2363-00 |
| -26 | 118-2973-00 |  | 1 | MAGNET: YOKE, FLEX | 80009 | 118-2973-00 |
| -27 | 118-2993-00 |  | 1 | MAGNET, YOKE : NON-FLEX | 80009 | 118-2993-00 |
| -28 | 118-2972-00 |  | 1 | YOKE, DEFLECTION: | 80009 | 118-2972-00 |
| -29 | 118-2870-00 |  | 1 | CRT ASSEMBLY:SOCKET \& WIRE | 80009 | 118-2870-00 |
| -30 | 118-0689-00 |  | 1 | LEAD, ELECTRICAL:W/LUG, RED | 80009 | 118-0689-00 |
|  | 118-0690-00 |  | 1 | LEAD, ELECTRICAL:W/LUG, BLACK | 80009 | 118-0690-00 |
|  | 118-0691-00 |  | 1 | LEAD, ELECTRICAL:W/LUG, BLUE | 80009 | 118-0691-00 |
|  | 118-0692-00 |  | 1 | LEAD, ELECTRICAL:W/LUG,GREEN | 80009 | 118-0692-00 |
| -31 | 348-0048-00 |  | 2 | FOOT, CAMERA: BLACK VINYL,W/6-32 STUD (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 348-0048-00 |
| -32 | 210-0457-00 |  | 2 | NUT, PL,ASSEM WA:6-32 X 0.312,STL CD PL | 83385 | OBD |
| -33 | 385-0079-00 |  | 4 | SPACER, POST:0.375 L W/6-32 THD THRU, AL | 80009 | 385-0079-00 |
| -34 | 386-5042-00 |  | 2 | SUPPORT, CKT BD: | 80009 | 386-5042-00 |
| -35 | 175-4522-00 |  | 1 | CA ASSY, SP, ELEC: 10,22 AWG, 8.0L,RIBBON | 80009 | 175-4522-00 |
| -36 | 407-2706-00 |  | 1 | - BRACKET, CONN : <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 407-2706-00 |
| -37 | 211-0198-00 |  | 2 | . SCREW, MACHINE:4-40 X 0.438 PNH, STL, POZ | 77250 | OBD |
| -38 | 211-0022-00 |  | 2 | . SCREW, MACHINE:2-56 X 0.188 INCH, PNH STL - - - * - - | 83385 | OBD |
| -39 | 343-0400-00 |  | 1 | . CLAMP, CABLE: 1.250 INCH LONG, PLASTIC | 80009 | 343-0400-00 |
|  | 118-0679-00 |  | 1 | BRACKET, HEAT SK: | 80009 | 118-0679-00 |
|  | 118-0696-00 |  | 1 | CLIP,SPLICING: | 80009 | 118-0696-00 |

## Replaceable Mechanical Parts <br> Monochrome Monitor Addendum

Fig. \&
Index Tektronix Serial/Model No. Mfr No. Part No. Eff Dscont Name \& Description Code Mfr Part Number STANDARD ACCESSORIES


# THEORY OF OPERATION 

## GENERAL

The Motorola CRT Monitor is a direct drive unit requiring separate video, horizontal drive, and vertical drive inputs. All are TTL compatible. Voltage required by the monitor is +12 V DC@ 1.2 A (nominal).

The monitor consists of a two-stage video amplifier, and integrated circuit vertical processing stage, and five stages of horizontal deflection.

## VIDEO AMPLIFIER CIRCUITRY

The linear video amplifier consists of two stages, Q301 and Q302, which connect in a cascade configuration. This common emitter-common base arrangement greatly reduces the effect of Miller or input capacity (when compared to a conventional single transistor video amplifier/output stage).

A TTL-compatible (non-composite) video signal, approximately 3.0 V P-P, is DC coupled to the base of Q301via R302, which serves as a current limiter and provides arc protection. R304 and C301 provide high-frequency compensation to maintain a flat response.

During a no-signal condition, video driver transistor Q301 is off. At the same time, video output transistor, Q302, is base biased at 6 V by voltage divider R306 and R307. When a video signal is applied to the base of Q301, it turns on allowing Q302 to conduct. The resultant output is developed across collector load resistor R308 and DC coupled to the CRT cathode via video peaking coil L301. Q302 is protected from CRT arcing by a spark gap built into the CRT socket, and R309 further isolates Q302 from transients. Capacitor C302 shorts video frequency signals from the base of Q302 to ground. Capacitors C303 and C304 provide additional filtering of the +70 V supply. Resistor R305 serves to stabilize the DC return for the collector and emitter circuit of Q301 and Q302, respecitvely.

## VERTICAL INPUT/DEFLECTION CIRCUITRY

The vertical deflection circuit consists of one stage, U101, which accomplishes all active vertical drive function. Vertical input pulses are differentiated by C101 and R102, which allow U101 to be edge sensitive. R101 provides proper input loading. Diode D101 couples positive-going spikes from the differentiator circuit to the sync input of U101 (pin 8). R103 and R104 provide input current limiting. The sync input (pin 8) performs several functions. It strips away any random noise that may be present on the input line and conditions the vertical pulses for processing. It also converts the input voltage pulses to current to control the internal oscillator. The oscillator generates a non-symmetrical square wave with a short duty cycle of approximately 60 Hz . Components R105, R106, and C102 determine the frequency. This square wave signal is applied to an internal ramp generator (U101) whose slope and amplitude is determined by R107, R108, and C103. The ramp voltage signal is applied to an internal buffer stage (U101), which isolates the ramp generator from the output stages and reduces any loading effect on the previous stages. Components R109, R110, R111, C104, and C105 reshape the ramp voltage to make it extremely linear.

The output signal from the (internal) buffer stage is applied via signal coupling resistor R112 to an (internal) preamp stage (U101) and power amp stage (U101), for amplification, which in turn drives the vertical deflection coils directly via coupling capacitor C112. Components R118 and C111 provide damping to prevent any oscillation in the output circuit. R115, R116, R113, R117, R119, C110, and C108 provide AC and DC feedback for the output stage to maintain proper gain and linearity. Capacitor C109 is an RF bypass component to improve interlace. When the scan reaches the bottom of the screen a sync pulse initiates retrace. To insure a quick return to the top of the screen, the supply voltage to the yoke is doubled during retrace to quickly discharge the yoke inductance. This voltage-doubling circuit consists of diode D102, capacitor C106, and a transistor network in U101.

## HORIZONTAL INPUT/SYNC REGEN./OSCILLATOR DRIVER CIRCUITRY

Transistor Q201 is a single stage buffer/inverter that operates as a switch. During a no-signal condition, Q201 is biased at cut-off. The horizontal drive input is DC coupled to the base of Q201. Positive-going horizontal drive pulses of 2.5 V P-P will turn Q201 on and cause it to saturate. The inverted output of Q201 is developed across resistor R204. These inverted pulses of approximatley 11 V P-P pass through a differentiator circuit consisting of C203 and R205, which shapes the pulses into sharp spikes and are applied to the input (pin 2) of U201. Resistor R201 serves as a current limiter and provides arc protection. Resistor R203 provides an input load.

Diode D201 clamps the input signal to U201 at +10 V . U201 is a timer connected as a monostable multivibrator to delay the incoming drive pulse approximately one horizontal scan line. This delay is adjustable by R208, which is required to center the video information on the CRT. Components R207, R208, R209, and C207 form an RC network that determine the amount of delay. This delay has a range of $1 / 2$ to $1-1 / 2$ horizontal scan lines. Capacitor C204 provides additional local filtering for U201, and C205 is a bypass capacitor for U201 to eliminate stray pickup and prevent jitter. Resistor R206 is for B + decoupling.

The 12 V P-P non-symmetrical square wave output of U201 (pin 3) passes through a differentiator circuit consisting of C206 and R210. The differentiator produces positive- and negative-going spikes and are applied to diode D202; however, only the negative-going spikes are allowed to pass through to the input of U202 (pin 2).

U202 is used as a free-running oscillator operating above the horizontal synchronized input frequency. If loss of the horizontal drive signal occurs, the oscillator will free-run at a higher frequency reducing the high voltage developed by the flyback transformer. This prevents any damage to components in the horizontal output circuitry. Components R211, R212, R213, and C210 determine the free-running frequency of the oscillator. The output of U202 (pin 3) is a 6 V P-P non-symmetrical square wave. Resistor R277 is for B+ decoupling, and C208 is a bypass capacitor to elimenate stray pickup and prevent jitter.

## HORIZONTAL OUTPUT CIRCUITRY

When the output of U202 goes high, Q202 turns off. Q203 is then forward biased via R214, R215, and C211 causing it to turn-on. At this time, transistor Q202 is reverse biased and cut off. Diode D203 protects Q202 from reverse base-emitter voltage.

When the output of U202 goes low, Q202 turns on drawing current through R215 and C211 to turn off Q203. RC network R215 and C211 is a speed-up network used to decrease the collector switching time of Q203.

Capacitor C213 serves two functions. First, it blocks DC from the horizontal yoke winding, and secondly, it improves linearity at the extreme left and right sides of the horizontal scan. Two RC networks, consisting of R216/C214 and C215/R217, are used to dampen ringing in the horizontal linearity (L201) and horizontal width (L202) coils.

## HORIZONTAL OUTPUT TRANSFORMER AND ASSOCIATED CIRCUITRY

The horizontal output transistor, Q203, is simply a switch that is turned on and off at the horizontal scan rate by the driving signal applied to its base. A sawtooth current through the deflection coils is required to sweep the beam linearly across the CRT screen. The sweep begins at the center of the CRT and sweeps to the right. This happens when Q203 is turned on and its collector voltage drops near zero. C213 begins discharging through the deflection coils, which deflects the beam to the right of the CRT. At this time, Q203 cuts off and C213 ceases to supply current to the defection coils. However, an induced voltage appears across the deflection coil as the magnetic field collapses; then oscillations occur between the deflection coils and C212.

During the first half-cycle of the oscillation, the induced voltage is felt across the collector of now cut-off Q203, C212, and the primary of T201 -the flyback transformer. This voltage is stepped up by T201 and rectified to produce the required high voltage applied to the second anode of the CRT. The electron beam is also deflected to the left edge of the CRT due to the collapsing magnetic field of the deflection coils.

During the second half-cycle of the oscillation, Q203 is still cut off. At this time, damper diode D204 becomes forward biased and begins conduction. The deflection coil current gradually decreases to zero during damper conduction allowing the beam to sweep linearly to the center of the screen.

## FOCUS CIRCUIT

Focus voltage for the CRT is derived from the autotransformer action of T201 (pin 5 output). Components R219, D208, and C219 form the necessary positive voltage source. This same voltage source is reduced by R220 and filtered by C220 to supply the second grid of the CRT. In additior, during autotransformer action time, D209 conducts to charge C216 negative to positive; then, when the yoke field collaspses, C216 discharges to create the -135 V source for the focus and brightness circuits. Resistors R222 and R224 are a voltage divider used in conjunction with the focus control R223.

## MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENTS

Diode D206 in conjunction with C218, boosts the incoming +12 V to T201 for proper horizontal output operation. Diode D207 is the output source for the distributed +70 V ; capacitors C303 and C304 provide filtering. Capacitors C201 and C227 are for RFI suppression on the incoming +12 V source, while C226 provides RFI suppresion for the common return circuit card foil to metal chassis ground. Resistor R1 provides some regulation of the CRT H. V. anode voltage source during normal operation; R1 also serves as a H. V. bleeder after shutdown.

# ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES 

## MOTOROLA DISPLAY MONITOR ADJUSTMENT


#### Abstract

PRE-ADJUSTMENT TEST Under normal circumstances the Motorola Display Monitor does not require adjustment. Do not adjust the monitor unless the screen has become difficult to read and the contrast control on the Controller does not increase legibility to an acceptable level.


## ADJUSTMENT SETUP PROCEDURE

You will need the following equipment to perform the adjustment procedures:

- DAS Mainframe
- small plastic-bladed, slotted screwdriver
- a plastic alignment tool for tuning inductors


Do not install or remove any electrical module or sub-assembly in a DAS mainframe while the power is on. Doing so will probably damage the module or sub-assembly.

1. Turn off the DAS Mainframe and wait five minutes before proceeding to the next step.
2. Remove the top panel, the left side panel, the power supply cover, and the instrument module cover.
3. Remove the left top side of the monitor cover.
4. Remove the Controller module from slot 0 of the mainframe.
5. Install the Main Extender Board in slot 0 of the mainframe. Connect the Controller to the top of the extender board.
6. Turn on the mainframe while holding down the STOP key on the keyboard. This will cause the power-up self-test to fail.
7. Press START SYSTEM to enter the Diagonstics menu. Select to run tests on slot 0 (the Controller).
8. Select single mode, then select to run function 1 (the display function). Start the test by pressing START SYSTEM. The screen will display a border and cross hairs using the number 8.

## WARNING

The Display monitor contains very high voltages. Do not use metal-bladed tools when making the following adjustments. Do not touch any circuitry other than adjustment points. In particular, be careful of the CRT; it may have over 12 kV on the anode.

## BRIGHTNESS ADJUSTMENT

1. Adjust video level (R121) on the controller module for maximum brightness (full clockwise), then back one-eighth of a turn.
2. Adjust the master brightness control on the Display Board (R311) until the display characters just begin to bleed together. There should be a distinction between the shaded video fields and other fields. The characters should be as bright as possible without bleeding out of focus.

## VERTICAL HOLD ADJUSTMENT

If video display is rolling, adjust the vertical hold control (R106) until the video display remains locked in.

## FOCUS ADJUSTMENT

The optimum focus of the display is near the center and approximately one-third down from the top of the display. To focus adjust the focus control (R223).

## VERTICAL SIZE/LINEARITY ADJUSTMENT

1. Adjust the vertical size control (R108) until the display is approximately four inches ( 10.2 cm ) high.
2. Adjust the vertical linearity control (R111) until the extreme top and bottom characters (designated ' A ' and ' B ' in Figure 5-1) are equal in height to the center characters (designated ' $C$ ').
3. Readjust the vertical size control (R108), if necessary, for the correct size display.


Figure 5-1. Partical CRT Display of Characters for Vertical Linearity Adjustment.

## HORIZONTAL SIZE ADJUSTMENT

1. Turn the slug of the horizontal width coil (L202) clockwise (into the circuit card) to decrease width, and counterclockwise to increase width (away from the circuit card).
2. Adjust the horizontal width coil (L202) for a display approximately 6.5 inches ( 16.5 cm ) wide.

## VIDEO/RASTER CENTERING ADJUSTMENT

 (Applicable only if the CRT and/or deflection yoke have been changed.)This procedure should be performed while the monitor is free-standing on a bench, and in the correct sequence (preceding the Raster Geometry Adjustment procedures). Do not readjust after the monitor has been installed in the DAS mainframe. For instructions on how to remove the monitor from the mainframe refer to the maintenance section of this addendum.

1. Reconnect the Motorola Display Monitor to the DAS mainframe using the Display Monitor Extender cable. Turn on the mainframe while holding down the STOP key on the keyboard. This will cause the power-up self-test to fail.
2. Press START SYSTEM to enter the Diagonstics menu. Select to run tests on slot 0 (the Controller).
3. Select single mode, then select to run function 1, the Display function. Start the test by pressing START SYSTEM. The screen should now display a border and cross hairs using the number 8 increase the Brightness control until the raster becomes visible.
4. If necessary, adjust Vertical Size, R108, and Horizontal Width, L202, so that all edges of the raster are visible.
5. Adjust Horizontal Centering control, R208, to position the video display equidistant from the left and right edges of the illuminated raster.
6. Position the centering magnets for best overall centering of the raster within the active phosphor area of the CRT. (Reference Figure 5-2 for location of centering magnets.)
7. Readjust the Vertical Size, R108, and Horizontal Width, L202 to specified dimensions.


Figure 5-2. Partical View of CRT Neck/Deflection Yoke Centering Magnets.

## RASTER GEOMETRY ADJUSTMENTS (Applicable only if the CRT and/or deflection yoke have been changed.)

Upon completion of the geometry adjustments, there may not be a yoke magnet installed on every yoke mounting pin. Normal installation ranges from one to four yoke magnets per deflection yoke. In addition, there will be some interaction between yoke magnets on the deflection yoke mounting pins. As the geometry adjustment proceeds, it may be necessary to remove an earlier positioned magnet from one pin when a new magnet is positioned (or added) on a different pin.

There are two different strengths of yoke magnet available for correcting CRT geometry. (Refer to the Replaceable Mechanical Parts section of this addendum for the part number of each magnet.) The soft core (or flexible) magnet is the stronger of the two. (Refer to Figure 5-3 for identification of their north poles.) Pincushion and trapezoidal correction generally require high-strength magnets; barrel correction requires a lower strength.


Figure 5-3. Yoke Magnet Northe Pole Identification.

High voltages are present at the deflection yoke and are a potential shock hazard. Exercise caution when performing the following adjustment procedures.

## PINCUSHION/BARREL CORRECTION (top, bottom, and sides)

Perform this adjustment if the raster exhibits the abnormal effects shown in Figure 5-4.


Figure 5-4. Pincushion/Barrel Effects and Adjustment.

1. Push a magnet on the yoke mounting pin as shown in Figure 5-4. A magnet should be placed only on the pin that corresponds to the affected area.
2. Rotate the magnet to obtain the desired raster, labeled 'NORMAL' on Figure 5-4.
3. If the desired raster connot be obtained, add a second magnet to the yoke mounting pin. Both magnets must be aligned as shown in Figure 5-5, then rotated simultaneously.


Figure 5-5. Installing a Second Yoke Magent.

## TRAPEZOIDAL CORRECTION (corners)

Perform this adjustment if the raster exhibits the abnormal effects shown in Figure 5-6.

1. Push a magnet onto the yoke mounting pin as shown in Figure 5-6. The magnet should be placed only on the pin that corresponds to the affected area.
2. Rotate the magnet to obtain the desired raster, labeled 'NORMAL' in Figure 5-6.
3. If the desired raster connot be obtained, add a second magnet to the yoke mounting pin. Both magnets must be aligned as shown in Figure 5-5, then rotated simultaneously.


Figure 5-6. Trapezoidal Effect and Adjustment.

This completes the adjustment procedure for the Motorola Display Monitor. Turn off the power to the DAS mainframe.

1. Re-install the protective shields around the monitor.
2. Detach the extender cable from the monitor and re-install the monitor in the DAS Mainframe.
3. After the monitor is re-installed, reconnect the monitor to the Interconnect, J422.
4. Remove the Controller Module from the Main Extender board.
5. Remove the Main Extender board from the mainframe and re-insert the Controller in slot 0 of the DAS mainframe.
6. Put the side and top panels back on the DAS mainframe.

# MAINTENANCE: GENERAL INFORMATION 

REMOVING THE MONITOR (MONOCHROME ONLY)

## WARNING

CRTs RETAIN HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES FOR LONG PERIODS OF TIME AFTER POWER-DOWN. The monitor should be serviced only by qualified personnel familiar with CRT servicing procedures and precautions.

USE EXTREME CAUTION WHEN HANDLING THE CRT. Rough handling may cause it to violently implode. Do not nick or scratch the glass or subject it to undue pressures during removal or installation. When handling the CRT, wear safety goggles and heavy gloves for protection.

Figure 6-1 calls out parts that must be disconnected or removed in order to remove the monitor.


Figure 6-1. Monitor Parts for Disassembly.

1. Power down and unplug the DAS, then wait five minutes before proceeding to the next step.
2. Remove the top panel, the left side panel, the power supply cover, and the instrument module cover. Wait five minutes after the warning lamp on the capacitor bracket board stops flashing before proceeding to the next step.
3. Remove the front fan. (Refer to the DAS 9100 Series Service Manual, Volume I/ for specific instructions.)
4. Disconnect the ribbon cable connecting the monitor to the interconnect board at J 422 .
5. Remove the eight screws (four top, four left, $6-32 \times 0.250$ ) on the CRT top left frame. Remove the cover to expose the CRT circuits.

## WARNING

CRTs RETAIN HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES FOR LONG PERIODS OF TIME AFTER POWER-DOWN. Before attempting any work inside the monitor, discharge the CRT by shorting the anode connection to chassis ground. When discharging, go from ground to anode.
6. Remove the four screws and lock washers (two front, 10-32 X 0.312; two rear, 10-32 X 0.312 ) securing the monitor to the bottom of the mainframe.
7. Slowly lift the monitor up and out, taking care not to jar the monitor on the mainframe.

## REMOVING THE DISPLAY BOARD:

1. To remove the display board, the back and side frame of the monitor must be removed. Do this by removing the four screws ( $6-32 \times 0.250$ ), two on the right front side and one on each bottom rear corner.
2. Take note of the wire positions before pulling any connectors. The board is connected to the CRT yoke by four single connectors and to the CRT socket by five wires. Pull the CRT socket straight out, away from the end of the yoke.
3. Remove the anode connector from the CRT, located underneath the insulator. Using nee-dle-nose pliers, squeeze the two prongs together and pull straight back away from the CRT.
4. Detatch the ground wire from the frame.
5. Remove the four screws ( $6-32 \times 0.312$ ) located on each corner of the board and slide the board out.
